

1 Match Constraint Language

$\dot{\xi} ::= \top \mid \perp \mid ? \mid \underline{n} \mid \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}) \mid \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}) \mid (\dot{\xi}, \dot{\xi}) \mid \dot{\xi} \vee \dot{\xi}$

$\boxed{\dot{\xi} : \tau}$ $\dot{\xi}$ constrains final expressions of type τ

$$\frac{\text{CTTruth}}{\top : \tau} \quad (1a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTUnknown}}{? : \tau} \quad (1b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTNum}}{\underline{n} : \text{num}} \quad (1c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTInl} \quad \dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1}{\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)} \quad (1d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTInr} \quad \dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2}{\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)} \quad (1e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTPair} \quad \dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1 \quad \dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2}{(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)} \quad (1f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTOr} \quad \dot{\xi}_1 : \tau \quad \dot{\xi}_2 : \tau}{\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 : \tau} \quad (1g)$$

$\boxed{\dot{\xi} \text{ refutable?}}$ $\dot{\xi}$ is refutable

$$\frac{\text{RXNum}}{\underline{n} \text{ refutable?}} \quad (2a)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXUnknown}}{? \text{ refutable?}} \quad (2b)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXInl}}{\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}) \text{ refutable?}} \quad (2c)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXInr}}{\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}) \text{ refutable?}} \quad (2d)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXPairL} \quad \dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}}{(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}} \quad (2e)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXPairR} \quad \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (2f)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXOr} \quad \dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_? \quad \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (2g)$$

$$\boxed{\text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi})}$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\underline{n}) = \text{true} \quad (3a)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(?) = \text{true} \quad (3b)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi})) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}) \quad (3c)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi})) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}) \quad (3d)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?((\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ or } \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad (3e)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad (3f)$$

$$\text{Otherwise} \quad \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}) = \text{false} \quad (3g)$$

$$\boxed{e \models \dot{\xi}} \quad e \text{ satisfies } \dot{\xi}$$

$$\frac{\text{CSTruth}}{e \models \top} \quad (4a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNum}}{\underline{n} \models \underline{n}} \quad (4b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInl} \quad e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)} \quad (4c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInr} \quad e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (4d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSPair} \quad e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (4e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNotIntroPair} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (4f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSOrL} \quad e \models \dot{\xi}_1}{e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (4g)$$

$$\text{CSOrR} \quad \frac{e \models \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (4h)$$

$$\boxed{\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi})}$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true} \quad (5a)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(n_1, n_2) = (n_1 = n_2) \quad (5b)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5c)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) \quad (5d)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5e)$$

$$\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5f)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\mathbb{0}^u, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\mathbb{0}^u), \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(\mathbb{0}^u), \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5g)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\mathbb{0}^u, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\mathbb{0}^u), \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(\mathbb{0}^u), \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5h)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(e_1(e_2), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e_1(e_2)), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e_1(e_2)), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5j)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{prl}(e)), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(\text{prl}(e)), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5k)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{prr}(e)), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(\text{prr}(e)), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5l)$$

$$\text{Otherwise } \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{false} \quad (5m)$$

$$\boxed{e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}} \quad e \text{ may satisfy } \dot{\xi}$$

$$\text{CMSUnknown} \quad \frac{}{e \models_{\text{?}} ?} \quad (6a)$$

$$\text{CMSInl} \quad \frac{e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)} \quad (6b)$$

$$\text{CMSInr} \quad \frac{e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6c)$$

$$\text{CMSPairL} \quad \frac{e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPairR} \quad e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{?} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPair} \quad e_1 \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{?} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrL} \quad e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (6g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrR} \quad e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (6h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSNotIntro} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \dot{\xi} \text{ refutable}_{?}}{e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}} \quad (6i)$$

$$\boxed{e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}} \quad e \text{ satisfies or may satisfy } \dot{\xi}$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSMay} \quad e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}}{e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}} \quad (7a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSSat} \quad e \models \dot{\xi}}{e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}} \quad (7b)$$

Lemma 1.0.1. $e \not\models \perp$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models \perp$ is in syntactic contradiction with all rules, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.2. $e \not\models_{?} \perp$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{?} \perp$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{?} \perp$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(1) \quad \perp \text{ refutable}_{?} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{?} \perp$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.3. $e \not\models_{?} \top$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(1) \top **refutable**_? by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.4. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} ?$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.5. $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ *iff* $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (16c) on (2)
and Lemma 2.0.1
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (2)
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (3) $e \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ | by Rule (17a) on (3) |

Case (16d).

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------|
| (3) $e \models_{\tau} \perp$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \not\models_{\tau} \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.2 |
- (3) contradicts (4).

Case (17b).

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| (2) $e \models \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ | by assumption |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (3) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ | by Rule (17b) on (3) |

Case (14f).

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| (3) $e \models \perp$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \not\models \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.1 |
- (3) contradicts (4).

□

Corollary 1.0.1. $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \text{ iff } \top \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$

Proof. Follows directly from Definition 2.1.2 and Lemma 2.0.5. □

Lemma 1.0.6. *Suppose that $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$. Then $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ iff $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$*

Proof.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (1) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (2) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\perp : \tau$ | by Rule (8b) |
| (4) $\dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp : \tau$ | by Rule (8f) on (2) and (3) |

Then we prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (5) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
|---|---------------|

To prove $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$, assume $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$.

(6) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(1) and (4) and (6)

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (7).

Case (14e).

(8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(8)

(5) contradicts (9).

Case (14f).

(8) $e \models \perp$ by assumption
 (9) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1

(8) contradicts (9).

The conclusion holds as follows:

(a) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$

2. Necessity:

(5) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by assumption

To prove $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$, assume $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(6) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(1) and (2) and (6)
 (8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (7)
 (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(8)

(9) contradicts (5).

The conclusion holds as follows:

(a) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$

□

Lemma 1.0.7. $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ iff $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency: to show $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$, we assume $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (1) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (2) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (3) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

- (5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (2).

Case (14f).

- (5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (3).

Case (17a).

- (4) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

- (5) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (2).

Case (16d).

- (5) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (3).

The conclusion holds as follows:

- (a) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

We show $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ separately.

(a) To show $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$, we assume $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(2) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(3) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(2)

Contradicts (1).

(b) To show $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$, we assume $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(2) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(3) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(2)

Contradicts (1).

In conclusion, $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

□

Lemma 1.0.8. *If $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ and $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ then $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$*

Proof.

(4) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(5) $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (4).

Case (17b).

(6) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (6) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (7)

(8) contradicts (5).

Case (14f).

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (7)

Case (17a).

(6) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (6) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

(7) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17a) on (7)

(8) contradicts (5).

Case (16d).

(7) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (7)

□

Lemma 1.0.9. *If $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ then $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ and $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$*

Proof.

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption ,

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14e) on (2)

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (14f) on (2)

(5) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

(6) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By case analysis on the result of $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2)$.

Case true.

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by assumption

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14f) on (4)

(6) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (14e) on (4)

- (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
 (8) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

Case false.

- (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{false}$ by assumption
 (4) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)
 (5) $e \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16c) on (2) and (4)
 (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (5)

□

Lemma 1.0.10. $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ iff $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- (1) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (2)
 (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- (2) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (2)
 (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

2. Necessity:

- (1) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (14g).

- (3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- (2) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two rules apply.

Case (16e).

- (3) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (16b).

- (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.11. $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ iff } \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- (1) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14h) on (2)
- (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- (2) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16f) on (2)
- (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

2. Necessity:

- (1) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

(2) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (14h).

(3) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(4) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

(2) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two rules apply.

Case (16f).

(3) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(4) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (16b).

(3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.12. $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ iff $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(2) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

(3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (2).

Case (17b).

(4) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(5) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (3) and (4)

(6) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (5)

Case (17a).

(4) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(5) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16h) on (3) and (4)

$$(6) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

Case (17a).

$$(4) \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (2).

Case (17b).

$$\begin{aligned} (5) \quad e_2 &\models \dot{\xi}_2 && \text{by assumption} \\ (6) \quad (e_1, e_2) &\models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) && \text{by Rule (16g) on (4) and (5)} \\ (7) \quad (e_1, e_2) &\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) && \text{by Rule (17a) on (6)} \end{aligned}$$

Case (17a).

$$\begin{aligned} (5) \quad e_2 &\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2 && \text{by assumption} \\ (6) \quad (e_1, e_2) &\models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) && \text{by Rule (16h) on (4) and (5)} \\ (7) \quad (e_1, e_2) &\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) && \text{by Rule (17a) on (6)} \end{aligned}$$

2. Necessity:

$$(1) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(2) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (14i).

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad e_1 &\models \dot{\xi}_1 && \text{by assumption} \\ (4) \quad e_2 &\models \dot{\xi}_2 && \text{by assumption} \\ (5) \quad e_1 &\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 && \text{by Rule (17b) on (3)} \\ (6) \quad e_2 &\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 && \text{by Rule (17b) on (4)} \end{aligned}$$

Case (17a).

$$(2) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only three rules apply.

Case (16g).

$$\begin{aligned} (3) \quad e_1 &\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 && \text{by assumption} \\ (4) \quad e_2 &\models \dot{\xi}_2 && \text{by assumption} \\ (5) \quad e_1 &\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 && \text{by Rule (17a) on (3)} \\ (6) \quad e_2 &\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 && \text{by Rule (17b) on (4)} \end{aligned}$$

Case (16h).

(3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$	by assumption
(4) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$	by assumption
(5) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$	by Rule (17b) on (3)
(6) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$	by Rule (17a) on (4)

Case (16i).

(3) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$	by assumption
(4) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$	by assumption
(5) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$	by Rule (17a) on (3)
(6) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$	by Rule (17a) on (4)

□

Lemma 1.0.13 (Soundness and Completeness of Refutable Constraints). $\dot{\xi} \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ iff $\text{refutable}_{\text{?}}(\dot{\xi}) = \text{true}$.

Lemma 1.0.14. *There does not exist such a constraint $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$ such that $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. □

Lemma 1.0.15. *There does not exist such a constraint $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ such that $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. □

Lemma 1.0.16. *If $e \text{ notintro}$ and $e \models \dot{\xi}$ then $\dot{\xi} \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.*

Proof.

(1) $e \text{ notintro}$	by assumption
(2) $e \models \dot{\xi}$	by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2).

Case (14a).

(3) $\dot{\xi} = \top$	by assumption
------------------------	---------------

Assume $\top \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$. By rule induction over Rules (10), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $\top \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.

Case (14e),(14f).

(3) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$	by assumption
(4) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$	by Lemma 2.0.17

Case (14d).

- (3) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (4) $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by Lemma 2.0.16

Case (14j).

- (3) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
- (7) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
- (8) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by IH on (6) and (4)
- (9) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by IH on (7) and (5)

Assume $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$. By rule induction over Rules (10) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

- (10) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (10e).

- (10) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Therefore, $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$.

Otherwise.

- (3) $e = \underline{n}, \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.17. $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ is not derivable.

Proof. We prove by assuming $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ and obtaining a contradiction.

- (1) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(2) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (17a).

$$(2) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (16b).

$$(3) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.18. $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ is not derivable.

Proof. We prove by assuming $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ and obtaining a contradiction.

$$(1) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(2) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (17a).

$$(2) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (16b).

$$(3) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.19 (Soundness and Completeness of Satisfaction Judgment). $e \models \dot{\xi}$ iff $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{true}$.

Proof. We prove soundness and completeness separately.

1. Soundness:

(1) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (1).

Case (14a).

(2) $\dot{\xi} = \top$ by assumption
(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15a

Case (14b).

(2) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n}$ by assumption
(4) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}, \underline{n}) = (n = n) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15b

Case (14c).

(2) $e = \underline{n_1}$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{\underline{n_2}}$ by assumption
(4) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{\underline{n_2}}) = (n_1 \neq n_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15c on (4)

Case (14d).

(2) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
(6) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(7) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1)$ and $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15d on (5) and (6)

Case (14e).

(2) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)

- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14f).

- (2) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14g).

- (2) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption
(4) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15f on (5)

Case (14h).

- (2) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
(4) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15g on (5)

Case (14i).

- (2) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
(4) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(5) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(6) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(7) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)
(8) $\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1)$ and $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15h on (6) and (7)

Case (14j).

- (2) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $e \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3).

Otherwise.

- (8) $e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1)$ and $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15 on (6) and (7)

2. Completeness:

- (1) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{true}$ by assumption

By structural induction on $\dot{\xi}$.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \top$.

- (2) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

Case $\dot{\xi} = \perp, ?$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n}$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n'}$.

- (2) $n' = n$ by Definition 15b on (1)
- (3) $\underline{n'} \models \underline{n}$ by Rule (14b) on (2)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{n}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \underline{\neg}$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n}'$.

(2) $n' \neq n$

by Definition 15c on (1)

(3) $\underline{n}' \models \underline{\mathcal{N}}$

by Rule (14c) on (2)

Otherwise.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{\mathcal{N}}) = \text{false}$

by Definition 15o

(2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15d on (1)

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15d on (1)

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by IH on (2)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$

by IH on (3)

(6) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (14d) on (4) and (5)

Case $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15e on (1)

By case analysis on (2).

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$.

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$

by assumption

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by IH on (3)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (14e) on (4)

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$.

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$

by assumption

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$

by IH on (3)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (14f) on (4)

Case $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15f on (1)

(3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by IH on (2)

(4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$

by Rule (14g) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15g on (1)
- (3) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (2)
- (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14h) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = (e_1, e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (3) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (4) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by IH on (2)
- (5) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (4) and (5)

Case $e = \llbracket \rrbracket^u, \llbracket e_0 \rrbracket^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (3) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by IH on (2)
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $e \text{ notintro}$ by each rule in Rules (26)
- (7) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14j) on (6) and (4) and (5)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

□

Lemma 1.0.20.

satormay
soundness
and com-
pleteness

Lemma 1.0.21. $e \not\models \dot{\xi}$ and $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ iff $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$.

Proof. 1. Sufficiency:

- (1) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
- (2) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$. By rule induction over Rules (17) on it.

Case (17a).

- (3) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1).

Case (17b).

- (3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Contradicts (2).

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ is not derivable.

2. Necessity:

- (1) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}$.

- (2) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by Rule (17b) on
assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models \dot{\xi}$. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$.

- (3) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by Rule (17a) on
assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$.

□

Theorem 1.1 (Exclusiveness of Satisfaction Judgment). *If $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ and $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e final then exactly one of the following holds*

- 1. $e \models \dot{\xi}$
- 2. $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$
- 3. $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$

Proof.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (4) $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e \text{ final}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (8) on (4), we would show one conclusion is derivable while the other two are not.

Case (8a).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \top$ | by assumption |
| (8) $e \models \top$ | by Rule (14a) |
| (9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \top$ | by Lemma 2.0.3 |
| (10) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \top$ | by Rule (17b) on (8) |

Case (8b).

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \perp$ | by assumption |
| (8) $e \not\models \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.1 |
| (9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.2 |
| (10) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on (8) and (9) |

Case (1b).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = ?$ | by assumption |
| (8) $e \not\models ?$ | by Lemma 2.0.4 |
| (9) $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ | by Rule (16a) |
| (10) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} ?$ | by Rule (17a) on (9) |

Case (8c).

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n_2}$ | by assumption |
| (8) $\tau = \text{num}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (9) $e = \text{new } u, \text{new } e_0^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$ | by assumption |
|---|---------------|

(10) e **notintro** by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \underline{n}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction on $\dot{\xi}$.

(11) $e \not\models \underline{n}_2$ by contradiction
 (12) \underline{n}_2 **refutable?** by Rule (10a)
 (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \underline{n}_2$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (12)
 (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (13)

Case (19d).

(9) $e = \underline{n}_1$ by assumption

Assume $\underline{n}_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \underline{n}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(10) \underline{n}_1 **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.5.

(11) $\underline{n}_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \underline{n}_2$ by contradiction

By case analysis on whether n_1 is equal to n_2 .

Case $n_1 = n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}_1, \underline{n}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15
 (13) $\underline{n}_1 \models \underline{n}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (12)
 (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (13)

Case $n_1 \neq n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}_1, \underline{n}_2) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15
 (13) $\underline{n}_1 \not\models \underline{n}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (12)
 (14) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (8f).

(7) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By inductive hypothesis on (5) and (6), exactly one of $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$, and $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ holds. The same goes for $\dot{\xi}_2$. By case analysis on which conclusion holds for $\dot{\xi}_1$ and $\dot{\xi}_2$.

