

1 Match Constraint Language

$\dot{\xi} ::= \top \mid \perp \mid ? \mid \underline{n} \mid \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}) \mid \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}) \mid (\dot{\xi}, \dot{\xi}) \mid \dot{\xi} \vee \dot{\xi}$

$\boxed{\dot{\xi} : \tau}$ $\dot{\xi}$ constrains final expressions of type τ

CTTruth

$\frac{}{\top : \tau}$

(1a)

CTUnknown

$\frac{}{? : \tau}$

(1b)

CTNum

$\frac{}{\underline{n} : \text{num}}$

(1c)

CTInl

$\frac{\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1}{\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)}$

(1d)

CTInr

$\frac{\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2}{\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)}$

(1e)

CTPair

$\frac{\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1 \quad \dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2}{(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)}$

(1f)

CTOr

$\frac{\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau \quad \dot{\xi}_2 : \tau}{\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 : \tau}$

(1g)

$\boxed{\dot{\xi} \text{ refutable?}}$ $\dot{\xi}$ is refutable

RXNum

$\frac{}{\underline{n} \text{ refutable?}}$

(2a)

RXUnknown

$\frac{}{? \text{ refutable?}}$

(2b)

RXInl

$\frac{}{\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}) \text{ refutable?}}$

(2c)

RXInr

$\frac{}{\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}) \text{ refutable?}}$

(2d)

RXPairL

$\frac{\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}}{(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}}$

(2e)

$$\frac{\text{RXPairR} \quad \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (2f)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXOr} \quad \dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_? \quad \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (2g)$$

$$\boxed{\text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi})}$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\underline{n}) = \text{true} \quad (3a)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(?) = \text{true} \quad (3b)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi})) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}) \quad (3c)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi})) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}) \quad (3d)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?((\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ or } \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad (3e)$$

$$\text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad (3f)$$

$$\text{Otherwise} \quad \text{refutable}_?(\dot{\xi}) = \text{false} \quad (3g)$$

$$\boxed{e \models \dot{\xi}} \quad e \text{ satisfies } \dot{\xi}$$

$$\frac{\text{CSTruth}}{e \models \top} \quad (4a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNum}}{\underline{n} \models \underline{n}} \quad (4b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInl} \quad e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)} \quad (4c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInr} \quad e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (4d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSPair} \quad e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (4e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNotIntroPair} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (4f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSOrL} \quad e \models \dot{\xi}_1}{e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (4g)$$

$$\text{CSOrR} \quad \frac{e \models \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (4h)$$

$$\boxed{\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi})}$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true} \quad (5a)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(n_1, n_2) = (n_1 = n_2) \quad (5b)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5c)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) \quad (5d)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5e)$$

$$\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5f)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u), \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u), \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5g)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \dot{\xi}_2) \quad (5h)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(e_1(e_2), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e_1(e_2)), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(e_1(e_2)), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{match}(e)\{rs\}, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{match}(e)\{rs\}), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{match}(e)\{rs\}), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5j)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{prl}(e)), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{prl}(e)), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5k)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(e), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{pr}(e)), \dot{\xi}_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{pr}(e)), \dot{\xi}_2) \end{aligned} \quad (5l)$$

$$\text{Otherwise } \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{false} \quad (5m)$$

$$\boxed{e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}} \quad e \text{ may satisfy } \dot{\xi}$$

$$\text{CMSUnknown} \quad \frac{}{e \models_{\text{?}} ?} \quad (6a)$$

$$\text{CMSInl} \quad \frac{e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)} \quad (6b)$$

$$\text{CMSInr} \quad \frac{e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6c)$$

$$\text{CMSPairL} \quad \frac{e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPairR} \quad e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{?} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPair} \quad e_1 \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e_2 \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{?} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)} \quad (6f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrL} \quad e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (6g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrR} \quad e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_2}{e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2} \quad (6h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSNotIntro} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \dot{\xi} \text{ refutable}_{?}}{e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}} \quad (6i)$$

$$\boxed{e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}} \quad e \text{ satisfies or may satisfy } \dot{\xi}$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSMay} \quad e \models_{?} \dot{\xi}}{e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}} \quad (7a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSSat} \quad e \models \dot{\xi}}{e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}} \quad (7b)$$

Lemma 1.0.1. $e \not\models \perp$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models \perp$ is in syntactic contradiction with all rules, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.2. $e \not\models_{?} \perp$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{?} \perp$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{?} \perp$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(1) \quad \perp \text{ refutable}_{?} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{?} \perp$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.3. $e \not\models_{?} \top$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(1) \top **refutable**_? by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.4. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} ?$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 1.0.5. $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ *iff* $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (16c) on (2)
and Lemma 2.0.1
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (2)
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

- (3) $e \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
- (4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (16d).

- (3) $e \models_{\tau} \perp$ by assumption
- (4) $e \not\models_{\tau} \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.2
- (3) contradicts (4).

Case (17b).

- (2) $e \models \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

- (3) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
- (4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (14f).

- (3) $e \models \perp$ by assumption
- (4) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1
- (3) contradicts (4).

□

Corollary 1.0.1. $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi} \text{ iff } \top \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi} \vee \perp$

Proof. Follows directly from Definition 2.1.2 and Lemma 2.0.5. □

Lemma 1.0.6. *Suppose that $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$. Then $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ iff $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$*

Proof.

- (1) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ by assumption
- (2) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$ by assumption
- (3) $\perp : \tau$ by Rule (8b)
- (4) $\dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp : \tau$ by Rule (8f) on (2) and (3)

Then we prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- (5) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

To prove $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$, assume $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$.

(6) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(1) and (4) and (6)

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (7).

Case (14e).

(8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(8)

(5) contradicts (9).

Case (14f).

(8) $e \models \perp$ by assumption
 (9) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1

(8) contradicts (9).

The conclusion holds as follows:

(a) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$

2. Necessity:

(5) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by assumption

To prove $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$, assume $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(6) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(1) and (2) and (6)
 (8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (7)
 (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \perp$ by Definition 2.1.1 on
(8)

(9) contradicts (5).

The conclusion holds as follows:

(a) $\dot{\xi}_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$

□

Lemma 1.0.7. $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ iff $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency: to show $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$, we assume $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (1) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (2) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (3) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

- (5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (2).

Case (14f).

- (5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (3).

Case (17a).

- (4) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

- (5) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (2).

Case (16d).

- (5) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
- (6) contradicts (3).

The conclusion holds as follows:

- (a) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

We show $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ separately.

(a) To show $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$, we assume $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(2) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(3) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(2)

Contradicts (1).

(b) To show $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$, we assume $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(2) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(3) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(2)

Contradicts (1).

In conclusion, $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

□

Lemma 1.0.8. *If $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ and $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ then $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$*

Proof.

(4) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(5) $e \not\models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (4).

Case (17b).

(6) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (6) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (7)

(8) contradicts (5).

Case (14f).

(7) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\gamma}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (7)

Case (17a).

(6) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (6) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

(7) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17a) on (7)

(8) contradicts (5).

Case (16d).

(7) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(8) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (7)

□

Lemma 1.0.9. *If $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ then $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ and $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$*

Proof.

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption ,

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14e) on (2)

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (14f) on (2)

(5) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

(6) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By case analysis on the result of $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2)$.

Case true.

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by assumption

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14f) on (4)

(6) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (14e) on (4)

- (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
 (8) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \vee \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

Case false.

- (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{false}$ by assumption
 (4) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)
 (5) $e \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16c) on (2) and (4)
 (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (5)

□

Lemma 1.0.10. $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ iff $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- (1) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (2)
 (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- (2) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (2)
 (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

2. Necessity:

- (1) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (14g).

- (3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- (2) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two rules apply.

Case (16e).

- (3) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (16b).

- (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.11. $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ iff } \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

- (1) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14h) on (2)
- (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- (2) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16f) on (2)
- (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

2. Necessity:

- (1) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

(2) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (14h).

(3) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(4) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

(2) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two rules apply.

Case (16f).

(3) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(4) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (16b).

(3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.12. $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ and $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ iff $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(2) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

(3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (2).

Case (17b).

(4) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(5) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (3) and (4)

(6) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (5)

Case (17a).

(4) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(5) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16h) on (3) and (4)

$$(6) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

Case (17a).

$$(4) \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (2).

Case (17b).

$$(5) \quad e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by Rule (16g) on (4) and (5)}$$

$$(7) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (6)}$$

Case (17a).

$$(5) \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by Rule (16h) on (4) and (5)}$$

$$(7) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (6)}$$

2. Necessity:

$$(1) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(2) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (14i).

$$(3) \quad e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(4) \quad e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(5) \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (3)}$$

$$(6) \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (4)}$$

Case (17a).

$$(2) \quad (e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only three rules apply.

Case (16g).

$$(3) \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(4) \quad e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(5) \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (3)}$$

$$(6) \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2 \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (4)}$$

Case (16h).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by Rule (17b) on (3) |
| (6) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Rule (17a) on (4) |

Case (16i).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (3) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by Rule (17a) on (3) |
| (6) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Rule (17a) on (4) |

□

Lemma 1.0.13 (Soundness and Completeness of Refutable Constraints). $\dot{\xi} \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ iff $\text{refutable}_{\text{?}}(\dot{\xi}) = \text{true}$.

Lemma 1.0.14. If $e \text{ notintro}$ and $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ then $\xi \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.

Lemma 1.0.15. There does not exist such a constraint $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$ such that $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. □

Lemma 1.0.16. There does not exist such a constraint $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ such that $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$.

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. □

Lemma 1.0.17. If $e \text{ notintro}$ and $e \models \dot{\xi}$ then $\dot{\xi} \text{ ~~refutable}_{\text{?}}~~$.

Proof.

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| (1) $e \text{ notintro}$ | by assumption |
| (2) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2).

Case (14a).

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| (3) $\dot{\xi} = \top$ | by assumption |
|------------------------|---------------|

Assume $\top \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$. By rule induction over Rules (10), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $\top \text{ ~~refutable}_{\text{?}}~~$.

Case (14e),(14f).

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (3) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
|--|---------------|

(4) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by Lemma 2.0.17

Case (14d).

(3) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(4) $\dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by Lemma 2.0.16

Case (14j).

(3) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

(4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(6) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(7) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)

(8) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by IH on (6) and (4)

(9) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by IH on (7) and (5)

Assume $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$. By rule induction over Rules (10) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(10) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (10e).

(10) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Therefore, $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$.

Otherwise.

(3) $e = \underline{n}, \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.18. $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ is not derivable.

Proof. We prove by assuming $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ and obtaining a contradiction.

(1) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(2) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (17a).

$$(2) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (16b).

$$(3) \text{ inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.19. $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ is not derivable.

Proof. We prove by assuming $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ and obtaining a contradiction.

$$(1) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(2) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (17a).

$$(2) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (16b).

$$(3) \text{ inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 1.0.20 (Soundness and Completeness of Satisfaction Judgment). $e \models \dot{\xi}$ iff $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{true}$.

Proof. We prove soundness and completeness separately.

1. Soundness:

(1) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (1).

Case (14a).

(2) $\dot{\xi} = \top$ by assumption
(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15a

Case (14b).

(2) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n}$ by assumption
(4) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}, \underline{n}) = (n = n) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15b

Case (14c).

(2) $e = \underline{n_1}$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{\underline{n_2}}$ by assumption
(4) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{\underline{n_2}}) = (n_1 \neq n_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15c on (4)

Case (14d).

(2) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
(6) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(7) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1)$ and $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15d on (5) and (6)

Case (14e).

(2) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)

- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14f).

- (2) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14g).

- (2) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption
(4) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15f on (5)

Case (14h).

- (2) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
(4) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(5) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15g on (5)

Case (14i).

- (2) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
(3) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
(4) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(5) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(6) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
(7) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)
(8) $\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1)$ and $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15h on (6) and (7)

Case (14j).

- (2) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $e \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3).

Otherwise.

- (8) $e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15 on (6) and (7)

2. Completeness:

- (1) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{true}$ by assumption

By structural induction on $\dot{\xi}$.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \top$.

- (2) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

Case $\dot{\xi} = \perp, ?$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n}$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n'}$.

- (2) $n' = n$ by Definition 15b on (1)
- (3) $\underline{n'} \models \underline{n}$ by Rule (14b) on (2)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{n}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \underline{\text{not}}$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n}'$.

(2) $n' \neq n$

by Definition 15c on (1)

(3) $\underline{n}' \models \underline{\mathcal{N}}$

by Rule (14c) on (2)

Otherwise.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{\mathcal{N}}) = \text{false}$

by Definition 15o

(2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15d on (1)

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15d on (1)

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by IH on (2)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$

by IH on (3)

(6) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \wedge \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (14d) on (4) and (5)

Case $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15e on (1)

By case analysis on (2).

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$.

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$

by assumption

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by IH on (3)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (14e) on (4)

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$.

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$

by assumption

(4) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$

by IH on (3)

(5) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (14f) on (4)

Case $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$

by Definition 15f on (1)

(3) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by IH on (2)

(4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$

by Rule (14g) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15g on (1)
 (3) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (2)
 (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14h) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = (e_1, e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
 (4) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by IH on (2)
 (5) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (3)
 (6) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (4) and (5)

Case $e = \llbracket \rrbracket^u, \llbracket e_0 \rrbracket^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
 (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by IH on (2)
 (5) $\text{pr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (3)
 (6) $e \text{ not intro}$ by each rule in Rules (26)
 (7) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14j) on (6) and (4) and (5)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

□

Lemma 1.0.21.

satormay
soundness
and com-
pleteness

Lemma 1.0.22. $e \not\models \dot{\xi}$ and $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ iff $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$.

Proof. 1. Sufficiency:

- (1) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption
- (2) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$. By rule induction over Rules (17) on it.

Case (17a).

- (3) $e \models \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1).

Case (17b).

- (3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Contradicts (2).

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ is not derivable.

2. Necessity:

- (1) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}$.

- (2) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by Rule (17b) on
assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models \dot{\xi}$. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$.

- (3) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ by Rule (17a) on
assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$.

□

Theorem 1.1 (Exclusiveness of Satisfaction Judgment). *If $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ and $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e final then exactly one of the following holds*

- 1. $e \models \dot{\xi}$
- 2. $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}$
- 3. $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$

Proof.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (4) $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e \text{ final}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (8) on (4), we would show one conclusion is derivable while the other two are not.

Case (8a).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \top$ | by assumption |
| (8) $e \models \top$ | by Rule (14a) |
| (9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \top$ | by Lemma 2.0.3 |
| (10) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \top$ | by Rule (17b) on (8) |

Case (8b).

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \perp$ | by assumption |
| (8) $e \not\models \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.1 |
| (9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.2 |
| (10) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \perp$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on (8) and (9) |

Case (1b).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = ?$ | by assumption |
| (8) $e \not\models ?$ | by Lemma 2.0.4 |
| (9) $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ | by Rule (16a) |
| (10) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} ?$ | by Rule (17a) on (9) |

Case (8c).

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n_2}$ | by assumption |
| (8) $\tau = \text{num}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (9) $e = \textcolor{violet}{\emptyset}^u, \textcolor{violet}{(e_0)}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$ | by assumption |
|---|---------------|

(10) e **notintro** by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \underline{n}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction on $\dot{\xi}$.

(11) $e \not\models \underline{n}_2$ by contradiction
 (12) \underline{n}_2 **refutable?** by Rule (10a)
 (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \underline{n}_2$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (12)
 (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (13)

Case (19d).

(9) $e = \underline{n}_1$ by assumption

Assume $\underline{n}_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \underline{n}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(10) \underline{n}_1 **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.5.

(11) $\underline{n}_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \underline{n}_2$ by contradiction

By case analysis on whether n_1 is equal to n_2 .

Case $n_1 = n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}_1, \underline{n}_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15
 (13) $\underline{n}_1 \models \underline{n}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (12)
 (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (13)

Case $n_1 \neq n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}_1, \underline{n}_2) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15
 (13) $\underline{n}_1 \not\models \underline{n}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (12)
 (14) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (8f).

(7) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By inductive hypothesis on (5) and (6), exactly one of $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$, and $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ holds. The same goes for $\dot{\xi}_2$. By case analysis on which conclusion holds for $\dot{\xi}_1$ and $\dot{\xi}_2$.

Case $e \models \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| (8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (9) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (10) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (11) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Rule (14e) on (8) |
| (13) $e \models^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Rule (17b) on (12) |

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ refutable _? | by assumption |
|---|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| (14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
|------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| (14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
|------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (11).

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| (15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by contradiction |
|---|------------------|

Case $e \models \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| (8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (9) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (11) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Rule (14e) on (8) |
| (13) $e \models^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Rule (17b) on (12) |

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ refutable _? | by assumption |
|---|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| (14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
|------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models \dot{\xi}_1, e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (9) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (11) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14e) on (8)
 (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable** _{$\dot{?}$} by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (9) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (10) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (11) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14f) on (10)
 (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable** _{$\dot{?}$} by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (14f) on (10)

(13) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable** _{$\dot{?}$} by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16d) on (11) and (8)

(13) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(12) $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(13) $e \not\models \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (15) $e \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by contradiction |
| (16) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(13) and (15) |

Case (8g).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (7) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by assumption |
| (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ | by assumption |
| (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- | | |
|--|--|
| (10) $e = \mathbb{0}^u, \mathbb{0}^{e_0}{}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$ | by assumption |
| (11) $e \text{ notintro}$ | by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f) |

Assume $e \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| (12) $e \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by contradiction |
|--|------------------|

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1))$.

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{true}$.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| (13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{true}$ | by assumption |
| (14) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ | by Lemma 2.0.14 on
(13) |
| (15) $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by Rule (16b) on (11)
and (14) |
| (16) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by Rule (17a) on (15) |

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{false}$.

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| (13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)) = \text{false}$ | by assumption |
| (14) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ | by Lemma 2.0.14 on
(13) |

Assume $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| (15) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ | by assumption |
| Contradicts (14). | |
| (16) $e \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ | by contradiction |

(17) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (12) and (16)

Case (19j).

(10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (12) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.2 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$, and $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (14) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ **notintro** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

(17) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (14) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(17) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$

Contradicts (13).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(14) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(15) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$

Contradicts (13).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

(17) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

(19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (8h).

- (7) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
- (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
- (9) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (10) $e = \mathbb{0}^u, \llbracket e_0 \rrbracket^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{rs\}$ by assumption
- (11) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (12) $e \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2))$.

inr is
refutable

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{true}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{true}$ by assumption
- (14) $\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?$ by Lemma 2.0.14 on
(13)
- (15) $e \models_? \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (11)
and (14)
- (16) $e \models_?^\dagger \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)) = \text{false}$ by assumption
- (14) ~~$\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?$~~ by Lemma 2.0.14 on
(13)

Assume $e \models_? \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (15) $\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_?$ by assumption
- Contradicts (14).
- (16) $e \not\models_? \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
- (17) $e \not\models_?^\dagger \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(12) and (16)

Case (19j).

- (10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

(11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(12) $e_2 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.3 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$, $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$, and $e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(13) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(14) $e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

(17) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(13) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

- (14) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16f) on (14)
 (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

- (17) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$
 Contradicts (13).

- (18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (13) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (14) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

- (15) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$
 Contradicts (13).

- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (17) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

- (17) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$
 Contradicts (14).

- (18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 (19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)

Case (14i).

- (7) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
 (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (10) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (11) $e = \emptyset^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (12) e **notintro**
by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
- (13) e **indet**
by Lemma 4.0.9 on (6) and (12)
- (14) $\text{prl}(e)$ **indet**
by Rule (24g) on (13)
- (15) $\text{prl}(e)$ **final**
by Rule (25b) on (14)
- (16) $\text{prr}(e)$ **indet**
by Rule (24h) on (13)
- (17) $\text{prr}(e)$ **final**
by Rule (25b) on (16)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$
by Rule (19h) on (5)
- (19) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$
by Rule (19i) on (5)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (18) and (15), exactly one of $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $\text{prl}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_1$, and $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (19) and (17), exactly one of $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$, $\text{prr}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_2$, and $\text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for $\dot{\xi}_1$ and $\dot{\xi}_2$.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$
by assumption
- (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$
by assumption
- (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$
by assumption
- (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$
by assumption
- (24) $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$
by Rule (14j) on (12) and (20) and (22)
- (25) $e \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$
by Rule (17b) on (24)
- (26) ~~$(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ **refutable?**~~
by Lemma 2.0.18 on (12) and (24)

Assume $e \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ **refutable?**
by assumption
- Contradicts (26).

