

Wi-Fi Trainer Peripheral Control

Wi-Fi Trainer User Manual

Download all Source code from following link

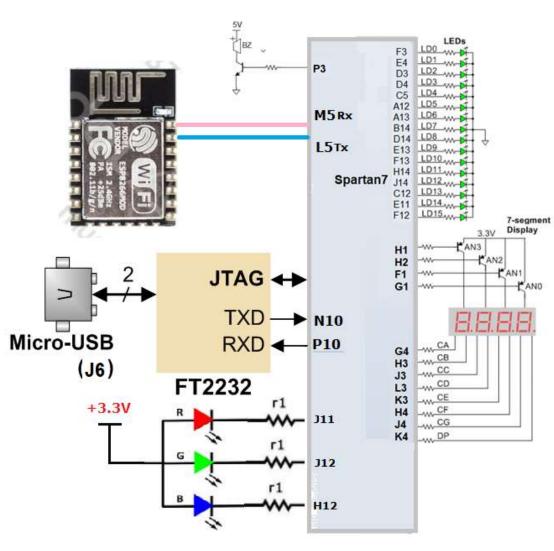
https://github.com/fpgatechsolution/PINE-S7/tree/main/esp8266%20IO%20control

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Introduction

With this manual let's understand how to interface ESP12E module With PINE S7 and control multiple peripheral with all source code.

For connection of esp12E with FPGA board see following figure





AT Commands required for web server

1) Ensure AT commands are received correctly (the AT seems not to be case sensitive but the rest of any command is case sensitive):

Command : AT Response : OK

2) Enable the module to act as both a "Station" and an "Access Point"

Command: AT+CWMODE=1

Response : OK

3) List surrounding WiFi networks.

Command: AT+CWLAP

Repsonse: You should get a response like:

+CWLAP:(3,"Cherry",-25,"e0:2c:b2:c6:91:ab",6,40)

+CWLAP:(3,"FPGATECHSOLUTION",-37,"62:f0:34:72:6f:6e",11,123,0)

4) Join a suitable WiFi access point:

Command: AT+CWJAP="<access point name>","<password>"

Response:

WIFI CONNECTED WIFI GOT IP

For example, with the above list of access points you might use:

AT+CWJAP= "FPGATECHSOLUTION", "FPGATECH"

5) Check if the module has been allocated a IP address

Command: AT+CIFSR

Response :You should get your current IP address in response like below

+CIFSR:STAIP,"192.168.43.212"

+CIFSR:STAMAC,"2c:3a:e8:0e:f1:87"

Note: STAIP is important for us as we are using the same address from the remote location to access the ESP8266. Please note down the STAIP.

6) You can enable the module to accept TCP connections (i.e. act as a server) in the following manner. Enable multiple connections by sending command.

Command: AT+CIPMUX=1

Response: OK

7) Set the module to listen (first parameter, mode is set to 1) for a connection on a specific port (in this case 80)

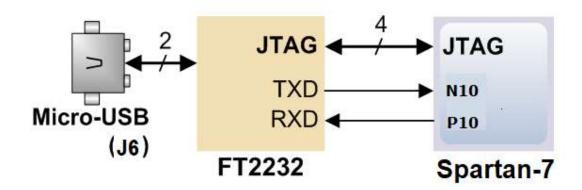
Command: AT+CIPSERVER=1,80

Response : OK

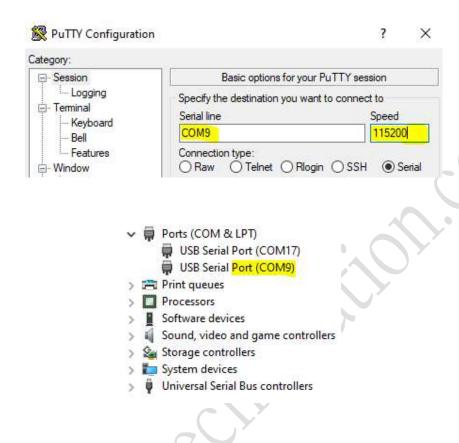
8) ESP8266 is ready to accept the connection, Now open peripheral control.html in chrome, that will looks like as fallowing

With this we can control general purpose LED, Buzzer & RGB LED on board

The **PINE S7** board have USB interface using device FT2232HL from FTDI. This act as USB to UART converter so that Communication with FPGA can accomplished by USB port.