Case $e \models \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (9) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (10) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (11) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14e) on (8)
- (13) $e \models^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable**? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

- (14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

- (14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

- (15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (9) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (11) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14e) on (8)
- (13) $e \models^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable**? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

- (14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models \dot{\xi}_1, e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14e) on (8)
 (13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (9) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (10) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14f) on (10)
 (13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14f) on (10)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16d) on (11) and (8)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(13) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (15) $e \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by contradiction |
| (16) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(13) and (15) |

Case (8g).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by assumption |
| (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ | by assumption |
| (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- | | |
|--|--|
| (10) $e = \mathbb{0}^u, \mathbb{0}^{e_0}{}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$ | by assumption |
| (11) $e \text{ notintro}$ | by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f) |

Assume $e \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| (12) $e \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by contradiction |
|--|------------------|

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1))$.

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{true}$.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| (13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{true}$ | by assumption |
| (14) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ | by Lemma 2.0.14 on
(13) |
| (15) $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by Rule (16b) on (11)
and (14) |
| (16) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by Rule (17a) on (15) |

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{false}$.

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| (13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{false}$ | by assumption |
| (14) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ | by Lemma 2.0.14 on
(13) |

Assume $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| (15) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ | by assumption |
| Contradicts (14). | |
| (16) $e \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by contradiction |

(17) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (12) and (16)

Case (19j).

(10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (12) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.2 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$, and $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (14) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ **notintro** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

(17) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$
 Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (14) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(17) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$
 Contradicts (13).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(14) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(15) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$

Contradicts (13).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

(17) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

(19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (8h).

- (7) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
- (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
- (9) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (10) $e = \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u, \llbracket e_0 \rrbracket^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{rs\}$ by assumption
- (11) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (12) $e \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2))$.

inr is
refutable

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{true}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{true}$ by assumption
- (14) $\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?$ by Lemma 2.0.14 on (13)
- (15) $e \models_? \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (11) and (14)
- (16) $e \models_?^\dagger \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$ by assumption
- (14) ~~$\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?$~~ by Lemma 2.0.14 on (13)

Assume $e \models_? \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (15) $\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?$ by assumption
Contradicts (14).
- (16) $e \not\models_? \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
- (17) $e \not\models_?^\dagger \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (12) and (16)

Case (19j).

- (10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

(11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(12) $e_2 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.3 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$, $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$, and $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(13) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(14) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

(17) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(13) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

- (14) $e_2 \models_{\tau_1} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau_1} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16f) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

- (17) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$
 Contradicts (13).

- (18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (13) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (14) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau_1} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

- (15) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$
 Contradicts (13).

- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau_1} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (17) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

- (17) $e_2 \models_{\tau_1} \dot{\xi}_2$
 Contradicts (14).

- (18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau_1} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 (19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)

Case (14i).

- (7) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
 (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (10) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (11) $e = \emptyset^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (12) e **notintro**
by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
- (13) e **indet**
by Lemma 4.0.9 on (6) and (12)
- (14) $\text{prl}(e)$ **indet**
by Rule (24g) on (13)
- (15) $\text{prl}(e)$ **final**
by Rule (25b) on (14)
- (16) $\text{prr}(e)$ **indet**
by Rule (24h) on (13)
- (17) $\text{prr}(e)$ **final**
by Rule (25b) on (16)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$
by Rule (19h) on (5)
- (19) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$
by Rule (19i) on (5)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (18) and (15), exactly one of $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $\text{prl}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_1$, and $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (19) and (17), exactly one of $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$, $\text{prr}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_2$, and $\text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for $\dot{\xi}_1$ and $\dot{\xi}_2$.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$
by assumption
- (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$
by assumption
- (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$
by assumption
- (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$
by assumption
- (24) $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$
by Rule (14j) on (12) and (20) and (22)
- (25) $e \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$
by Rule (17b) on (24)
- (26) ~~$(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ **refutable?**~~
by Lemma 2.0.18 on (12) and (24)

Assume $e \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ **refutable?**
by assumption
- Contradicts (26).

- (28) $e \not\models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$
by contradiction

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$
by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (22)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (22).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption
 (28) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
 (29) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 (31) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption
 (27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)
 (28) $e \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
 (29) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption
(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption
(28) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
(29) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(31) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$

by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by Rule (16b) on (12)
and (27)

(29) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{pr}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$

by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$

by assumption

(22) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$

by assumption

(23) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$

by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$

by Rule (26e)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$

by Rule (16b) on (28)
and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

(28) $\text{pr}(e) \text{ notintro}$

by Rule (26f)

(29) $\text{pr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (16b) on (28)
and (27)

Contradicts (23).

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (30) $e \not\models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by contradiction |
| (31) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(25) and (30) |

Case (19g).

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (11) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |
| (13) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ | by assumption |
| (14) e_1 final | by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6) |
| (15) e_2 final | by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6) |

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (12) and (14), exactly one of $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$, and $e_1 \models \overline{\dot{\xi}_1}$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (13) and (15), exactly one of $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$, $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$, and $e_2 \models \overline{\dot{\xi}_2}$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for $\dot{\xi}_1$ and $\dot{\xi}_2$.

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| (16) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (17) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (18) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (19) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (14i) on (16)
and (18) |
| (21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (17b) on (20) |

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) (e_1, e_2) notintro | by assumption |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (17).

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by contradiction |
|---|------------------|

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models? \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16h) on (16) and (19)
- (21) $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
- Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- (22) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- Contradicts (18).

- (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
- Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- (20) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- Contradicts (18).

- (21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16g) on (17) and (18)

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(22) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16i) on (17) and (19)

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(22) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.
Case (14j).
 (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (14i).
 (20) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).
 (21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.
Case (16b).
 (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (16g).
 (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).
Case (16h).
 (22) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (19).
Case (16i).
 (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).
 (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 (24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

□

Definition 1.1.1 (Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$. Then $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **val** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$*

Definition 1.1.2 (Potential Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$. Then $\dot{\xi}_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$*

Corollary 1.1.1. *Suppose that $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ and $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final**. Then $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$*

Proof.

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (2) $\cdot; \Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (3) $e \text{ final}$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models \top$ | by Rule (14a) |
| (6) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$ | by Rule (17b) on (5) |
| (7) $\top : \tau$ | by Rule (8a) |
| (8) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_r$ | by Definition 2.1.2 of
(4) on (7) and (1) and
(2) and (3) and (6) |

□

2 Match Constraint Language

$\xi ::= \top \mid \perp \mid \underline{n} \mid \underline{\mathcal{N}} \mid \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \mid \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \mid \text{inl}(\xi) \mid \text{inr}(\xi) \mid (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
 $\boxed{\xi : \tau}$ ξ constrains final expressions of type τ

$$\frac{\text{CTTruth}}{\top : \tau} \quad (8a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTFalsity}}{\perp : \tau} \quad (8b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTNum}}{\underline{n} : \text{num}} \quad (8c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTNotNum}}{\underline{\mathcal{N}} : \text{num}} \quad (8d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTAnd} \quad \xi_1 : \tau \quad \xi_2 : \tau}{\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 : \tau} \quad (8e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTOr} \quad \xi_1 : \tau \quad \xi_2 : \tau}{\xi_1 \vee \xi_2 : \tau} \quad (8f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTInl} \quad \xi_1 : \tau_1}{\text{inl}(\xi_1) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)} \quad (8g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTInr} \quad \xi_2 : \tau_2}{\text{inr}(\xi_2) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)} \quad (8h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTPair} \quad \xi_1 : \tau_1 \quad \xi_2 : \tau_2}{(\xi_1, \xi_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)} \quad (8i)$$

$$\boxed{\overline{\xi_1} = \xi_2} \quad \text{dual of } \xi_1 \text{ is } \xi_2$$

$$\overline{\top} = \perp \quad (9a)$$

$$\overline{\perp} = \top \quad (9b)$$

$$\overline{\underline{n}} = \overline{\mathcal{N}} \quad (9c)$$

$$\overline{\overline{\mathcal{N}}} = \underline{n} \quad (9d)$$

$$\overline{\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2} = \overline{\xi_1} \vee \overline{\xi_2} \quad (9e)$$

$$\overline{\xi_1 \vee \xi_2} = \overline{\xi_1} \wedge \overline{\xi_2} \quad (9f)$$

$$\overline{\text{inl}(\xi_1)} = \text{inl}(\overline{\xi_1}) \vee \text{inr}(\top) \quad (9g)$$

$$\overline{\text{inr}(\xi_2)} = \text{inr}(\overline{\xi_2}) \vee \text{inl}(\top) \quad (9h)$$

$$\overline{(\xi_1, \xi_2)} = (\xi_1, \overline{\xi_2}) \vee (\overline{\xi_1}, \xi_2) \vee (\overline{\xi_1}, \overline{\xi_2}) \quad (9i)$$

$$\boxed{\xi \text{ refutable}_?} \quad \xi \text{ is refutable}$$

$$\frac{\text{RXNum}}{\underline{n} \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10a)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXInl}}{\text{inl}(\xi) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10b)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXInr}}{\text{inr}(\xi) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10c)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXPairL} \quad \xi_1 \text{ refutable}_?}{(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10d)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXPairR} \quad \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10e)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXOr} \quad \xi_1 \text{ refutable}_? \quad \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{\xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10f)$$

$$\boxed{\text{refutable}_?(\xi)}$$

$$refutable_?(n) = \text{true} \quad (11a)$$

$$refutable_?(n) = \text{true} \quad (11b)$$

$$refutable_?(?) = \text{true} \quad (11c)$$

$$refutable_?(inl(\xi)) = refutable_?(\xi) \quad (11d)$$

$$refutable_?(inr(\xi)) = refutable_?(\xi) \quad (11e)$$

$$refutable_?((\xi_1, \xi_2)) = refutable_?(\xi_1) \text{ or } refutable_?(\xi_2) \quad (11f)$$

$$refutable_?(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = refutable_?(\xi_1) \text{ and } refutable_?(\xi_2) \quad (11g)$$

$$\text{Otherwise } refutable_?(\xi) = \text{false} \quad (11h)$$

$$\boxed{\dot{\top}(\xi_1) = \xi_2}$$

$$\dot{\top}(\top) = \top \quad (12a)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\perp) = \perp \quad (12b)$$

$$\dot{\top}(?) = \top \quad (12c)$$

$$\dot{\top}(n) = n \quad (12d)$$

$$\dot{\top}(n) = n \quad (12e)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad (12f)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad (12g)$$

$$\dot{\top}(inl(\xi)) = inl(\dot{\top}(\xi)) \quad (12h)$$

$$\dot{\top}(inr(\xi)) = inr(\dot{\top}(\xi)) \quad (12i)$$

$$\dot{\top}((\xi_1, \xi_2)) = (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2)) \quad (12j)$$

$$\boxed{\dot{\perp}(\xi_1) = \xi_2}$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\top) = \top \quad (13a)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\perp) = \perp \quad (13b)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(?) = \perp \quad (13c)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(n) = n \quad (13d)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(n) = n \quad (13e)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\perp}(\xi_2) \quad (13f)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2) \quad (13g)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(inl(\xi)) = inl(\dot{\perp}(\xi)) \quad (13h)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(inr(\xi)) = inr(\dot{\perp}(\xi)) \quad (13i)$$

$$\dot{\perp}((\xi_1, \xi_2)) = (\dot{\perp}(\xi_1), \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)) \quad (13j)$$

$e \models \xi$ e satisfies ξ

$$\frac{\text{CSTruth}}{e \models \top} \quad (14a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNum}}{\underline{n} \models n} \quad (14b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNotNum} \quad n_1 \neq n_2}{\underline{n_1} \models \underline{\text{not}} n_2} \quad (14c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSAnd} \quad e \models \xi_1 \quad e \models \xi_2}{e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2} \quad (14d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSOrL} \quad e \models \xi_1}{e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (14e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSOrR} \quad e \models \xi_2}{e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (14f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInl} \quad e_1 \models \xi_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)} \quad (14g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInr} \quad e_2 \models \xi_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)} \quad (14h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSPair} \quad e_1 \models \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (14i)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNotIntroPair} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1 \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \xi_2}{e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (14j)$$

$\text{satisfy}(e, \xi)$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true} \quad (15a)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2}) = (n_1 = n_2) \quad (15b)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{\neg n_2}) = (n_1 \neq n_2) \quad (15c)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) \quad (15d)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) \quad (15e)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) \quad (15f)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) \quad (15g)$$

$$\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) \quad (15h)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_2) \quad (15i)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_2) \quad (15j)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(e_1(e_2), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e_1(e_2)), \xi_1) \\ &\text{and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(e_1(e_2)), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15k)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}), \xi_1) \\ &\text{and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15l)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{prl}(e)), \xi_1) \\ &\text{and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{prl}(e)), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15m)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(e), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{pr}(e)), \xi_1) \\ &\text{and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{pr}(e)), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15n)$$

$$\text{Otherwise } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{false} \quad (15o)$$

$$\boxed{e \models? \xi} \quad e \text{ may satisfy } \xi$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSUnknown}}{e \models? ?} \quad (16a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSNotIntro} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \xi \text{ refutable?}}{e \models? \xi} \quad (16b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrL} \quad \frac{e \models? \xi_1 \quad e \not\models \xi_2}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2}}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (16c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrR} \quad \frac{e \not\models \xi_1 \quad e \models? \xi_2}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2}}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (16d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSInl} \quad \frac{e_1 \models? \xi_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)}}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)} \quad (16e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSInr} \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\xi_2)} \quad (16f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPairL} \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (16g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPairR} \quad e_1 \models \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (16h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPair} \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (16i)$$

$$\boxed{e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi} \quad e \text{ satisfies or may satisfy } \xi$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSMay} \quad e \models_{\text{?}} \xi}{e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi} \quad (17a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSSat} \quad e \models \xi}{e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi} \quad (17b)$$

Lemma 2.0.1. $e \not\models \perp$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models \perp$ is in syntactic contradiction with all rules, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.2. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \perp$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \perp$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{\text{?}} \perp$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(1) \quad \perp \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}} \perp$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.3. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \top$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(1) \quad \top \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.4. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} ?$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.5. $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption
(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (16c) on (2)
and Lemma 2.0.1
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \xi$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (2)
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (16d).

(3) $e \models_{\tau} \perp$

by assumption

(4) $e \not\models_{\tau} \perp$

by Lemma 2.0.2

(3) contradicts (4).

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \xi \vee \perp$

by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

(3) $e \models \xi$

by assumption

(4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$

by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (14f).

(3) $e \models \perp$

by assumption

(4) $e \not\models \perp$

by Lemma 2.0.1

(3) contradicts (4).

□

Corollary 2.0.1. $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi \text{ iff } \top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$

Proof. By Definition 2.1.2 and Lemma 2.0.5.

□

Lemma 2.0.6. *Suppose that $\xi_1 : \tau$ and $\xi_2 : \tau$. Then $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$ iff $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$*

Proof.

(1) $\xi_1 : \tau$

by assumption

(2) $\xi_2 : \tau$

by assumption

(3) $\perp : \tau$

by Rule (8b)

(4) $\xi_2 \vee \perp : \tau$

by Rule (8f) on (2) and (3)

Then we prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(5) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$

by assumption

To prove $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$, assume $\xi_1 \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$.

(6) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$

by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies

(7) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$

by Definition 2.1.1 on (1) and (4) and (6)

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (7).

Case (14e).

- (8) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (9) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on (8)

(5) contradicts (9).

Case (14f).

- (8) $e \models \perp$ by assumption
- (9) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1

(8) contradicts (9).

The conclusion holds as follows:

- (a) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$

2. Necessity:

- (5) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$ by assumption

To prove $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$, assume $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$.

- (6) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies

- (7) $e \models \xi_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on (1) and (2) and (6)
- (8) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (7)
- (9) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$ by Definition 2.1.1 on (8)

(9) contradicts (5).

The conclusion holds as follows:

- (a) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$

□

Lemma 2.0.7. *If $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ and $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$*

Proof. Assume, for the sake of contradiction, that $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

- (1) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
- (2) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by assumption
- (3) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(4) \quad e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

$$(5) \quad e \models \xi_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (2).

Case (14f).

$$(5) \quad e \models \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (3).

Case (17a).

$$(4) \quad e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

$$(5) \quad e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (2).

Case (16d).

$$(5) \quad e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (3).

The conclusion holds as follows:

$$1. \quad e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$$

□

Lemma 2.0.8. *If $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ and $e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ then $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_2$*

Proof.

$$(1) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(2) \quad e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

(3) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (3) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

(4) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

(5) contradicts (2).

Case (14f).

(4) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

Case (17a).

(3) $e \models_{\neg} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (3) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

(4) $e \models_{\neg} \xi_1$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by Rule (17a) on (4)

(5) contradicts (2).

Case (16d).

(4) $e \models_{\neg} \xi_2$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (4)

□

Lemma 2.0.9. *If $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ and $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$*

Lemma 2.0.10. *If $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ then $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ and $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$*

Proof.

(1) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by assumption ,

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(3) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14e) on (2)

(4) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (14f) on (2)

- (5) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (3)
- (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

Case (17a).

- (2) $e \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by assumption

By case analysis on the result of $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2)$.

Case true.

- (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by assumption
- (4) $e \models \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)
- (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14f) on (4)
- (6) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (14e) on (4)
- (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
- (8) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

Case false.