- (28) $e \not\models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$
by contradiction

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$
by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (22)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (22).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption
 (28) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
 (29) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 (31) $e \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by assumption
 (27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{?}}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)
 (28) $e \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
 (29) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption
(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption
(28) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
(29) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(31) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
(23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

(27) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$

by Rule (10e) on (26)

(28) $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by Rule (16b) on (12)
and (27)

(29) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, \text{pr}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$

by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$

by assumption

(22) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$

by assumption

(23) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$

by assumption

Assume $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$

by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$

by Rule (26e)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$

by Rule (16b) on (28)
and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable?}$

by assumption

(28) $\text{pr}(e) \text{ notintro}$

by Rule (26f)

(29) $\text{pr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$

by Rule (16b) on (28)
and (27)

Contradicts (23).

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (30) $e \not\models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by contradiction |
| (31) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(25) and (30) |

Case (19g).

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (11) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |
| (13) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ | by assumption |
| (14) e_1 final | by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6) |
| (15) e_2 final | by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6) |

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (12) and (14), exactly one of $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$, $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$, and $e_1 \models \overline{\dot{\xi}_1}$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (13) and (15), exactly one of $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$, $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$, and $e_2 \models \overline{\dot{\xi}_2}$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for $\dot{\xi}_1$ and $\dot{\xi}_2$.

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| (16) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (17) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (18) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (19) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (14i) on (16)
and (18) |
| (21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (17b) on (20) |

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) (e_1, e_2) notintro | by assumption |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (17).

- | | |
|---|------------------|
| (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by contradiction |
|---|------------------|

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models? \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16h) on (16) and (19)
- (21) $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
- Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- (22) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- Contradicts (18).

- (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \not\models? \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
- Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- (20) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
- Contradicts (18).

- (21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16g) on (17) and (18)

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(22) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16i) on (17) and (19)

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(22) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_1 \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1, e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.
Case (14j).
 (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (14i).
 (20) $e_2 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).
 (21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.
Case (16b).
 (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (16g).
 (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).
Case (16h).
 (22) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (19).
Case (16i).
 (22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).
 (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by contradiction
 (24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

□

Definition 1.1.1 (Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$. Then $\dot{\xi}_1 \models \dot{\xi}_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **val** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies $e \models \dot{\xi}_2$*

Definition 1.1.2 (Potential Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau$. Then $\dot{\xi}_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$*

Corollary 1.1.1. *Suppose that $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ and $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final**. Then $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$*

Proof.

- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (2) $\cdot; \Gamma \vdash e : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (3) $e \text{ final}$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models \top$ | by Rule (14a) |
| (6) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$ | by Rule (17b) on (5) |
| (7) $\top : \tau$ | by Rule (8a) |
| (8) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_r$ | by Definition 2.1.2 of
(4) on (7) and (1) and
(2) and (3) and (6) |

□

2 Match Constraint Language

$\xi ::= \top \mid \perp \mid \underline{n} \mid \underline{\mathcal{N}} \mid \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \mid \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \mid \text{inl}(\xi) \mid \text{inr}(\xi) \mid (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
 $\boxed{\xi : \tau}$ ξ constrains final expressions of type τ

$$\frac{\text{CTTruth}}{\top : \tau} \quad (8a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTFalsity}}{\perp : \tau} \quad (8b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTNum}}{\underline{n} : \text{num}} \quad (8c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTNotNum}}{\underline{\mathcal{N}} : \text{num}} \quad (8d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTAnd} \quad \xi_1 : \tau \quad \xi_2 : \tau}{\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 : \tau} \quad (8e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTOr} \quad \xi_1 : \tau \quad \xi_2 : \tau}{\xi_1 \vee \xi_2 : \tau} \quad (8f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTInl} \quad \xi_1 : \tau_1}{\text{inl}(\xi_1) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)} \quad (8g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTInr} \quad \xi_2 : \tau_2}{\text{inr}(\xi_2) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)} \quad (8h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTPair} \quad \xi_1 : \tau_1 \quad \xi_2 : \tau_2}{(\xi_1, \xi_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)} \quad (8i)$$

$$\boxed{\overline{\xi_1} = \xi_2} \quad \text{dual of } \xi_1 \text{ is } \xi_2$$

$$\overline{\top} = \perp \quad (9a)$$

$$\overline{\perp} = \top \quad (9b)$$

$$\overline{\underline{n}} = \overline{\mathcal{N}} \quad (9c)$$

$$\overline{\overline{\mathcal{N}}} = \underline{n} \quad (9d)$$

$$\overline{\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2} = \overline{\xi_1} \vee \overline{\xi_2} \quad (9e)$$

$$\overline{\xi_1 \vee \xi_2} = \overline{\xi_1} \wedge \overline{\xi_2} \quad (9f)$$

$$\overline{\text{inl}(\xi_1)} = \text{inl}(\overline{\xi_1}) \vee \text{inr}(\top) \quad (9g)$$

$$\overline{\text{inr}(\xi_2)} = \text{inr}(\overline{\xi_2}) \vee \text{inl}(\top) \quad (9h)$$

$$\overline{(\xi_1, \xi_2)} = (\xi_1, \overline{\xi_2}) \vee (\overline{\xi_1}, \xi_2) \vee (\overline{\xi_1}, \overline{\xi_2}) \quad (9i)$$

$$\boxed{\xi \text{ refutable}_?} \quad \xi \text{ is refutable}$$

$$\frac{\text{RXNum}}{\underline{n} \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10a)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXInl}}{\text{inl}(\xi) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10b)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXInr}}{\text{inr}(\xi) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10c)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXPairL} \quad \xi_1 \text{ refutable}_?}{(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10d)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXPairR} \quad \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10e)$$

$$\frac{\text{RXOr} \quad \xi_1 \text{ refutable}_? \quad \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_?}{\xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_?} \quad (10f)$$

$$\boxed{\text{refutable}_?(\xi)}$$

$$refutable_{\gamma}(\underline{n}) = \text{true} \quad (11a)$$

$$refutable_{\gamma}(\underline{\mathcal{N}}) = \text{true} \quad (11b)$$

$$refutable_{\gamma}(?) = \text{true} \quad (11c)$$

$$refutable_{\gamma}(\mathbf{inl}(\xi)) = refutable_{\gamma}(\xi) \quad (11d)$$

$$refutable_{\gamma}(\mathbf{inr}(\xi)) = refutable_{\gamma}(\xi) \quad (11e)$$

$$refutable_{\gamma}((\xi_1, \xi_2)) = refutable_{\gamma}(\xi_1) \text{ or } refutable_{\gamma}(\xi_2) \quad (11f)$$

$$refutable_{\gamma}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = refutable_{\gamma}(\xi_1) \text{ and } refutable_{\gamma}(\xi_2) \quad (11g)$$

$$\text{Otherwise } refutable_{\gamma}(\xi) = \text{false} \quad (11h)$$

$$\boxed{\dot{\top}(\xi_1) = \xi_2}$$

$$\dot{\top}(\top) = \top \quad (12a)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\perp) = \perp \quad (12b)$$

$$\dot{\top}(?) = \top \quad (12c)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\underline{n}) = \underline{n} \quad (12d)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\underline{\mathcal{N}}) = \underline{\mathcal{N}} \quad (12e)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad (12f)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2) \quad (12g)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\mathbf{inl}(\xi)) = \mathbf{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi)) \quad (12h)$$

$$\dot{\top}(\mathbf{inr}(\xi)) = \mathbf{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi)) \quad (12i)$$

$$\dot{\top}((\xi_1, \xi_2)) = (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2)) \quad (12j)$$

$$\boxed{\dot{\perp}(\xi_1) = \xi_2}$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\top) = \top \quad (13a)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\perp) = \perp \quad (13b)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(?) = \perp \quad (13c)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\underline{n}) = \underline{n} \quad (13d)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\underline{\mathcal{N}}) = \underline{\mathcal{N}} \quad (13e)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\perp}(\xi_2) \quad (13f)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2) \quad (13g)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\mathbf{inl}(\xi)) = \mathbf{inl}(\dot{\perp}(\xi)) \quad (13h)$$

$$\dot{\perp}(\mathbf{inr}(\xi)) = \mathbf{inr}(\dot{\perp}(\xi)) \quad (13i)$$

$$\dot{\perp}((\xi_1, \xi_2)) = (\dot{\perp}(\xi_1), \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)) \quad (13j)$$

$e \models \xi$ e satisfies ξ

$$\frac{\text{CSTruth}}{e \models \top} \quad (14a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNum}}{\underline{n} \models n} \quad (14b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNotNum} \quad n_1 \neq n_2}{\underline{n_1} \models \underline{\text{not}} n_2} \quad (14c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSAnd} \quad e \models \xi_1 \quad e \models \xi_2}{e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2} \quad (14d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSOrL} \quad e \models \xi_1}{e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (14e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSOrR} \quad e \models \xi_2}{e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (14f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInl} \quad e_1 \models \xi_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)} \quad (14g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSInr} \quad e_2 \models \xi_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)} \quad (14h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSPair} \quad e_1 \models \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (14i)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSNotIntroPair} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1 \quad \text{prl}(e) \models \xi_2}{e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (14j)$$

$\text{satisfy}(e, \xi)$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true} \quad (15a)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2}) = (n_1 = n_2) \quad (15b)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{\neg n_2}) = (n_1 \neq n_2) \quad (15c)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) \quad (15d)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) \quad (15e)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) \quad (15f)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) \quad (15g)$$

$$\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) \quad (15h)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_2) \quad (15i)$$

$$\text{satisfy}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u), \xi_2) \quad (15j)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(e_1(e_2), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e_1(e_2)), \xi_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(e_1(e_2)), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15k)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}), \xi_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\}), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15l)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{prl}(e)), \xi_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{prl}(e)), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15m)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(e), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) &= \text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(\text{pr}(e)), \xi_1) \\ &\text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{pr}(\text{pr}(e)), \xi_2) \end{aligned} \quad (15n)$$

$$\text{Otherwise } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{false} \quad (15o)$$

$$\boxed{e \models? \xi} \quad e \text{ may satisfy } \xi$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSUnknown}}{e \models? ?} \quad (16a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSNotIntro} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \xi \text{ refutable?}}{e \models? \xi} \quad (16b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrL} \quad \frac{e \models? \xi_1 \quad e \not\models \xi_2}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2}}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (16c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSOrR} \quad \frac{e \not\models \xi_1 \quad e \models? \xi_2}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2}}{e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2} \quad (16d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSInl} \quad \frac{e_1 \models? \xi_1}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)}}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)} \quad (16e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSInr} \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inr}(\xi_2)} \quad (16f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPairL} \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (16g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPairR} \quad e_1 \models \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (16h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CMSPair} \quad e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \quad e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2}{(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)} \quad (16i)$$

$$\boxed{e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi} \quad e \text{ satisfies or may satisfy } \xi$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSMay} \quad e \models_{\text{?}} \xi}{e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi} \quad (17a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CSMSSat} \quad e \models \xi}{e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi} \quad (17b)$$

Lemma 2.0.1. $e \not\models \perp$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models \perp$ is in syntactic contradiction with all rules, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.2. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \perp$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \perp$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{\text{?}} \perp$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(1) \quad \perp \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}} \perp$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.3. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \top$

Proof. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(1) \quad \top \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}} \top$ is not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.4. $e \not\models_{\text{?}} ?$

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), we notice that $e \models_{\text{?}} ?$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.5. $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption
(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (16c) on (2)
and Lemma 2.0.1
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \xi$ by assumption
(3) $e \models \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (2)
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17a).

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi \vee \perp$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption
(4) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case (16d).

(3) $e \models_{\tau} \perp$

by assumption

(4) $e \not\models_{\tau} \perp$

by Lemma 2.0.2

(3) contradicts (4).

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \xi \vee \perp$

by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

(3) $e \models \xi$

by assumption

(4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$

by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (14f).

(3) $e \models \perp$

by assumption

(4) $e \not\models \perp$

by Lemma 2.0.1

(3) contradicts (4).

□

Corollary 2.0.1. $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi \text{ iff } \top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi \vee \perp$

Proof. By Definition 2.1.2 and Lemma 2.0.5.

□

Lemma 2.0.6. *Suppose that $\xi_1 : \tau$ and $\xi_2 : \tau$. Then $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$ iff $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$*

Proof.

(1) $\xi_1 : \tau$

by assumption

(2) $\xi_2 : \tau$

by assumption

(3) $\perp : \tau$

by Rule (8b)

(4) $\xi_2 \vee \perp : \tau$

by Rule (8f) on (2) and (3)

Then we prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(5) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$

by assumption

To prove $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$, assume $\xi_1 \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$.

(6) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$

by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies

(7) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$

by Definition 2.1.1 on (1) and (4) and (6)

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (7).

Case (14e).

- (8) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (9) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on (8)

(5) contradicts (9).

Case (14f).

- (8) $e \models \perp$ by assumption
- (9) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1

(8) contradicts (9).

The conclusion holds as follows:

- (a) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$

2. Necessity:

- (5) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2 \vee \perp$ by assumption

To prove $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$, assume $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$.

- (6) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

For all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies

- (7) $e \models \xi_2$ by Definition 2.1.1 on (1) and (2) and (6)
- (8) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$ by Rule (14e) on (7)
- (9) $\xi_1 \models \xi_2 \vee \perp$ by Definition 2.1.1 on (8)

(9) contradicts (5).

The conclusion holds as follows:

- (a) $\xi_1 \not\models \xi_2$

□

Lemma 2.0.7. *If $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ and $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$*

Proof. Assume, for the sake of contradiction, that $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

- (1) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
- (2) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by assumption
- (3) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

$$(4) \quad e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

$$(5) \quad e \models \xi_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (2).

Case (14f).

$$(5) \quad e \models \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (3).

Case (17a).

$$(4) \quad e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (4) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

$$(5) \quad e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (2).

Case (16d).

$$(5) \quad e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

(6) contradicts (3).

The conclusion holds as follows:

$$1. \quad e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$$

□

Lemma 2.0.8. *If $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ and $e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ then $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_2$*

Proof.

$$(1) \quad e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(2) \quad e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

(3) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (3) and only two of them apply.

Case (14e).

(4) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

(5) contradicts (2).

Case (14f).

(4) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

Case (17a).

(3) $e \models_{\neg} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (3) and only two of them apply.

Case (16c).

(4) $e \models_{\neg} \xi_1$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by Rule (17a) on (4)

(5) contradicts (2).

Case (16d).

(4) $e \models_{\neg} \xi_2$ by assumption

(5) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (4)

□

Lemma 2.0.9. *If $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ and $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$*

Lemma 2.0.10. *If $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ then $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ and $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$*

Proof.

(1) $e \models_{\neg}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by assumption ,

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

(2) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(3) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14e) on (2)

(4) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (14f) on (2)

- (5) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (3)
- (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (17b) on (4)

Case (17a).

- (2) $e \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by assumption

By case analysis on the result of $satisfy(e, \xi_2)$.

Case true.

- (3) $satisfy(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by assumption
- (4) $e \models \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)
- (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14f) on (4)
- (6) $e \models \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (14e) on (4)
- (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
- (8) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \vee \xi_1$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

Case false.

- (3) $satisfy(e, \xi_2) = \text{false}$ by assumption
- (4) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on (3)
- (5) $e \models_{\tau} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16c) on (2) and (4)
- (6) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (5)

□

Lemma 2.0.11. *If $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ then $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$*

Proof.

- (1) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- (2) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (2)
- (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (3)

Case (17a).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (2) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (16e) on (2) |
| (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by Rule (17a) on (3) |

□

Lemma 2.0.12. *If $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$*

Proof.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (1) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by assumption |
|--|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1).

Case (17b).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (2) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (14h) on (2) |
| (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (17b) on (3) |

Case (17a).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (2) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\text{inl}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (16f) on (2) |
| (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (3) |

□

Lemma 2.0.13. *If $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ and $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ then $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$*

Lemma 2.0.14 (Soundness and Completeness of Refutable Constraints). $\xi \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ iff $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\xi) = \text{true}$.

Lemma 2.0.15. *If $e \text{ notintro}$ and $\xi \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ then either $\dagger(\xi) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ or $e \models \dagger(\xi)$.*

Proof. By structural induction on ξ . □

Lemma 2.0.16. *There does not exist such a constraint $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ such that $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. □

Lemma 2.0.17. *There does not exist such a constraint $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ such that $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (10), we notice that $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable?** is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. \square

Lemma 2.0.18. *If e **notintro** and $e \models \xi$ then ξ ~~**refutable?**~~.*

Proof.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| (1) e notintro | by assumption |
| (2) $e \models \xi$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2).

Case (14a).

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| (3) $\xi = \top$ | by assumption |
|------------------|---------------|

Assume \top **refutable?**. By rule induction over Rules (10), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
Therefore, \top ~~**refutable?**~~.

Case (14e),(14f).

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| (3) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ refutable? | by Lemma 2.0.17 |

Case (14d).

- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| (3) $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ refutable? | by Lemma 2.0.16 |

Case (14j).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (3) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (6) $\text{prl}(e)$ notintro | by Rule (26e) |
| (7) $\text{prr}(e)$ notintro | by Rule (26f) |
| (8) ξ_1 refutable? | by IH on (6) and (4) |
| (9) ξ_2 refutable? | by IH on (7) and (5) |

Assume (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable?**. By rule induction over Rules (10) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| (10) ξ_1 refutable? | by assumption |
|--------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (8).

Case (10e).

(10) ξ_2 **refutable?** by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Therefore, (ξ_1, ξ_2) ~~**refutable?**~~.

Otherwise.

(3) $e = \underline{n}, \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

□

Lemma 2.0.19 (Soundness and Completeness of Satisfaction Judgment). $e \models \xi$ iff $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{true}$.

Proof. We prove soundness and completeness separately.

1. Soundness:

(1) $e \models \xi$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (1).

Case (14a).

(2) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

(3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \top) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15a

Case (14b).

(2) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption

(3) $\xi = \underline{n}$ by assumption

(4) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n}, \underline{n}) = (n = n) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15b

Case (14c).

(2) $e = \underline{n_1}$ by assumption

(3) $\xi = \underline{\neg}$ by assumption

(4) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption

(5) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{\neg}) = (n_1 \neq n_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15c on (4)

Case (14d).

(2) $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ by assumption

- (3) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (4) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1)$ and $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15d on (5) and (6)

Case (14e).

- (2) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
- (3) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14f).

- (2) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
- (3) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (3)
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1)$ or $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15e on (4)

Case (14g).

- (2) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1), \text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15f on (5)

Case (14h).

- (2) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
- (4) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2), \text{inl}(\xi_2)) = \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15g on (5)

Case (14i).

- (2) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption
- (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (5) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)
- (8) $\text{satisfy}((e_1, e_2), (\xi_1, \xi_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15h on (6) and (7)

Case (14j).

- (2) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption
- (3) $e \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by IH on (4)
- (7) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by IH on (5)

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (3).

Otherwise.

- (8) $e = (\emptyset^u, (\emptyset_0)^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\})$
by assumption
- (9) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) =$
 $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \xi_1) \text{ and } \text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \xi_2) = \text{true}$
by Definition 15 on (6) and (7)

2. Completeness:

- (1) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{true}$ by assumption

By structural induction on ξ .

Case $\xi = \top$.

- (2) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

Case $\xi = \perp, ?$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o

(2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \underline{n}$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n'}$.
 (2) $n' = n$ by Definition 15b on (1)
 (3) $\underline{n'} \models \underline{n}$ by Rule (14b) on (2)

Otherwise.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{n}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \underline{\mathcal{N}}$.
 By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \underline{n'}$.
 (2) $n' \neq n$ by Definition 15c on (1)
 (3) $\underline{n'} \models \underline{\mathcal{N}}$ by Rule (14c) on (2)

Otherwise.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \underline{\mathcal{N}}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15d on (1)
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15d on (1)
 (4) $e \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
 (5) $e \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
 (6) $e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ by Rule (14d) on (4) and (5)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.
 (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) \text{ or } \text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15e on (1)

By case analysis on (2).

