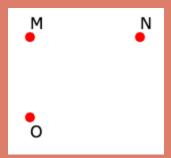
Right Angles

FREE Worksheet - 1

Time: 20 minutes

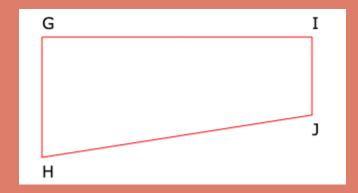
(Detailed solutions at the end)

1. Which points will you connect to form a right angle?



- $\bullet \quad M \to N \to O$
- $\bullet \quad \mathsf{O} \to \mathsf{M} \to \mathsf{N}$
- $\bullet \quad \mathsf{N} \to \mathsf{O} \to \mathsf{M}$

2. Which angle is greater than the right angle in the figure below?



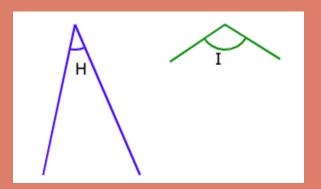
- ∠HGI
- ∠IJH
- ∠GHJ

3. Which of the below angles is greater than a right angle?



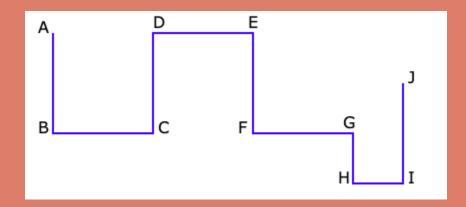
Answer: ____

4. Which of the below angles is smaller than a right angle?



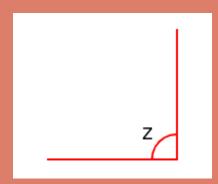
Answer: _____

5. How many right angles are there in the figure below?



Answer: ____

6. The below pair of lines form a right angle.



- TRUE
- FALSE



SOLUTIONS

Problem 1

Right angle is an angle of 90°, as in a corner of a square.

If you join points $N \rightarrow M \rightarrow O$, it will make a right angle.

Problem 2

Right angle is an angle of 90°, as in a corner of a square.

∠IJH is greater than right angle.

Problem 3

Right angle is an angle of 90°, as in a corner of a square.

∠O is greater than right angle.

Problem 4

Right angle is an angle of 90°, as in a corner of a square.

∠H is smaller than right angle.

Problem 5

The figure has 8 right angles.

 \angle ABC, \angle BCD, \angle CDE, \angle DEF, \angle EFG, \angle FGH, \angle GHI and \angle HIJ are right angles.

Problem 6

Right angle is an angle of 90°, as in a corner of a square.

The angle given is a right angle.