- (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{false}$ by assumption
- (4) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)
- (5) $e \models_{\tau} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16c) on (2) and (4)
- (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (5)

□

Lemma 2.0.11. *If $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ then $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$*

Proof.

- (1) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (2)
- (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (2) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (16e) on (2) |
| (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (17a) on (3) |

□

Lemma 2.0.12. *If $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$*

Proof.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (1) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by assumption |
|--|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (2) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (14h) on (2) |
| (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (17b) on (3) |

Case (17a).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (2) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (16f) on (2) |
| (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (3) |

□

Lemma 2.0.13. *If $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ and $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$*

Lemma 2.0.14 (Soundness and Completeness of Refutable Constraints). $\xi \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ iff $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\xi) = \text{true}$.

Lemma 2.0.15. *If $e \text{ notintro}$ and $\xi \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ then either $\dagger(\xi) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ or $e \models \dagger(\xi)$.*

Proof. By structural induction on ξ . □

Lemma 2.0.16. *There does not exist such a constraint $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ such that $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. □

Lemma 2.0.17. *There does not exist such a constraint $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ such that $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable?** is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.18. *If e **notintro** and $e \models \xi$ then ξ ~~**refutable?**~~.*

Proof.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| (1) e notintro | by assumption |
| (2) $e \models \xi$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2).

Case (14a).

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| (3) $\xi = \top$ | by assumption |
|------------------|---------------|

Assume \top **refutable?**. By rule induction over Rules (10), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
Therefore, \top ~~**refutable?**~~.

Case (14e),(14f).

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| (3) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ refutable? | by Lemma 2.0.17 |

Case (14d).

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| (3) $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ refutable? | by Lemma 2.0.16 |

Case (14j).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (3) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (6) $\text{prl}(e)$ notintro | by Rule (26e) |
| (7) $\text{prr}(e)$ notintro | by Rule (26f) |
| (8) ξ_1 refutable? | by IH on (6) and (4) |
| (9) ξ_2 refutable? | by IH on (7) and (5) |

Assume (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable?**. By rule induction over Rules (10) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| (10) ξ_1 refutable? | by assumption |
|--------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (8).

Case (10e).

(10) ξ_2 **refutable?** by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Therefore, (ξ_1, ξ_2) ~~**refutable?**~~.

Otherwise.

(3) $e = \underline{n}, \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 2.0.19 (Soundness and Completeness of Satisfaction Judgment). $e \models \xi$ iff $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{true}$.

Proof. We prove soundness and completeness separately.

1. Soundness:

(1) $e \models \xi$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (1).

Case (14a).

(2) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15a

Case (14b).

(2) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption

(3) $\xi = \underline{n}$ by assumption

(4) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}, \underline{n}) = (n = n) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15b

Case (14c).

(2) $e = \underline{n_1}$ by assumption

(3) $\xi = \underline{\neg}$ by assumption

(4) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption

(5) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{\neg}) = (n_1 \neq n_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15c on (4)

Case (14d).

(2) $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ by assumption

- (3) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (4) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1)$ and $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15d on (5) and (6)

Case (14e).

- (2) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
- (3) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14f).

- (2) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
- (3) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14g).

- (2) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15f on (5)

Case (14h).

- (2) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
- (4) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inl}(\xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15g on (5)

Case (14i).

- (2) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (5) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)
- (8) $\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15h on (6) and (7)

Case (14j).

- (2) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $e \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3).

Otherwise.

- (8) $e = (\emptyset^u, (\emptyset_0)^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\})$
by assumption
- (9) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15 on (6) and (7)

2. Completeness:

- (1) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{true}$ by assumption

By structural induction on ξ .

Case $\xi = \top$.

- (2) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

Case $\xi = \perp, ?$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o

(2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \underline{n}$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n'}$.
 (2) $n' = n$ by Definition 15b on (1)
 (3) $\underline{n'} \models \underline{n}$ by Rule (14b) on (2)

Otherwise.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{n}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \underline{\mathcal{N}}$.
 By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n'}$.
 (2) $n' \neq n$ by Definition 15c on (1)
 (3) $\underline{n'} \models \underline{\mathcal{N}}$ by Rule (14c) on (2)

Otherwise.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{\mathcal{N}}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15d on (1)
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15d on (1)
 (4) $e \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
 (5) $e \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
 (6) $e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ by Rule (14d) on (4) and (5)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15e on (1)

By case analysis on (2).

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$.
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (4) $e \models \xi_1$ by IH on (3)
 (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14e) on (4)

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$.
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (4) $e \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
 (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14f) on (4)

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15f on (1)
- (3) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
- (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15g on (1)
- (3) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by IH on (2)
- (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14h) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = (e_1, e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (3) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
- (5) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (4) and (5)

Case $e = (\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u, \llbracket e_0 \rrbracket^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{rs\})$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (3) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $e \text{ notintro}$ by each rule in Rules (26)

(7) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14j) on (6) and (4) and (5)

Otherwise.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

□

Lemma 2.0.20. $e \not\models \xi$ and $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi$ iff $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$.

Proof. 1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \not\models \xi$ by assumption
 (2) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$. By rule induction over Rules (17) on it.

Case (17a).

(3) $e \models \xi$ by assumption

Contradicts (1).

Case (17b).

(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption

Contradicts (2).

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ is not derivable.

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \xi$.

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by Rule (17b) on assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models \xi$. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$.

(3) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by Rule (17a) on assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi$.

□

Theorem 2.1 (Exclusiveness of Satisfaction Judgment). *If $\xi : \tau$ and $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e final then exactly one of the following holds*

1. $e \models \xi$

2. $e \models_{\tau} \xi$

3. $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$

Proof.

(4) $\xi : \tau$ by assumption

(5) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ by assumption

(6) e **final** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (8) on (4), we would show one conclusion is derivable while the other two are not.

Case (8a).

(7) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

(8) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

(9) $e \not\models_{\tau} \top$ by Lemma 2.0.3

(10) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$ by Rule (17b) on (8)

Case (8b).

(7) $\xi = \perp$ by assumption

(8) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1

(9) $e \not\models_{\tau} \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.2

(10) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(8) and (9)

Case (1b).

(7) $\xi = ?$ by assumption

(8) $e \not\models ?$ by Lemma 2.0.4

(9) $e \models_{\tau} ?$ by Rule (16a)

(10) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} ?$ by Rule (17a) on (9)

Case (8c).

(7) $\xi = \underline{n_2}$ by assumption

(8) $\tau = \mathbf{num}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(9) $e = \emptyset^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption

(10) e **notintro** by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction on ξ .

(11) $e \not\models \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

(12) $\underline{n_2}$ **refutable?** by Rule (10a)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (16b) on (10)
and (12)

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (17a) on (13)

Case (19d).

(9) $e = \underline{n_1}$ by assumption

Assume $\underline{n_1} \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (16), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(10) $\underline{n_1}$ **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.5.

(11) $\underline{n_1} \not\models_{\text{?}} \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

By case analysis on whether n_1 is equal to n_2 .

Case $n_1 = n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2}) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15

(13) $\underline{n_1} \models \underline{n_2}$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on
(12)

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (17b) on (13)

Case $n_1 \neq n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15

(13) $\underline{n_1} \not\models \underline{n_2}$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on
(12)

(14) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n_2}$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(11) and (13)

Case (8f).

(7) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption

By inductive hypothesis on (5) and (6), exactly one of $e \models \xi_1$, $e \models? \xi_1$, and $e \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1$ holds. The same goes for ξ_2 . By case analysis on which conclusion holds for ξ_1 and ξ_2 .

Case $e \models \xi_1, e \models \xi_2$.

- | | | |
|------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (8) | $e \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (9) | $e \not\models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (10) | $e \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (11) | $e \not\models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (12) | $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (14e) on (8) |
| (13) | $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (17b) on (12) |

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| (14) | $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ refutable? | by assumption |
| Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17. | | |

Case (16c).

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| (14) | $e \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| Contradicts (9). | | |

Case (16d).

- | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| (14) | $e \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| Contradicts (11). | | |

- | | | |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| (15) | $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by contradiction |
|------|-----------------------------------|------------------|

Case $e \models \xi_1, e \models? \xi_2$.

- | | | |
|------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (8) | $e \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (9) | $e \not\models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (10) | $e \not\models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (11) | $e \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (12) | $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (14e) on (8) |
| (13) | $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (17b) on (12) |

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| (14) | $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ refutable? | by assumption |
| Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17. | | |

Case (16c).

- | | | |
|------|--------------------|---------------|
| (14) | $e \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
|------|--------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by contradiction

Case $e \models \xi_1, e \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(8) $e \models \xi_1$

by assumption

(9) $e \not\models? \xi_1$

by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$

by assumption

(11) $e \not\models? \xi_2$

by assumption

(12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (14e) on (8)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable?**

by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models? \xi_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by contradiction

Case $e \models? \xi_1, e \models \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$

by assumption

(9) $e \models? \xi_1$

by assumption

(10) $e \models \xi_2$

by assumption

(11) $e \not\models? \xi_2$

by assumption

(12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (14f) on (10)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable?**

by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models? \xi_1, e \models? \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models? \xi_1, e \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(15) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1, e \models \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14f) on (10)

(13) $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1, e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16d) on (11) and (8)

(13) $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1, e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(12) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(12) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(13) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

(16) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (13) and (15)

Case (8g).

(7) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $\xi_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(10) $e = \langle \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\} \rangle$ by assumption
 (11) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(12) $e \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1))$.

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{true}$.

(13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (14) $\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by Lemma 2.0.14 on (13)
 (15) $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (11) and (14)
 (16) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{false}$.

(13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{false}$ by assumption
 (14) ~~$\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$~~ by Lemma 2.0.14 on (13)

Assume $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(15) $\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption
 Contradicts (14).

(16) $e \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction
 (17) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (12) and (16)

Case (19j).

- (10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (12) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.2 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_1 \models \xi_1$, $e_1 \models? \xi_1$, and $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (14) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)
- (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ **notintro** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

- (17) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$

Contradicts (14).

- (18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (14) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- (17) $e_1 \models \xi_1$

Contradicts (13).

- (18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(14) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(15) $e_1 \models \xi_1$

Contradicts (13).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

(17) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

(19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (8h).

(7) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

- (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $\xi_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (10) $e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
 by assumption
 (11) e **notintro** by Rule
 (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (12) $e \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2))$.

inr is
refutable

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{true}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (14) $\text{inr}(\xi_2)$ **refutable?** by Lemma 2.0.14 on
 (13)
 (15) $e \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (11)
 and (14)
 (16) $e \models?^\dagger \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{false}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{false}$ by assumption
 (14) ~~$\text{inr}(\xi_2)$ **refutable?**~~ by Lemma 2.0.14 on
 (13)

Assume $e \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (15) $\text{inr}(\xi_2)$ **refutable?** by assumption
 Contradicts (14).

- (16) $e \not\models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction
 (17) $e \not\models?^\dagger \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
 (12) and (16)

Case (19j).

- (10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

(11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(12) $e_2 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.3 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_2 \models \xi_2$, $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$, and $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_2 \models \xi_2$.

(13) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(14) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

(17) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$.

(13) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(14) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (16f) on (14)

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

$$(17) \quad e_2 \models \xi_2$$

Contradicts (13).

$$(18) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \xi_2$.

$$(13) \quad e_2 \not\models \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(14) \quad e_2 \not\models_{\tau_1} \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

$$(15) \quad e_2 \models \xi_2$$

Contradicts (13).

$$(16) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau_1} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(17) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

$$(17) \quad e_2 \models_{\tau_1} \xi_2$$

Contradicts (14).

$$(18) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau_1} \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

$$(19) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)}$$

Case (14i).

$$(7) \quad \xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(8) \quad \tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(9) \quad \xi_1 : \tau_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(10) \quad \xi_2 : \tau_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (11) $e = \emptyset^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (12) e notintro
by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
- (13) e indet
by Lemma 4.0.9 on (6) and (12)
- (14) $\text{prl}(e)$ indet
by Rule (24g) on (13)
- (15) $\text{prl}(e)$ final
by Rule (25b) on (14)
- (16) $\text{prr}(e)$ indet
by Rule (24h) on (13)
- (17) $\text{prr}(e)$ final
by Rule (25b) on (16)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$
by Rule (19h) on (5)
- (19) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$
by Rule (19i) on (5)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (18) and (15), exactly one of $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$, $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$, and $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (19) and (17), exactly one of $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$, $\text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$, and $\text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for ξ_1 and ξ_2 .

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$
by assumption
- (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$
by assumption
- (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$
by assumption
- (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$
by assumption
- (24) $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
by Rule (14j) on (12) and (20) and (22)
- (25) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
by Rule (17b) on (24)
- (26) ~~(ξ_1, ξ_2) refutable?~~
by Lemma 2.0.18 on (12) and (24)

Assume $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) refutable?
by assumption
- Contradicts (26).

- (28) $e \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
by contradiction

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$
by assumption
- (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$
by assumption
- (22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$
by assumption
- (23) $\text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$
by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{pr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (22)

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{pr}(e) \models \xi_1, \text{pr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{pr}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{pr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (22).

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{pr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(29) $\text{pr}(e) \models? \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(27) ξ_2 refutable _?	by assumption
(28) pr $r(e)$ notintro	by Rule (26f)
(29) pr $r(e) \models_? \xi_2$	by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by contradiction
(31) $e \not\models_?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_? \xi_1, \text{pr}r(e) \models \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$	by assumption
(21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_? \xi_1$	by assumption
(22) $\text{pr}r(e) \models \xi_2$	by assumption
(23) $\text{pr}r(e) \not\models_? \xi_2$	by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$	by assumption
------------------------------------	---------------

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by contradiction
-------------------------------------	------------------

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) ξ_1 refutable _?	by assumption
(27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) refutable _?	by Rule (10e) on (26)
(28) $e \models_? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
(29) $e \models_?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Rule (17a) on (28)

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_? \xi_1, \text{pr}r(e) \models_? \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$	by assumption
(21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_? \xi_1$	by assumption
(22) $\text{pr}r(e) \not\models \xi_2$	by assumption
(23) $\text{pr}r(e) \models_? \xi_2$	by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$	by assumption
------------------------------------	---------------

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) ξ_2 **refutable**? by assumption
 (27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable**? by Rule (10e) on (26)
 (28) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
 (29) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) ξ_1 **refutable**? by assumption
 (27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable**? by Rule (10e) on (26)
 (28) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
 (29) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (20)

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)

(29) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(31) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

(27) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(28) $e \models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1, \text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(31) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case (19g).

(11) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

(12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

- (13) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (14) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6)
- (15) e_2 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (12) and (14), exactly one of $e_1 \models \xi_1$, $e_1 \models? \xi_1$, and $e_1 \models \overline{\xi_1}$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (13) and (15), exactly one of $e_2 \models \xi_2$, $e_2 \models? \xi_2$, and $e_2 \models \overline{\xi_2}$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for ξ_1 and ξ_2 .

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1, e_2 \models \xi_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (16) and (18)
- (21) $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

- (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

- (22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

- (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

- (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1, e_2 \models? \xi_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16h) on (16) and (19)

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1, e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

- | | | |
|------|--|-------------------------------------|
| (23) | $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by contradiction |
| (24) | $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(21) and (23) |

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1, e_2 \models \xi_2$.

- | | | |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| (16) | $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (17) | $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (18) | $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (19) | $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (20) | $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (16g) on (17)
and (18) |
| (21) | $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (20) |

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- | | | |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) | (e_1, e_2) notintro | by assumption |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- | | | |
|------|---------------------|---------------|
| (22) | $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
|------|---------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (16).

- | | | |
|------|---|------------------|
| (23) | $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by contradiction |
|------|---|------------------|

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1, e_2 \models? \xi_2$.

- | | | |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|
| (16) | $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (17) | $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (18) | $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (19) | $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (20) | $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (16i) on (17)
and (19) |
| (21) | $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (20) |

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- | | | |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) | (e_1, e_2) notintro | by assumption |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- | | | |
|------|---------------------|---------------|
| (22) | $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
|------|---------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (16).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1, e_2 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, e_2 \models \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.
Case (14j).
 (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (14i).
 (20) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (16).

 (21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.
Case (16b).
 (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (16g).
 (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).
Case (16h).
 (22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (19).
Case (16i).
 (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).

 (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 (24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)
Case $e_1 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, e_2 \models? \xi_2$.
 (16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (19) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.
Case (14j).
 (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (16).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
 (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, e_2 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) notintro	by assumption
Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.	
Case (16g).	
(22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$	by assumption
Contradicts (17).	
Case (16h).	
(22) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$	by assumption
Contradicts (19).	
Case (16i).	
(22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$	by assumption
Contradicts (17).	
(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by contradiction
(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

□

Definition 2.1.1 (Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\xi_1 : \tau$ and $\xi_2 : \tau$. Then $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **val** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies $e \models \xi_2$*

Definition 2.1.2 (Potential Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\xi_1 : \tau$ and $\xi_2 : \tau$. Then $\xi_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$*

Corollary 2.1.1. *Suppose that $\xi : \tau$ and $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final**. Then $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$*

Proof.