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$.
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (4) $e \models \xi_1$ by IH on (3)
 (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14e) on (4)

Case $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$.
 (3) $\text{satisfy}(e, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (4) $e \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
 (5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14f) on (4)

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15f on (1)
- (3) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
- (4) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15g on (1)
- (3) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by IH on (2)
- (4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14h) on (3)

Otherwise.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e, \text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
- (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

By structural induction on e .

Case $e = (e_1, e_2)$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(e_1, \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (3) $\text{satisfy}(e_2, \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (4) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
- (5) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (4) and (5)

Case $e = (\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u, \llbracket e_0 \rrbracket^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{rs\})$.

- (2) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prl}(e), \xi_1) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (3) $\text{satisfy}(\text{prr}(e), \xi_2) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15h on (1)
- (4) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by IH on (2)
- (5) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by IH on (3)
- (6) $e \text{ notintro}$ by each rule in Rules (26)

(7) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14j) on (6) and (4) and (5)

Otherwise.

(2) $\text{satisfy}(e, (\xi_1, \xi_2)) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15o
 (2) contradicts (1) and thus vacuously true.

□

Lemma 2.0.20. $e \not\models \xi$ and $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi$ iff $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$.

Proof. 1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \not\models \xi$ by assumption
 (2) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$. By rule induction over Rules (17) on it.

Case (17a).

(3) $e \models \xi$ by assumption

Contradicts (1).

Case (17b).

(3) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$ by assumption

Contradicts (2).

Therefore, $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ is not derivable.

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \xi$.

(2) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by Rule (17b) on assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models \xi$. Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi$.

(3) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$ by Rule (17a) on assumption

Contradicts (1). Therefore, $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi$.

□

Theorem 2.1 (Exclusiveness of Satisfaction Judgment). *If $\xi : \tau$ and $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e final then exactly one of the following holds*

1. $e \models \xi$

2. $e \models_{\tau} \xi$

3. $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$

Proof.

(4) $\xi : \tau$ by assumption

(5) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ by assumption

(6) e **final** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (8) on (4), we would show one conclusion is derivable while the other two are not.

Case (8a).

(7) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

(8) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

(9) $e \not\models_{\tau} \top$ by Lemma 2.0.3

(10) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$ by Rule (17b) on (8)

Case (8b).

(7) $\xi = \perp$ by assumption

(8) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1

(9) $e \not\models_{\tau} \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.2

(10) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(8) and (9)

Case (1b).

(7) $\xi = ?$ by assumption

(8) $e \not\models ?$ by Lemma 2.0.4

(9) $e \models_{\tau} ?$ by Rule (16a)

(10) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} ?$ by Rule (17a) on (9)

Case (8c).

(7) $\xi = \underline{n_2}$ by assumption

(8) $\tau = \mathbf{num}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(9) $e = \emptyset^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption

(10) e **notintro** by Rule
(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction on ξ .

(11) $e \not\models \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

(12) $\underline{n_2}$ **refutable?** by Rule (10a)

(13) $e \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (16b) on (10)
and (12)

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (17a) on (13)

Case (19d).

(9) $e = \underline{n_1}$ by assumption

Assume $\underline{n_1} \models_{\text{?}} \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (16), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(10) $\underline{n_1}$ **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.5.

(11) $\underline{n_1} \not\models_{\text{?}} \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

By case analysis on whether n_1 is equal to n_2 .

Case $n_1 = n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2}) = \text{true}$ by Definition 15

(13) $\underline{n_1} \models \underline{n_2}$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on
(12)

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (17b) on (13)

Case $n_1 \neq n_2$.

(12) $\text{satisfy}(\underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2}) = \text{false}$ by Definition 15

(13) $\underline{n_1} \not\models \underline{n_2}$ by Lemma 2.0.19 on
(12)

(14) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \underline{n_2}$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(11) and (13)

Case (8f).

(7) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption

By inductive hypothesis on (5) and (6), exactly one of $e \models \xi_1$, $e \models? \xi_1$, and $e \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1$ holds. The same goes for ξ_2 . By case analysis on which conclusion holds for ξ_1 and ξ_2 .

Case $e \models \xi_1, e \models \xi_2$.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (8) $e \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (9) $e \not\models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (10) $e \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (11) $e \not\models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (14e) on (8) |
| (13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (17b) on (12) |

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ refutable? | by assumption |
| Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17. | |

Case (16c).

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| (14) $e \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| Contradicts (9). | |

Case (16d).

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| (14) $e \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| Contradicts (11). | |

- | | |
|--|------------------|
| (15) $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by contradiction |
|--|------------------|

Case $e \models \xi_1, e \models? \xi_2$.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (8) $e \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (9) $e \not\models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (11) $e \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (14e) on (8) |
| (13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Rule (17b) on (12) |

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ refutable? | by assumption |
| Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17. | |

Case (16c).

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| (14) $e \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
|-------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by contradiction

Case $e \models \xi_1, e \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(8) $e \models \xi_1$

by assumption

(9) $e \not\models? \xi_1$

by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$

by assumption

(11) $e \not\models? \xi_2$

by assumption

(12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (14e) on (8)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable?**

by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models? \xi_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_1$

by assumption

Contradicts (8).

(15) $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by contradiction

Case $e \models? \xi_1, e \models \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$

by assumption

(9) $e \models? \xi_1$

by assumption

(10) $e \models \xi_2$

by assumption

(11) $e \not\models? \xi_2$

by assumption

(12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (14f) on (10)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$

by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable?**

by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models? \xi_1, e \models? \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \models? \xi_1, e \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models? \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16c) on (9) and (10)

(13) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(15) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1, e \models \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (14f) on (10)

(13) $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17b) on (12)

Assume $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1, e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\vdash} \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_2$ by assumption

(12) $e \models_{\vdash} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (16d) on (11) and (8)

(13) $e \models_{\vdash}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Rule (17a) on (12)

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(14) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8)

Case (14f).

(14) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10)

(15) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Case $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1, e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$.

(8) $e \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

(10) $e \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(11) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(12) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (8).

Case (14f).

(12) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (10).

(13) $e \not\models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ **refutable**_? by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 2.0.17.

Case (16c).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (9).

Case (16d).

(14) $e \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(15) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by contradiction

(16) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (13) and (15)

Case (8g).

(7) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $\xi_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(10) $e = \langle \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\} \rangle$ by assumption
 (11) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(12) $e \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1))$.

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{true}$.

(13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (14) $\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by Lemma 2.0.14 on (13)
 (15) $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (11) and (14)
 (16) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Case $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{false}$.

(13) $\text{refutable}_{\tau}(\text{inl}(\xi_1)) = \text{false}$ by assumption
 (14) ~~$\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$~~ by Lemma 2.0.14 on (13)

Assume $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(15) $\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption
 Contradicts (14).

(16) $e \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction
 (17) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (12) and (16)

Case (19j).

- (10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (12) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.2 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_1 \models \xi_1$, $e_1 \models? \xi_1$, and $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (14) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)
- (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ **notintro** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

- (17) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$

Contradicts (14).

- (18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (14) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models? \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- (17) $e_1 \models \xi_1$

Contradicts (13).

- (18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(14) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(15) $e_1 \models \xi_1$

Contradicts (13).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16e).

(17) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

(19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (8h).

(7) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

- (8) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $\xi_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (10) $e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
 by assumption
 (11) e **notintro** by Rule
 (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

Assume $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (12) $e \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

By case analysis on the value of $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2))$.

inr is
refutable

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{true}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (14) $\text{inr}(\xi_2)$ **refutable?** by Lemma 2.0.14 on
 (13)
 (15) $e \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (11)
 and (14)
 (16) $e \models?^\dagger \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Case $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{false}$.

- (13) $\text{refutable}_?(\text{inr}(\xi_2)) = \text{false}$ by assumption
 (14) ~~$\text{inr}(\xi_2)$ **refutable?**~~ by Lemma 2.0.14 on
 (13)

Assume $e \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (15) $\text{inr}(\xi_2)$ **refutable?** by assumption
 Contradicts (14).

- (16) $e \not\models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction
 (17) $e \not\models?^\dagger \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on
 (12) and (16)

Case (19j).

- (10) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(12) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (12), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

(14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (11) and (13)

Case (19k).

(10) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

(11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(12) $e_2 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.3 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (11) and (12), exactly one of $e_2 \models \xi_2$, $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$, and $e_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_2 \models \xi_2$.

(13) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(14) $e_2 \not\models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14g) on (13)

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

(17) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

(17) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$

Contradicts (14).

(18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$.

(13) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(14) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (16f) on (14)

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (15)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

$$(17) \quad e_2 \models \xi_2$$

Contradicts (13).

$$(18) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \xi_2$.

$$(13) \quad e_2 \not\models \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(14) \quad e_2 \not\models_{\tau_1} \xi_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14h).

$$(15) \quad e_2 \models \xi_2$$

Contradicts (13).

$$(16) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau_1} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

$$(17) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (17), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16f).

$$(17) \quad e_2 \models_{\tau_1} \xi_2$$

Contradicts (14).

$$(18) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \not\models_{\tau_1} \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

$$(19) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \not\models_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.20 on (16) and (18)}$$

Case (14i).

$$(7) \quad \xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(8) \quad \tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(9) \quad \xi_1 : \tau_1 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(10) \quad \xi_2 : \tau_2 \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (5), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (11) $e = \emptyset^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (12) e notintro
by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
- (13) e indet
by Lemma 4.0.9 on (6) and (12)
- (14) $\text{prl}(e)$ indet
by Rule (24g) on (13)
- (15) $\text{prl}(e)$ final
by Rule (25b) on (14)
- (16) $\text{prr}(e)$ indet
by Rule (24h) on (13)
- (17) $\text{prr}(e)$ final
by Rule (25b) on (16)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$
by Rule (19h) on (5)
- (19) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$
by Rule (19i) on (5)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (18) and (15), exactly one of $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$, $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$, and $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (19) and (17), exactly one of $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$, $\text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$, and $\text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for ξ_1 and ξ_2 .

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$
by assumption
- (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$
by assumption
- (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$
by assumption
- (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$
by assumption
- (24) $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
by Rule (14j) on (12) and (20) and (22)
- (25) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
by Rule (17b) on (24)
- (26) ~~(ξ_1, ξ_2) refutable?~~
by Lemma 2.0.18 on (12) and (24)

Assume $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) refutable?
by assumption
- Contradicts (26).

- (28) $e \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$
by contradiction

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$.

- (20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$
by assumption
- (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$
by assumption
- (22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$
by assumption
- (23) $\text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$
by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
Contradicts (22)

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption
(27) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)
(28) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
(29) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
(23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
Contradicts (22).

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption
(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(27) ξ_2 refutable _?	by assumption
(28) pr $r(e)$ notintro	by Rule (26f)
(29) pr $r(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$	by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by contradiction
(31) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1, \text{pr}r(e) \models \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$	by assumption
(21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$	by assumption
(22) $\text{pr}r(e) \models \xi_2$	by assumption
(23) $\text{pr}r(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$	by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$	by assumption
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Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by contradiction
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By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) ξ_1 refutable _?	by assumption
(27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) refutable _?	by Rule (10e) on (26)
(28) $e \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
(29) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1, \text{pr}r(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$	by assumption
(21) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$	by assumption
(22) $\text{pr}r(e) \not\models \xi_2$	by assumption
(23) $\text{pr}r(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$	by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$	by assumption
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Contradicts (20).

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) ξ_2 **refutable**? by assumption
 (27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable**? by Rule (10e) on (26)
 (28) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
 (29) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 By rule induction over Rules (16) on (21), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) ξ_1 **refutable**? by assumption
 (27) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable**? by Rule (10e) on (26)
 (28) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)
 (29) $e \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (20)

assume no
 "or" and
 "and" in
 pair

assume no
 "or" and
 "and" in
 pair

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prr}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)

(29) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(31) $e \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1, \text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prr}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (23), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by assumption

(27) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ by Rule (10e) on (26)

assume no
"or" and
"and" in
pair

(28) $e \models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (27)

(29) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (28)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1, \text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$.

(20) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by assumption

(22) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(23) $\text{prl}(e) \not\models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(24) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (20)

(25) $e \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $e \models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(26) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (26), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

(27) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (21).

Case (10e).

(27) $\xi_2 \text{ refutable}_{\tau}$ by assumption

(28) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)

(29) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ by Rule (16b) on (28) and (27)

Contradicts (23).

(30) $e \not\models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(31) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (25) and (30)

Case (19g).

(11) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

(12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

- (13) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (14) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6)
- (15) e_2 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (6)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (12) and (14), exactly one of $e_1 \models \xi_1$, $e_1 \models? \xi_1$, and $e_1 \models \overline{\xi_1}$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (13) and (15), exactly one of $e_2 \models \xi_2$, $e_2 \models? \xi_2$, and $e_2 \models \overline{\xi_2}$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for ξ_1 and ξ_2 .

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1, e_2 \models \xi_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (16) and (18)
- (21) $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

- (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

- (22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

- (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

- (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1, e_2 \models? \xi_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
- (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (20) $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16h) on (16) and (19)

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models \xi_1, e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

- | | | |
|------|--|-------------------------------------|
| (23) | $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by contradiction |
| (24) | $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.20 on
(21) and (23) |

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1, e_2 \models \xi_2$.

- | | | |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (16) | $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (17) | $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (18) | $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (19) | $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (20) | $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (16g) on (17)
and (18) |

- | | | |
|------|--|-----------------------|
| (21) | $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (20) |
|------|--|-----------------------|

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- | | | |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) | (e_1, e_2) notintro | by assumption |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- | | | |
|------|---------------------|---------------|
| (22) | $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
|------|---------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (16).

- | | | |
|------|---|------------------|
| (23) | $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by contradiction |
|------|---|------------------|

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1, e_2 \models? \xi_2$.

- | | | |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (16) | $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (17) | $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (18) | $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (19) | $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (20) | $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (16i) on (17)
and (19) |

- | | | |
|------|--|-----------------------|
| (21) | $(e_1, e_2) \models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (20) |
|------|--|-----------------------|

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

- | | | |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|
| (22) | (e_1, e_2) notintro | by assumption |
|------|------------------------------|---------------|

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

- | | | |
|------|---------------------|---------------|
| (22) | $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
|------|---------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (16).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \models? \xi_1, e_2 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, e_2 \models \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.
Case (14j).
 (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (14i).
 (20) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (16).

 (21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.
Case (16b).
 (22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (16g).
 (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).
Case (16h).
 (22) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (19).
Case (16i).
 (22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).

 (23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction
 (24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)
Case $e_1 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, e_2 \models? \xi_2$.
 (16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (19) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
 Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.
Case (14j).
 (20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.
Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).

Case (16h).

(22) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (16).

Case (16i).

(22) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (17).

(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models?^\dagger (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

Case $e_1 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_1, e_2 \not\models?^\dagger \xi_2$.

(16) $e_1 \not\models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (17) $e_1 \not\models? \xi_1$ by assumption
 (18) $e_2 \not\models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (19) $e_2 \not\models? \xi_2$ by assumption

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (14) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (14j).

(20) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
 Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (14i).

(20) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).

(21) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (16) on it, the following cases apply.

Case (16b).

(22) (e_1, e_2) notintro	by assumption
Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.	
Case (16g).	
(22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$	by assumption
Contradicts (17).	
Case (16h).	
(22) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$	by assumption
Contradicts (19).	
Case (16i).	
(22) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$	by assumption
Contradicts (17).	
(23) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by contradiction
(24) $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by Lemma 2.0.20 on (21) and (23)

□

Definition 2.1.1 (Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\xi_1 : \tau$ and $\xi_2 : \tau$. Then $\xi_1 \models \xi_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **val** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies $e \models \xi_2$*

Definition 2.1.2 (Potential Entailment of Constraints). *Suppose that $\xi_1 : \tau$ and $\xi_2 : \tau$. Then $\xi_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ iff for all e such that $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final** we have $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$*

Corollary 2.1.1. *Suppose that $\xi : \tau$ and $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and e **final**. Then $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ implies $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$*

Proof.

(1) $\xi : \tau$	by assumption
(2) $\cdot ; \Gamma \vdash e : \tau$	by assumption
(3) e final	by assumption
(4) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$	by assumption
(5) $e_1 \models \top$	by Rule (14a)
(6) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$	by Rule (17b) on (5)
(7) $\top : \tau$	by Rule (8a)
(8) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$	by Definition 2.1.2 of (4) on (7) and (1) and (2) and (3) and (6)

□

3 Static Semantics

$$\begin{aligned}
\tau &::= \text{num} \mid (\tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2) \mid (\tau_1 \times \tau_2) \mid (\tau_1 + \tau_2) \\
e &::= x \mid \underline{n} \\
&\quad \mid (\lambda x : \tau. e) \mid e_1(e_2) \\
&\quad \mid (e_1, e_2) \\
&\quad \mid \text{inl}_\tau(e) \mid \text{inr}_\tau(e) \mid \text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\} \\
&\quad \mid \textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{O}}^u \mid \textcolor{violet}{\langle} e \textcolor{violet}{\rangle}^u \\
\hat{r}s &::= (rs \mid r \mid rs) \\
rs &::= \cdot \mid (r \mid rs') \\
r &::= p \Rightarrow e \\
p &::= x \mid \underline{n} \mid _ \mid (p_1, p_2) \mid \text{inl}(p) \mid \text{inr}(p) \mid \textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{O}}^w \mid \textcolor{violet}{\langle} p \textcolor{violet}{\rangle}^w \\
\boxed{(\hat{r}s)^\diamond = rs} &\quad rs \text{ can be obtained by erasing pointer from } \hat{r}s
\end{aligned}$$

$$(\cdot \mid r \mid rs)^\diamond = r \mid rs \quad (18a)$$

$$((r' \mid rs') \mid r \mid rs)^\diamond = r' \mid (rs' \mid r \mid rs)^\diamond \quad (18b)$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau} \quad e \text{ is of type } \tau$$

$$\frac{\text{TVar}}{\Gamma, x : \tau; \Delta \vdash x : \tau} \quad (19a)$$

$$\frac{\text{TEHole}}{\Gamma; \Delta, u :: \tau \vdash \textcolor{violet}{\mathbb{O}}^u : \tau} \quad (19b)$$

$$\frac{\text{THole} \quad \Gamma; \Delta, u :: \tau \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma; \Delta, u :: \tau \vdash \textcolor{violet}{\langle} e \textcolor{violet}{\rangle}^u : \tau} \quad (19c)$$

$$\frac{\text{TNum}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \underline{n} : \text{num}} \quad (19d)$$

$$\frac{\text{TLam} \quad \Gamma, x : \tau_1; \Delta \vdash e : \tau_2}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash (\lambda x : \tau_1. e) : (\tau_1 \rightarrow \tau_2)} \quad (19e)$$

$$\frac{\text{TAp} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_1 : (\tau_2 \rightarrow \tau) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_1(e_2) : \tau} \quad (19f)$$

$$\frac{\text{TPair} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1 \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash (e_1, e_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)} \quad (19g)$$

$$\frac{\text{TPrl} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1} \quad (19h)$$

$$\frac{\text{TPrr}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{pr}(e) : \tau_2 \quad (19i)$$

$$\frac{\text{TInl}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau_1} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2) \quad (19j)$$

$$\frac{\text{TInr}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau_2} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2) \quad (19k)$$

$$\frac{\text{TMatchZPre} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\perp]r \mid rs : \tau[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau'} \quad (19l)$$

$$\frac{\text{TMatchNZPre} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau \quad e \text{ final} \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\perp]rs_{pre} : \tau[\xi_{pre}] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_{pre}]r \mid rs_{post} : \tau[\xi_{rest}] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \quad \top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rest}}{\Gamma; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} : \tau'} \quad (19m)$$

$\boxed{p : \tau[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}$ p is assigned type τ and emits constraint ξ

$$\frac{\text{PTVar}}{x : \tau[\top] \dashv \cdot; x : \tau} \quad (20a)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTWild}}{_ : \tau[\top] \dashv \cdot; \cdot} \quad (20b)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTEHole}}{\langle \rangle^w : \tau[?] \dashv \cdot; w :: \tau} \quad (20c)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTHole} \quad p : \tau[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}{\langle p \rangle^w : \tau'[?] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta, w :: \tau'} \quad (20d)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTNum}}{\underline{n} : \text{num}[\underline{n}] \dashv \cdot; \cdot} \quad (20e)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTInl} \quad p : \tau_1[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}{\text{inl}(p) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)[\text{inl}(\xi)] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta} \quad (20f)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTInr} \quad p : \tau_2[\xi] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta}{\text{inr}(p) : (\tau_1 + \tau_2)[\text{inr}(\xi)] \dashv \Gamma; \Delta} \quad (20g)$$

$$\frac{\text{PTPair} \quad p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv \Gamma_1; \Delta_1 \quad p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv \Gamma_2; \Delta_2}{(p_1, p_2) : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)[(\xi_1, \xi_2)] \dashv \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2; \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2} \quad (20h)$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash (p \Rightarrow e) : \tau[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad \begin{array}{l} r \text{ transforms a final expression of type } \tau \\ \text{to a final expression of type } \tau' \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\text{CTRrule} \quad p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\!\vdash \Gamma_p ; \Delta_p \quad \Gamma \uplus \Gamma_p ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_p \vdash e : \tau'}{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash p \Rightarrow e : \tau[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad (21a)$$

$$\boxed{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad \begin{array}{l} rs \text{ transforms a final expression of type } \tau \\ \text{to a final expression of type } \tau' \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\text{CTOneRules} \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre}}{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r \mid \cdot) : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad (22a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CTRrules} \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau' \quad \xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre}}{\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]r \mid rs : \tau[\xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'} \quad (22b)$$

Lemma 3.0.1. *If $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\!\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ then $\xi : \tau$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (20). □

Lemma 3.0.2. *If $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ then $\xi_r : \tau_1$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (21). □

Lemma 3.0.3. *If $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau_1[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau$ then $\xi_{rs} : \tau_1$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (22). □

Lemma 3.0.4. *If $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'$ and $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ and $\xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rs}$ then $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](rs \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi_{rs} \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$*

Proof.

