



Lecturer

Rokas Slaboševičius

# Introduction to Software Testing

**Data** 



## Today you will learn

What is Software Testing?

Unit Testing



## What is Software Testing?

Definition: Process of evaluating a software application to detect differences between given input and expected output.

Goals: Ensure software reliability, performance, and quality.



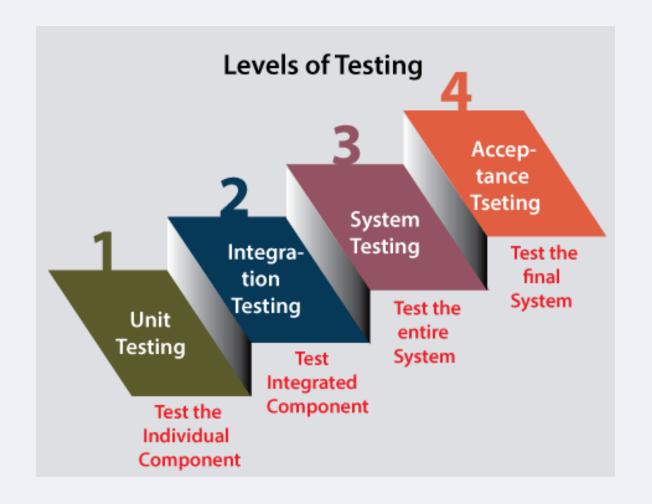
## Importance and Purpose of Testing

- Ensure software correctness, security, and usability
- Prevent defects and reduce development costs
- Improve user satisfaction and confidence in the software



## **Levels of Testing**

- Unit Testing
- Integration Testing
- System Testing
- Acceptance Testing





## **Unit Testing**

- Definition: Testing individual components or pieces of code to verify each part functions correctly.
- Purpose: Identify bugs at an early stage in development.



## **Good Unit Test**

- Isolated: Tests a single piece of functionality
- Repeatable: Can be run multiple times with the same results
- Self-validating: Automatically checks the test result and provides immediate feedback
- Timely: Written just before the production code that makes the test pass

Introduction to Software Testing

# Naming your tests

- The name of the method being tested.
- The scenario under which it's being tested.
- The expected behavior when the scenario is invoked.

### Bad:

```
C#

[Fact]
public void Test_Single()
{
   var stringCalculator = new StringCalculator();

   var actual = stringCalculator.Add("0");

   Assert.Equal(0, actual);
}
```

#### Better:

```
[Fact]
public void Add_SingleNumber_ReturnsSameNumber()
{
   var stringCalculator = new StringCalculator();

   var actual = stringCalculator.Add("0");

   Assert.Equal(0, actual);
}
```



## **Test-Driven Development (TDD) Basics**

- TDD A software development approach where tests are written before writing the code itself.
- Benefits: Ensures a robust and error-free codebase, promotes modular code, improves code coverage.