(1) $\xi : \tau$	by assumption
(2) $\cdot ; \Gamma \vdash e : \tau$	by assumption
(3) e final	by assumption
(4) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$	by assumption
(5) $e_1 \models \top$	by Rule (14a)
(6) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$	by Rule (17b) on (5)
(7) $\top : \tau$	by Rule (8a)
(8) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$	by Definition 2.1.2 of (4) on (7) and (1) and (2) and (3) and (6)

□

3 Static Semantics

$$\begin{aligned}
\tau &::= \text{num} \mid (\tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2) \mid (\tau_1 \times \tau_2) \mid (\tau_1 + \tau_2) \\
e &::= x \mid \underline{n} \\
&\quad \mid (\lambda x : \tau. e) \mid e_1(e_2) \\
&\quad \mid (e_1, e_2) \\
&\quad \mid \text{inl}_\tau(e) \mid \text{inr}_\tau(e) \mid \text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\} \\
&\quad \mid \textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{O}}^u \mid \textcolor{violet}{\langle} e \textcolor{violet}{\rangle}^u \\
\hat{r}s &::= (rs \mid r \mid rs) \\
rs &::= \cdot \mid (r \mid rs') \\
r &::= p \Rightarrow e \\
p &::= x \mid \underline{n} \mid _ \mid (p_1, p_2) \mid \text{inl}(p) \mid \text{inr}(p) \mid \textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{O}}^w \mid \textcolor{violet}{\langle} p \textcolor{violet}{\rangle}^w \\
\boxed{(\hat{r}s)^\diamond = rs} &\quad rs \text{ can be obtained by erasing pointer from } \hat{r}s
\end{aligned}$$

$$(\cdot \mid r \mid rs)^\diamond = r \mid rs \quad (18a)$$

$$((r' \mid rs') \mid r \mid rs)^\diamond = r' \mid (rs' \mid r \mid rs)^\diamond \quad (18b)$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau} \quad e \text{ is of type } \tau$$

$$\frac{\text{TVar}}{\Gamma, x : \tau; \Delta \vdash x : \tau} \quad (19a)$$

$$\frac{\text{TEHole}}{\Gamma; \Delta, u :: \tau \vdash \textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{O}}^u : \tau} \quad (19b)$$

$$\frac{\text{THole} \quad \Gamma; \Delta, u :: \tau \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma; \Delta, u :: \tau \vdash \textcolor{violet}{\langle} e \textcolor{violet}{\rangle}^u : \tau} \quad (19c)$$

$$\frac{\text{TNum}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \underline{n} : \text{num}} \quad (19d)$$

$$\frac{\text{TLam} \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1; \Delta \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_1. e) : (\tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2)} \quad (19e)$$

$$\frac{\text{TAp} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_1 : (\tau_2 \rightarrow \tau) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_1(e_2) : \tau} \quad (19f)$$

$$\frac{\text{TPair} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash (e_1, e_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)} \quad (19g)$$

$$\frac{\text{TPrl} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1} \quad (19h)$$

$$\frac{\text{TPrr}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{pr}(e) : \tau_2 \quad (19i)$$

$$\frac{\text{TInl}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau_1} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2) \quad (19j)$$

$$\frac{\text{TInr}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau_2} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2) \quad (19k)$$

$$\frac{\text{TMatchZPre} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\perp]r \mid rs : \tau[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau'} \quad (19l)$$

$$\frac{\text{TMatchNZPre} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau \quad e \text{ final} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\perp]rs_{pre} : \tau[\xi_{pre}] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_{pre}]r \mid rs_{post} : \tau[\xi_{rest}] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \quad \top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rest}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} : \tau'} \quad (19m)$$

$\boxed{p : \tau[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}$ p is assigned type τ and emits constraint ξ

$$\frac{\text{PTVar}}{x : \tau[\top] \dashv \cdot; x : \tau} \quad (20a)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTWild}}{_ : \tau[\top] \dashv \cdot; \cdot} \quad (20b)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTEHole}}{\langle \rangle^w : \tau[?] \dashv \cdot; w :: \tau} \quad (20c)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTHole} \quad p : \tau[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}{\langle p \rangle^w : \tau'[?] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta, w :: \tau'} \quad (20d)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTNum}}{\underline{n} : \text{num}[\underline{n}] \dashv \cdot; \cdot} \quad (20e)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTInl} \quad p : \tau_1[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}{\text{inl}(p) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)[\text{inl}(\xi)] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta} \quad (20f)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTInr} \quad p : \tau_2[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}{\text{inr}(p) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)[\text{inr}(\xi)] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta} \quad (20g)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTPair} \quad p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv \Gamma_1; \Delta_1 \quad p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv \Gamma_2; \Delta_2}{(p_1, p_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)[(\xi_1, \xi_2)] \dashv \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2; \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2} \quad (20h)$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash (p \Rightarrow e) : \tau[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad \begin{array}{l} r \text{ transforms a final expression of type } \tau \\ \text{to a final expression of type } \tau' \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\text{CTRrule} \quad p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma_p ; \Delta_p \quad \Gamma \uplus \Gamma_p ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_p \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash p \Rightarrow e : \tau[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad (21a)$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad \begin{array}{l} rs \text{ transforms a final expression of type } \tau \\ \text{to a final expression of type } \tau' \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\text{CTOneRules} \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre}}{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r \mid \cdot) : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad (22a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTRrules} \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre}}{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]r \mid rs : \tau[\xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad (22b)$$

Lemma 3.0.1. *If $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ then $\xi : \tau$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (20). □

Lemma 3.0.2. *If $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ then $\xi_r : \tau_1$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (21). □

Lemma 3.0.3. *If $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau_1[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau$ then $\xi_{rs} : \tau_1$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (22). □

Lemma 3.0.4. *If $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'$ and $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ and $\xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rs}$ then $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](rs \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi_{rs} \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$*

Proof.

- (1) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by assumption
- (2) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (1).

Case (22a).

- (4) $rs = r' \mid \cdot$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi_{rs} = \xi'_r$ by assumption
- (6) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r' : \tau[\xi'_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by assumption
- (7) $\xi'_r \not\models \xi_{pre}$ by assumption
- (8) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi'_r]r \mid \cdot : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by Rule (22a) on (2) and (3)
- (9) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r' \mid r \mid \cdot) : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by Rule (22b) on (6) and (8) and (7)

$$(10) \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]((r' \mid \cdot) \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau' \\ \text{by Definition 18 on (9)}$$

Case (22b).

$$\begin{aligned} (4) \quad rs &= r' \mid rs' && \text{by assumption} \\ (5) \quad \xi_{rs} &= \xi'_r \vee \xi'_{rs} && \text{by assumption} \\ (6) \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r' : \tau[\xi'_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' && \text{by assumption} \\ (7) \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi'_r]rs' : \tau[\xi'_{rs}] &\Rightarrow \tau' && \text{by assumption} \\ (8) \quad \xi'_r &\not\models \xi_{pre} && \text{by assumption} \\ (9) \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi'_r](rs' \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi'_{rs} \vee \xi_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' \\ &\text{by IH on (7) and (2)} \\ &\text{and (3)} \\ (10) \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r' \mid (rs' \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond) : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi'_{rs} \vee \xi_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' \\ &\text{by Rule (22b) on (6)} \\ &\text{and (9) and (8)} \\ (11) \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]((r' \mid rs') \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi'_{rs} \vee \xi_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' \\ &\text{by Definition 18 on} \\ &\text{(10)} \end{aligned}$$

□

Lemma 3.0.5 (Substitution). *If $\Gamma, x : \tau ; \Delta \vdash e_0 : \tau_0$ and $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ then $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [e/x]e_0 : \tau_0$*

Lemma 3.0.6 (Simultaneous Substitution). *If $\Gamma \uplus \Gamma' ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and $\theta : \Gamma'$ then $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\theta]e : \tau$*

Lemma 3.0.7 (Substitution Typing). *If $e \triangleright p \dashv\vdash \theta$ and $\cdot ; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ and $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ then $\theta : \Gamma$*

Proof by induction on the derivation of $e \triangleright p \dashv\vdash \theta$.

Theorem 3.1 (Determinism). *If $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ then exactly one of the following holds*

1. $e \text{ val}$
2. $e \text{ indet}$
3. $e \mapsto e'$ for some unique e'

4 Dynamic Semantics

$\boxed{e \text{ val}}$ e is a value

$$\frac{\text{VNum}}{\underline{n} \text{ val}} \quad (23a)$$

$$\frac{\text{VLam}}{(\lambda x : \tau. e) \text{ val}} \quad (23b)$$

$$\frac{\text{VPair} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \text{ val}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ val}} \quad (23c)$$

$$\frac{\text{VInl} \quad e \text{ val}}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \text{ val}} \quad (23d)$$

$$\frac{\text{VInr} \quad e \text{ val}}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \text{ val}} \quad (23e)$$

$\boxed{e \text{ indet}}$ e is indeterminate

$$\frac{\text{IEHole}}{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u \text{ indet}} \quad (24a)$$

$$\frac{\text{IHole} \quad e \text{ final}}{\llbracket e \rrbracket^u \text{ indet}} \quad (24b)$$

$$\frac{\text{IAp} \quad e_1 \text{ indet} \quad e_2 \text{ final}}{e_1(e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24c)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPairL} \quad e_1 \text{ indet} \quad e_2 \text{ val}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24d)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPairR} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \text{ indet}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24e)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPair} \quad e_1 \text{ indet} \quad e_2 \text{ indet}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24f)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPrl} \quad e \text{ indet}}{\text{prl}(e) \text{ indet}} \quad (24g)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPrr} \quad e \text{ \texttt{indet}}}{\text{pr}(e) \text{ \texttt{indet}}} \quad (24\text{h})$$

$$\frac{\text{IInL} \quad e \text{ \texttt{indet}}}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \text{ \texttt{indet}}} \quad (24\text{i})$$

$$\frac{\text{IInR} \quad e \text{ \texttt{indet}}}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \text{ \texttt{indet}}} \quad (24\text{j})$$

$$\frac{\text{IMatch} \quad e \text{ \texttt{final}} \quad e ? p_r}{\text{match}(e)\{rs_{pre} \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid rs_{post}\} \text{ \texttt{indet}}} \quad (24\text{k})$$

$$\boxed{e \text{ \texttt{final}}} \quad e \text{ is final}$$

$$\frac{\text{FVal} \quad e \text{ \texttt{val}}}{e \text{ \texttt{final}}} \quad (25\text{a})$$

$$\frac{\text{FIndet} \quad e \text{ \texttt{indet}}}{e \text{ \texttt{final}}} \quad (25\text{b})$$

$$\boxed{e \text{ \texttt{notintro}}} \quad e \text{ cannot be a value syntactically}$$

$$\frac{\text{NVEHole}}{\text{⋈}^u \text{ \texttt{notintro}}} \quad (26\text{a})$$

$$\frac{\text{NVHole}}{\text{⋈}(e)^u \text{ \texttt{notintro}}} \quad (26\text{b})$$

$$\frac{\text{NVAp}}{e_1(e_2) \text{ \texttt{notintro}}} \quad (26\text{c})$$

$$\frac{\text{NVMatch}}{\text{match}(e)\{\hat{rs}\} \text{ \texttt{notintro}}} \quad (26\text{d})$$

$$\frac{\text{NVPrI}}{\text{prl}(e) \text{ \texttt{notintro}}} \quad (26\text{e})$$

$$\frac{\text{NVPrR}}{\text{pr}(e) \text{ \texttt{notintro}}} \quad (26\text{f})$$

$$\boxed{\text{complete}(e)} \quad \text{for } e \text{ \texttt{final}} \text{ and } \cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$$

$$\text{complete}(e) = \{e\} \quad \text{if } e \text{ val} \quad (27a)$$

$$\text{complete}(e) = \{e' \mid e' : \tau \text{ and } e \text{ val}\} \quad \text{if } e \text{ notintro} \quad (27b)$$

$$\text{complete}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)) = \{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1)\} \quad (27c)$$

$$\text{complete}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)) = \{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \mid e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\} \quad (27d)$$

$$\text{complete}((e_1, e_2)) = \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\} \quad (27e)$$

$e' \in \text{values}(e)$ e' is one of the possible values of e

$$\frac{\text{IVVal} \quad e \text{ val} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau}{e \in \text{values}(e)} \quad (28a)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVIndet} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau \quad e' \text{ val} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash e' : \tau}{e' \in \text{values}(e)} \quad (28b)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVInl} \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ indet} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) : \tau \quad e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))} \quad (28c)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVInr} \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ indet} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) : \tau \quad e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))} \quad (28d)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVPair} \quad (e_1, e_2) \text{ indet} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash (e_1, e_2) : \tau \quad e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1) \quad e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)}{(e'_1, e'_2) \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))} \quad (28e)$$

Lemma 4.0.1. *If e indet and $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ and $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ then $e' \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ for all $e' \in \text{complete}(e)$.*

Proof.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (1) e indet | by assumption |
| (2) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (8) on (3).

Case (8a).

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| (5) $\dot{\xi} = \top$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e \models \top$ | by Rule (14a) |

(7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

Contradicts (4).

Case (1b).

(5) $\dot{\xi} = ?$ by assumption
 (6) $e \models_{\tau} ?$ by Rule (16a)
 (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} ?$ by Rule (17a) on (6)

Contradicts (4).

Case (8c).

(5) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n}$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = \mathbf{num}$ by assumption
 (7) $\underline{n} \mathbf{refutable}_{\tau}$ by Rule (10a)

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a).

(8) $e = \mathbb{O}^u$ by assumption
 (9) $\mathbb{O}^u \mathbf{notintro}$ by Rule (26a)
 (10) $\mathbb{O}^u \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
 (11) $\mathbb{O}^u \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24b).

(8) $e = \langle e_1 \rangle^u$ by assumption
 (9) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \mathbf{notintro}$ by Rule (26b)
 (10) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
 (11) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24c).

(8) $e = e_1(e_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $e_1(e_2) \mathbf{notintro}$ by Rule (26c)
 (10) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
 (11) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24g).

- (8) $e = \text{prl}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{prl}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
- (10) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
- (11) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24h).

- (8) $e = \text{prr}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{prr}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
- (10) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
- (11) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24k).

- (8) $e = \text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26d)
- (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
- (11) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24d), (24e), (24f).

- (8) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24i).

- (8) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24j).

- (8) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (8g).

- (5) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption
- (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption

- (7) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (8) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10b)

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a).

- (9) $e = \mathbb{0}^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\mathbb{0}^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a)
 (11) $\mathbb{0}^u \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\mathbb{0}^u \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24b).

- (9) $e = \langle e_1 \rangle^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26b)
 (11) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24c).

- (9) $e = e_1(e_2)$ by assumption
 (10) $e_1(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26c)
 (11) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24g).

- (9) $e = \text{prl}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{prl}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
 (11) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24h).

- (9) $e = \text{prr}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{prr}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
 (11) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{pr}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24k).

(9) $e = \text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26d)
 (11) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24d), (24e), (24f).

(9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24i).

(9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (10) $e_1 \text{ indet}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19j).

(11) $\tau_2' = \tau_2$ by assumption
 (12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (13) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Lemma 2.0.11 on (4)

(14) if $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ then $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$
 by IH on (10) and (12) and (7) and (13)

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ then $e' \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$.

(15) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (15).

Case (28a).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6

Case (28c).

(16) $e' = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1)$ by assumption
 (17) $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ by assumption

- (18) $e'_1 \not\models^\dagger_\tau \dot{\xi}_1$ by (14) on (17)
 (19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \not\models^\dagger_\tau \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.11 on (18)

Case (24j).

- (9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ then $e' \not\models^\dagger_\tau \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$.

- (10) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (10).

Case (28a).

- (11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

- (11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7

Case (28d).

- (11) $e' = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2)$ by assumption

- (12) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \not\models^\dagger_\tau \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 1.0.18

Case (8h).

- (5) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (7) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
 (8) $\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_\tau$ by Rule (10c)

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a).

- (9) $e = \mathbb{O}^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\mathbb{O}^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a)
 (11) $\mathbb{O}^u \models_\tau \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\mathbb{O}^u \models^\dagger_\tau \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24b).

- (9) $e = \langle e_1 \rangle^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26b)
 (11) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_\tau \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $(e_1)^u \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24c).

(9) $e = e_1(e_2)$ by assumption

(10) $e_1(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26c)

(11) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24g).

(9) $e = \text{prl}(e_1)$ by assumption

(10) $\text{prl}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(11) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24h).

(9) $e = \text{prr}(e_1)$ by assumption

(10) $\text{prr}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)

(11) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24k).