- (1) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]rs : \tau[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by assumption
- (2) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by assumption
- (3) $\xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (1).

Case (22a).

- (4) $rs = r' \mid \cdot$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi_{rs} = \xi'_r$ by assumption
- (6) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash r' : \tau[\xi'_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by assumption
- (7) $\xi'_r \not\models \xi_{pre}$ by assumption
- (8) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi'_r]r \mid \cdot : \tau[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by Rule (22a) on (2) and (3)
- (9) $\Gamma ; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r' \mid r \mid \cdot) : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau'$ by Rule (22b) on (6) and (8) and (7)

$$(10) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]((r' \mid \cdot) \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau' \\ \text{by Definition 18 on (9)}$$

Case (22b).

$$\begin{aligned} (4) \quad rs &= r' \mid rs' && \text{by assumption} \\ (5) \quad \xi_{rs} &= \xi'_r \vee \xi'_{rs} && \text{by assumption} \\ (6) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash r' : \tau[\xi'_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' && \text{by assumption} \\ (7) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi'_r]rs' : \tau[\xi'_{rs}] &\Rightarrow \tau' && \text{by assumption} \\ (8) \quad \xi'_r &\not\models \xi_{pre} && \text{by assumption} \\ (9) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre} \vee \xi'_r](rs' \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi'_{rs} \vee \xi_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' \\ &\text{by IH on (7) and (2)} \\ &\text{and (3)} \\ (10) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r' \mid (rs' \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond) : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi'_{rs} \vee \xi_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' \\ &\text{by Rule (22b) on (6)} \\ &\text{and (9) and (8)} \\ (11) \quad \Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}]((r' \mid rs') \mid r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau[\xi'_r \vee \xi'_{rs} \vee \xi_r] &\Rightarrow \tau' \\ &\text{by Definition 18 on} \\ &\text{(10)} \end{aligned}$$

□

Lemma 3.0.5 (Substitution). *If $\Gamma, x : \tau; \Delta \vdash e_0 : \tau_0$ and $\Gamma; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ then $\Gamma; \Delta \vdash [e/x]e_0 : \tau_0$*

Lemma 3.0.6 (Simultaneous Substitution). *If $\Gamma \uplus \Gamma'; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and $\theta : \Gamma'$ then $\Gamma; \Delta \vdash [\theta]e : \tau$*

Lemma 3.0.7 (Substitution Typing). *If $e \triangleright p \dashv\vdash \theta$ and $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ and $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\vdash \Gamma; \Delta$ then $\theta : \Gamma$*

Proof by induction on the derivation of $e \triangleright p \dashv\vdash \theta$.

Theorem 3.1 (Determinism). *If $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ then exactly one of the following holds*

1. $e \text{ val}$
2. $e \text{ indet}$
3. $e \mapsto e'$ for some unique e'

4 Dynamic Semantics

$\boxed{e \text{ val}}$ e is a value

$$\frac{\text{VNum}}{\underline{n} \text{ val}} \quad (23a)$$

$$\frac{\text{VLam}}{(\lambda x : \tau. e) \text{ val}} \quad (23b)$$

$$\frac{\text{VPair} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \text{ val}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ val}} \quad (23c)$$

$$\frac{\text{VInl} \quad e \text{ val}}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \text{ val}} \quad (23d)$$

$$\frac{\text{VInr} \quad e \text{ val}}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \text{ val}} \quad (23e)$$

$\boxed{e \text{ indet}}$ e is indeterminate

$$\frac{\text{IEHole}}{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u \text{ indet}} \quad (24a)$$

$$\frac{\text{IHole} \quad e \text{ final}}{\llbracket e \rrbracket^u \text{ indet}} \quad (24b)$$

$$\frac{\text{IAp} \quad e_1 \text{ indet} \quad e_2 \text{ final}}{e_1(e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24c)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPairL} \quad e_1 \text{ indet} \quad e_2 \text{ val}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24d)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPairR} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \text{ indet}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24e)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPair} \quad e_1 \text{ indet} \quad e_2 \text{ indet}}{(e_1, e_2) \text{ indet}} \quad (24f)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPrl} \quad e \text{ indet}}{\text{prl}(e) \text{ indet}} \quad (24g)$$

$$\frac{\text{IPrr} \quad e \text{ indet}}{\text{pr}(e) \text{ indet}} \quad (24h)$$

$$\frac{\text{IInL} \quad e \text{ indet}}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \text{ indet}} \quad (24i)$$

$$\frac{\text{IInR} \quad e \text{ indet}}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \text{ indet}} \quad (24j)$$

$$\frac{\text{IMatch} \quad e \text{ final} \quad e ? p_r}{\text{match}(e)\{rs_{pre} \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid rs_{post}\} \text{ indet}} \quad (24k)$$

$$\boxed{e \text{ final}} \quad e \text{ is final}$$

$$\frac{\text{FVal} \quad e \text{ val}}{e \text{ final}} \quad (25a)$$

$$\frac{\text{FIndet} \quad e \text{ indet}}{e \text{ final}} \quad (25b)$$

$$\boxed{e \text{ notintro}} \quad e \text{ cannot be a value syntactically}$$

$$\frac{\text{NVEHole}}{\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket^u \text{ notintro}} \quad (26a)$$

$$\frac{\text{NVHole}}{\llbracket e \rrbracket^u \text{ notintro}} \quad (26b)$$

$$\frac{\text{NVAp}}{e_1(e_2) \text{ notintro}} \quad (26c)$$

$$\frac{\text{NVMatch}}{\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\} \text{ notintro}} \quad (26d)$$

$$\frac{\text{NVPrI}}{\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}} \quad (26e)$$

$$\frac{\text{NVPrR}}{\text{pr}(e) \text{ notintro}} \quad (26f)$$

$$\boxed{\text{complete}(e)} \quad \text{for } e \text{ final and } \cdot ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$$

$$\text{complete}(e) = \{e\} \quad \text{if } e \text{ val} \quad (27a)$$

$$\text{complete}(e) = \{e' \mid e' : \tau \text{ and } e \text{ val}\} \quad \text{if } e \text{ notintro} \quad (27b)$$

$$\text{complete}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)) = \{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1)\} \quad (27c)$$

$$\text{complete}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)) = \{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \mid e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\} \quad (27d)$$

$$\text{complete}((e_1, e_2)) = \{(e'_1, e'_2) \mid e'_1 \in \text{complete}(e_1) \text{ and } e'_2 \in \text{complete}(e_2)\} \quad (27e)$$

$e' \in \text{values}(e)$ e' is one of the possible values of e

$$\frac{\text{IVVal} \quad e \text{ val} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau}{e \in \text{values}(e)} \quad (28a)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVIndet} \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau \quad e' \text{ val} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash e' : \tau}{e' \in \text{values}(e)} \quad (28b)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVInl} \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ indet} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) : \tau \quad e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)}{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))} \quad (28c)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVInr} \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ indet} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) : \tau \quad e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)}{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))} \quad (28d)$$

$$\frac{\text{IVPair} \quad (e_1, e_2) \text{ indet} \quad \cdot; \Delta \vdash (e_1, e_2) : \tau \quad e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1) \quad e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)}{(e'_1, e'_2) \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))} \quad (28e)$$

Lemma 4.0.1. *If e indet and $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ and $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ then $e' \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ for all $e' \in \text{complete}(e)$.*

Proof.

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (1) e indet | by assumption |
| (2) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\dot{\xi} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (8) on (3).

Case (8a).

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| (5) $\dot{\xi} = \top$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e \models \top$ | by Rule (14a) |

(7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \top$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

Contradicts (4).

Case (1b).

(5) $\dot{\xi} = ?$ by assumption
 (6) $e \models_{\tau} ?$ by Rule (16a)
 (7) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} ?$ by Rule (17a) on (6)

Contradicts (4).

Case (8c).

(5) $\dot{\xi} = \underline{n}$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = \mathbf{num}$ by assumption
 (7) $\underline{n} \mathbf{refutable}_{\tau}$ by Rule (10a)

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a).

(8) $e = \mathbb{O}^u$ by assumption
 (9) $\mathbb{O}^u \mathbf{notintro}$ by Rule (26a)
 (10) $\mathbb{O}^u \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
 (11) $\mathbb{O}^u \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24b).

(8) $e = \langle e_1 \rangle^u$ by assumption
 (9) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \mathbf{notintro}$ by Rule (26b)
 (10) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
 (11) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24c).

(8) $e = e_1(e_2)$ by assumption
 (9) $e_1(e_2) \mathbf{notintro}$ by Rule (26c)
 (10) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
 (11) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24g).

- (8) $e = \text{prl}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{prl}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
- (10) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
- (11) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24h).

- (8) $e = \text{prr}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{prr}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
- (10) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
- (11) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24k).

- (8) $e = \text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption
- (9) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26d)
- (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (7)
- (11) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \underline{n}$ by Rule (17a) on (10)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24d), (24e), (24f).

- (8) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24i).

- (8) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24j).

- (8) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (8g).

- (5) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by assumption
- (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption

- (7) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (8) $\text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10b)

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a).

- (9) $e = \mathbb{0}^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\mathbb{0}^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a)
 (11) $\mathbb{0}^u \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\mathbb{0}^u \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24b).

- (9) $e = \langle e_1 \rangle^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26b)
 (11) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24c).

- (9) $e = e_1(e_2)$ by assumption
 (10) $e_1(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26c)
 (11) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24g).

- (9) $e = \text{prl}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{prl}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
 (11) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24h).

- (9) $e = \text{prr}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{prr}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)
 (11) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{pr}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24k).

(9) $e = \text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26d)
 (11) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24d), (24e), (24f).

(9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24i).

(9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (10) $e_1 \text{ indet}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19j).

(11) $\tau_2' = \tau_2$ by assumption
 (12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (13) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Lemma 2.0.11 on (4)

(14) if $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ then $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$
 by IH on (10) and (12) and (7) and (13)

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ then $e' \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$.

(15) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (15).

Case (28a).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6

Case (28c).

(16) $e' = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1)$ by assumption
 (17) $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ by assumption

- (18) $e'_1 \not\models^\dagger_\tau \dot{\xi}_1$ by (14) on (17)
 (19) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \not\models^\dagger_\tau \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 2.0.11 on (18)

Case (24j).

- (9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ then $e' \not\models^\dagger_\tau \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$.

- (10) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (10).

Case (28a).

- (11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

- (11) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7

Case (28d).

- (11) $e' = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2)$ by assumption

- (12) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \not\models^\dagger_\tau \text{inl}(\dot{\xi}_1)$ by Lemma 1.0.19

Case (8h).

- (5) $\dot{\xi} = \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (7) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
 (8) $\text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_\tau$ by Rule (10c)

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a).

- (9) $e = \mathbb{O}^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\mathbb{O}^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a)
 (11) $\mathbb{O}^u \models_\tau \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)
 (12) $\mathbb{O}^u \models^\dagger_\tau \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24b).

- (9) $e = \langle e_1 \rangle^u$ by assumption
 (10) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26b)
 (11) $\langle e_1 \rangle^u \models_\tau \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $(e_1)^u \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24c).

(9) $e = e_1(e_2)$ by assumption

(10) $e_1(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26c)

(11) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $e_1(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24g).

(9) $e = \text{prl}(e_1)$ by assumption

(10) $\text{prl}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)

(11) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{prl}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24h).

(9) $e = \text{prr}(e_1)$ by assumption

(10) $\text{prr}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26f)

(11) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{prr}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24k).

(9) $e = \text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption

(10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26d)

(11) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (10) and (8)

(12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\} \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (11)

Contradicts (4).

Case (24d), (24e), (24f).

(9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24i).

(9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ then $e' \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$.

(10) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (10).

Case (28a).

(11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(11) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6

Case (28c).

(11) $e' = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1)$ by assumption

(12) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1) \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 1.0.18

Case (24j).

(9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1'}(e_2)$ by assumption

(10) $e_2 \text{ indet}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19k).

(11) $\tau_1' = \tau_1$ by assumption

(12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(13) $e_2 \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.11 on (4)

(14) if $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ then $e'_2 \not\vdash_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$
by IH on (10) and (12)
and (7) and (13)

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ then $e' \not\vdash_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$.

(15) $e' \in \text{values}(\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (15).

Case (28a).

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7

Case (28d).

(16) $e' = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2)$ by assumption

(17) $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ by assumption

- (18) $e'_2 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by (14) on (17)
 (19) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.12 on (18)

Case (8i).

- (5) $\dot{\xi} = (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (7) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (8) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1).

Case (24a), (24b), (24c), (24g), (24h), (24k).

- (9) $e = (\text{!}^u, \text{!}(e_1)^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_1), \text{prr}(e_1), \text{match}(e_1)\{\hat{r}s\})$
 by assumption
 (10) e **notintro** by Rules (26)
 (11) $\text{prl}(e)$ **notintro** by Rule (26e)
 (12) $\text{prr}(e)$ **notintro** by Rule (26f)
 (13) $\text{complete}(e) = \{e' \mid e' \text{ val and } e' : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)\}$
 by Equation 27 on (10)
 (14) $\text{prl}(e)$ **indet** by Rule (24g) on (1)
 (15) $\text{prr}(e)$ **indet** by Rule (24h) on (1)
 (16) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$ by Rule (19h) on (2)
 (17) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$ by Rule (19i) on (2)

By case analysis on the result of $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1)$.

Case true.

- (18) $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{prl}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (19) $\text{prl}(e) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Lemma 1.0.21 on (18)

By case analysis on the result of $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{prr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2)$.

Case true.

- (20) $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{prr}(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{true}$ by assumption
 (21) $\text{prr}(e) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 1.0.21 on (20)

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (19).

Case (17b).

- (22) $\text{prl}(e) \models \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (21).

Case (17b).

- | | |
|--|--|
| (23) $\text{pr}r(e) \models \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (24) $e \models (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (14j) on (10)
and (22) and (23) |
| (25) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (17b) on (24) |
- Contradicts (4).

Case (17a).

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (23) $\text{pr}r(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by assumption |
| (24) $\dot{\xi}_2 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ | by Lemma 1.0.14 on
(12) and (23) |
| (25) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ | by Rule (10e) on (24) |
| (26) $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (16b) on (10)
and (25) |
| (27) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (26) |

Case (17a).

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (22) $\text{pr}l(e) \models_{\text{?}} \dot{\xi}_1$ | by assumption |
| (23) $\dot{\xi}_1 \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ | by Lemma 1.0.14 on
(11) and (22) |
| (24) $(\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2) \text{ refutable}_{\text{?}}$ | by Rule (10d) on (23) |
| (25) $e \models_{\text{?}} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (16b) on (10)
and (24) |
| (26) $e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ | by Rule (17a) on (25) |

Case false.

- | | |
|--|--|
| (20) $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{pr}r(e), \dot{\xi}_2) = \text{false}$ | by assumption |
| (21) $\text{pr}r(e) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by Lemma 1.0.21 on
(20) |
| (22) if $e'_2 \in \text{values}(\text{pr}r(e))$ then $e'_2 \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ | by IH on (15) and (17)
and (8) and (21) |

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(e)$ then $e' \not\models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(e)$.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|
| (23) $e' \in \text{values}(e)$ | by assumption |
|--------------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (23), only two rules apply.

Case (28a).

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| (24) $e \text{ val}$ | by assumption |
|----------------------|---------------|

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------|
| (24) $e' \text{ val}$ | by assumption |
|-----------------------|---------------|

(25) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e' : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (24).

Case (23a).

(26) $e' = \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (25), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23b).

(26) $e' = (\lambda x : \tau'. e'_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (25), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23c).

(26) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption

(27) $e'_2 \text{ val}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (25), only one rule applies. Case (19g)

(28) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash e'_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(29) $e'_2 \in \text{values}(\text{pr}(e))$ by Rule (28b) on (12) and (17) and (27) and (28)

(30) $e'_2 \not\models_{\tau_2}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by (22) on (29)

(31) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (28)

Case (23d).

(26) $e' = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (25), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23e).

(26) $e' = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (25), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case false.

(18) $\text{satisfyormay}(\text{pr}(e), \dot{\xi}_1) = \text{false}$

by assumption

(19) $\text{pr}(e) \not\models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$

by Lemma 1.0.21 on (18)

(20) if $e'_1 \in \text{values}(\text{pr}(e))$ then $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau_1}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$

by IH on (14) and (16) and (7) and (19)

To show if $e' \in \text{values}(e)$ then $e' \not\models_{\tau_1 \times \tau_2}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(e)$.

(21) $e' \in \text{values}(e)$

by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (21), only two rules apply.

Case (28a).

(22) $e \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(22) $e' \text{ val}$ by assumption

(23) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e' : (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (22).

Case (23a).

(24) $e' = \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (23), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23b).

(24) $e' = (\lambda x : \tau'. e'_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (23), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23c).

(24) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption

(25) $e'_1 \text{ val}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (23), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

(26) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e'_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

(27) $e'_1 \in \text{values}(\text{prl}(e))$ by Rule (28b) on (11) and (16) and (25) and (26)

(28) $e'_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by (20) on (27)

(29) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (28)

Case (23d).

(24) $e' = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e'_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (23), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (23e).

(24) $e' = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e'_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (23), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24d).

(9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

(10) $e_1 \text{ indet}$ by assumption

- (11) $e_2 \text{ val}$ by assumption
 (12) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ or $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (4)

By case analysis on the disjunction in (12).

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

- (13) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

- (15) if $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ then $e'_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$
 by IH on (10) and (14)
 and (7) and (13)

To show that if $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ then $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$,
 we assume $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$.

- (16) $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (16).

Case (28a).

- (17) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

- (17) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (28e).

- (17) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption
 (18) $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (19) $e'_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by (15) on (18)
 (20) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (19)

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (13) $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

To show that if $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ then $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$,
 we assume $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$.

