

Pokedex



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2º DAW/ 19/20

Identificamos y eliminamos, los campos innecesarios

```
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
import seaborn as sns

df = pd.read_csv(r'C:\Users\cynti\Reto\Datasets\pokemon.csv', sep=";")
#df["hasGender"].replace(True, 1, inplace=True)
#df["hasGender"].replace(False, 0, inplace=True)
#dx = df["hasGender"].astype(int)
#df["hasGender"] = dx
df = df.drop(['Name', 'Type', 'Generation', 'Color', 'hasMegaEvolution', 'Body_Style', 'hasGender'], axis=1)
```

```
In [208]: #df.head(1000)
df['mean'] = df[['HP', 'Attack', 'Defense', 'Speed']].mean(axis=1)
df.head(1000)
```

Out[208]:

	Number	HP	Attack	Defense	Speed	Egg_Group	Catch_Rate	isLegendary	mean
0	1	45	49	49	45	Monster	45	False	47.00
1	2	60	62	63	60	Monster	45	False	61.25
2	3	80	82	83	80	Monster	45	False	81.25
3	4	39	52	43	65	Monster	45	False	49.75
4	5	58	64	58	80	Monster	45	False	65.00
...
716	717	126	131	95	99	Undiscovered	45	True	112.75
717	718	108	100	121	95	Undiscovered	3	True	106.00
718	719	50	100	150	50	Undiscovered	3	True	87.50
719	720	80	110	60	70	Undiscovered	3	True	80.00
720	721	80	110	120	70	Undiscovered	3	True	95.00

721 rows x 9 columns

Cambiamos el campo isLegendary por 0 y 1

```
In [4]: #dl = ds.loc[ds['isLegendary'] == True]
#uno = ds.loc[ds['Egg_Group'] == 'Undiscovered']
#dos = uno.loc[uno['Catch_Rate'] == 3]
df["isLegendary"].replace(True,1,inplace=True)
df["isLegendary"].replace(False,0,inplace=True)
dx = df['isLegendary'].astype(int)
df['isLegendary'] = dx
df.head(721)
```

Out[4]:

	Number	HP	Attack	Defense	Speed	Egg_Group	Catch_Rate	isLegendary	mean
0	1	45	49	49	45	Monster	45	0	47.00
1	2	60	62	63	60	Monster	45	0	61.25
2	3	80	82	83	80	Monster	45	0	81.25
3	4	39	52	43	65	Monster	45	0	49.75
4	5	58	64	58	80	Monster	45	0	65.00
...
716	717	126	131	95	99	Undiscovered	45	1	112.75
717	718	108	100	121	95	Undiscovered	3	1	106.00
718	719	50	100	150	50	Undiscovered	3	1	87.50
719	720	80	110	60	70	Undiscovered	3	1	80.00
720	721	80	110	120	70	Undiscovered	3	1	95.00