(9) $e = \text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption

(10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26d)

(11) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24d), (24e), (24f).

(9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24i).

(9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ then $e' \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$.

(10) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (10).

Case (28a).

(11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6

Case (28c).

(11) $e' = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1)$ by assumption

(12) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 1.0.17

Case (24j).

(9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1'}(e_2)$ by assumption

(10) $e_2 \text{ indet}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19k).

(11) $\tau_1' = \tau_1$ by assumption

(12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(13) $e_2 \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.11 on (4)

(14) if $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ then $e'_2 \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$
by IH on (10) and (12)
and (7) and (13)

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ then $e' \not\vdash_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$.

(15) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (15).

Case (28a).

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7

Case (28d).

(16) $e' = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2)$ by assumption

(17) $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ by assumption

- (18) $e'_2 \not\models^\dagger_\tau \dot{\xi}_2$ by (14) on (17)
 (19) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \not\models^\dagger_\tau \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.12 on (18)

Case (8i).

- (5) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (7) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (8) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a), (24b), (24c), (24g), (24h), (24k).

- (9) $e = \llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u, \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_1), \text{prr}(e_1), \text{match}(e_1)\{r's\}$
 by assumption
 (10) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rules (26)
 (11) $\text{complete}(e) = \{e' \mid e' \text{ val and } e' : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)\}$
 by Equation 27 on (10)
 (12) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ indet}$ by Rule (24g) on (1)
 (13) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ indet}$ by Rule (24h) on (1)
 (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$ by Rule (19h) on (2)
 (15) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$ by Rule (19i) on (2)

By case analysis on the result of $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1)$.

Case true.

- (16) $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (17) $\text{prl}(e) \models^\dagger_\tau \dot{\xi}_1$ by Lemma 1.0.20 on (16)

Case false.

- (16) $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{false}$ by assumption
 (17) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models^\dagger_\tau \dot{\xi}_1$ by Lemma 1.0.20 on (16)
 (18) $e'_1 \not\models^\dagger_\tau \dot{\xi}_1$ for any $e'_1 \in \text{complete}(\text{prl}(e))$
 by IH on (12) and (14) and (7) and (17)
 (19) $e'_1 \not\models^\dagger_\tau \dot{\xi}_1$ for any $e'_1 \in \{e'_1 \mid e'_1 \text{ val and } e'_1 : \tau_1\}$
 by Equation 27 on (18)

Then for any $e' \in \{e' \mid e' \text{ val and } e' : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)\}$,

- (20) $e' \text{ val}$ by assumption

(21) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e' : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (20).

Case (23a).

(22) $e' = \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (21), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23b).

(22) $e' = (\lambda x : \tau'. e'_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (21), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23c).

(22) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption

(23) $e'_1 \text{ val}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (21), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

(24) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e'_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

(25) $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by (19) on (23) and (24)

(26) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (25)

Case (23d).

(22) $e' = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (21), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23e).

(22) $e' = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (21), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

To conclude, $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ for any $e' \in \text{complete}(e)$.

Case (24d).

(9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

(10) $e_1 \text{ indet}$ by assumption

(11) $e_2 \text{ val}$ by assumption

(12) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ or $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (4)

By case analysis on the disjunction in (12).

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (15) $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ for any $e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1)$
by IH on (10) and (14)
and (7) and (13)
- (16) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ for any $e' \in \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\}$
by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(15)

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (13) $e'_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (14) $e'_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ for any $e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)$
by Equation 27 and
(13)
- (15) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ for any $e' \in \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\}$
by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(14)

Case (24e).

- (9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
- (10) $e_1 \text{ val}$ by assumption
- (11) $e_2 \text{ indet}$ by assumption
- (12) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ or $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(4)

By case analysis on the disjunction in (12).

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

- (13) $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (14) $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ for any $e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1)$
by Equation 27 and
(13)
- (15) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ for any $e' \in \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\}$
by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(14)

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (13) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (15) $e'_2 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ for any $e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)$
by IH on (11) and (14)
and (8) and (13)
- (16) $(e_1, e_2) \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ for any $e' \in \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\}$
by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(15)

Case (24f).

- (9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
- (10) e_1 **indet** by assumption
- (11) e_2 **indet** by assumption
- (12) $e_1 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ or $e_2 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(4)

By case analysis on the disjunction in (12).

Case $e_1 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (15) $e'_1 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ for any $e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1)$
by IH on (10) and (14)
and (7) and (13)
- (16) $(e_1, e_2) \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ for any $e' \in \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\}$
by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(15)

Case $e_2 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (13) $e_2 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (15) $e'_2 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ for any $e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)$
by IH on (11) and (14)
and (8) and (13)
- (16) $(e_1, e_2) \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ for any $e' \in \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\}$
by Lemma 2.0.13 on
(15)

Case (24i).

(9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24j).

(9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau'_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (8f).

- (5) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (7) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (8) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (9) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (8)
- (10) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (8)
- (11) $e' \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ for any $e' \in \text{complete}(e)$ by IH on (1) and (2) and (6) and (9)
- (12) $e' \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ for any $e' \in \text{complete}(e)$ by IH on (1) and (2) and (7) and (10)
- (13) $e' \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ for any $e' \in \text{complete}(e)$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (11) and (12)

□

$\theta : \Gamma$ θ is of type Γ

$$\frac{\text{STEmpty}}{\emptyset : \cdot} \quad (29a)$$

$$\frac{\text{STExtend} \quad \theta : \Gamma_{\theta} \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau}{\theta, x/e : \Gamma_{\theta}, x : \tau} \quad (29b)$$

$p \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ p is refutable

$$\frac{\text{RNum}}{\underline{n} \text{ refutable}_{\tau}} \quad (30a)$$

$$\frac{\text{REHole}}{\textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{O}}^w \text{ refutable}_{\tau}} \quad (30b)$$

$$\frac{\text{RHole}}{\overline{\langle p \rangle^w \text{refutable}_?}} \quad (30c)$$

$$\frac{\text{RInl}}{\overline{\text{inl}(p) \text{refutable}_?}} \quad (30d)$$

$$\frac{\text{RInr}}{\overline{\text{inr}(p) \text{refutable}_?}} \quad (30e)$$

$$\frac{\text{RPairL} \quad p_1 \text{refutable}_?}{\overline{(p_1, p_2) \text{refutable}_?}} \quad (30f)$$

$$\frac{\text{RPairR} \quad p_2 \text{refutable}_?}{\overline{(p_1, p_2) \text{refutable}_?}} \quad (30g)$$

$$\boxed{e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta} \quad e \text{ matches } p, \text{ emitting } \theta$$

$$\frac{\text{MVar}}{\overline{e \triangleright x \dashv\!\!\parallel e/x}} \quad (31a)$$

$$\frac{\text{MWild}}{\overline{e \triangleright _ \dashv\!\!\parallel \cdot}} \quad (31b)$$

$$\frac{\text{MNum}}{\overline{\underline{n} \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv\!\!\parallel \cdot}} \quad (31c)$$

$$\frac{\text{MPair} \quad e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1 \quad e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2}{\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2}} \quad (31d)$$

$$\frac{\text{MInl} \quad e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}{\overline{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \triangleright \text{inl}(p) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}} \quad (31e)$$

$$\frac{\text{MInr} \quad e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}{\overline{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \triangleright \text{inr}(p) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}} \quad (31f)$$

$$\frac{\text{MNotIntroPair} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1 \quad \text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2}{\overline{e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2}} \quad (31g)$$

$$\boxed{e ? p} \quad e \text{ may match } p$$

$$\frac{\text{MMEHole}}{\overline{e ? \langle \rangle^w}} \quad (32a)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMHole}}{e ? \langle p \rangle^w} \quad (32b)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMNotIntro} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad p \text{ refutable?}}{e ? p} \quad (32c)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMPairL} \quad e_1 ? p_1 \quad e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2}{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)} \quad (32d)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMPairR} \quad e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1 \quad e_2 ? p_2}{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)} \quad (32e)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMPair} \quad e_1 ? p_1 \quad e_2 ? p_2}{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)} \quad (32f)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMInl} \quad e ? p}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) ? \text{inl}(p)} \quad (32g)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMInr} \quad e ? p}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) ? \text{inr}(p)} \quad (32h)$$

$\boxed{e \perp p}$ e does not match p

$$\frac{\text{NMNum} \quad n_1 \neq n_2}{\underline{n_1} \perp \underline{n_2}} \quad (33a)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMPairL} \quad e_1 \perp p_1}{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)} \quad (33b)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMPairR} \quad e_2 \perp p_2}{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)} \quad (33c)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMConfL}}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inl}(p)} \quad (33d)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMConfR}}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inr}(p)} \quad (33e)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMInl} \quad e \perp p}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inl}(p)} \quad (33f)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMIrr} \quad e \perp p}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inr}(p)} \quad (33g)$$

$\boxed{e \mapsto e'}$ e takes a step to e'

$$\frac{\text{ITHole} \quad e \mapsto e'}{\llbracket e \rrbracket^u \mapsto \llbracket e' \rrbracket^u} \quad (34a)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITApFun} \quad e_1 \mapsto e'_1}{e_1(e_2) \mapsto e'_1(e_2)} \quad (34b)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITApArg} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \mapsto e'_2}{e_1(e_2) \mapsto e_1(e'_2)} \quad (34c)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITAP} \quad e_2 \text{ val}}{(\lambda x : \tau. e_1)(e_2) \mapsto [e_2/x]e_1} \quad (34d)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPairL} \quad e_1 \mapsto e'_1}{(e_1, e_2) \mapsto (e'_1, e_2)} \quad (34e)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPairR} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \mapsto e'_2}{(e_1, e_2) \mapsto (e_1, e'_2)} \quad (34f)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPrL} \quad (e_1, e_2) \text{ final}}{\text{prl}((e_1, e_2)) \mapsto e_1} \quad (34g)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPrR} \quad (e_1, e_2) \text{ final}}{\text{prr}((e_1, e_2)) \mapsto e_2} \quad (34h)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITInl} \quad e \mapsto e'}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \mapsto \text{inl}_\tau(e')} \quad (34i)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITInr} \quad e \mapsto e'}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \mapsto \text{inr}_\tau(e')} \quad (34j)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITExpMatch} \quad e \mapsto e'}{\text{match}(e)\{rs\} \mapsto \text{match}(e')\{rs\}} \quad (34k)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITSuccMatch} \quad e \text{ final} \quad e \triangleright p_r \dashv \! \vdash \theta}{\text{match}(e)\{rs_{pre} \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid rs_{post}\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)} \quad (34l)$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\text{ITFailMatch} \\
\hline
\frac{e \text{ final} \quad e \perp p_r}{\text{match}(e)\{rs \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid (r' \mid rs')\} \mapsto \text{match}(e)\{(rs \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid \cdot)^\diamond \mid r' \mid rs'\}} \\
(34m)
\end{array}$$

Lemma 4.0.2. *If $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ final then e_1 final.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (25) on $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ final.

Case (25a).

(14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ val}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (14), only one case applies.

Case (23d).

(15) $e_1 \text{ val}$ by assumption

(16) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by Rule (25a) on (15)

Case (25b).

(14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ indet}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (14), only one case applies.

Case (24i).

(15) $e_1 \text{ indet}$ by assumption

(16) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by Rule (25b) on (15)

□

Lemma 4.0.3. *If $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ final then e_2 final.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (25) on $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ final.

Case (25a).

(1) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (1), only one case applies.

Case (23d).

(2) $e_2 \text{ val}$ by assumption

(3) $e_2 \text{ final}$ by Rule (25a) on (2)

Case (25b).

(1) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ indet}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), only one case applies.

Case (24i).

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (2) e_2 indet | by assumption |
| (3) e_2 final | by Rule (25b) on (2) |

□

Lemma 4.0.4. *If (e_1, e_2) **final** then e_1 **final** and e_2 **final**.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (25) on (e_1, e_2) **final**.

Case (25a).

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| (1) (e_1, e_2) val | by assumption |
|-----------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (1), only one case applies.

Case (23c).

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (2) e_1 val | by assumption |
| (3) e_2 val | by assumption |
| (4) e_1 final | by Rule (25a) on (2) |
| (5) e_2 final | by Rule (25a) on (3) |

Case (25b).

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) (e_1, e_2) indet | by assumption |
|-------------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), only three cases apply.

Case (24d).

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (2) e_1 indet | by assumption |
| (3) e_2 val | by assumption |
| (4) e_1 final | by Rule (25b) on (2) |
| (5) e_1 final | by Rule (25a) on (3) |

Case (24e).

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (2) e_1 val | by assumption |
| (3) e_2 indet | by assumption |
| (4) e_1 final | by Rule (25a) on (2) |
| (5) e_1 final | by Rule (25b) on (3) |

Case (24f).

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| (2) e_1 indet | by assumption |
| (3) e_2 indet | by assumption |
| (4) e_1 final | by Rule (25b) on (2) |
| (5) e_1 final | by Rule (25b) on (3) |

□

Lemma 4.0.5. *There doesn't exist \underline{n} such that \underline{n} notintro.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on \underline{n} notintro, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.6. *There doesn't exist $\text{inl}_\tau(e)$ such that $\text{inl}_\tau(e)$ notintro.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on $\text{inl}_\tau(e)$ notintro, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.7. *There doesn't exist $\text{inr}_\tau(e)$ such that $\text{inr}_\tau(e)$ notintro.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on $\text{inr}_\tau(e)$ notintro, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.8. *There doesn't exist (e_1, e_2) such that (e_1, e_2) notintro.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on (e_1, e_2) notintro, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.9. *If e final and e notintro then e indet.*

Proof Sketch. By rule induction over Rules (26) on e notintro, for each case, by rule induction over Rules (23) on e val and we notice that e val is not derivable. By rule induction over Rules (25) on e final, Rule (25a) result in a contradiction with the fact that e val is not derivable while Rule (25b) tells us e indet. □

Lemma 4.0.10. *There doesn't exist such an expression e such that both e val and e indet.*

Lemma 4.0.11 (Finality). *There doesn't exist such an expression e such that both e final and $e \mapsto e'$ for some e'*

Proof. Assume there exists such an e such that both e final and $e \mapsto e'$ for some e' then proof by contradiction.

By rule induction over Rules (25) and Rules (34), i.e., over Rules (23) and Rules (34) and over Rules (24) and Rules (34) respectively. The proof can be done by straightforward observation of syntactic contradictions. □

Lemma 4.0.12 (Matching Determinism). *If e final and $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ and $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv \vdash \Gamma; \Delta$ then exactly one of the following holds*

1. $e \triangleright p \dashv \vdash \theta$ for some θ
2. $e ? p$
3. $e \perp p$

Proof.

- (1) $e \text{ final}$ by assumption
- (2) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ by assumption
- (3) $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\vdash \Gamma; \Delta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (20) on (3), we would show one conclusion is derivable while the other two are not.

Case (20a).

- (4) $p = x$ by assumption
- (5) $e \triangleright x \dashv\vdash e/x$ by Rule (31a)

Assume $e ? x$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only one case applies.

Case (32c).

- (6) $x \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (30) on (6), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (7) $e \not? x$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp x$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (8) $e \not\perp x$ by contradiction

Case (20b).

- (4) $p = _$ by assumption
- (5) $e \triangleright _ \dashv\vdash \cdot$ by Rule (31b)

Assume $e ? _$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only one case applies.

Case (32c).

- (6) $_ \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (30) on (6), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (7) $e \not? _$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp _$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(8) $e \perp _$ by contradiction

Case (20c).

(4) $p = \langle \rangle^w$ by assumption

(5) $e ? \langle \rangle^w$ by Rule (32a)

Assume $e \triangleright \langle \rangle^w \dashv \vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(6) $e \triangleright \langle \rangle^w \dashv \vdash \theta$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp \langle \rangle^w$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(7) $e \perp \langle \rangle^w$ by contradiction

Case (20d).

(4) $p = \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by assumption

(5) $e ? \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by Rule (32b)

Assume $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(6) $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \vdash \theta$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp \langle p_0 \rangle^w$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(7) $e \perp \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by contradiction

Case (20e).

(4) $p = \underline{n_2}$ by assumption

(5) $\tau = \text{num}$ by assumption

(6) $\xi = \underline{n_2}$ by assumption

(7) $\underline{n_2} \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30a)

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(8) $e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption

(9) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

(10) $e ? \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (16b) on (7) and (9)

Assume $e \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(11) $e \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(12) $e \perp \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

Case (19d).

(8) $e = \underline{n_1}$

Assume $\underline{n_1} ? \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

(9) $\underline{n_1}$ **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.5.

(10) $\underline{n_1} ? \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

By case analysis on whether $n_1 = n_2$.

Case $n_1 = n_2$.

(11) $n_1 = n_2$ by assumption

(12) $\underline{n_1} \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\parallel \cdot$ by Rule (31c)

Assume $\underline{n_1} \perp \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33a).