- (14) $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (14).

Case (28a).

- (15) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

- (15) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (28e).

(15) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption

(16) $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (16).

Case (28a).

(17) $e'_2 = e_2$ by assumption

(18) $e'_2 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}} \dot{\xi}_2$ by (17) and (13)

(19) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (18)

Case (28b).

(17) e_2 **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts (11) by Lemma 4.0.11.

Case (28c), (28d), (28e).

(17) e_2 **indet** by assumption

Contradicts (11) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (24e).

(9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

(10) e_1 **val** by assumption

(11) e_2 **indet** by assumption

(12) $e_1 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ or $e_2 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (4)

By case analysis on the disjunction in (12).

Case $e_1 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(13) $e_1 \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

To show that if $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ then $(e_1, e_2) \not\vdash_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$.

(14) $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (14).

Case (28a).

(15) (e_1, e_2) **val** by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(15) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (28e).

(15) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption

(16) $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (16).

Case (28a).

- (17) $e'_1 = e_1$ by assumption
- (18) $e'_1 \not\models^\dagger_{?} \dot{\xi}_1$ by (17) and (13)
- (19) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models^\dagger_{?} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (18)

Case (28b).

- (17) e_1 **notintro** by assumption
- Contradicts (10) by Lemma 4.0.11.

Case (28c), (28d), (28e).

- (17) e_1 **indet** by assumption
- Contradicts (10) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case $e_2 \not\models^\dagger_{?} \dot{\xi}_2$.

- (13) $e_2 \not\models^\dagger_{?} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (15) if $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ then $e'_2 \not\models^\dagger_{?} \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (11) and (14) and (8) and (13)

To show that if $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ then $(e_1, e_2) \not\models^\dagger_{?} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$.

- (16) $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (16).

Case (28a).

- (17) (e_1, e_2) **val** by assumption
- Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

- (17) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption
- Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (28e).

- (17) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption
- (18) $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ by assumption
- (19) $e'_2 \not\models^\dagger_{?} \dot{\xi}_2$ by (15) on (18)
- (20) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models^\dagger_{?} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (19)

Case (24f).

- (9) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
- (10) e_1 **indet** by assumption
- (11) e_2 **indet** by assumption

(12) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ or $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (4)

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), only one rule applies.

Case (19g).

(13) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

(14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

By case analysis on the disjunction in (12).

Case $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$.

(15) $e_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by assumption

(16) if $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ then $e'_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$
by IH on (10) and (13)
and (7) and (15)

To show that if $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ then $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$,
we assume $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$.

(17) $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (17).

Case (28a).

(18) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(18) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (28e).

(18) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption

(19) $e'_1 \in \text{values}(e_1)$ by assumption

(20) $e'_1 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by (16) on (19)

(21) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (20)

Case $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$.

(15) $e_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(16) if $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ then $e'_2 \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$
by IH on (11) and (14)
and (8) and (15)

To show that if $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ then $(e_1, e_2) \not\models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$,
we assume $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$.

(17) $e' \in \text{values}((e_1, e_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (28) on (17).

Case (28a).

(18) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ val}$ by assumption

Contradicts (1) by Lemma 4.0.10.

Case (28b).

(18) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (28e).

(18) $e' = (e'_1, e'_2)$ by assumption

(19) $e'_2 \in \text{values}(e_2)$ by assumption

(20) $e'_2 \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by (16) on (19)

(21) $(e'_1, e'_2) \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\xi}_1, \dot{\xi}_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (20)

Case (24i).

(9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (24j).

(9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau'_1}(e_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), no rule applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (8f).

(5) $\dot{\xi} = \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(6) $\dot{\xi}_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

(7) $\dot{\xi}_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption

(8) $e \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$ by assumption

(9) $e \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (8)

(10) $e \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (8)

(11) if $e' \in \text{values}(e)$ then $e' \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by IH on (1) and (2) and (6) and (9)

(12) if $e' \in \text{values}(e)$ then $e' \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_2$ by IH on (1) and (2) and (7) and (10)

To show that if $e' \in \text{values}(e)$ then $e' \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$, we assume $e' \in \text{values}(e)$.

(13) $e' \in \text{values}(e)$ by assumption

(14) $e' \not\vdash_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\xi}_1$ by (11) on (13)

$$(15) \quad e' \not\models_{\dot{\tau}}^{\dot{\tau}} \dot{\xi}_2$$

$$(16) \quad e' \not\models_{\dot{\tau}}^{\dot{\tau}} \dot{\xi}_1 \vee \dot{\xi}_2$$

by (12) on (13)

by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(14) and (15)

□

$$\boxed{\theta : \Gamma} \quad \theta \text{ is of type } \Gamma$$

$$\frac{\text{STEmpty}}{\overline{\emptyset : \cdot}} \quad (29a)$$

$$\frac{\text{STExtend} \quad \theta : \Gamma_{\theta} \quad \Gamma ; \Delta \vdash e : \tau}{\theta, x/e : \Gamma_{\theta}, x : \tau} \quad (29b)$$

$$\boxed{p \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}} \quad p \text{ is refutable}$$

$$\frac{\text{RNum}}{\overline{n \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}} \quad (30a)$$

$$\frac{\text{REHole}}{\overline{\langle \emptyset \rangle^w \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}} \quad (30b)$$

$$\frac{\text{RHole}}{\overline{\langle p \rangle^w \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}} \quad (30c)$$

$$\frac{\text{RInl}}{\overline{\text{inl}(p) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}} \quad (30d)$$

$$\frac{\text{RInr}}{\overline{\text{inr}(p) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}} \quad (30e)$$

$$\frac{\text{RPairL} \quad p_1 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}{\overline{(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}} \quad (30f)$$

$$\frac{\text{RPairR} \quad p_2 \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}{\overline{(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable}_{\dot{\tau}}}} \quad (30g)$$

$$\boxed{e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta} \quad e \text{ matches } p, \text{ emitting } \theta$$

$$\frac{\text{MVar}}{\overline{e \triangleright x \dashv\!\!\parallel e/x}} \quad (31a)$$

$$\frac{\text{MWild}}{\overline{e \triangleright _ \dashv\!\!\parallel \cdot}} \quad (31b)$$

$$\frac{\text{MNum}}{\underline{n} \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv\!\!\mid} \quad (31c)$$

$$\frac{\text{MPair}}{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_1 \quad e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_2} \frac{}{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2} \quad (31d)$$

$$\frac{\text{MInl}}{e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\mid \theta} \frac{}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \triangleright \text{inl}(p) \dashv\!\!\mid \theta} \quad (31e)$$

$$\frac{\text{MInr}}{e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\mid \theta} \frac{}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \triangleright \text{inr}(p) \dashv\!\!\mid \theta} \quad (31f)$$

$$\frac{\text{MNotIntroPair}}{e \text{ notintro} \quad \text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_1 \quad \text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_2} \frac{}{e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2} \quad (31g)$$

$\boxed{e ? p}$ e may match p

$$\frac{\text{MMEHole}}{e ? \langle \rangle^w} \quad (32a)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMHole}}{e ? \langle p \rangle^w} \quad (32b)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMNotIntro}}{e \text{ notintro} \quad p \text{ refutable?}} \frac{}{e ? p} \quad (32c)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMPairL}}{e_1 ? p_1 \quad e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_2} \frac{}{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)} \quad (32d)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMPairR}}{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_1 \quad e_2 ? p_2} \frac{}{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)} \quad (32e)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMPair}}{e_1 ? p_1 \quad e_2 ? p_2} \frac{}{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)} \quad (32f)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMInl}}{e ? p} \frac{}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) ? \text{inl}(p)} \quad (32g)$$

$$\frac{\text{MMInr}}{e ? p} \frac{}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) ? \text{inr}(p)} \quad (32h)$$

$\boxed{e \perp p}$ e does not match p

$$\frac{\text{NMNum} \quad n_1 \neq n_2}{\underline{n_1} \perp \underline{n_2}} \quad (33a)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMPairL} \quad e_1 \perp p_1}{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)} \quad (33b)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMPairR} \quad e_2 \perp p_2}{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)} \quad (33c)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMConfL}}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inl}(p)} \quad (33d)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMConfR}}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inr}(p)} \quad (33e)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMInl} \quad e \perp p}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inl}(p)} \quad (33f)$$

$$\frac{\text{NMInr} \quad e \perp p}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \perp \text{inr}(p)} \quad (33g)$$

$\boxed{e \mapsto e'}$ e takes a step to e'

$$\frac{\text{ITHole} \quad e \mapsto e'}{(\llbracket e \rrbracket^u \mapsto \llbracket e' \rrbracket^u)} \quad (34a)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITApFun} \quad e_1 \mapsto e'_1}{e_1(e_2) \mapsto e'_1(e_2)} \quad (34b)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITApArg} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \mapsto e'_2}{e_1(e_2) \mapsto e_1(e'_2)} \quad (34c)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITAP} \quad e_2 \text{ val}}{(\lambda x : \tau. e_1)(e_2) \mapsto [e_2/x]e_1} \quad (34d)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPairL} \quad e_1 \mapsto e'_1}{(e_1, e_2) \mapsto (e'_1, e_2)} \quad (34e)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPairR} \quad e_1 \text{ val} \quad e_2 \mapsto e'_2}{(e_1, e_2) \mapsto (e_1, e'_2)} \quad (34f)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPrI} \quad (e_1, e_2) \text{ final}}{\text{prl}((e_1, e_2)) \mapsto e_1} \quad (34g)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITPrR} \quad (e_1, e_2) \text{ final}}{\text{prr}((e_1, e_2)) \mapsto e_2} \quad (34h)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITInI} \quad e \mapsto e'}{\text{inl}_\tau(e) \mapsto \text{inl}_\tau(e')} \quad (34i)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITInR} \quad e \mapsto e'}{\text{inr}_\tau(e) \mapsto \text{inr}_\tau(e')} \quad (34j)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITExpMatch} \quad e \mapsto e'}{\text{match}(e)\{\hat{r}s\} \mapsto \text{match}(e')\{\hat{r}s\}} \quad (34k)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITSuccMatch} \quad e \text{ final} \quad e \triangleright p_r \dashv \theta}{\text{match}(e)\{rs_{pre} \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid rs_{post}\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)} \quad (34l)$$

$$\frac{\text{ITFailMatch} \quad e \text{ final} \quad e \perp p_r}{\text{match}(e)\{rs \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid (r' \mid rs')\} \mapsto \text{match}(e)\{(rs \mid (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) \mid \cdot)^\diamond \mid r' \mid rs'\}} \quad (34m)$$

Lemma 4.0.2. *If $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ final}$ then $e_1 \text{ final}$.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (25) on $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ final}$.

Case (25a).

$$(17) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ val} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (17), only one case applies.

Case (23d).

$$\begin{array}{ll} (18) \quad e_1 \text{ val} & \text{by assumption} \\ (19) \quad e_1 \text{ final} & \text{by Rule (25a) on (18)} \end{array}$$

Case (25b).

$$(17) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ indet} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (17), only one case applies.

Case (24i).

$$(18) \quad e_1 \text{ indet} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

(19) e_1 **final** by Rule (25b) on (18)

□

Lemma 4.0.3. *If $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ **final** then e_2 **final**.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (25) on $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ **final**.

Case (25a).

(1) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ **val** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (1), only one case applies.

Case (23d).

(2) e_2 **val** by assumption

(3) e_2 **final** by Rule (25a) on (2)

Case (25b).

(1) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ **indet** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), only one case applies.

Case (24i).

(2) e_2 **indet** by assumption

(3) e_2 **final** by Rule (25b) on (2)

□

Lemma 4.0.4. *If (e_1, e_2) **final** then e_1 **final** and e_2 **final**.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (25) on (e_1, e_2) **final**.

Case (25a).

(1) (e_1, e_2) **val** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (23) on (1), only one case applies.

Case (23c).

(2) e_1 **val** by assumption

(3) e_2 **val** by assumption

(4) e_1 **final** by Rule (25a) on (2)

(5) e_2 **final** by Rule (25a) on (3)

Case (25b).

(1) (e_1, e_2) **indet** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (24) on (1), only three cases apply.

Case (24d).

(2) e_1 indet	by assumption
(3) e_2 val	by assumption
(4) e_1 final	by Rule (25b) on (2)
(5) e_1 final	by Rule (25a) on (3)

Case (24e).

(2) e_1 val	by assumption
(3) e_2 indet	by assumption
(4) e_1 final	by Rule (25a) on (2)
(5) e_1 final	by Rule (25b) on (3)

Case (24f).

(2) e_1 indet	by assumption
(3) e_2 indet	by assumption
(4) e_1 final	by Rule (25b) on (2)
(5) e_1 final	by Rule (25b) on (3)

□

Lemma 4.0.5. *There doesn't exist \underline{n} such that \underline{n} **notintro**.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on \underline{n} **notintro**, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.6. *There doesn't exist $\text{inl}_\tau(e)$ such that $\text{inl}_\tau(e)$ **notintro**.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on $\text{inl}_\tau(e)$ **notintro**, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.7. *There doesn't exist $\text{inr}_\tau(e)$ such that $\text{inr}_\tau(e)$ **notintro**.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on $\text{inr}_\tau(e)$ **notintro**, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.8. *There doesn't exist (e_1, e_2) such that (e_1, e_2) **notintro**.*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (26) on (e_1, e_2) **notintro**, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. □

Lemma 4.0.9. *If e **final** and e **notintro** then e **indet**.*

Proof Sketch. By rule induction over Rules (26) on e **notintro**, for each case, by rule induction over Rules (23) on e **val** and we notice that e **val** is not derivable. By rule induction over Rules (25) on e **final**, Rule (25a) result in a contradiction with the fact that e **val** is not derivable while Rule (25b) tells us e **indet**. □

Lemma 4.0.10. *There doesn't exist such an expression e such that both e **val** and e **indet**.*

Lemma 4.0.11. *There doesn't exist such an expression e such that both e **val** and e **notintro**.*

Lemma 4.0.12 (Finality). *There doesn't exist such an expression e such that both e **final** and $e \mapsto e'$ for some e'*

Proof. Assume there exists such an e such that both e **final** and $e \mapsto e'$ for some e' then proof by contradiction.

By rule induction over Rules (25) and Rules (34), *i.e.*, over Rules (23) and Rules (34) and over Rules (24) and Rules (34) respectively. The proof can be done by straightforward observation of syntactic contradictions. \square

Lemma 4.0.13 (Matching Determinism). *If e **final** and $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ and $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\vdash \Gamma; \Delta$ then exactly one of the following holds*

1. $e \triangleright p \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ
2. $e ? p$
3. $e \perp p$

Proof.

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (1) e final | by assumption |
| (2) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (3) $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\vdash \Gamma; \Delta$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (20) on (3), we would show one conclusion is derivable while the other two are not.

Case (20a).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (4) $p = x$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \triangleright x \dashv\vdash e/x$ | by Rule (31a) |

Assume $e ? x$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only one case applies.

Case (32c).

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------|
| (6) x refutable? | by assumption |
|---------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (30) on (6), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| (7) $e ? x$ | by contradiction |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|

Assume $e \perp x$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(8) $e \not\perp x$ by contradiction

Case (20b).

(4) $p = _$ by assumption

(5) $e \triangleright _ \dashv\!\!\mid$ by Rule (31b)

Assume $e ? _$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only one case applies.

Case (32c).

(6) $_ \text{refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (30) on (6), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(7) $e ? _$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp _$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(8) $e \not\perp _$ by contradiction

Case (20c).

(4) $p = (\mathbb{I})^w$ by assumption

(5) $e ? (\mathbb{I})^w$ by Rule (32a)

Assume $e \triangleright (\mathbb{I})^w \dashv\!\!\mid \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(6) $e \triangleright (\mathbb{I})^w \dashv\!\!\mid \theta$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp (\mathbb{I})^w$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(7) $e \not\perp (\mathbb{I})^w$ by contradiction

Case (20d).

(4) $p = (p_0)^w$ by assumption

(5) $e ? (p_0)^w$ by Rule (32b)

Assume $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

$$(6) \quad \underline{e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv\vdash \theta} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Assume $e \perp \langle p_0 \rangle^w$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

$$(7) \quad \underline{e \perp \langle p_0 \rangle^w} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Case (20e).

$$(4) \quad p = \underline{n_2} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(5) \quad \tau = \text{num} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad \xi = \underline{n_2} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(7) \quad \underline{n_2} \text{ refutable?} \quad \text{by Rule (30a)}$$

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

$$(8) \quad e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{pr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$$

by assumption

$$(9) \quad e \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)}$$

$$(10) \quad e ? \underline{n_2} \quad \text{by Rule (16b) on (7) and (9)}$$

Assume $e \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

$$(11) \quad \underline{e \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\vdash \theta} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Assume $e \perp \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

$$(12) \quad \underline{e \perp \underline{n_2}} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

Case (19d).

$$(8) \quad e = \underline{n_1}$$

Assume $\underline{n_1} ? \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

$$(9) \quad \underline{n_1} \text{ notintro} \quad \text{by assumption}$$

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.5.

$$(10) \quad \underline{n_1} ? \underline{n_2} \quad \text{by contradiction}$$

By case analysis on whether $n_1 = n_2$.

Case $n_1 = n_2$.

(11) $n_1 = n_2$ by assumption

(12) $\underline{n_1} \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\vdash$ by Rule (31c)

Assume $\underline{n_1} \perp \underline{n_2}$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33a).

(13) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (11).

(14) $\underline{n_1} \dashv\!\!\vdash \underline{n_2}$ by contradiction

Case $n_1 \neq n_2$.

(11) $n_1 \neq n_2$ by assumption

(12) $\underline{n_1} \perp \underline{n_2}$ by Rule (33a) on (11)

Assume $\underline{n_1} \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\underline{n_1} \triangleright \underline{n_2} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by contradiction

Case (20f).

(4) $p = \text{inl}(p_1)$ by assumption

(5) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption

(6) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

(7) $p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption

(8) $\text{inl}(p_1) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30d)

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(9) $e = \mathbb{0}^u, \mathbb{1}^{e_0}{}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$

by assumption

(10) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule

(26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

(11) $e ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (8)

and (10)

Assume $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 . By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(12) $\underline{e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1)} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by contradiction

Assume $e \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(13) $\underline{e \perp \text{inl}(p_1)}$ by contradiction

Case (19j).

- (9) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
- (10) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (11) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.2 on (1)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (11) and (7), exactly one of $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ for some θ_1 , $e_1 ? p_1$, and $e_1 \perp p_1$ holds.

By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$.

- (12) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ by assumption
- (13) $\cancel{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption
- (14) $\cancel{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ by Rule (31e) on (12)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (32g).

- (16) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (13).

- (17) $\cancel{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)}$ by contradiction

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33f).

- (18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (14).

- (19) $\cancel{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 ? p_1$.

- (12) $\cancel{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1}$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
- (14) $\cancel{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption
- (15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (32g) on (13)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31e).

- (16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

(17) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33f).

(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (14).

(19) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $e_1 \perp p_1$.

(12) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(13) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$

(14) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \perp \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (33f) on (14)

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31e).

(16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

(17) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

(18) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (32g).

(18) $e_1 \triangleright p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (13).

(19) $\frac{\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case (20g).

(4) $p = \text{inr}(p_2)$ by assumption

(5) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption

(6) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption

(8) $\text{inr}(p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30e)

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (9) $e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
by assumption
- (10) $e \text{ notintro}$
by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
- (11) $e ? \text{inr}(p_2)$
by Rule (16b) on (8) and (10)

Assume $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$ for some θ_2 . By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (12) $e \triangleright \overline{\text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2}$
by contradiction

Assume $e \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

- (13) $e \perp \overline{\text{inr}(p_2)}$
by contradiction

Case (19k).

- (9) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$
by assumption
- (10) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$
by assumption
- (11) $e_2 \text{ final}$
by Lemma 4.0.3 on (1)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (11) and (7), exactly one of $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$ for some θ_2 , $e_2 ? p_2$, and $e_2 \perp p_2$ holds. By case analysis on which one holds.