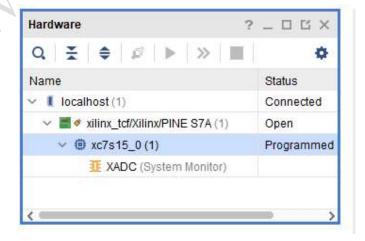


Now connect USB cable to PINE S7 Board and open UART terminal with 115200 baud rate



On this serial terminal we can see AT commands sent to ESP8266 and also response for those AT commands

Program wifi top.bit file in PINE S7 board then all things will done automatically



Detail source code can be download from here.

To test using existing wifi_top.bit file you must set your

WiFi Name: FPGATECHSOLUTION

WiFi Password : FPGATECH

OR you can change WiFi name & password in code and generate new bit file

```
Project Summary
                × esp8266_driver.vhd
/KITCODE/Vivado_prj/project_s7_wifi/project_s7_wifi.srcs/sources_1/imports/ESP_8260
Q
                       246
247
          MSG CHAR3<=" AT+CWLAPde";
                                     -- AT+CWLAP
248
          MSG_HEX3 <=TO_STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (MSG_CHAR3);
249
          MSG CHAR4<=" AT+CWJAP=cFPGATECHSOLUTIONcfcFPGATECHcde";
250
251
          MSG_HEX4 <=TO_STD_LOGIC_VECTOR (MSG_CHAR4);
252
```

Change this number as per total number or character assigned to MSG CHAR4

Serial terminal output we can see AT commands sent to ESP8266 and also response for those AT commands

```
ready
OK
AT+CWMODE=1
WIFI DISCONNECT
AT+CWLAP
+CWLAP:(0,"BAdG-Z29kc2dpZnRhYmhpamVldA",-88,"dc:e8:38:06:d0:0a",6,103,0)
+CWLAP:(3,"FPGATECHSOLUTION",-55,"a6:9f:2e:2d:e7:46",11,115,0)
AT+CWJAP="FPGATECHSOLUTION", "FPGATECH"
WIFI CONNECTED
WIFI GOT IP
OK
                                      use this ip address in
AT+CIFSR
+CIFSR:STAIP, "192.168.43.212"
                                      peripheral control.html
+CIFSR:STAMAC,"2c:3a:e8:0e:f1:87"
OK
AT+CIPMUX=1
AT+CIPSERVER=1,80
OK
0, CONNECT
+IPD,0,293:GET /?PIN=011 HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.43.212
Connection: keep-alive
Accept: */*
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)
Chrome/80.0.3987.163 Safari/537.36
Origin: null
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
AT+CIPCLOSE=0
0,CLOSED
OK
```

Open peripheral control.html with test editor

	GIT > PINE-S7 > esp8266 IO control > html			
☐ Name	^	Date modified	Туре	Size
選 jquery.min.j	s	4/18/2020 9;30 PM	JavaScript File	83 KB
New Text Document.txt		4/18/2020 10:25 PM	Text Document	1 KB
peripheral control.html		1/24/2021 10;30 PM	Chrome HTML Do	3 KB

```
55
         <!--button id="XXX" class="led">Toggle Pin XXX</button> <!-- buttor
56
         <script src="jquery.min.js"></script>
57
         <script type="text/javascript">
58
             $ (document) . ready (function() {
59
                  $(".led").click(function(){
                      var p = $(this).attr('id'); // get id value (i.e. pinl?
60
61
                      // send HTTP GET request to the IP address with the par
                      $.qet("http://192.168.43.51:80/", {PIN:p}); // execute
62
63
                  });
64
              });
65
         </script>
Now Just modify ip address you see/in serial terminal
  WIFT GOT IF
  OK
                                       use this ip address in
  AT+CIFSR
                                       peripheral control.html
  +CIFSR:STAIP, "192.168.43.212"
  +CIFSR:STAMAC, "2c:3a:e8:0e:f1:87"
```

Then close peripheral control.html file from test editor and now open peripheral control.html file with chrome browser, this will look like following

Note: laptop & esp12e must be connected with same WiFi

OK



If you click on button in above window respective peripheral will toggle