(13) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(14) $\underline{n_1} \perp \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

Case $n_1 \neq n_2$.

(11) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption

(12) $\underline{n_1} \perp \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (33a) on (11)

Assume $\underline{n_1} \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\underline{n_1} \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$ by contradiction

Case (20f).

(4) $p = \text{inl}(p_1)$ by assumption

(5) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption

- (6) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
- (7) $p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption
- (8) $\text{inl}(p_1) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30d)

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (9) $e = \text{inl}^u, \text{inl}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (10) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
- (11) $e ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (8) and (10)

Assume $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 . By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (12) $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (13) $e \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$ by contradiction

Case (19j).

- (9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (10) $\cdot ; \Delta_e \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (11) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.2 on (1)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (11) and (7), exactly one of $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 , $e_1 ? p_1$, and $e_1 \perp p_1$ holds.

By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$.

- (12) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
- (14) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by Rule (31e) on (12)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
- Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (32g).

- (16) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
- Contradicts (13).

(17) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33f).

(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (14).

(19) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $e_1 ? p_1$.

(12) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(13) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

(14) $\frac{e_1 \perp p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (32g) on (13)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31e).

(16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

(17) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33f).

(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (14).

(19) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $e_1 \perp p_1$.

(12) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(13) $\frac{e_1 ? p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(14) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (33f) on (14)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31e).

(16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

(17) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (32g).

(18) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (13).

(19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by contradiction

Case (20g).

(4) $p = \text{inr}(p_2)$ by assumption

(5) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption

(6) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption

(8) $\text{inr}(p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30e)

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(9) $e = \text{inl}^u, \text{inl}^u(e_0), e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{rs\}$
by assumption

(10) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

(11) $e ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (8)
and (10)

Assume $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv \theta_2$ for some θ_2 . By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(12) $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv \theta_2$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $e \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$ by contradiction

Case (19k).

(9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

(10) $\cdot ; \Delta_e \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(11) $e_2 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.3 on (1)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (11) and (7), exactly one of $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv \theta_2$ for some θ_2 , $e_2 ? p_2$, and $e_2 \perp p_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$.

- (12) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$ by assumption
- (13) $\overline{e_2 ? p_2}$ by assumption
- (14) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$ by Rule (31f) on (12)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7.

Case (32h).

- (16) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (13).

- (17) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)}$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33g).

- (18) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (14).

- (19) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 ? p_2$.

- (12) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta}$ by assumption
- (13) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption
- (14) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (32h) on (13)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31f).

- (16) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

- (17) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33g).

- (18) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (14).

(19) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 \perp p_2$.

(12) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta}$ by assumption

(13) $\overline{e_2 \text{? } p_2}$ by assumption

(14) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (33g) on (14)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31f).

(16) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

(17) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{? } \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

(18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7.

Case (32h).

(18) $e_2 \text{? } p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (13).

(19) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{? } \text{inr}(p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case (20h).

(4) $p = (p_1, p_2)$ by assumption

(5) $\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption

(6) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $\Gamma = \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2$ by assumption

(8) $\Delta = \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2$ by assumption

(9) $p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\vdash \Gamma_1 ; \Delta_1$ by assumption

(10) $p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv\vdash \Gamma_2 ; \Delta_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(11) $e = \text{!}^u, \text{!}^{e_0}_u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption

(12) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| (13) e indet | by Lemma 4.0.9 on (1) and (12) |
| (14) prl (e) indet | by Rule (24g) on (13) |
| (15) prl (e) final | by Rule (25b) on (14) |
| (16) prr (e) indet | by Rule (24h) on (13) |
| (17) prr (e) final | by Rule (25b) on (16) |
| (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \mathbf{prl}(e) : \tau_1$ | by Rule (19h) on (2) |
| (19) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \mathbf{prr}(e) : \tau_2$ | by Rule (19i) on (2) |

Assume $e \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| (20) $e \perp \overline{(p_1, p_2)}$ | by contradiction |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|

By inductive hypothesis on (15) and (18) and (9), exactly one of $\mathbf{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$, $\mathbf{prl}(e) ? p_1$, and $\mathbf{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (17) and (19) and (10), exactly one of $\mathbf{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$, $\mathbf{prr}(e) ? p_2$, and $\mathbf{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for p_1 and p_2 . Note that we have already shown $e \perp \overline{(p_1, p_2)}$.

Case $\mathbf{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1, \mathbf{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$.

- | | |
|--|---|
| (21) $\mathbf{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ | by assumption |
| (22) $\overline{\mathbf{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (23) $\overline{\mathbf{prl}(e) \perp p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (24) $\mathbf{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ | by assumption |
| (25) $\overline{\mathbf{prr}(e) ? p_2}$ | by assumption |
| (26) $\overline{\mathbf{prr}(e) \perp p_2}$ | by assumption |
| (27) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ | by Rule (31g) on (12) and (21) and (24) |

Assume $e ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only one case applies.

Case (32c).

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (28) (p_1, p_2) refutable? | by assumption |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (30), only two cases apply.

Case (30f).

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| (29) p_1 refutable? | by assumption |
| (30) $\mathbf{prl}(e)$ notintro | by Rule (26e) |
| (31) $\mathbf{prl}(e) ? p_1$ | by Rule (32c) on (29) and (30) |

Contradicts (22).

Case (30g).

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (29) p_2 refutable? | by assumption |
| (30) $\mathbf{prr}(e)$ notintro | by Rule (26f) |

(31) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by Rule (32c) on (29)
and (30)

Contradicts (22).

(32) $\frac{e ? (p_1, p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1, \text{prr}(e) ? p_2$.

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ by assumption

(22) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(24) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

(25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption

(26) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

Assume $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

(27) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (24).

(29) $\frac{e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (25), the following cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

(30) $p_2 = \langle \emptyset \rangle^w, \langle p \rangle^w$ by assumption

(31) $p_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)

(32) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (31)

(33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12)
and (32)

Case (32c).

(30) $p_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(31) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (30)

(32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12)
and (31)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1, \text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$.

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ by assumption

(22) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(24) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

(25) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

(26) $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (26), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1, \text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$.

(21) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1}$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption

(23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}$ by assumption

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

(25) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}$ by assumption

(26) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}$ by assumption

Assume $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

(27) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (21).

(29) $\frac{e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta}{e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (22), the following cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

(30) $p_1 = \llbracket p \rrbracket^w, \llbracket p \rrbracket^w$ by assumption

(31) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)

(32) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (31)

(33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32)

Case (32c).

(30) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(31) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (30)

(32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31)

Case $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1, \text{prr}(e) ? p_2$.

(21) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1}$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption

(23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}$ by assumption

(24) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2}{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2}$ by assumption

(25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption

(26) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}$ by assumption

Assume $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

(27) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (21).

(29) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (22), the following cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

(30) $p_1 = \langle \rangle^w, \langle p \rangle^w$ by assumption

(31) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)

(32) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (31)

(33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32)

Case (32c).

(30) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(31) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (30)

(32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31)

Case $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1, \text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$.

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ by assumption

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

(25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption

(26) $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (26), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1, \text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$.

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ by assumption

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

(25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption

(26) $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (23), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1, \text{prr}(e) ? p_2$.

- | | | |
|------|--|---------------|
| (21) | $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (22) | $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (23) | $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ | by assumption |
| (24) | $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \theta_2}{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}$ | by assumption |
| (25) | $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ | by assumption |
| (26) | $\frac{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (23), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1, \text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$.

- | | | |
|------|--|---------------|
| (21) | $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (22) | $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (23) | $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ | by assumption |
| (24) | $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \theta_2}{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}$ | by assumption |
| (25) | $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ | by assumption |
| (26) | $\frac{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (23), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case (19g).

- | | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (11) | $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (12) | $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |
| (13) | $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ | by assumption |
| (14) | e_1 final | by Lemma 4.0.4 on (1) |
| (15) | e_2 final | by Lemma 4.0.4 on (1) |

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (12) and (14), exactly one of $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv \theta_1$, $e_1 ? p_1$, and $e_1 \perp p_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (13) and (15), exactly one of $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv \theta_2$, $e_2 ? p_2$, and $e_2 \perp p_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for p_1 and p_2 .

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv \theta_1, e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv \theta_2$.

- | | | |
|------|--|---------------|
| (16) | $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv \theta_1$ | by assumption |
| (17) | $\frac{e_1 ? p_1}{e_1 \perp p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (18) | $\frac{e_1 \perp p_1}{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv \theta_1}$ | by assumption |
| (19) | $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv \theta_2$ | by assumption |
| (20) | $\frac{e_2 ? p_2}{e_2 \perp p_2}$ | by assumption |

- (21) $\underline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption
 (22) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by Rule (31d) on (16) and (19)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (23) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

- (23) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (32e).

- (23) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

Case (32f).

- (23) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

- (24) $\underline{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

- (25) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

- (25) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (21).

- (26) $\underline{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1, e_2 ? p_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

- (17) $\underline{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption

- (18) $\underline{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption

- (19) $\underline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2}$ by assumption

- (20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

- (21) $\underline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption

- (22) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32e) on (16) and (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

$$(23) \quad \theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$$

$$(24) \quad e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Contradicts (19).

$$(25) \quad \overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

$$(26) \quad e_1 \perp p_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

$$(26) \quad e_2 \perp p_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Contradicts (21).

$$(27) \quad \overline{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1, e_2 \perp p_2$.

$$(16) \quad e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(17) \quad \overline{e_1 \triangleright p_1} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(18) \quad \overline{e_1 \perp p_1} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(19) \quad \overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(20) \quad \overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(21) \quad e_2 \perp p_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(22) \quad (e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2) \quad \text{by Rule (33c) on (21)}$$

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

$$(23) \quad \theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$$

$$(24) \quad e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Contradicts (19).

$$(25) \quad \overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

$$(26) \quad (e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

$$(26) \quad e_1 \triangleright p_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Contradicts (17).

Case (32e).

$$(26) \quad e_2 ? p_2$$

by assumption

Contradicts (20).

Case (32f).

$$(26) \quad e_1 ? p_1$$

by assumption

Contradicts (17).

$$(27) \quad \frac{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$$

by contradiction

Case $e_1 ? p_1, e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$.

$$(16) \quad \frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$$

by assumption

$$(17) \quad e_1 ? p_1$$

by assumption

$$(18) \quad \frac{e_1 \perp p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$$

by assumption

$$(19) \quad e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$$

by assumption

$$(20) \quad \frac{e_2 ? p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$$

by assumption

$$(21) \quad \frac{e_2 \perp p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$$

by assumption

$$(22) \quad (e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$$

by Rule (32d) on (17)
and (19)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

$$(23) \quad \theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$$

$$(24) \quad e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$$

by assumption

Contradicts (16).

$$(25) \quad \frac{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$$

by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

$$(26) \quad e_1 \perp p_1$$

by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

$$(26) \quad e_2 \perp p_2$$

by assumption

Contradicts (21).

$$(27) \quad \frac{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$$

by contradiction

Case $e_1 ? p_1, e_2 ? p_2$.

$$(16) \quad \frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$$

by assumption

$$(17) \quad e_1 ? p_1$$

by assumption

$$(18) \quad \frac{e_1 \perp p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$$

by assumption

$$(19) \quad \frac{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2}{\text{by assumption}}$$

by assumption

- (20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption
 (21) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption
 (22) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32f) on (17) and (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

- (23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$
 (24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (19).

- (25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

- (26) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

- (26) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (21).

- (27) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 ? p_1, e_2 \perp p_2$.

- (16) $\overline{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1}$ by assumption
 (17) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
 (18) $\overline{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption
 (19) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2}$ by assumption
 (20) $\overline{e_2 ? p_2}$ by assumption
 (21) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption
 (22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33c) on (21)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

- (23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$
 (24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (19).

- (25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(26) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(26) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (32e).

(26) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

Case (32f).

(26) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

(27) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \perp p_1, e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$.

(16) $\overline{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1}$ by assumption

(17) $\overline{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption

(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

(20) $\overline{e_2 ? p_2}$ by assumption

(21) $\overline{e_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash p_2}$ by assumption

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33b) on (18)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(26) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (32e).

(26) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

Case (32f).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(27) $\frac{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $e_1 \perp p_1, e_2 ? p_2$.

(16) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(17) $\frac{e_1 ? p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

(19) $\frac{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

(20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

(21) $\frac{e_2 \perp p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33b) on (18)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(25) $\frac{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(26) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(26) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (32e).

(26) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

Case (32f).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(27) $\frac{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $e_1 \perp p_1, e_2 \perp p_2$.

(16) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

- (17) $\overline{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption
- (18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption
- (19) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2}$ by assumption
- (20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption
- (21) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption
- (22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33b) on (18)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

- (23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$
 - (24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$ by assumption
- Contradicts (19).

- (25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (26) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
- Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

- (26) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$ by assumption
- Contradicts (19).

Case (32e).

- (26) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1$ by assumption
- Contradicts (16).

Case (32f).

- (26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
- Contradicts (17).

- (27) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

□

Lemma 4.0.13 (Matching Coherence of Constraint). *Suppose that $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ and e final and $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\!\!\parallel \Gamma; \Delta$. Then we have*

1. $e \models \xi$ iff $e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$
2. $e \models_{\tau} \xi$ iff $e ? p$
3. $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \perp p$

Proof.

- (1) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ by assumption
- (2) $e \text{ final}$ by assumption
- (3) $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\vdash \Gamma; \Delta$ by assumption

Given Lemma 3.0.1, Theorem 2.1, and Lemma 4.0.12, it is sufficient to prove

- 1. $e \models \xi$ iff $e \triangleright p \dashv\vdash \theta$
- 2. $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ iff $e \text{ ? } p$

By rule induction over Rules (20) on (3).

Case (20a).

- (4) $p = x$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

- 1. Prove $e \models \top$ implies $e \triangleright x \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (6) $e \triangleright x \dashv\vdash e/x$ by Rule (31a)

- 2. Prove $e \triangleright x \dashv\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models \top$.

- (6) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

- 3. Prove $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$ implies $e \text{ ? } x$.

- (6) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \top$ by Lemma 2.0.3

Vacuously true.

- 4. Prove $e \text{ ? } x$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$.

By rule induction over Rules (32), we notice that either, $e \text{ ? } x$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, or the premise $x \text{ refutable?}$ is not derivable. Hence, $e \text{ ? } x$ are not derivable. And thus vacuously true.

Case (20b).

- (4) $p = _$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

- 1. Prove $e \models \top$ implies $e \triangleright _ \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (6) $e \triangleright _ \dashv\vdash \cdot$ by Rule (31a)

- 2. Prove $e \triangleright _ \dashv\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models \top$.

- (6) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

- 3. Prove $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$ implies $e \text{ ? } _$.

- (6) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \top$ by Lemma 2.0.3

Vacuously true.

4. Prove $e \text{ ? } _$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$.

By rule induction over Rules (32), we notice that either, $e \text{ ? } _$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, or the premise $_ \text{ refutable?}$ is not derivable. Hence, $e \text{ ? } _$ are not derivable. And thus vacuously true.

Case (20c).

- (4) $p = \langle \rangle^w$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = ?$ by assumption
- (6) $\bar{\xi} = ?$ by Definition 9

1. Prove $e \models ?$ implies $e \triangleright \langle \rangle^w \dashv \! \vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (7) $e \not\models ?$ by Rule (31a)

Vacuously true.

2. Prove $e \triangleright \langle \rangle^w \dashv \! \vdash \theta$ implies $e \models ?$.

By rule induction over Rules (31), we notice that $e \triangleright \langle \rangle^w \dashv \! \vdash \theta$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. And thus vacuously true.

3. Prove $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ implies $e \text{ ? } \langle \rangle^w$.

- (7) $e \text{ ? } \langle \rangle^w$ by Rule (32a)

4. Prove $e \text{ ? } \langle \rangle^w$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$.

- (7) $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ by Rule (16a)

Case (20d).

- (4) $p = \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = ?$ by assumption

1. Prove $e \models ?$ implies $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \! \vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (6) $e \not\models ?$ by Rule (31a)

Vacuously true.

2. Prove $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \! \vdash \theta$ implies $e \models ?$.

By rule induction over Rules (31), we notice that $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \! \vdash \theta$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. And thus vacuously true.

3. Prove $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ implies $e \text{ ? } \langle p_0 \rangle^w$.

- (6) $e \text{ ? } \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by Rule (32b)

4. Prove $e \text{ ? } \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$.

(6) $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ by Rule (16a)

Case (20e).

(4) $p = \underline{n}$ by assumption

(5) $\xi = \underline{n}$ by assumption

1. Prove $e \models \underline{n}$ implies $e \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

(6) $e \models \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (14b).

(7) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption

(8) $\underline{n} \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv\!\!\vdash \cdot$ by Rule (31c)

2. Prove $e \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models \underline{n}$.

(6) $e \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (31c).