Case $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$.

- (12) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$
by assumption
- (13) $e_2 ? p_2$
by assumption
- (14) $e_2 \perp p_2$
by assumption
- (15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_2$
by Rule (31f) on (12)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$
by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7.

Case (32h).

- (16) $e_2 ? p_2$
by assumption

Contradicts (13).

- (17) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)}$
by contradiction

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33g).

- (18) $e_2 \perp p_2$
by assumption

Contradicts (14).

(19) $\frac{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $e_2 ? p_2$.

(12) $\frac{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by assumption}}$

(13) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

(14) $\frac{e_2 \perp p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (32h) on (13)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31f).

(16) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

(17) $\frac{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only one case applies.

Case (33g).

(18) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (14).

(19) $\frac{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Case $e_2 \perp p_2$.

(12) $\frac{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by assumption}}$

(13) $\frac{e_2 ? p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$

(14) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

(15) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \perp \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (33g) on (14)

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31f).

(16) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta$ by assumption

Contradicts (12).

(17) $\frac{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$

Assume $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

(18) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.7.

Case (32h).

(18) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (13).

(19) $\overline{\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case (20h).

(4) $p = (p_1, p_2)$ by assumption
 (5) $\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (6) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption
 (7) $\Gamma = \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2$ by assumption
 (8) $\Delta = \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2$ by assumption
 (9) $p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma_1 ; \Delta_1$ by assumption
 (10) $p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma_2 ; \Delta_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (2), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(11) $e = \mathbb{0}^u, (\mathbb{e}_0)^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{r's\}$
 by assumption
 (12) e notintro by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
 (13) e indet by Lemma 4.0.9 on (1) and (12)
 (14) $\text{prl}(e)$ indet by Rule (24g) on (13)
 (15) $\text{prl}(e)$ final by Rule (25b) on (14)
 (16) $\text{prr}(e)$ indet by Rule (24h) on (13)
 (17) $\text{prr}(e)$ final by Rule (25b) on (16)
 (18) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$ by Rule (19h) on (2)
 (19) $\cdot ; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$ by Rule (19i) on (2)

Assume $e \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction on it, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

(20) $\overline{e \perp (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

By inductive hypothesis on (15) and (18) and (9), exactly one of $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$, $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$, and $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (17) and (19) and (10), exactly one of $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$, $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$, and $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for p_1 and p_2 . Note that we have already shown $\overline{e \perp (p_1, p_2)}$.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1, \text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$.

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

- | | |
|--|--|
| (22) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (24) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ | by assumption |
| (25) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_2}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_2}$ | by assumption |
| (26) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_2}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_2}$ | by assumption |
| (27) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ | by Rule (31g) on (12)
and (21) and (24) |

Assume $e ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only one case applies.

Case (32c).

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| (28) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ | by assumption |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (30), only two cases apply.

Case (30f).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (29) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ | by assumption |
| (30) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ | by Rule (26e) |
| (31) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ | by Rule (32c) on (29)
and (30) |

Contradicts (22).

Case (30g).

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (29) $p_2 \text{ refutable?}$ | by assumption |
| (30) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ | by Rule (26f) |
| (31) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ | by Rule (32c) on (29)
and (30) |

Contradicts (22).

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|--|------------------|
| (32) $\frac{e ? (p_1, p_2)}{e ? (p_1, p_2)}$ | by contradiction |
|--|------------------|

Case $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1, \text{prl}(e) ? p_2$.

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|--|---------------|
| (21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ | by assumption |
| (22) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (24) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (25) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_2$ | by assumption |
| (26) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) ? p_2}{\text{prl}(e) \vdash p_2}$ | by assumption |

Assume $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

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|---|---------------|
| (27) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ | by assumption |
| (28) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ | by assumption |

Contradicts (24).

(29) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (25), the following cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

(30) $p_2 = \langle \emptyset \rangle^w, \langle p \rangle^w$ by assumption
 (31) p_2 refutable? by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)
 (32) (p_1, p_2) refutable? by Rule (30g) on (31)
 (33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32)

Case (32c).

(30) p_2 refutable? by assumption
 (31) (p_1, p_2) refutable? by Rule (30g) on (30)
 (32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31)

Case $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1, \text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$.

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ by assumption
 (24) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
 (25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption
 (26) $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (26), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1, \text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$.

(21) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ by assumption
 (24) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
 (25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption
 (26) $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ by assumption

Assume $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

(27) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by assumption
 (28) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (21).

(29) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ by contradiction

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (22), the following cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

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|---|--------------------------------|
| (30) $p_1 = \langle \emptyset \rangle^w, \langle p \rangle^w$ | by assumption |
| (31) p_1 refutable? | by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c) |
| (32) (p_1, p_2) refutable? | by Rule (30g) on (31) |
| (33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ | by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32) |

Case (32c).

- | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (30) p_1 refutable? | by assumption |
| (31) (p_1, p_2) refutable? | by Rule (30g) on (30) |
| (32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ | by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31) |

Case $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1, \text{pr}(e) ? p_2$.

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (21) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ | by assumption |
| (22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ | by assumption |
| (23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}{\text{pr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2}$ | by assumption |
| (24) $\text{pr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2$ | by assumption |
| (25) $\text{pr}(e) ? p_2$ | by assumption |
| (26) $\text{pr}(e) \perp p_2$ | by assumption |

Assume $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv \vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

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|--|---------------|
| (27) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ | by assumption |
| (28) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1$ | by assumption |

Contradicts (21).

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|---|------------------|
| (29) $\frac{e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv \vdash \theta}{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1}$ | by contradiction |
|---|------------------|

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (22), the following cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

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|---|--------------------------------|
| (30) $p_1 = \langle \emptyset \rangle^w, \langle p \rangle^w$ | by assumption |
| (31) p_1 refutable? | by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c) |
| (32) (p_1, p_2) refutable? | by Rule (30g) on (31) |
| (33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ | by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32) |

Case (32c).

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|-----------------------|---------------|
| (30) p_1 refutable? | by assumption |
|-----------------------|---------------|

- (31) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30g) on (30)
 (32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12)
 and (31)

Case $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1, \text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$.

- (21) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption
 (23) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1}{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1}$ by assumption
 (24) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2}{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}$ by assumption
 (25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption
 (26) $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (26), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1, \text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2$.

- (21) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ by assumption
 (24) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
 (25) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}$ by assumption
 (26) $\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (23), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1, \text{prr}(e) ? p_2$.

- (21) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ by assumption
 (24) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2}{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}$ by assumption
 (25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption
 (26) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (23), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1, \text{prr}(e) \perp p_2$.

- (21) $\frac{\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv \vdash \theta_1}{\text{prl}(e) ? p_1}$ by assumption
 (22) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by assumption
 (23) $\text{prl}(e) \perp p_1$ by assumption
 (24) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2}{\text{prr}(e) ? p_2}$ by assumption
 (25) $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$ by assumption
 (26) $\frac{\text{prr}(e) \perp p_2}{\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv \vdash \theta_2}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (33) on (23), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Therefore, vacuously true.

Case (19g).

- (11) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
- (12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (13) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (14) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (1)
- (15) e_2 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (1)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (12) and (14), exactly one of $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$, $e_1 ? p_1$, and $e_1 \perp p_1$ holds.

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (13) and (15), exactly one of $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$, $e_2 ? p_2$, and $e_2 \perp p_2$ holds.

By case analysis on which conclusion holds for p_1 and p_2 .

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1, e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$.

- (16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption
- (17) $\overline{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption
- (18) $\overline{e_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash p_1}$ by assumption
- (19) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
- (20) $\overline{e_2 ? p_2}$ by assumption
- (21) $\overline{e_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash p_2}$ by assumption
- (22) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by Rule (31d) on (16) and (19)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (23) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

- (23) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (32e).

- (23) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

Case (32f).

- (23) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

- (24) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

(25) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

(25) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (21).

(26) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1, e_2 ? p_2$.

(16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

(17) $\overline{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption

(18) $\overline{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption

(19) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2}$ by assumption

(20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

(21) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption

(22) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32e) on (16) and (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

(26) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

(26) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (21).

(27) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1, e_2 \perp p_2$.

(16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

(17) $\overline{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption

(18) $\overline{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption

(19) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2}$ by assumption

(20) $\overline{e_2 ? p_2}$ by assumption

(21) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33c) on (21)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(26) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (32e).

(26) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

Case (32f).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(27) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 ? p_1, e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$.

(16) $\overline{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1}$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

(18) $\overline{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$ by assumption

(20) $\overline{e_2 ? p_2}$ by assumption

(21) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption

(22) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32d) on (17) and (19)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (16).

(25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

(26) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

(26) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (21).

(27) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 ? p_1, e_2 ? p_2$.

(16) $\overline{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1}$ by assumption
 (17) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
 (18) $\overline{e_1 \perp p_1}$ by assumption
 (19) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2}$ by assumption
 (20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption
 (21) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption
 (22) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32f) on (17) and (20)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$
 (24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (19).

(25) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (33) on it, only two cases apply.

Case (33b).

(26) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption
 Contradicts (18).

Case (33c).

(26) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption
 Contradicts (21).

(27) $\frac{(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$	by contradiction
Case $e_1 ? p_1, e_2 \perp p_2$.	
(16) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption
(17) $e_1 ? p_1$	by assumption
(18) $\frac{e_1 \perp p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption
(19) $\frac{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption
(20) $\frac{e_2 ? p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption
(21) $e_2 \perp p_2$	by assumption
(22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$	by Rule (33c) on (21)
Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.	
Case (31d).	
(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$	
(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$	by assumption
Contradicts (19).	
(25) $\frac{(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}{\text{by contradiction}}$	by contradiction
Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.	
Case (32c).	
(26) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$	by assumption
Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.	
Case (32d).	
(26) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$	by assumption
Contradicts (19).	
Case (32e).	
(26) $e_2 ? p_2$	by assumption
Contradicts (20).	
Case (32f).	
(26) $e_2 ? p_2$	by assumption
Contradicts (20).	
(27) $\frac{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}{\text{by contradiction}}$	by contradiction
Case $e_1 \perp p_1, e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$.	
(16) $\frac{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption
(17) $\frac{e_1 ? p_1}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption
(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$	by assumption
(19) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$	by assumption
(20) $\frac{e_2 ? p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption
(21) $\frac{e_2 \perp p_2}{\text{by assumption}}$	by assumption

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33b) on (18)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

(25) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright \overline{(p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta}$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(26) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

Case (32e).

(26) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (20).

Case (32f).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(27) $\overline{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \perp p_1, e_2 ? p_2$.

(16) $\overline{e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_1}$ by assumption

(17) $\overline{e_1 ? p_1}$ by assumption

(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

(19) $\overline{e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2}$ by assumption

(20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

(21) $\overline{e_2 \perp p_2}$ by assumption

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33b) on (18)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\parallel \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(25) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright \overline{(p_1, p_2)} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(26) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(26) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (32e).

(26) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

Case (32f).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(27) $(e_1, e_2) ? \overline{(p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

Case $e_1 \perp p_1, e_2 \perp p_2$.

(16) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption

(17) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

(18) $e_1 \perp p_1$ by assumption

(19) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

(20) $e_2 ? p_2$ by assumption

(21) $e_2 \perp p_2$ by assumption

(22) $(e_1, e_2) \perp (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (33b) on (18)

Assume $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on it, only one case applies.

Case (31d).

(23) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$

(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

(25) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright \overline{(p_1, p_2)} \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by contradiction

Assume $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (32) on it, only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(26) $(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(26) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption

Contradicts (19).

Case (32e).

(26) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\mid \theta_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (16).

Case (32f).

(26) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption

Contradicts (17).

(27) $\underline{(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)}$ by contradiction

□

Lemma 4.0.14 (Matching Coherence of Constraint). *Suppose that $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ and e final and $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\!\!\mid \Gamma; \Delta$. Then we have*

1. $e \models \xi$ iff $e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\mid \theta$

2. $e \models_{?} \xi$ iff $e ? p$

3. $e \not\models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \perp p$

Proof.

(1) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e : \tau$ by assumption

(2) e final by assumption

(3) $p : \tau[\xi] \dashv\!\!\mid \Gamma; \Delta$ by assumption

Given Lemma 3.0.1, Theorem 2.1, and Lemma 4.0.13, it is sufficient to prove

1. $e \models \xi$ iff $e \triangleright p \dashv\!\!\mid \theta$

2. $e \models_{?} \xi$ iff $e ? p$

By rule induction over Rules (20) on (3).

Case (20a).

(4) $p = x$ by assumption

(5) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

1. Prove $e \models \top$ implies $e \triangleright x \dashv\!\!\mid \theta$ for some θ .

(6) $e \triangleright x \dashv\!\!\mid e/x$ by Rule (31a)

2. Prove $e \triangleright x \dashv\!\!\mid \theta$ implies $e \models \top$.

(6) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

3. Prove $e \models_{?} \top$ implies $e ? x$.

(6) $e \not\models_{?} \top$ by Lemma 2.0.3

Vacuously true.

4. Prove $e ? x$ implies $e \models ? \top$.

By rule induction over Rules (32), we notice that either, $e ? x$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, or the premise x **refutable**_? is not derivable. Hence, $e ? x$ are not derivable. And thus vacuously true.

Case (20b).

- (4) $p = _$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = \top$ by assumption

1. Prove $e \models \top$ implies $e \triangleright _ \dashv \vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (6) $e \triangleright _ \dashv \vdash \cdot$ by Rule (31a)

2. Prove $e \triangleright _ \dashv \vdash \theta$ implies $e \models \top$.

- (6) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

3. Prove $e \models ? \top$ implies $e ? _$.

- (6) $e \not\models ? \top$ by Lemma 2.0.3

Vacuously true.

4. Prove $e ? _$ implies $e \models ? \xi$.

By rule induction over Rules (32), we notice that either, $e ? _$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, or the premise $_$ **refutable**_? is not derivable. Hence, $e ? _$ are not derivable. And thus vacuously true.

Case (20c).

- (4) $p = \mathbb{0}^w$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = ?$ by assumption
- (6) $\bar{\xi} = ?$ by Definition 9

1. Prove $e \models ?$ implies $e \triangleright \mathbb{0}^w \dashv \vdash \theta$ for some θ .

- (7) $e \not\models ?$ by Rule (31a)

Vacuously true.

2. Prove $e \triangleright \mathbb{0}^w \dashv \vdash \theta$ implies $e \models ?$.

By rule induction over Rules (31), we notice that $e \triangleright \mathbb{0}^w \dashv \vdash \theta$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. And thus vacuously true.

3. Prove $e \models ?$ implies $e ? \mathbb{0}^w$.

- (7) $e ? \mathbb{0}^w$ by Rule (32a)

4. Prove $e \text{ ? } \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{ ?}$.
 (7) $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{ ?}$ by Rule (16a)

Case (20d).

- (4) $p = \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by assumption
 (5) $\xi = \text{ ?}$ by assumption

1. Prove $e \models \text{ ?}$ implies $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \parallel \theta$ for some θ .
 (6) $e \not\models \text{ ?}$ by Rule (31a)
 Vacuously true.
 2. Prove $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \parallel \theta$ implies $e \models \text{ ?}$.
 By rule induction over Rules (31), we notice that $e \triangleright \langle p_0 \rangle^w \dashv \parallel \theta$ is in syntactic contradiction with all the cases, hence not derivable. And thus vacuously true.
 3. Prove $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{ ?}$ implies $e \text{ ? } \langle p_0 \rangle^w$.
 (6) $e \text{ ? } \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by Rule (32b)
 4. Prove $e \text{ ? } \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{ ?}$.
 (6) $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{ ?}$ by Rule (16a)

Case (20e).

- (4) $p = \underline{n}$ by assumption
 (5) $\xi = \underline{n}$ by assumption

1. Prove $e \models \underline{n}$ implies $e \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv \parallel \theta$ for some θ .
 (6) $e \models \underline{n}$ by assumption
 By rule induction over Rules (14) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (14b).

- (7) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption
 (8) $\underline{n} \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv \parallel \cdot$ by Rule (31c)

2. Prove $e \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv \parallel \theta$ implies $e \models \underline{n}$.
 (6) $e \triangleright \underline{n} \dashv \parallel \theta$ by assumption
 By rule induction over Rules (31) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (31c).

- (7) $e = \underline{n}$ by assumption
 (8) $\theta = \cdot$ by assumption
 (9) $\underline{n} \models \underline{n}$ by Rule (14b)

3. Prove $e \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ implies $e ? \underline{n}$.

(6) $e \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

(7) e **notintro** by assumption
 (8) \underline{n} **refutable?** by Rule (30a)
 (9) $e ? \underline{n}$ by Rule (32c) on (7) and (8)

4. Prove $e ? \underline{n}$ implies $e \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$.

(6) $e ? \underline{n}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (6), only one case applies.

Case (32c).

(7) e **notintro** by assumption
 (8) \underline{n} **refutable?** by Rule (10a)
 (9) $e \models_{\tau} \underline{n}$ by Rule (16) on (7) and (8)

Case (20f).

(4) $p = \text{inl}(p_1)$ by assumption
 (5) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
 (7) $p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (1), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(8) $e = \langle \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$
 by assumption
 (9) e **notintro** by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

1. Prove $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (14) on $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
 Therefore, vacuously true.

2. Prove $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on $e \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\vdash \theta$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.
 Therefore, vacuously true.

3. Prove $e \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $e ? \text{inl}(p_1)$.

(10) $\text{inl}(p_1)$ **refutable?** by Rule (30d)

(11) $e \text{ ? inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (32c) on (9) and (10)

4. Prove $e \text{ ? inl}(p_1)$ implies $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

(10) $\text{inl}(\xi_1) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10b)

(11) $e \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (10)

Case (19j).

(8) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption

(9) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

(10) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.2 on (2)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (9) and (7).

(11) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ iff $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\!\vdash \theta$ for some θ

(12) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ iff $e_1 \text{ ? } p_1$

1. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\!\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

(13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (13), only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(14) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(15) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by (11) on (14)

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by Rule (31e) on (15)

2. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\!\vdash \theta$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

(13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \triangleright \text{inl}(p_1) \dashv\!\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (13), only one case applies.

Case (31e).

(14) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption

(15) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by (11) on (14)

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (15)

3. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ ? } \text{inl}(p_1)$.

(13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\text{?}} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (13), only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

(14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (16e).

(14) $e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$ by assumption

(15) $e_1 \text{ ? } p_1$ by (12) on (14)

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ ? } \text{inl}(p_1)$ by Rule (32g) on (15)

4. Prove $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ implies $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.
 - (13) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) ? \text{inl}(p_1)$ by assumption
 - By rule induction over Rules (32) on (13), only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

 - (14) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption
 - Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (32g).

 - (14) $e_1 ? p_1$ by assumption
 - (15) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ by (12) on (14)
 - (16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (16e) on (15)

Case (20g).

- (4) $p = \text{inr}(p_2)$ by assumption
- (5) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
- (6) $\tau = (\tau_1 + \tau_2)$ by assumption
- (7) $p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv\vdash \Gamma ; \Delta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (1), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

- (8) $e = \text{inl}^u, \text{inr}^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$ by assumption
- (9) $e \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)

1. Prove $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ for some θ . By rule induction over Rules (14) on $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. Therefore, vacuously true.
2. Prove $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$. By rule induction over Rules (31) on $e \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\vdash \theta$, no case applies due to syntactic contradiction. Therefore, vacuously true.
3. Prove $e \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $e ? \text{inr}(p_2)$.
 - (10) $\text{inr}(p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30e)
 - (11) $e ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (9) and (10)
4. Prove $e ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ implies $e \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.
 - (10) $\text{inr}(\xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (10c)
 - (11) $e \models_{\tau} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (9) and (10)

Case (19k).

- (8) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption
- (9) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
- (10) $e_2 \text{ final}$ by Lemma 4.0.2 on (2)

By inductive hypothesis on (10) and (9) and (7).

- (11) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ iff $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ
- (12) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ iff $e_2 ? p_2$

1. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ for some θ .