721 rows × 9 columns

Creamos el test para el entrenamiento y la efectividad

721 rows x 9 columns

```
In [12]: def replaceUndiscovered(x):
         if x == 'Undiscovered': return 0
         else: return 1

         df['Egg_Group'] = df['Egg_Group'].apply(replaceUndiscovered)
         y = df['isLegendary']

In [13]: df.drop('isLegendary', axis=1, inplace=True)
         X = df

         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=0)

In [14]: # print(X)
         # clf = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=2, random_state=0)
         # clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

In [15]: # print(clf.feature_importances_)
         # print(clf.predict([[720,80,110,60,70,0,3,80.00]]))
         clf = RandomForestClassifier(max_depth=2, random_state=0)
         clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
         scores = cross_val_score(estimator=clf,
                                   X=X_train,
                                   y=y_train,
                                   cv=10,
                                   n_jobs=1)

         print('--> Accuracy del entrenamiento: %.3f +/- %.3f' %(np.mean(scores), np.std(scores)))

C:\Users\cyntia\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\ensemble\forest.py:245: FutureWarning: The default value of n_estimators will
1 change from 10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.
  "10 in version 0.20 to 100 in 0.22.", FutureWarning)

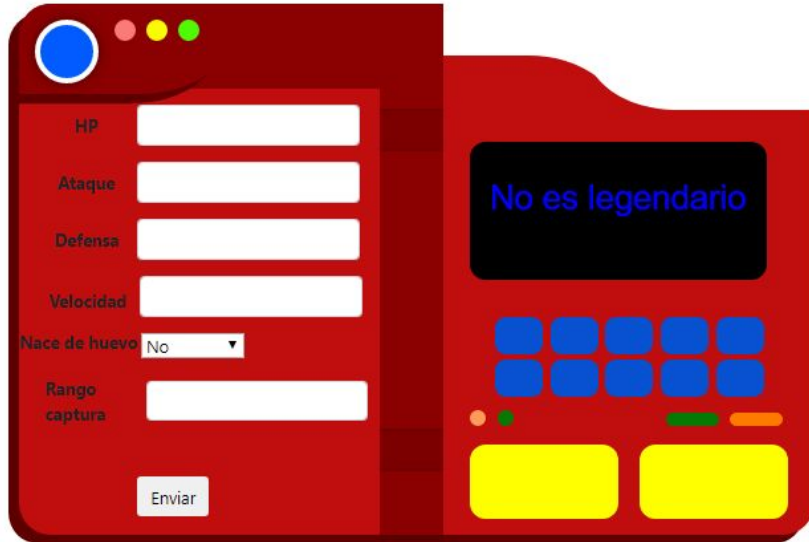
--> Accuracy del entrenamiento: 0.978 +/- 0.021
```

Información de los campos

```
20
21 @app.route("/", methods=['POST'])
22 def predict():
23     """
24     # Machine Learning
25     """
26     """# Cargamos el clasificador"""
27     """
28     loaded_model = pickle.load(open('clf_pokemon_model.sav', 'rb'))
29     """
30     """
31     """# Cogemos los datos proporcionados para predecir"""
32     """
33     if request.method == 'POST':
34         HP = request.form['HP']
35
36         attack = request.form['attack']
37
38         defense = request.form['defense']
39
40         speed = request.form['speed']
41
42         egg_group = request.form['egg_group']
43
44         catch_rate = request.form['catch_rate']
45         """
46         """
47         data = {'HP': [HP], 'attack': [attack], 'defense': [defense], 'speed': [speed], 'egg_group': [egg_group], 'catch_rate': [catch_rate]}
48         given_data = pd.DataFrame(data)
49         given_data.apply(pd.to_numeric)
50
51         print(given_data)
52
53         my_prediction = loaded_model.predict(given_data) ##predecimos con el modelo
54         return render_template('index.html', prediction = my_prediction)
55     """
56
57
58 if __name__ == '__main__':
59     app.run(host="127.0.0.1", port=8080, debug=True)
```

Ejemplo funcionamiento

Pokédex



A screenshot of a web form titled "Pokédex". The form is red with white input fields. It contains fields for HP, Ataque, Defensa, Velocidad, Nace de huevo (a dropdown menu set to "No"), and Rango captura. Below these fields is a yellow "Enviar" button. To the right of the form is a black rectangular box with the text "No es legendario" in blue. Below this box is a 4x4 grid of blue squares and two yellow rectangular buttons at the bottom.

HP

Ataque

Defensa

Velocidad

Nace de huevo

Rango captura

Enviar

No es legendario

Pokédex



A screenshot of the same "Pokédex" web form, but with numerical values entered in the input fields. The "Nace de huevo" dropdown is still set to "No". The "Enviar" button is yellow. To the right of the form is a black rectangular box with the text "Es legendario" in red. Below this box is a 4x4 grid of blue squares and two yellow rectangular buttons at the bottom.

HP

Ataque

Defensa

Velocidad

Nace de huevo

Rango captura

Enviar

Es legendario

Gracias por la atención!!!