(7) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption

(8) $\theta = \cdot$ by assumption

(9) $\underline{n} \models \underline{n}$ by Rule (14b)

3. Prove $e \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n}$ implies $e \text{ ? } \underline{n}$.

(6) $e \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(7) $e \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

(8) $\underline{n} \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30a)

(9) $e \text{ ? } \underline{n}$ by Rule (32c) on (7) and (8)

4. Prove $e \text{ ? } \underline{n}$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n}$.

(6) $e \text{ ? } \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (32c).

(7) $e \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

(8) $\underline{n} \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10a)

(9) $e \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16) on (7) and (8)

Case (20f).

- (4) $p = \text{inl}(p_1)$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
- (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
- (7) $p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (1), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (8) $e = \text{inl}^u, \text{inl}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (9) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

1. Prove $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (14) on $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
Therefore, vacuously true.
2. Prove $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
Therefore, vacuously true.
3. Prove $e \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $e ? \text{inl}(p_1)$.
 - (10) $\text{inl}(p_1) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30d)
 - (11) $e ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (32c) on (9) and (10)
4. Prove $e ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ implies $e \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.
 - (10) $\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10b)
 - (11) $e \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (10)

Case (19j).

- (8) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (9) $\cdot ; \Delta_e \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (10) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.2 on (2)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (9) and (7).

- (11) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ iff $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ
- (12) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ iff $e_1 ? p_1$

1. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (13), only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- (14) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (15) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by (11) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by Rule (31e) on (15)
2. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.
 (13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption
 By rule induction over Rules (31) on (13), only one case applies.
Case (31e).
 (14) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption
 (15) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by (11) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (15)
3. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$.
 (13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 By rule induction over Rules (16) on (13), only two cases apply.
Case (16b).
 (14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.
Case (16e).
 (14) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (15) $e_1 ? p_1$ by (12) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (32g) on (15)
4. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.
 (13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by assumption
 By rule induction over Rules (32) on (13), only two cases apply.
Case (32c).
 (14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.
Case (32g).
 (14) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
 (15) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by (12) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (15)

Case (20g).

- (4) $p = \text{inr}(p_2)$ by assumption
 (5) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (7) $p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (1), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (8) $e = \emptyset^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (9) e **notintro** by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

1. Prove $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (14) on $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
Therefore, vacuously true.
2. Prove $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ implies $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
Therefore, vacuously true.
3. Prove $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $e \text{?} \text{inr}(p_2)$.
 (10) $\text{inr}(p_2)$ **refutable?** by Rule (30e)
 (11) $e \text{?} \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (9) and (10)
4. Prove $e \text{?} \text{inr}(p_2)$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.
 (10) $\text{inr}(\xi_2)$ **refutable?** by Rule (10c)
 (11) $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (10)

Case (19k).

- (8) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption
- (9) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (10) e_2 **final** by Lemma 4.0.2 on (2)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (9) and (7).

- (11) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ iff $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ
- (12) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ iff $e_2 \text{?} p_2$

1. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ .

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (13), only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- (14) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (15) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by (11) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ by Rule (31e) on (15)

2. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (13), only one case applies.

Case (31e).

- (14) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\parallel \theta$ by assumption
- (15) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by (11) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14g) on (15)

3. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$.

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (13), only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (16e).

- (14) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (15) $e_2 ? p_2$ by (12) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (32g) on (15)

4. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (13), only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (32g).

- (14) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption
- (15) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by (12) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (16e) on (15)

Case (20h).

- (4) $p = (p_1, p_2)$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption
- (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption
- (7) $\Gamma = \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2$ by assumption
- (8) $\Delta = \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2$ by assumption
- (9) $p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\!\parallel \Gamma_1 ; \Delta_1$ by assumption
- (10) $p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv\!\parallel \Gamma_2 ; \Delta_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (1), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (11) $e = \text{⋈}^u, \text{⋈}_{e_0}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{r's\}$
by assumption
- (12) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

- (13) $e \text{ indet}$ by Lemma 4.0.9 on (2) and (12)
- (14) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ indet}$ by Rule (24g) on (13)
- (15) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ final}$ by Rule (25b) on (14)
- (16) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ indet}$ by Rule (24h) on (13)
- (17) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ final}$ by Rule (25b) on (16)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$ by Rule (19h) on (1)
- (19) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$ by Rule (19i) on (1)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (18) and (15) and by inductive hypothesis on (10) and (19) and (17).

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ iff $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1
- (21) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$ iff $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$
- (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ iff $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2
- (23) $\text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$ iff $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$

1. Prove $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (24) $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

- (25) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (26) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (27) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by (20) on (25)
- (28) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ by (22) on (26)
- (29) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by Rule (31g) on (12) and (27) and (28)

2. Prove $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

- (24) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

- (25) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by assumption
- (26) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright \xi_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption
- (27) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright \xi_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
- (28) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by (20) on (26)
- (29) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by (22) on (27)
- (30) $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14j) on (12) and (28) and (29)

3. Prove $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $e ? (p_1, p_2)$.

- (24) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(25) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (25), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(26) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (26) and (27)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by (21) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

(30) $p_1 = \langle \rangle^w, \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by assumption

(31) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)

(32) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30f) on (31)

(33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32)

Case (32c).

(30) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(31) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30f) on (30)

(32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31)

Case (10e).

(26) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(28) $\text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$ by Rule (16b) on (26) and (27)

(29) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by (23) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

(30) $p_2 = \langle \rangle^w, \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by assumption

(31) $p_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)

(32) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (31)

(33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32)

Case (32c).

(30) $p_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(31) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (30)

(32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31)

4. Prove $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ implies $e \models ? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

(24) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (32c).

(25) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (30) on (25), only two cases apply.

Case (30f).

(26) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(28) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by Rule (32c) on (26) and (27)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models ? \xi_1$ by (21) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (16a).

(30) $\xi_1 = ?$ by assumption

(31) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (2b)

(32) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10d) on (31)

(33) $e \models ? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (32)

Case (16b).

(30) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(31) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10d) on (30)

(32) $e \models ? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (31)

Case (30g).

(26) $p_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(28) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by Rule (32c) on (26) and (27)

(29) $\text{prr}(e) \models ? \xi_2$ by (23) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (16a).

(30) $\xi_2 = ?$ by assumption

(31) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (2b)

(32) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10e) on (31)

(33) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (32)

Case (16b).

(30) ξ_2 **refutable?** by assumption
 (31) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable?** by Rule (10e) on (30)
 (32) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (31)

Case (19g).

(11) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
 (12) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (13) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
 (14) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (2)
 (15) e_2 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (2)

By inductive hypothesis on (14) and (12) and (9) and by inductive hypothesis on (15) and (13) and (10).

(16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ iff $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1
 (17) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ iff $e_1 ? p_1$
 (18) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ iff $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2
 (19) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ iff $e_2 ? p_2$

1. Prove $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (20), only two cases apply.

Case (14i).

(21) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (23) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by (16) on (21)
 (24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2 by (18) on (22)
 (25) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by Rule (31d) on (23) and (24)

Case (14j).

(21) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

2. Prove $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ implies $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (20), only two cases apply.

Case (31d).

(21) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by assumption
 (22) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2 by assumption

- (23) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by (16) on (21)
- (24) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by (18) on (22)
- (25) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (23) and (24)

Case (31g).

- (21) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

3. Prove $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$.

- (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (20), only four cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (21) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

- (21) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (23) $e_1 ? p_1$ by (17) on (21)
- (24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by (18) on (22)
- (25) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32d) on (23) and (24)

Case (16h).

- (21) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (23) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by (16) on (21)
- (24) $e_2 ? p_2$ by (19) on (22)
- (25) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32e) on (23) and (24)

Case (16i).

- (21) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (23) $e_1 ? p_1$ by (17) on (21)
- (24) $e_2 ? p_2$ by (19) on (22)
- (25) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32f) on (23) and (24)

4. Prove $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ implies $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

- (20) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (20), only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (21) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

- | | | |
|------|---|-----------------------------------|
| (21) | $e_1 ? p_1$ | by assumption |
| (22) | $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\parallel \theta_2$ | by assumption |
| (23) | $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ | by (17) on (21) |
| (24) | $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by (18) on (22) |
| (25) | $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ | by Rule (16g) on (23)
and (24) |

Case (32e).

- | | | |
|------|---|-----------------------------------|
| (21) | $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\parallel \theta_1$ | by assumption |
| (22) | $e_2 ? p_2$ | by assumption |
| (23) | $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by (16) on (21) |
| (24) | $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ | by (19) on (22) |
| (25) | $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ | by Rule (16h) on (23)
and (24) |

Case (32f).

- | | | |
|------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (21) | $e_1 ? p_1$ | by assumption |
| (22) | $e_2 ? p_2$ | by assumption |
| (23) | $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ | by (17) on (21) |
| (24) | $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ | by (19) on (22) |
| (25) | $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ | by Rule (16i) on (23)
and (24) |

□

5 Preservation and Progress

Theorem 5.1 (Preservation). *If $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and $e \mapsto e'$ then $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e' : \tau$*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (19) on typing judgment of e . For simplicity, we only consider two cases for match expressions here.

Case (19l).

- | | | |
|-----|---|---------------|
| (1) | $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (2) | $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} \mapsto e'$ | by assumption |
| (3) | $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |
| (4) | $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash [\perp](r \mid rs) : \tau_1[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau$ | by assumption |
| (5) | $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (34) on (2).

Case (34k).

- (6) $e' = \text{match}(e'_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\}$ by assumption
- (7) $e_1 \mapsto e'_1$ by assumption
- (8) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e'_1 : \tau_1$ by IH on (3) and (7)
- (9) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e'_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau$ by Rule (19l) on (8) and (4) and (5)

Case (34l).

- (6) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by assumption
- (7) $e' = [\theta](e_r)$ by assumption
- (8) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (4).

Case (22a).

- (9) $\xi = \xi_r$ by assumption
- (10) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (11) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10)
- (12) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10)
- (13) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ by Lemma 3.0.7 on (3) and (11) and (8)
- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.6 on (12) and (13)

Case (22b).

- (9) $\xi = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption
- (10) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (11) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10)
- (12) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10)
- (13) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ by Lemma 3.0.7 on (3) and (11) and (8)
- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.6 on (12) and (13)

Case (34m).

- (6) $rs = r' \mid rs'$ by assumption
- (7) $e' = \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'\}$ by assumption
- (8) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by assumption
- (9) $e_1 \perp p_r$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (4).

Case (22a). Syntactic contradiction of rs .

Case (22b).

- (10) $\xi = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption
- (11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_r](r' \mid rs') : \tau_1[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (13) $\xi_r \not\models \perp$ by assumption
- (14) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (11)
- (15) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (11)
- (16) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp](p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by Rule (22a) on (11) and (13)
- (17) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$ by Lemma 4.0.13 on (3) and (8) and (14) and (9)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'\} : \tau$ by Rule (19m) on (3) and (8) and (16) and (12) and (17) and (5)

Case (19m).

- (1) $rs_{pre} = r_{pre} \mid rs'_{pre}$ by assumption
- (2) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} : \tau$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{match}(e_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} \mapsto e'$ by assumption
- (4) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (5) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by assumption
- (6) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp]rs_{pre} : \tau_1[\xi_{pre}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (7) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_{pre}](r \mid rs_{post}) : \tau_1[\xi_{rest}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (8) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre}$ by assumption
- (9) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rest}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (34) on (3).

Case (34k).

- (10) $e' = \text{match}(e'_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\}$ by assumption
- (11) $e_1 \mapsto e'_1$ by assumption

By Lemma 4.0.11, (11) contradicts (5).

Case (34l).

- (10) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by assumption
- (11) $e' = [\theta](e_r)$ by assumption
- (12) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv \parallel \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (7).

Case (22a).

- (13) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r$ by assumption
- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (15) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \parallel \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (14)
- (16) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (14)
- (17) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ by Lemma 3.0.7 on (4) and (15) and (12)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.6 on (16) and (17)

Case (22b).

- (13) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption
- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (15) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \parallel \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by assumption
- (16) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by assumption
- (17) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ by Lemma 3.0.7 on (4) and (15) and (12)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.6 on (16) and (17)

Case (34m).

- (10) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by assumption
- (11) $rs_{post} = r' \mid rs'$ by assumption
- (12) $e' = \text{match}(e_1)\{(rs_{pre} \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot)^\diamond \mid r' \mid rs'\}$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 \perp p_r$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (7).

Case (22a). Syntactic contradiction of rs_{post} .

Case (22b).

- (14) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r \vee \xi_{post}$ by assumption
- (15) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (16) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r](r' \mid rs') : \tau_1[\xi_{post}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (17) $\xi_r \not\equiv \xi_{pre}$ by assumption

- | | |
|---|---|
| (18) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ | by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (15) |
| (19) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ | by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (15) |
| (20) $\xi_r : \tau_1$ | by Lemma 3.0.2 on (15) |
| (21) $\xi_{pre} : \tau_1$ | by Lemma 3.0.3 on (6) |
| (22) $\xi_r \not\models \perp \vee \xi_{pre}$ | by Lemma 2.0.6 on (20) and (21) and (17) |
| (23) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash [\perp](rs_{pre} \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau_1[\xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ | by Lemma 3.0.4 on (6) and (15) and (22) |
| (24) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^\dagger \xi_r$ | by Lemma 4.0.13 on (4) and (5) and (18) and (13) |
| (25) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^\dagger \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r$ | by Lemma 2.0.7 on (8) and (24) |
| (26) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{(rs_{pre} \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot)^\diamond \mid r' \mid rs'\} : \tau$ | by Rule (19m) on (4) and (5) and (23) and (16) and (25) and (9) |

□

Theorem 5.2 (Progress). *If $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ then either e final or $e \mapsto e'$ for some e' .*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (19) on typing judgment of e . For simplicity, we only consider two cases for match expressions here.

Case (19l).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (1) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (2) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash [\perp](r \mid rs) : \tau_1[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\top \models_{\tau}^\dagger \xi$ | by assumption |

By IH on (2).

Case Scrutinee takes a step.

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (5) $e_1 \mapsto e'_1$ | by assumption |
| (6) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} \mapsto \text{match}(e'_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\}$ | by Rule (34k) on (5) |

Case Scrutinee is final.

(5) e_1 **final** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (3).

Case (22a).

- (6) $rs = \cdot$ by assumption
- (7) $\xi = \xi_r$ by assumption
- (8) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (9) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule
(21a) on (8)
- (10) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule
(21a) on (8)
- (11) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$ by Corollary 2.1.1 on
(5) and (4)

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (11).

Case (17a).

- (12) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_r$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 ? p_r$ by Lemma 4.0.13 on
(2) and (5) and (10)
and (12)
- (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\}$ **indet** by Rule (24k) on (5)
and (13)
- (15) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\}$ **final** by Rule (25b) on (14)

Case (17b).

- (12) $e_1 \models \xi_r$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by Lemma 4.0.13 on
(2) and (5) and (10)
and (12)
- (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$ by Rule (34l) on (5)
and (13)

Case (22b).

- (6) $rs = r' \mid rs'$ by assumption
- (7) $\xi = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption
- (8) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (9) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule
(21a) on (8)
- (10) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule
(21a) on (8)

By Lemma 4.0.12 on (2) and (5) and (10).

Case Scrutinee matches pattern.

- (11) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv \! \vdash \theta$ by assumption
- (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$
by Rule (34l) on (5) and (11)

Case Scrutinee may matches pattern.

- (11) $e_1 ? p_r$ by assumption
- (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs\} \text{indet}$
by Rule (24k) on (5) and (11)
- (13) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs\} \text{final}$
by Rule (25b) on (12)

Case Scrutinee doesn't matche pattern.

- (11) $e_1 \perp p_r$ by assumption
- (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid (r' \mid rs')\}$
 $\mapsto \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'\}$
by Rule (34m) on (5) and (11)

Case (19m).

- (1) $rs_{pre} = r_{pre} \mid rs'_{pre}$ by assumption
- (2) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} : \tau$ by assumption
- (3) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \text{final}$ by assumption
- (5) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r \mid rs_{post}) : \tau_1[\xi_{rest}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (6) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre}$ by assumption
- (7) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rest}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (5).

Case (22a).

- (5) $rs_{post} = \cdot$ by assumption
- (6) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r$ by assumption
- (7) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (8) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (7)
- (9) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \! \vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (7)
- (10) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r$ by Corollary 2.1.1 on (4) and (7)

(11) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$ by Lemma 2.0.8 on (10) and (6)

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (11).

Case (17a).

(12) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_r$ by assumption
 (13) $e_1 ? p_r$ by Lemma 4.0.13 on (3) and (4) and (9) and (12)
 (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \text{indet}$ by Rule (24k) on (4) and (13)
 (15) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \text{final}$ by Rule (25b) on (14)

Case (17b).

