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1. Matter of Clark v. Town Bd. of Town of Clarkstown, 28 A.D.3d 553

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Matter of Clark v. Town Bd. of Town of Clarkstown

Supreme Court of New York, Appellate Division, Second Department

April 11, 2006, Decided

2005-04041, 2005-04042, (Index No. 6942/04)

Reporter

28 A.D.3d 553 *; 812 N.Y.S.2d 643 **; 2006 N.Y. App. Div. LEXIS 4353 ***; 2006 NY Slip Op 2754 ****

[****1] In the Matter of Joseph Clark, Appellant, v Town Board of Town of Clarkstown et al., Respondents.

Core Terms

appointment, police chief, dismiss a petition, new police, eligibility, challenges, Taxpayer, Appeals, Zoning, costs

Headnotes/Summary

Headnotes

Parties--Standing.--Petition was dismissed for lack of standing in proceeding to review appointment made by Town Board for position of police chief--petitioner, retired policeman who was not applicant for position and was not eligible to become police chief, failed to show that he sustained any injury in fact as result of appointment of new police chief, or as result of procedures used in appointment-petitioner also did not qualify for common-law taxpayer standing; such standing should not be applied to permit challenges to determinations of local governmental officials public having no appreciable significance beyond immediately affected parties, by persons having only remotest legitimate interest in matter.

Counsel: Joseph Clark, Haverstraw, N.Y., appellant Pro se.

Amy Wagner-Mele, West Nyack, N.Y. (Richard A. Glickel of counsel), for respondent Town Board of Town of Clarkstown.

Patricia Zugibe, New City, N.Y. (Jeffrey J. Fortunato of counsel), for respondent Patricia Prendergast as Commissioner of Personnel for County of Rockland.

Judges: ROBERT W. SCHMIDT, J.P., GABRIEL M. KRAUSMAN, WILLIAM F. MASTRO, ROBERT J. LUNN, JJ. SCHMIDT, J.P., KRAUSMAN, MASTRO and LUNN, JJ., concur.

Opinion

[*553] [**644] In a proceeding pursuant to <u>CPLR article</u> 78, inter alia, to review an appointment made by the respondent Town Board of the Town of Clarkstown for the position of police chief, the petitioner appeals from (1) an order of the Supreme Court, Rockland County (Sherwood, J.), dated March 17, 2005, which granted the separate motions of the Town Board of the Town of Clarkstown and Patricia Prendergast as Commissioner of Personnel for the County of Rockland to dismiss the petition for [***2] lack of standing, and (2) a judgment of the same court entered April 5, 2005, which, upon the order, dismissed the petition.

Ordered that the appeal from the order is dismissed, without costs or disbursements (see <u>CPLR 5701 [a] [2]</u>, <u>[b] [1]</u>); and it is further,

Ordered that the judgment is affirmed; and it is further,

Ordered that one bill of costs is awarded to the respondents.

[****2] The Supreme Court properly dismissed the proceeding on the ground that the petitioner lacked standing. The petitioner failed to show that "he or she will suffer a harm that is in some way different from that suffered by the public at large and that the alleged injury falls within the zone of interest sought to be promoted or protected by the statute under which the government agency has acted" (Matter of Rediker v Zoning Bd. of Appeals of Town of Philipstown, 280 AD2d 548, 549, 721 NYS2d 77 [2001], citing Society of Plastics Indus. v County of Suffolk, 77 NY2d 761, 772-774, 573 NE2d 1034, 570 NYS2d 778 [1991]; Matter of Long Is. Pine Barrens Socy. v Town of [**645] Islip, 261 AD2d 474, 475, 690 NYS2d 95 [1999]). The petitioner, a retired policeman, was not an applicant for the position of police chief, nor was he [***3] eligible to become the police chief. Accordingly, he failed [*554] to show that he sustained any injury in fact as a result of the appointment of a new police chief, or as a result of the procedures used in the appointment.

The petitioner also does not qualify for "Common-Law Taxpayer Standing" (Matter of Transactive Corp. v New York State Dept. of Social Servs, 92 NY2d 579, 589, 706 NE2d 1180, 684 NYS2d 156 [1998]). First, the petitioner is not challenging the legality of any state or local legislative action (id. at 589). Rather, the petition seeks judicial review of the administrative determination resulting in the appointment of the new police chief. Second, and more importantly, no "impenetrable barrier" to judicial scrutiny exists (id. at 589). Any of the persons who were on the civil service eligibility list or the police officer's union could have brought suit to challenge the appointment by the Town Board of the Town of Clarkstown. Common-law taxpayer standing "should not be applied . . . to permit challenges to the determinations of local governmental officials having no appreciable public significance beyond the immediately affected parties, by persons having [***4] only the remotest legitimate interest in the matter" (Matter of Colella v Board of Assessors of County of Nassau, 95 NY2d 401, 410-411, 741 NE2d 113, 718 NYS2d 268 [2000]).

The petitioner's remaining contentions are without merit. Schmidt, J.P., Krausman, Mastro and Lunn, JJ., concur.

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