



Lecturer

Rokas Slaboševičius

Multi-project structure

Data



Today you will learn



How to split a solution into several parts



What is it?

As we develop ever larger solutions, the problem is how to keep everything in line.

This allows you to have more than one project per solution.

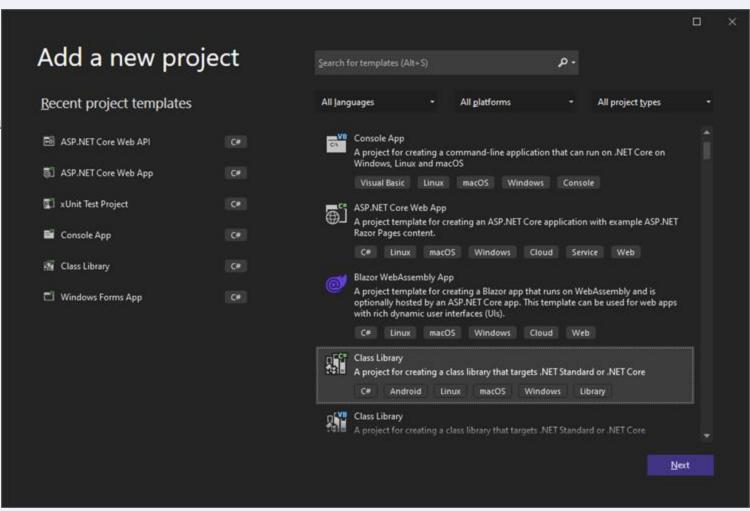
The most popular way of structuring a project is called Domain Driven Design (DDD), but it is complex and could be the subject of its own module.

We will split the solution into Api, Database and BusinessLogic



The process

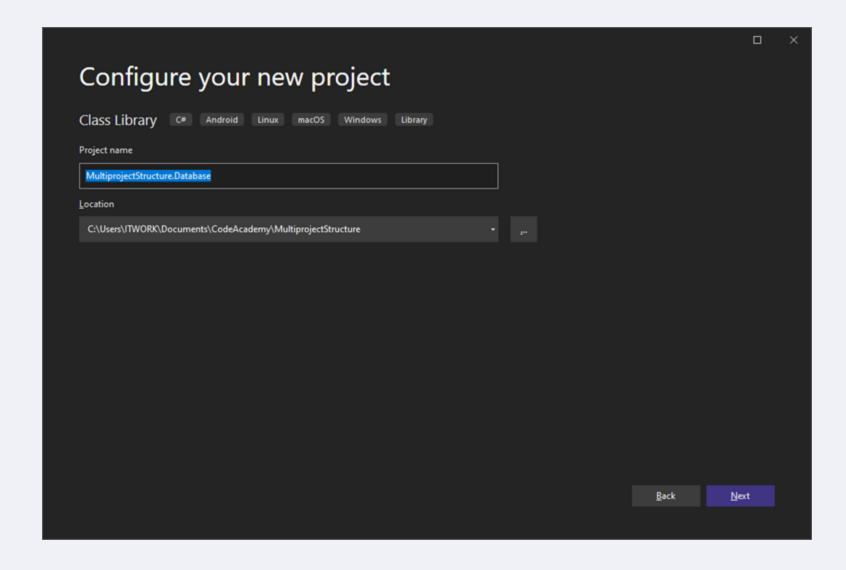
We will create a new project as Class Libra