(12) $e_1 \models \xi_r$ by assumption
 (13) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$ by Lemma 4.0.13 on (3) and (4) and (9) and (12)
 (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$ by Rule (34l) on (4) and (13)

Case (22b).

(5) $rs_{post} = r' \mid rs'_{post}$ by assumption
 (6) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
 (7) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (6)
 (8) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\!\parallel \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (6)

By Lemma 4.0.12 on (3) and (4) and (8).

Case Scrutinee matches pattern.

(9) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs_{post}\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$ by Rule (34l) on (4) and (9)

Case Scrutinee may matches pattern.

(9) $e_1 ? p_r$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs_{post}\} \text{indet}$ by Rule (24k) on (4) and (9)

$$(11) \text{ match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs_{post}\} \text{ final} \\ \text{by Rule (25b) on (10)}$$

Case Scrutinee doesn't match pattern.

$$(9) \quad e_1 \perp p_r \quad \text{by assumption} \\ (10) \quad \text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid (r' \mid rs'_{post})\} \\ \mapsto \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'_{post}\} \\ \text{by Rule (34m) on (4)} \\ \text{and (9)}$$

□

6 Decidability

$\Xi \text{ incon}$ A finite set of constraints, Ξ , is inconsistent

$$\frac{\text{CINCTruth} \quad \Xi \text{ incon}}{\Xi, \top \text{ incon}} \quad (35a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCFalse} \quad \Xi \text{ incon}}{\Xi, \perp \text{ incon}} \quad (35b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCNum} \quad n_1 \neq n_2}{\Xi, \underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2} \text{ incon}} \quad (35c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCNotNum}}{\Xi, \underline{n}, \text{not } \underline{n} \text{ incon}} \quad (35d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCAnd} \quad \Xi, \xi_1, \xi_2 \text{ incon}}{\Xi, \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \text{ incon}} \quad (35e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCOr} \quad \Xi, \xi_1 \text{ incon} \quad \Xi, \xi_2 \text{ incon}}{\Xi, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \text{ incon}} \quad (35f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCInj}}{\Xi, \text{inl}(\xi_1), \text{inr}(\xi_2) \text{ incon}} \quad (35g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCInl} \quad \Xi \text{ incon}}{\text{inl}(\Xi) \text{ incon}} \quad (35h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCInr} \quad \Xi \text{ incon}}{\text{inr}(\Xi) \text{ incon}} \quad (35i)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCPairL} \quad \Xi_1 \text{ incon}}{(\Xi_1, \Xi_2) \text{ incon}} \quad (35j)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCPairR} \quad \Xi_2 \text{ incon}}{(\Xi_1, \Xi_2) \text{ incon}} \quad (35k)$$

Lemma 6.0.1 (Decidability of Inconsistency). *Suppose $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. It is decidable whether $\xi \text{ incon}$.*

Lemma 6.0.2 (Inconsistency and Entailment of Constraint). *Suppose that $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. Then $\bar{\xi} \text{ incon}$ iff $\top \models \xi$*

Lemma 6.0.3. *If $e \models \xi$ then $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), it is obvious to see that $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. \square

Lemma 6.0.4. *If $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ then $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$.*

Proof.

(11) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption

By Rule Induction over Rules (16) on (11).

Case (16a).

(12) $\xi = ?$ by assumption
 (13) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)
 (14) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \top$ by Rule (17b) on (13)

Case (16b).

(12) $e \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
 (13) $\xi \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

By Lemma 2.0.15 on (12) and (13) and case analysis on its conclusion.
 By rule induction over Rules (10).

Case $\dot{\top}(\xi) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.

(14) $\dot{\top}(\xi) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption
 (15) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (14)
 (16) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Case $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$.

(14) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$ (15) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \top$	by assumption by Rule (17b) on (14)
---	--

Case (16c).

(12) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \xi_1$ (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ (15) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$	by assumption by assumption by IH on (13) by Lemma 2.0.10 on (14)
--	--

Case (16d).

(12) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \xi_2$ (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ (15) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$	by assumption by assumption by IH on (13) by Lemma 2.0.10 on (14)
--	--

Case (16e).

(12) $e = \mathbf{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ (13) $\xi = \mathbf{inl}(\xi_1)$ (14) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \xi_1$ (15) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ (16) $\mathbf{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \mathbf{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$	by assumption by assumption by assumption by IH on (14) by Lemma 2.0.11 on (15)
--	---

Case (16f).

(12) $e = \mathbf{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ (13) $\xi = \mathbf{inr}(\xi_2)$ (14) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \xi_2$ (15) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ (16) $\mathbf{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \mathbf{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2))$	by assumption by assumption by assumption by IH on (14) by Lemma 2.0.12 on (15)
--	---

Case (16g).

(12) $e = (e_1, e_2)$	by assumption
(13) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(14) $e_1 \models_{\sim} \xi_1$	by assumption
(15) $e_2 \models \xi_2$	by assumption
(16) $e_1 \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by IH on (14)
(17) $e_2 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by Lemma 6.0.3 on (15)
(18) $e_2 \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by Rule (17b) on (17)
(19) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Lemma 2.0.13 on (16) and (18)

Case (16h).

(12) $e = (e_1, e_2)$	by assumption
(13) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(14) $e_1 \models \xi_1$	by assumption
(15) $e_2 \models_{\sim} \xi_2$	by assumption
(16) $e_1 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by Lemma 6.0.3 on (14)
(17) $e_1 \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by Rule (17b) on (16)
(18) $e_2 \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (15)
(19) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Lemma 2.0.13 on (17) and (18)

Case (16i).

(12) $e = (e_1, e_2)$	by assumption
(13) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(14) $e_1 \models_{\sim} \xi_1$	by assumption
(15) $e_2 \models_{\sim} \xi_2$	by assumption
(16) $e_1 \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by IH on (14)
(17) $e_2 \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (15)
(18) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\sim}^{\dagger} (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Lemma 2.0.13 on (16) and (17)

□

Lemma 6.0.5. $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$

Proof. 1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1)

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \xi$ by assumption
 (3) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$ by Lemma 6.0.3 on (2)
 (4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption
 (3) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ by Lemma 6.0.4 on (2)

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ by assumption

By structural induction on ξ ,

Case $\xi = \top, \perp, \underline{n}, \underline{x}$.

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by (1) and Definition 12

Case $\xi = ?$.

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ by Rule (16a)
 (3) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} ?$ by Rule (17a) on (2)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

(2) $\dot{\top}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Definition 12

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

(3) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (3) and two cases apply,

Case (14e).

(4) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 (5) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6) |

Case (14f).

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| (4) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (17b) on (4) |
| (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6) |

Case (17a).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (3) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
|---|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (3) and two cases apply,

Case (16c).

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| (4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (17a) on (4) |
| (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6) |

Case (16d).

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| (4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (4) |
| (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6) |

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (2) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \text{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$ | by assumption |
|--|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) and only one case applies,

Case (14g).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (5) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (17b) on (5) |
| (7) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (6) |

$$(8) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.11 on (7)}$$

Case (17a).

$$(4) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) and only one case applies,

Case (16e).

$$(5) e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

$$(7) e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by IH on (6)}$$

$$(8) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.11 on (7)}$$

Case $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

$$(2) e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(3) \dot{\top}(\xi) = \text{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

$$(4) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) and only one case applies,

Case (14h).

$$(5) e_2 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (5)}$$

$$(7) e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \quad \text{by IH on (6)}$$

$$(8) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.12 on (7)}$$

Case (17a).

$$(4) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) and only one case applies,

Case (16f).

$$(5) e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

$$(7) e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \quad \text{by IH on (6)}$$

$$(8) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.12 on (7)}$$

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

$$(2) e = (e_1, e_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(3) \dot{\top}(\xi) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by Definition 12}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

(4) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (4) and only one case applies,

Case (14i).

(5) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

(6) $e_2 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (5)

(8) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

(9) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \xi_1$ by IH on (7)

(10) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \xi_2$ by IH on (8)

(11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10)

Case (17a).

(4) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (4) and three cases apply,

Case (16g).

(5) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

(6) $e_2 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (5)

(8) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

(9) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \xi_1$ by IH on (7)

(10) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \xi_2$ by IH on (8)

(11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10)

Case (16h).

(5) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

(6) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (5)

(8) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (6)

(9) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \xi_1$ by IH on (7)

(10) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} \xi_2$ by IH on (8)

(11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dot{\top}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10)

Case (16i).

(5) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

(6) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| (7) $e_1 \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (17a) on (5) |
| (8) $e_2 \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (6) |
| (9) $e_1 \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (7) |
| (10) $e_2 \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (8) |
| (11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10) |

□

Lemma 6.0.6. *Assume $\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \xi$. Then $\top \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $\top \models \xi$.*

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:
2. Necessity:

□

Theorem 6.1. $\top \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $\top \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$.

Lemma 6.1.1. *Assume that $e \text{ val}$. Then $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$*

Proof.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| (1) $e \text{ val}$ | by assumption |
|---------------------|---------------|

We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (2) $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi$ | by assumption |
|--|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (2).

Case (17b).

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (3) $e \models \xi$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$ | by Lemma 6.0.3 on (3) |

Case (17a).

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (3) $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi$ | by assumption |
|--|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (3).

Case (16a).

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (4) $\xi = ?$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$ | by Rule (14a) and Definition 12 |

Case (16b).

(4) e **notintro** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (4), for each case, by rule induction over Rules (23) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16c).

(4) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
 (5) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption
 (6) $\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by Equation 12
 (7) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
 (8) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ by IH on (7)
 (9) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14e) on (8)

Case (16d).

(4) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
 (5) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption
 (6) $\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by Equation 12
 (7) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
 (8) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by IH on (7)
 (9) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14f) on (8)

Case (16e).

(4) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 (5) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption
 (6) $\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \text{inl}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1))$ by Equation 12
 (7) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
 (8) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ by IH on (7)
 (9) $e \models \text{inl}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1))$ by Rule (14g) on (8)

Case (16f).

(4) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
 (5) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption
 (6) $\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \text{inr}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$ by Equation 12
 (7) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
 (8) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by IH on (7)
 (9) $e \models \text{inr}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$ by Rule (14h) on (8)

Case (16g).

(4) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
 (5) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

(6)	$e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$	by assumption
(7)	$e_2 \models \xi_2$	by assumption
(8)	$\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Equation 12
(9)	$e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$	by Rule (17a) on (6)
(10)	$e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$	by Rule (17b) on (7)
(11)	$e_1 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by IH on (9)
(12)	$e_2 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (10)
(13)	$(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Rule (14i) on (11) and (12)

Case (16h).

(4)	$e = (e_1, e_2)$	by assumption
(5)	$\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(6)	$e_1 \models \xi_1$	by assumption
(7)	$e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$	by assumption
(8)	$\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Equation 12
(9)	$e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$	by Rule (17b) on (6)
(10)	$e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$	by Rule (17a) on (7)
(11)	$e_1 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by IH on (9)
(12)	$e_2 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (10)
(13)	$(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Rule (14i) on (11) and (12)

Case (16i).

(4)	$e = (e_1, e_2)$	by assumption
(5)	$\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(6)	$e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$	by assumption
(7)	$e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$	by assumption
(8)	$\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Equation 12
(9)	$e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$	by Rule (17a) on (6)
(10)	$e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$	by Rule (17a) on (7)
(11)	$e_1 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by IH on (9)
(12)	$e_2 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (10)
(13)	$(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Rule (14i) on (11) and (12)

2. Necessity:

(2)	$e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$	by assumption
-----	-------------------------------	---------------

By structural induction on ξ .

Case $\xi = \top, \perp, n, \text{?}$.

$$(3) \quad \xi = \dot{\top}(\xi)$$

by Equation 12

$$(4) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$$

by Rule (17b) on (2)

Case $\xi = \text{?}$.

$$(3) \quad e \models_{\text{?}} \text{?}$$

by Rule (16a)

$$(4) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{?}$$

by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$.

$$(3) \quad \dot{\top}(\xi) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$$

by Equation 12

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one case applies.

Case (14d).

$$(4) \quad e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$$

by assumption

$$(5) \quad e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$$

by assumption

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$$

by IH on (4)

$$(7) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$$

by IH on (5)

$$(8) \quad e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$$

by Lemma 2.0.9 on (6)
and (7)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

$$(3) \quad \dot{\top}(\xi) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$$

by Equation 12

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

$$(4) \quad e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$$

by assumption

$$(5) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$$

by IH on (4)

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$$

by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(5)

Case (14f).

$$(4) \quad e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$$

by assumption

$$(5) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$$

by IH on (4)

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$$

by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(5)

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

$$(3) \quad \dot{\top}(\xi) = \text{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$$

by Equation 12

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| (4) $e = \mathbf{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_1 \models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $\mathbf{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \mathbf{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by Lemma 2.0.11 on (6) |

Case $\xi = \mathbf{inr}(\xi_2)$.

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| (3) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \mathbf{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Equation 12 |
|---|----------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14h).

- | | |
|---|------------------------|
| (4) $e = \mathbf{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_2 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_2 \models_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $\mathbf{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \mathbf{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.12 on (6) |

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

- | | |
|--|----------------|
| (3) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Equation 12 |
|--|----------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14i).

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| (4) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (7) $e_1 \models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (5) |
| (8) $e_2 \models_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (6) |
| (9) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.13 on (7) and (8) |

□

Lemma 6.1.2. $e \models \xi$ iff $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| (1) $e \models \xi$ | by assumption |
|---------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (1).

Case (14a).

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (2) $\xi = \top$ | by assumption |
| (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\top)$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |

Case (14b).

- (2) $\xi = \underline{n}$
- (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\underline{n})$

by assumption
by (1) and Definition
13

Case (14c).

- (2) $\xi = \underline{\mathcal{N}}$
- (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\underline{\mathcal{N}})$

by assumption
by (1) and Definition
13

Case (14d).

- (2) $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$
- (3) $e \models \xi_1$
- (4) $e \models \xi_2$
- (5) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$
- (6) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$
- (7) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$
- (8) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2)$

by assumption
by assumption
by assumption
by IH on (3)
by IH on (4)
by Rule (14d) on (5)
and (6)
by (7) and Definition
13

Case (14e).

- (2) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$
- (3) $e \models \xi_1$
- (4) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$
- (5) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$
- (6) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2)$

by assumption
by assumption
by IH on (3)
by Rule (14e) on (4)
by (5) and Definition
13

Case (14f).

- (2) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$
- (3) $e \models \xi_2$
- (4) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$
- (5) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$
- (6) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2)$

by assumption
by assumption
by IH on (3)
by Rule (14f) on (4)
by (5) and Definition
13

Case (14g).

- (2) $e = \text{inl}_{r_2}(e_1)$
- (3) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$
- (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$

by assumption
by assumption
by assumption

- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| (5) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_1))$ | by Rule (14g) on (5) |
| (7) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \dot{\perp}(\text{inl}(\xi_1))$ | by (6) and Definition 13 |

Case (14h).

- | | |
|---|--------------------------|
| (2) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ | by Rule (14h) on (5) |
| (7) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \dot{\perp}(\text{inr}(\xi_2))$ | by (6) and Definition 13 |

Case (14i).

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| (2) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (4) |
| (7) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (5) |
| (8) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\perp}(\xi_1), \dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ | by Rule (14i) on (6) and (7) |
| (9) $(e_1, e_2) \models \dot{\perp}((\xi_1, \xi_2))$ | by (8) and Definition 13 |

2. Necessity:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi)$ | by assumption |
|----------------------------------|---------------|

By structural induction on ξ .

Case $\xi = \top, \perp, n, \neg$.

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models \xi$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |
|---------------------|--------------------------|

Case $\xi = ?$.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models \perp$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |
| (3) $e \not\models \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.1 |
| (3) contradicts (2). | |

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |
|--|--------------------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only case applies.

Case (14d).

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models \xi_1$ | by IH on (3) |
| (6) $e \models \xi_2$ | by IH on (4) |
| (7) $e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ | by Rule (14d) on (5) and (6) |

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |
|--|--------------------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \models \xi_1$ | by IH on (3) |
| (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (14e) on (4) |

Case (14f).

- | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \models \xi_2$ | by IH on (3) |
| (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (14f) on (4) |

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models \text{inl}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_1))$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |
|--|--------------------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| (3) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (14g) on (5) |

Case $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models \text{inr}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |
|--|--------------------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14h).

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| (3) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|
| (5) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (14h) on (5) |

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models (\dot{\perp}(\xi_1), \dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ | by (1) and Definition 13 |
|--|--------------------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only case applies.

Case (14i).

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| (3) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by IH on (4) |
| (7) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by IH on (5) |
| (8) $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (14i) on (6) and (7) |

□

Lemma 6.1.3. *Assume $e \text{ val}$ and $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. Then $e \not\models \xi$ iff $e \models \bar{\xi}$.*

Theorem 6.2. $\xi_r \models \xi_{rs}$ iff $\top \models \overline{\dot{\top}(\xi_r)} \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_{rs})$.