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (13), only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- (14) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (15) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by (11) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta_1$ by Rule (31e) on (15)

2. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \triangleright \text{inr}(p_2) \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (13), only one case applies.

Case (31e).

- (14) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\dashv \theta$ by assumption
- (15) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by (11) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14g) on (15)

3. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$.

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (13), only two cases apply.

Case (16b).

- (14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (16e).

- (14) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ by assumption
- (15) $e_2 ? p_2$ by (12) on (14)
- (16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by Rule (32g) on (15)

4. Prove $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ implies $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

- (13) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) ? \text{inr}(p_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (13), only two cases apply.

Case (32c).

- (14) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \text{ notintro}$ by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.6.

Case (32g).

(14)	$e_2 ? p_2$	by assumption
(15)	$e_2 \models? \xi_2$	by (12) on (14)
(16)	$\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models? \text{inr}(\xi_2)$	by Rule (16e) on (15)

Case (20h).

(4)	$p = (p_1, p_2)$	by assumption
(5)	$\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(6)	$\tau = (\tau_1 \times \tau_2)$	by assumption
(7)	$\Gamma = \Gamma_1 \uplus \Gamma_2$	by assumption
(8)	$\Delta = \Delta_1 \uplus \Delta_2$	by assumption
(9)	$p_1 : \tau_1[\xi_1] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma_1 ; \Delta_1$	by assumption
(10)	$p_2 : \tau_2[\xi_2] \dashv\!\!\vdash \Gamma_2 ; \Delta_2$	by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (19) on (1), the following cases apply.

Case (19b),(19c),(19f),(19h),(19i),(19l),(19m).

(11)	$e = \langle \emptyset \rangle^u, \langle e_0 \rangle^u, e_1(e_2), \text{prl}(e_0), \text{prr}(e_0), \text{match}(e_0)\{\hat{r}s\}$	by assumption
(12)	$e \text{ notintro}$	by Rule (26a),(26b),(26c),(26d),(26e),(26f)
(13)	$e \text{ indet}$	by Lemma 4.0.9 on (2) and (12)
(14)	$\text{prl}(e) \text{ indet}$	by Rule (24g) on (13)
(15)	$\text{prl}(e) \text{ final}$	by Rule (25b) on (14)
(16)	$\text{prr}(e) \text{ indet}$	by Rule (24h) on (13)
(17)	$\text{prr}(e) \text{ final}$	by Rule (25b) on (16)
(18)	$\cdot ; \Delta \vdash \text{prl}(e) : \tau_1$	by Rule (19h) on (1)
(19)	$\cdot ; \Delta \vdash \text{prr}(e) : \tau_2$	by Rule (19i) on (1)

By inductive hypothesis on (9) and (18) and (15) and by inductive hypothesis on (10) and (19) and (17).

(20)	$\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ iff $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1
(21)	$\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$ iff $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$
(22)	$\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ iff $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2
(23)	$\text{prr}(e) \models? \xi_2$ iff $\text{prr}(e) ? p_2$

1. Prove $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

(24)	$e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
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By rule induction over Rules (14) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (14j).

(25)	$\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$	by assumption
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- (26) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by assumption
- (27) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by (20) on (25)
- (28) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by (22) on (26)
- (29) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by Rule (31g) on (12) and (27) and (28)

2. Prove $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ implies $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

- (24) $e \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (31g).

- (25) $\theta = \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by assumption
- (26) $\text{prl}(e) \triangleright \xi_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ by assumption
- (27) $\text{prr}(e) \triangleright \xi_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by assumption
- (28) $\text{prl}(e) \models \xi_1$ by (20) on (26)
- (29) $\text{prr}(e) \models \xi_2$ by (22) on (27)
- (30) $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14j) on (12) and (28) and (29)

3. Prove $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $e ? (p_1, p_2)$.

- (24) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (16b).

- (25) $(\xi_1, \xi_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (10) on (25), only two cases apply.

Case (10d).

- (26) $\xi_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption
- (27) $\text{prl}(e) \text{ notintro}$ by Rule (26e)
- (28) $\text{prl}(e) \models? \xi_1$ by Rule (16b) on (26) and (27)
- (29) $\text{prl}(e) ? p_1$ by (21) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

- (30) $p_1 = \langle \rangle^w, \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by assumption
- (31) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)
- (32) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30f) on (31)
- (33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32)

Case (32c).

- (30) $p_1 \text{ refutable?}$ by assumption
- (31) $(p_1, p_2) \text{ refutable?}$ by Rule (30f) on (30)

(32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31)

Case (10e).

(26) ξ_2 **refutable?** by assumption
 (27) **prl**(e) **notintro** by Rule (26e)
 (28) **prl**(e) $\models ? \xi_2$ by Rule (16b) on (26) and (27)
 (29) **prl**(e) $? p_2$ by (23) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (32a),(32b).

(30) $p_2 = \langle \rangle^w, \langle p_0 \rangle^w$ by assumption
 (31) p_2 **refutable?** by Rule (30b) and Rule (30c)
 (32) (p_1, p_2) **refutable?** by Rule (30g) on (31)
 (33) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (32)

Case (32c).

(30) p_2 **refutable?** by assumption
 (31) (p_1, p_2) **refutable?** by Rule (30g) on (30)
 (32) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32c) on (12) and (31)

4. Prove $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ implies $e \models ? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

(24) $e ? (p_1, p_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (32) on (24), only one case applies.

Case (32c).

(25) (p_1, p_2) **refutable?** by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (30) on (25), only two cases apply.

Case (30f).

(26) p_1 **refutable?** by assumption
 (27) **prl**(e) **notintro** by Rule (26e)
 (28) **prl**(e) $? p_1$ by Rule (32c) on (26) and (27)
 (29) **prl**(e) $\models ? \xi_1$ by (21) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (16a).

(30) $\xi_1 = ?$ by assumption
 (31) ξ_1 **refutable?** by Rule (2b)
 (32) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable?** by Rule (10d) on (31)

(33) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (32)

Case (16b).

(30) ξ_1 **refutable?** by assumption
 (31) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable?** by Rule (10d) on (30)
 (32) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (31)

Case (30g).

(26) p_2 **refutable?** by assumption
 (27) **pr** $r(e)$ **notintro** by Rule (26e)
 (28) **pr** $r(e) ? p_2$ by Rule (32c) on (26) and (27)
 (29) **pr** $r(e) \models? \xi_2$ by (23) on (28)

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (29), only three cases apply.

Case (16a).

(30) $\xi_2 = ?$ by assumption
 (31) ξ_2 **refutable?** by Rule (2b)
 (32) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable?** by Rule (10e) on (31)
 (33) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (32)

Case (16b).

(30) ξ_2 **refutable?** by assumption
 (31) (ξ_1, ξ_2) **refutable?** by Rule (10e) on (30)
 (32) $e \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (16b) on (12) and (31)

Case (19g).

(11) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
 (12) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
 (13) $\cdot; \Delta_e \vdash e_2 : \tau_2$ by assumption
 (14) e_1 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (2)
 (15) e_2 **final** by Lemma 4.0.4 on (2)

By inductive hypothesis on (14) and (12) and (9) and by inductive hypothesis on (15) and (13) and (10).

(16) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ iff $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1
 (17) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ iff $e_1 ? p_1$
 (18) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ iff $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2
 (19) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ iff $e_2 ? p_2$

1. Prove $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ for some θ .

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (20), only two cases apply.

Case (14i).

(21) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by assumption

(22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(23) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by (16) on (21)

(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2 by (18) on (22)

(25) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1 \uplus \theta_2$ by Rule (31d) on (23) and (24)

Case (14j).

(21) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

2. Prove $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ implies $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \triangleright (p_1, p_2) \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (31) on (20), only two cases apply.

Case (31d).

(21) $e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$ for some θ_1 by assumption

(22) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ for some θ_2 by assumption

(23) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by (16) on (21)

(24) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by (18) on (22)

(25) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (23) and (24)

Case (31g).

(21) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

3. Prove $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ implies $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$.

(20) $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (20), only four cases apply.

Case (16b).

(21) (e_1, e_2) **notintro** by assumption

Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (16g).

(21) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ by assumption

(22) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by assumption

(23) $e_1 ? p_1$ by (17) on (21)

(24) $e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$ by (18) on (22)

(25) $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ by Rule (32d) on (23) and (24)

Case (16h).

(21)	$e_1 \models \xi_1$	by assumption
(22)	$e_2 \models? \xi_2$	by assumption
(23)	$e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$	by (16) on (21)
(24)	$e_2 ? p_2$	by (19) on (22)
(25)	$(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$	by Rule (32e) on (23) and (24)

Case (16i).

(21)	$e_1 \models? \xi_1$	by assumption
(22)	$e_2 \models? \xi_2$	by assumption
(23)	$e_1 ? p_1$	by (17) on (21)
(24)	$e_2 ? p_2$	by (19) on (22)
(25)	$(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$	by Rule (32f) on (23) and (24)

4. Prove $(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$ implies $(e_1, e_2) \models? (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

(20)	$(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$	by assumption
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By rule induction over Rules (32) on (20), only four cases apply.

Case (32c).

(21)	$(e_1, e_2) \text{ notintro}$	by assumption
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Contradicts Lemma 4.0.8.

Case (32d).

(21)	$e_1 ? p_1$	by assumption
(22)	$e_2 \triangleright p_2 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_2$	by assumption
(23)	$e_1 \models? \xi_1$	by (17) on (21)
(24)	$e_2 \models \xi_2$	by (18) on (22)
(25)	$(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$	by Rule (16g) on (23) and (24)

Case (32e).

(21)	$e_1 \triangleright p_1 \dashv\!\!\vdash \theta_1$	by assumption
(22)	$e_2 ? p_2$	by assumption
(23)	$e_1 \models \xi_1$	by (16) on (21)
(24)	$e_2 \models? \xi_2$	by (19) on (22)
(25)	$(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$	by Rule (16h) on (23) and (24)

Case (32f).

(21)	$e_1 ? p_1$	by assumption
(22)	$e_2 ? p_2$	by assumption
(23)	$e_1 \models? \xi_1$	by (17) on (21)
(24)	$e_2 \models? \xi_2$	by (19) on (22)
(25)	$(e_1, e_2) ? (p_1, p_2)$	by Rule (16i) on (23) and (24)

□

5 Preservation and Progress

Theorem 5.1 (Preservation). *If $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ and $e \mapsto e'$ then $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e' : \tau$*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (19) on typing judgment of e . For simplicity, we only consider two cases for match expressions here.

Case (19l).

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (1) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau$ | by assumption |
| (2) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} \mapsto e'$ | by assumption |
| (3) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ | by assumption |
| (4) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp](r \mid rs) : \tau_1[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (34) on (2).

Case (34k).

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| (6) $e' = \text{match}(e'_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\}$ | by assumption |
| (7) $e_1 \mapsto e'_1$ | by assumption |
| (8) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e'_1 : \tau_1$ | by IH on (3) and (7) |
| (9) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e'_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau$ | by Rule (19l) on (8) and (4) and (5) |

Case (34l).

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (6) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ | by assumption |
| (7) $e' = [\theta](e_r)$ | by assumption |
| (8) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv \theta$ | by assumption |

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (4).

Case (22a).

- | | |
|--|--|
| (9) $\xi = \xi_r$ | by assumption |
| (10) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ | by assumption |
| (11) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ | by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10) |
| (12) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ | by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10) |
| (13) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ | by Lemma 3.0.7 on (3) and (11) and (8) |
| (14) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ | by Lemma 3.0.6 on (12) and (13) |

Case (22b).

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------|
| (9) $\xi = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ | by assumption |
|---------------------------------|---------------|

- (10) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (11) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\parallel \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10)
- (12) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (10)
- (13) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ by Lemma 3.0.7 on (3) and (11) and (8)
- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.6 on (12) and (13)

Case (34m).

- (6) $rs = r' \mid rs'$ by assumption
- (7) $e' = \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'\}$ by assumption
- (8) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by assumption
- (9) $e_1 \perp p_r$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (4).

Case (22a). Syntactic contradiction of rs .

Case (22b).

- (10) $\xi = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption
- (11) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (12) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_r](r' \mid rs') : \tau_1[\xi_{rs}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (13) $\xi_r \not\equiv \perp$ by assumption
- (14) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\parallel \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (11)
- (15) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (11)
- (16) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp](p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by Rule (22a) on (11) and (13)
- (17) $e_1 \not\equiv_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$ by Lemma 4.0.14 on (3) and (8) and (14) and (9)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'\} : \tau$ by Rule (19m) on (3) and (8) and (16) and (12) and (17) and (5)

Case (19m).

- (1) $rs_{pre} = r_{pre} \mid rs'_{pre}$ by assumption

- (2) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} : \tau$ by assumption
- (3) $\text{match}(e_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} \mapsto e'$ by assumption
- (4) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (5) e_1 **final** by assumption
- (6) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp]rs_{pre} : \tau_1[\xi_{pre}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (7) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_{pre}](r \mid rs_{post}) : \tau_1[\xi_{rest}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (8) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre}$ by assumption
- (9) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rest}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (34) on (3).

Case (34k).

- (10) $e' = \text{match}(e'_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\}$ by assumption
- (11) $e_1 \mapsto e'_1$ by assumption

By Lemma 4.0.12, (11) contradicts (5).

Case (34l).

- (10) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by assumption
- (11) $e' = [\theta](e_r)$ by assumption
- (12) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv \theta$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (7).

Case (22a).

- (13) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r$ by assumption
- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (15) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (14)
- (16) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (14)
- (17) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ by Lemma 3.0.7 on (4) and (15) and (12)
- (18) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.6 on (16) and (17)

Case (22b).

- (13) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption
- (14) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (15) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by assumption
- (16) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by assumption
- (17) $\theta : \Gamma_r$ by Lemma 3.0.7 on (4) and (15) and (12)

(18) $\cdot; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash [\theta](e_r) : \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.6 on (16) and (17)

Case (34m).

(10) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by assumption
 (11) $rs_{post} = r' \mid rs'$ by assumption
 (12) $e' = \text{match}(e_1)\{(rs_{pre} \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot)^\diamond \mid r' \mid rs'\}$ by assumption
 (13) $e_1 \perp p_r$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (7).

Case (22a). Syntactic contradiction of rs_{post} .

Case (22b).

(14) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r \vee \xi_{post}$ by assumption
 (15) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash (p_r \Rightarrow e_r) : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
 (16) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp \vee \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r](r' \mid rs') : \tau_1[\xi_{post}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
 (17) $\xi_r \not\models \xi_{pre}$ by assumption
 (18) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (15)
 (19) $\Gamma_r ; \Delta \uplus \Delta_r \vdash e_r : \tau$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (15)
 (20) $\xi_r : \tau_1$ by Lemma 3.0.2 on (15)
 (21) $\xi_{pre} : \tau_1$ by Lemma 3.0.3 on (6)
 (22) $\xi_r \not\models \perp \vee \xi_{pre}$ by Lemma 2.0.6 on (20) and (21) and (17)
 (23) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp](rs_{pre} \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot)^\diamond : \tau_1[\xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by Lemma 3.0.4 on (6) and (15) and (22)
 (24) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^\dagger \xi_r$ by Lemma 4.0.14 on (4) and (5) and (18) and (13)
 (25) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^\dagger \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r$ by Lemma 2.0.7 on (8) and (24)
 (26) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{(rs_{pre} \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot)^\diamond \mid r' \mid rs'\} : \tau$ by Rule (19m) on (4) and (5) and (23) and (16) and (25) and (9)

□

Theorem 5.2 (Progress). *If $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e : \tau$ then either e final or $e \mapsto e'$ for some e' .*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (19) on typing judgment of e . For simplicity, we only consider two cases for match expressions here.

Case (19l).

- (1) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} : \tau$ by assumption
- (2) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption
- (3) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\perp](r \mid rs) : \tau_1[\xi] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (4) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ by assumption

By IH on (2).

Case Scrutinee takes a step.

- (5) $e_1 \mapsto e'_1$ by assumption
- (6) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\} \mapsto \text{match}(e'_1)\{\cdot \mid r \mid rs\}$ by Rule (34k) on (5)

Case Scrutinee is final.

- (5) $e_1 \text{ final}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (3).

Case (22a).

- (6) $rs = \cdot$ by assumption
- (7) $\xi = \xi_r$ by assumption
- (8) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (9) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (8)
- (10) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (8)
- (11) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$ by Corollary 2.1.1 on (5) and (4)

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (11).

Case (17a).

- (12) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_r$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 ? p_r$ by Lemma 4.0.14 on (2) and (5) and (10) and (12)
- (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \text{indet}$ by Rule (24k) on (5) and (13)
- (15) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \text{final}$ by Rule (25b) on (14)

Case (17b).

- (12) $e_1 \models \xi_r$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv\!\parallel \theta$ by Lemma 4.0.14 on (2) and (5) and (10) and (12)
- (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$ by Rule (34l) on (5) and (13)

Case (22b).

- (6) $rs = r' \mid rs'$ by assumption
- (7) $\xi = \xi_r \vee \xi_{rs}$ by assumption
- (8) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (9) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (8)
- (10) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\parallel \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (8)

By Lemma 4.0.13 on (2) and (5) and (10).

Case Scrutinee matches pattern.

- (11) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv\!\parallel \theta$ by assumption
- (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$ by Rule (34l) on (5) and (11)

Case Scrutinee may matches pattern.

- (11) $e_1 ? p_r$ by assumption
- (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs\}$ **indet** by Rule (24k) on (5) and (11)
- (13) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs\}$ **final** by Rule (25b) on (12)

Case Scrutinee doesn't matche pattern.

- (11) $e_1 \perp p_r$ by assumption
- (12) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid (r' \mid rs')\}$
 $\mapsto \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'\}$ by Rule (34m) on (5) and (11)

Case (19m).

- (1) $rs_{pre} = r_{pre} \mid rs'_{pre}$ by assumption
- (2) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash \text{match}(e_1)\{rs_{pre} \mid r \mid rs_{post}\} : \tau$ by assumption
- (3) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash e_1 : \tau_1$ by assumption

- (4) e_1 **final** by assumption
- (5) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash [\xi_{pre}](r \mid rs_{post}) : \tau_1[\xi_{rest}] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (6) $e_1 \not\models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre}$ by assumption
- (7) $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_{rest}$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (22) on (5).

Case (22a).

- (5) $rs_{post} = \cdot$ by assumption
- (6) $\xi_{rest} = \xi_r$ by assumption
- (7) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
- (8) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule
(21a) on (7)
- (9) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\vdash \Gamma_r ; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule
(21a) on (7)
- (10) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_{pre} \vee \xi_r$ by Corollary 2.1.1 on
(4) and (7)
- (11) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_r$ by Lemma 2.0.8 on
(10) and (6)

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (11).

Case (17a).

- (12) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_r$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 ? p_r$ by Lemma 4.0.14 on
(3) and (4) and (9) and
(12)
- (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\}$ **indet** by Rule (24k) on (4)
and (13)
- (15) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\}$ **final** by Rule (25b) on (14)

Case (17b).

- (12) $e_1 \models \xi_r$ by assumption
- (13) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv\!\vdash \theta$ by Lemma 4.0.14 on
(3) and (4) and (9) and
(12)
- (14) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$ by Rule (34l) on (4)
and (13)

Case (22b).

- (5) $rs_{post} = r' \mid rs'_{post}$ by assumption

- (6) $\cdot; \Delta \vdash r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \Rightarrow \tau$ by assumption
 (7) $r = p_r \Rightarrow e_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (6)
 (8) $p_r : \tau_1[\xi_r] \dashv\!\parallel \Gamma_r; \Delta_r$ by Inversion of Rule (21a) on (6)

By Lemma 4.0.13 on (3) and (4) and (8).

Case Scrutinee matches pattern.

- (9) $e_1 \triangleright p_r \dashv\!\parallel \theta$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs_{post}\} \mapsto [\theta](e_r)$ by Rule (34l) on (4) and (9)

Case Scrutinee may matches pattern.