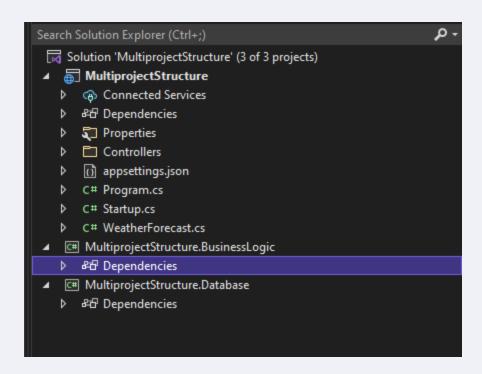
The process

Name is Solution name point library name



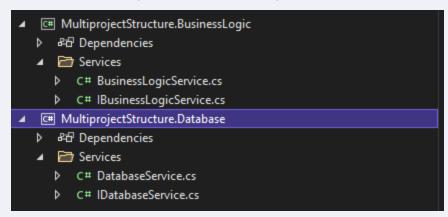


The process





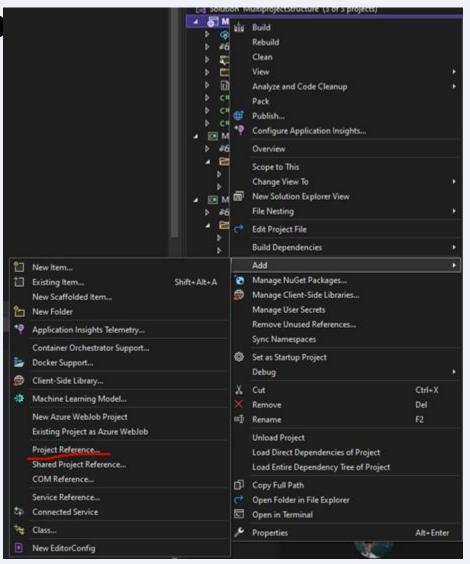
When starting to develop logic in different projects, we face the problem of registering services.



To reach others from the API project, you need to add References at the beginning

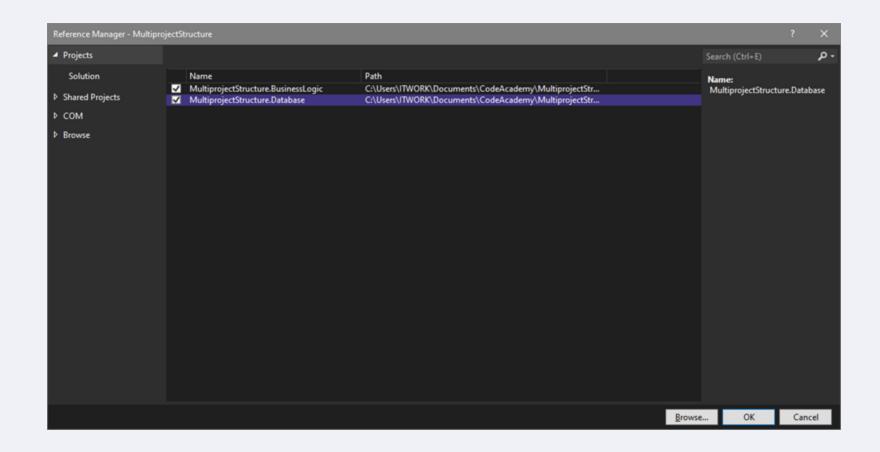


Adding a reference





In this case we add both and press OK





The first idea that comes to mind might be to simply register services directly in the API project.

What's not good about this is that as the project grows, there will be a lot of these registrations, making the code

difficult to understand.

services.AddScoped<IBusinessLogicService, BusinessLogicService>();
services.AddScoped<IDatabaseService, DatabaseService>();



This can be avoided by writing **extension** methods for the IServiceCollection interface, since that is where we register

them

```
// This method gets called by the runtime. Use this method to add services to the container.
public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
{
    services.AddControllers();
    services.AddSwaggerGen(c =>
    {
        c.SwaggerDoc("v1", new OpenApiInfo { Title = "MultiprojectStructure", Version = "v1" });
    });
    services.AddScoped<IBusinessLogicService, BusinessLogicService>();
    services.AddScoped<IDatabaseService, DatabaseService>();
}
```



This is what a ServiceCollection extension class would look like with the AddBusinessLogic method

```
    ■ MultiprojectStructure.BusinessLogic
    ▶ & Dependencies
    ■ Extensions
    ▶ C# ServiceCollectionExtensions.cs
    ■ Services
    ▶ C# BusinessLogicService.cs
    ▶ C# IBusinessLogicService.cs
```

```
public static class ServiceCollectionExtensions
{
    public static IServiceCollection AddBusinessLogic(this IServiceCollection services)
    {
        services.AddScoped<IBusinessLogicService, BusinessLogicService>();
        return services;
    }
}
```

Now we can call this extension method from the Startup.cs class

```
services.AddBusinessLogic();
```



We do the same with the Database project

```
■ MultiprojectStructure.Database

▷ &☐ Dependencies

■ Extensions

▷ C# ServiceCollectionExtensions.cs

■ Services

▷ C# DatabaseService.cs

▷ C# IDatabaseService.cs
```

```
public static class ServiceCollectionExtensions
{
    public static IServiceCollection AddDatabaseServices(this IServiceCollection services)
    {
        services.AddScoped<IDatabaseService, DatabaseService>();
        return services;
    }
}
```

Calling the method

```
services.AddBusinessLogic();
services.AddDatabaseServices();
```



This allows us to group the services in a much neater way and makes it easier to read the project.

Multi-project structure



Task 1

- Try transferring yesterday's photo project to multiple projects
- Unit tests;)