- (9) $e_1 ? p_r$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs_{post}\} \text{indet}$ by Rule (24k) on (4) and (9)
 (11) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid rs_{post}\} \text{final}$ by Rule (25b) on (10)

Case Scrutinee doesn't matche pattern.

- (9) $e_1 \perp p_r$ by assumption
 (10) $\text{match}(e_1)\{\cdot \mid p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid (r' \mid rs'_{post})\} \mapsto \text{match}(e_1)\{(p_r \Rightarrow e_r \mid \cdot) \mid r' \mid rs'_{post}\}$ by Rule (34m) on (4) and (9)

□

6 Decidability

$\Xi \text{ incon}$ A finite set of constraints, Ξ , is inconsistent

$$\frac{\text{CINCTruth} \quad \Xi \text{ incon}}{\Xi, \top \text{ incon}} \quad (35a)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCFalse}}{\Xi, \perp \text{ incon}} \quad (35b)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCNum} \quad n_1 \neq n_2}{\Xi, \underline{n_1}, \underline{n_2} \text{ incon}} \quad (35c)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCNotNum}}{\Xi, \underline{n}, \mathcal{N} \text{ incon}} \quad (35d)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCAnd} \quad \Xi, \xi_1, \xi_2 \text{ incon}}{\Xi, \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2 \text{ incon}} \quad (35e)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCO}r \quad \Xi, \xi_1 \text{ incon} \quad \Xi, \xi_2 \text{ incon}}{\Xi, \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \text{ incon}} \quad (35f)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCInj}}{\Xi, \text{inl}(\xi_1), \text{inr}(\xi_2) \text{ incon}} \quad (35g)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCInl} \quad \Xi \text{ incon}}{\text{inl}(\Xi) \text{ incon}} \quad (35h)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCInr} \quad \Xi \text{ incon}}{\text{inr}(\Xi) \text{ incon}} \quad (35i)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCPairL} \quad \Xi_1 \text{ incon}}{(\Xi_1, \Xi_2) \text{ incon}} \quad (35j)$$

$$\frac{\text{CINCPairR} \quad \Xi_2 \text{ incon}}{(\Xi_1, \Xi_2) \text{ incon}} \quad (35k)$$

Lemma 6.0.1 (Decidability of Inconsistency). *Suppose $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. It is decidable whether $\xi \text{ incon}$.*

Lemma 6.0.2 (Inconsistency and Entailment of Constraint). *Suppose that $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. Then $\bar{\xi} \text{ incon}$ iff $\top \models \xi$*

Lemma 6.0.3. *If $e \models \xi$ then $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$*

Proof. By rule induction over Rules (14), it is obvious to see that $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. \square

Lemma 6.0.4. *If $e \models_{\top} \xi$ then $e \models_{\top}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$.*

Proof.

(11) $e \models_{\top} \xi$ by assumption

By Rule Induction over Rules (16) on (11).

Case (16a).

(12) $\xi = ?$ by assumption

(13) $e \models \top$ by Rule (14a)

(14) $e \models_{\top}^{\dagger} \top$ by Rule (17b) on (13)

Case (16b).

- | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| (12) e notintro | by assumption |
| (13) ξ refutable? | by assumption |

By Lemma 2.0.15 on (12) and (13) and case analysis on its conclusion.
By rule induction over Rules (10).

Case $\dot{\vdash}(\xi)$ **refutable?.**

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|
| (14) $\dot{\vdash}(\xi)$ refutable? | by assumption |
| (15) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$ | by Rule (16b) on (12)
and (14) |
| (16) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$ | by Rule (17b) on (15) |

Case $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$.

- | | |
|---|-----------------------|
| (14) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$ | by assumption |
| (15) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \top$ | by Rule (17b) on (14) |

Case (16c).

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| (12) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (13) |
| (15) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(14) |

Case (16d).

- | | |
|---|----------------------------|
| (12) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (13) $e \models_{\dot{?}} \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (14) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (13) |
| (15) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on
(14) |

Case (16e).

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (12) $e = \mathbf{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ | by assumption |
| (13) $\xi = \mathbf{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (14) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}} \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (15) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (14) |

(16) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$	by Lemma 2.0.11 on (15)
--	-------------------------

Case (16f).

(12) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$	by assumption
(13) $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$	by assumption
(14) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$	by assumption
(15) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (14)
(16) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2))$	by Lemma 2.0.12 on (15)

Case (16g).

(12) $e = (e_1, e_2)$	by assumption
(13) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(14) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$	by assumption
(15) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$	by assumption
(16) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$	by IH on (14)
(17) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$	by Lemma 6.0.3 on (15)
(18) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$	by Rule (17b) on (17)
(19) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$	by Lemma 2.0.13 on (16) and (18)

Case (16h).

(12) $e = (e_1, e_2)$	by assumption
(13) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$	by assumption
(14) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$	by assumption
(15) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$	by assumption
(16) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$	by Lemma 6.0.3 on (14)
(17) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$	by Rule (17b) on (16)
(18) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (15)
(19) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$	by Lemma 2.0.13 on (17) and (18)

Case (16i).

- | | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| (12) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (13) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (14) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (15) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (16) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (14) |
| (17) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (15) |
| (18) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Lemma 2.0.13 on (16) and (17) |

□

Lemma 6.0.5. $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$

Proof. 1. Sufficiency:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| (1) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ | by assumption |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1)

Case (17b).

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (2) $e \models \xi$ | by assumption |
| (3) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$ | by Lemma 6.0.3 on (2) |
| (4) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ | by Rule (17b) on (3) |

Case (17a).

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (2) $e \models_{\tau} \xi$ | by assumption |
| (3) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ | by Lemma 6.0.4 on (2) |

2. Necessity:

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| (1) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi)$ | by assumption |
|--|---------------|

By structural induction on ξ ,

Case $\xi = \top, \perp, n, \mathcal{N}$.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| (2) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ | by (1) and Definition 12 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|

Case $\xi = ?$.

- (2) $e \models_{?} ?$ by Rule (16a)
- (3) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} ?$ by Rule (17a) on (2)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

- (2) $\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2) = \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by Definition 12

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

- (3) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (3) and two cases apply,

Case (14e).

- (4) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
- (5) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (4)
- (6) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by IH on (5)
- (7) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6)

Case (14f).

- (4) $e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
- (5) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (4)
- (6) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by IH on (5)
- (7) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6)

Case (17a).

- (3) $e \models_{?} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (3) and two cases apply,

Case (16c).

- (4) $e \models_{?} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
- (5) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (4)
- (6) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by IH on (5)
- (7) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6)

Case (16d).

- (4) $e \models_{?} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
- (5) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (4)
- (6) $e \models_{?}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by IH on (5)

$$(7) \quad e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2 \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.10 on (6)}$$

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

$$(2) \quad e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(3) \quad \dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \text{inl}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

$$(4) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) and only one case applies,

Case (14g).

$$(5) \quad e_1 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (5)}$$

$$(7) \quad e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by IH on (6)}$$

$$(8) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.11 on (7)}$$

Case (17a).

$$(4) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau} \text{inl}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (16) and only one case applies,

Case (16e).

$$(5) \quad e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Rule (17a) on (5)}$$

$$(7) \quad e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \quad \text{by IH on (6)}$$

$$(8) \quad \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.11 on (7)}$$

Case $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

$$(2) \quad e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(3) \quad \dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \text{inr}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

$$(4) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

By rule induction over Rules (14) and only one case applies,

Case (14h).

$$(5) \quad e_2 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by assumption}$$

$$(6) \quad e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by Rule (17b) on (5)}$$

$$(7) \quad e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2 \quad \text{by IH on (6)}$$

$$(8) \quad \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2) \quad \text{by Lemma 2.0.12 on (7)}$$

Case (17a).

(4) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau} \dot{\text{inr}}(\dot{\tau}(\xi_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) and only one case applies,

Case (16f).

(5) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\tau}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(6) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\tau}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (5)

(7) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by IH on (6)

(8) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.12 on (7)

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

(2) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption

(3) $\dot{\tau}(\xi) = \dot{\tau}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\tau}(\xi_2)$ by Definition 12

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (1),

Case (17b).

(4) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\tau}(\xi_1), \dot{\tau}(\xi_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (4) and only one case applies,

Case (14i).

(5) $e_1 \models \dot{\tau}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

(6) $e_2 \models \dot{\tau}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\tau}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (5)

(8) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\tau}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

(9) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by IH on (7)

(10) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by IH on (8)

(11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10)

Case (17a).

(4) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau} (\dot{\tau}(\xi_1), \dot{\tau}(\xi_2))$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (4) and three cases apply,

Case (16g).

(5) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\tau}(\xi_1)$ by assumption

(6) $e_2 \models \dot{\tau}(\xi_2)$ by assumption

(7) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\tau}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (5)

(8) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\tau}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17b) on (6)

(9) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by IH on (7)

(10) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by IH on (8)

(11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10)

Case (16h).

(5) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
(6) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
(7) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17b) on (5)
(8) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (6)
(9) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by IH on (7)
(10) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by IH on (8)
(11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10)

Case (16i).

(5) $e_1 \models_{\tau} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
(6) $e_2 \models_{\tau} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
(7) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (17a) on (5)
(8) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (17a) on (6)
(9) $e_1 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ by IH on (7)
(10) $e_2 \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ by IH on (8)
(11) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (9) and (10)

□

Lemma 6.0.6. Assume $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. Then $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $\top \models \xi$.

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:
2. Necessity:

□

Theorem 6.1. $\top \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $\top \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$.

Lemma 6.1.1. Assume that $e \text{ val}$. Then $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ iff $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$

Proof.

(1) $e \text{ val}$ by assumption

We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(2) $e \models_{\tau}^{\dagger} \xi$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (17) on (2).

Case (17b).

- | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|
| (3) $e \models \xi$ | by assumption |
| (4) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$ | by Lemma 6.0.3 on (3) |

Case (17a).

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------|
| (3) $e \models? \xi$ | by assumption |
|----------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (16) on (3).

Case (16a).

- | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (4) $\xi = ?$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi)$ | by Rule (14a) and Definition 12 |

Case (16b).

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| (4) $e \text{ notintro}$ | by assumption |
|--------------------------|---------------|

By rule induction over Rules (26) on (4), for each case, by rule induction over Rules (23) on (1), no case applies due to syntactic contradiction.

Case (16c).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (4) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (6) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by Equation 12 |
| (7) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1$ | by Rule (17a) on (5) |
| (8) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (7) |
| (9) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (14e) on (8) |

Case (16d).

- | | |
|--|----------------------|
| (4) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (6) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by Equation 12 |
| (7) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_2$ | by Rule (17a) on (5) |
| (8) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (7) |
| (9) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (14f) on (8) |

Case (16e).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (4) $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (6) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \text{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$ | by Equation 12 |
| (7) $e \models?^\dagger \xi_1$ | by Rule (17a) on (5) |

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (8) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (7) |
| (9) $e \models \mathbf{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$ | by Rule (14g) on (8) |

Case (16f).

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| (4) $\xi = \mathbf{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (6) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \mathbf{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Equation 12 |
| (7) $e \models?^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by Rule (17a) on (5) |
| (8) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (7) |
| (9) $e \models \mathbf{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Rule (14h) on (8) |

Case (16g).

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| (4) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_1 \models? \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (7) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (8) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Equation 12 |
| (9) $e_1 \models?^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by Rule (17a) on (6) |
| (10) $e_2 \models?^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by Rule (17b) on (7) |
| (11) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (9) |
| (12) $e_2 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (10) |
| (13) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Rule (14i) on (11) and (12) |

Case (16h).

- | | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| (4) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (7) $e_2 \models? \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (8) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Equation 12 |
| (9) $e_1 \models?^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by Rule (17b) on (6) |
| (10) $e_2 \models?^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by Rule (17a) on (7) |
| (11) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (9) |
| (12) $e_2 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (10) |
| (13) $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Rule (14i) on (11) and (12) |

Case (16i).

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| (4) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |

(6)	$e_1 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_1$	by assumption
(7)	$e_2 \models_{\text{?}} \xi_2$	by assumption
(8)	$\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Equation 12
(9)	$e_1 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$	by Rule (17a) on (6)
(10)	$e_2 \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$	by Rule (17a) on (7)
(11)	$e_1 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by IH on (9)
(12)	$e_2 \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by IH on (10)
(13)	$(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\vdash}(\xi_1), \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2))$	by Rule (14i) on (11) and (12)

2. Necessity:

(2)	$e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$	by assumption
-----	-------------------------------	---------------

By structural induction on ξ .

Case $\xi = \top, \perp, n, \text{?}$.

(3)	$\xi = \dot{\vdash}(\xi)$	by Equation 12
(4)	$e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi$	by Rule (17b) on (2)

Case $\xi = \text{?}$.

(3)	$e \models_{\text{?}} \text{?}$	by Rule (16a)
(4)	$e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \text{?}$	by Rule (17a) on (3)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$.

(3)	$\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by Equation 12
-----	--	----------------

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2), only one case applies.

Case (14d).

(4)	$e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1)$	by assumption
(5)	$e \models \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by assumption
(6)	$e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$	by IH on (4)
(7)	$e \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$	by IH on (5)
(8)	$e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$	by Lemma 2.0.9 on (6) and (7)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

(3)	$\dot{\vdash}(\xi) = \dot{\vdash}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\vdash}(\xi_2)$	by Equation 12
-----	--	----------------

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| (4) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on (5) |

Case (14f).

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| (4) $e \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) $e \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by Lemma 2.0.10 on (5) |

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| (3) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \text{inl}(\dot{\top}(\xi_1))$ | by Equation 12 |
|---|----------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14g).

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| (4) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $\text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by Lemma 2.0.11 on (6) |

Case $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| (3) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \text{inr}(\dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Equation 12 |
|---|----------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14h).

- | | |
|--|------------------------|
| (4) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_2 \models \dot{\top}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (5) |
| (7) $\text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2) \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by Lemma 2.0.12 on (6) |

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

- | | |
|--|----------------|
| (3) $\dot{\top}(\xi) = (\dot{\top}(\xi_1), \dot{\top}(\xi_2))$ | by Equation 12 |
|--|----------------|

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14i).

- | | |
|---|---------------|
| (4) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (5) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (6) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (7) $e_1 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_1$ | by IH on (5) |
| (8) $e_2 \models_{\dot{?}}^{\dagger} \xi_2$ | by IH on (6) |

(9) $(e_1, e_2) \models_{\text{?}}^{\dagger} (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Lemma 2.0.13 on (7) and (8)

□

Lemma 6.1.2. $e \models \xi$ iff $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi)$

Proof. We prove sufficiency and necessity separately.

1. Sufficiency:

(1) $e \models \xi$ by assumption

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (1).

Case (14a).

(2) $\xi = \top$ by assumption
 (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\top)$ by (1) and Definition 13

Case (14b).

(2) $\xi = \underline{n}$ by assumption
 (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\underline{n})$ by (1) and Definition 13

Case (14c).

(2) $\xi = \underline{\neg}$ by assumption
 (3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\underline{\neg})$ by (1) and Definition 13

Case (14d).

(2) $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$ by assumption
 (3) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (4) $e \models \xi_2$ by assumption
 (5) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ by IH on (3)
 (6) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ by IH on (4)
 (7) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14d) on (5) and (6)
 (8) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \wedge \xi_2)$ by (7) and Definition 13

Case (14e).

(2) $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ by assumption
 (3) $e \models \xi_1$ by assumption
 (4) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ by IH on (3)

- | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------|
| (5) | $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (14e) on (4) |
| (6) | $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2)$ | by (5) and Definition 13 |

Case (14f).

- | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------|
| (2) | $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (3) | $e \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (4) | $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (3) |
| (5) | $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by Rule (14f) on (4) |
| (6) | $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1 \vee \xi_2)$ | by (5) and Definition 13 |

Case (14g).

- | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------|
| (2) | $e = \text{inl}_{r_2}(e_1)$ | by assumption |
| (3) | $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ | by assumption |
| (4) | $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (5) | $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) | $\text{inl}_{r_2}(e_1) \models \text{inl}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_1))$ | by Rule (14g) on (5) |
| (7) | $\text{inl}_{r_2}(e_1) \models \dot{\perp}(\text{inl}(\xi_1))$ | by (6) and Definition 13 |

Case (14h).

- | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------------|
| (2) | $e = \text{inr}_{r_1}(e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (3) | $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) | $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (5) | $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (4) |
| (6) | $\text{inr}_{r_1}(e_2) \models \text{inr}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ | by Rule (14h) on (5) |
| (7) | $\text{inr}_{r_1}(e_2) \models \dot{\perp}(\text{inr}(\xi_2))$ | by (6) and Definition 13 |

Case (14i).

- | | | |
|-----|---|------------------------------|
| (2) | $e = (e_1, e_2)$ | by assumption |
| (3) | $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ | by assumption |
| (4) | $e_1 \models \xi_1$ | by assumption |
| (5) | $e_2 \models \xi_2$ | by assumption |
| (6) | $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ | by IH on (4) |
| (7) | $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ | by IH on (5) |
| (8) | $(e_1, e_2) \models (\dot{\perp}(\xi_1), \dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ | by Rule (14i) on (6) and (7) |
| (9) | $(e_1, e_2) \models \dot{\perp}((\xi_1, \xi_2))$ | by (8) and Definition 13 |

2. Necessity:

(1) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi)$ by assumption

By structural induction on ξ .

Case $\xi = \top, \perp, \underline{n}, \underline{x}$.

(2) $e \models \xi$ by (1) and Definition
13

Case $\xi = ?$.

(2) $e \models \perp$ by (1) and Definition
13

(3) $e \not\models \perp$ by Lemma 2.0.1

(3) contradicts (2).

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$.

(2) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \wedge \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ by (1) and Definition
13

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only case applies.

Case (14d).

(3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$	by assumption
(4) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$	by assumption
(5) $e \models \xi_1$	by IH on (3)
(6) $e \models \xi_2$	by IH on (4)
(7) $e \models \xi_1 \wedge \xi_2$	by Rule (14d) on (5) and (6)

Case $\xi = \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$.

(2) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1) \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ by (1) and Definition
13

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only two cases apply.

Case (14e).

(3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$	by assumption
(4) $e \models \xi_1$	by IH on (3)
(5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$	by Rule (14e) on (4)

Case (14f).

(3) $e \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$	by assumption
(4) $e \models \xi_2$	by IH on (3)
(5) $e \models \xi_1 \vee \xi_2$	by Rule (14f) on (4)

Case $\xi = \text{inl}(\xi_1)$.

(2) $e \models \text{inl}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_1))$ by (1) and Definition 13

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14g).

(3) $e = \text{inl}_{\tau_2}(e_1)$ by assumption
 (4) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 (5) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by IH on (4)
 (6) $e \models \text{inl}(\xi_1)$ by Rule (14g) on (5)

Case $\xi = \text{inr}(\xi_2)$.

(2) $e \models \text{inr}(\dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ by (1) and Definition 13

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only one case applies.

Case (14h).

(3) $e = \text{inr}_{\tau_1}(e_2)$ by assumption
 (4) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
 (5) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by IH on (4)
 (6) $e \models \text{inr}(\xi_2)$ by Rule (14h) on (5)

Case $\xi = (\xi_1, \xi_2)$.

(2) $e \models (\dot{\perp}(\xi_1), \dot{\perp}(\xi_2))$ by (1) and Definition 13

By rule induction over Rules (14) on (2) and only case applies.

Case (14i).

(3) $e = (e_1, e_2)$ by assumption
 (4) $e_1 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_1)$ by assumption
 (5) $e_2 \models \dot{\perp}(\xi_2)$ by assumption
 (6) $e_1 \models \xi_1$ by IH on (4)
 (7) $e_2 \models \xi_2$ by IH on (5)
 (8) $e \models (\xi_1, \xi_2)$ by Rule (14i) on (6) and (7)

□

Lemma 6.1.3. Assume $e \text{ val}$ and $\dot{\top}(\xi) = \xi$. Then $e \not\models \xi$ iff $e \models \bar{\xi}$.

Theorem 6.2. $\xi_r \models \xi_{rs}$ iff $\top \models \overline{\dot{\top}(\xi_r)} \vee \dot{\perp}(\xi_{rs})$.