

Task 4.7

$$a) \gamma = \underbrace{u_1}_{\uparrow} \underbrace{v_{1t}}_{\uparrow ?} - u_2 \underbrace{v_{2t}}_{\uparrow ?}$$

$v_{1t} = 0$

\underline{v}_1 in radial direction only $\Rightarrow \underline{v}_{1t} = 0$

u_2 from spinning

$$u_2 = r_2 \cdot \omega$$

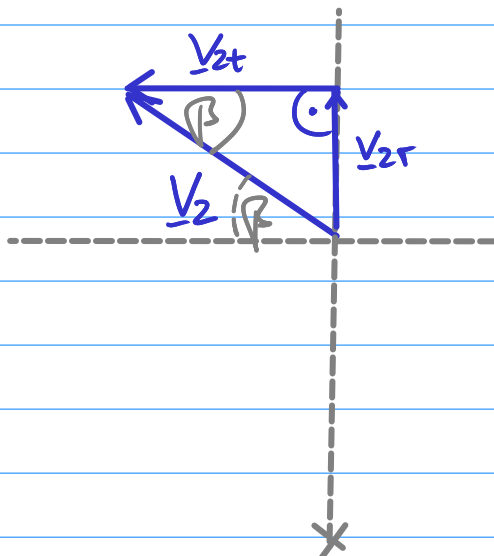
angular velocity ... from rpm

$$= 0.15 \text{ m} \cdot 3000 \frac{2\pi}{60 \text{ s}}$$

3000 rpm = rounds per minute

$$= 47.12 \text{ m/s}$$

v_{2t} from triangle



$$v_{2t} = v_2 \cos \beta$$

$$= 42.29 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \gamma = - \frac{47.12 \text{ m/s}}{42.29 \text{ m/s}}$$

$$= -1.992,69 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$$

Task 4.7

$$b) P = \dot{m} \cdot \gamma = \rho \dot{V} \gamma$$

$$= 1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} 60 \frac{\text{l}}{\text{s}} \cdot \gamma$$

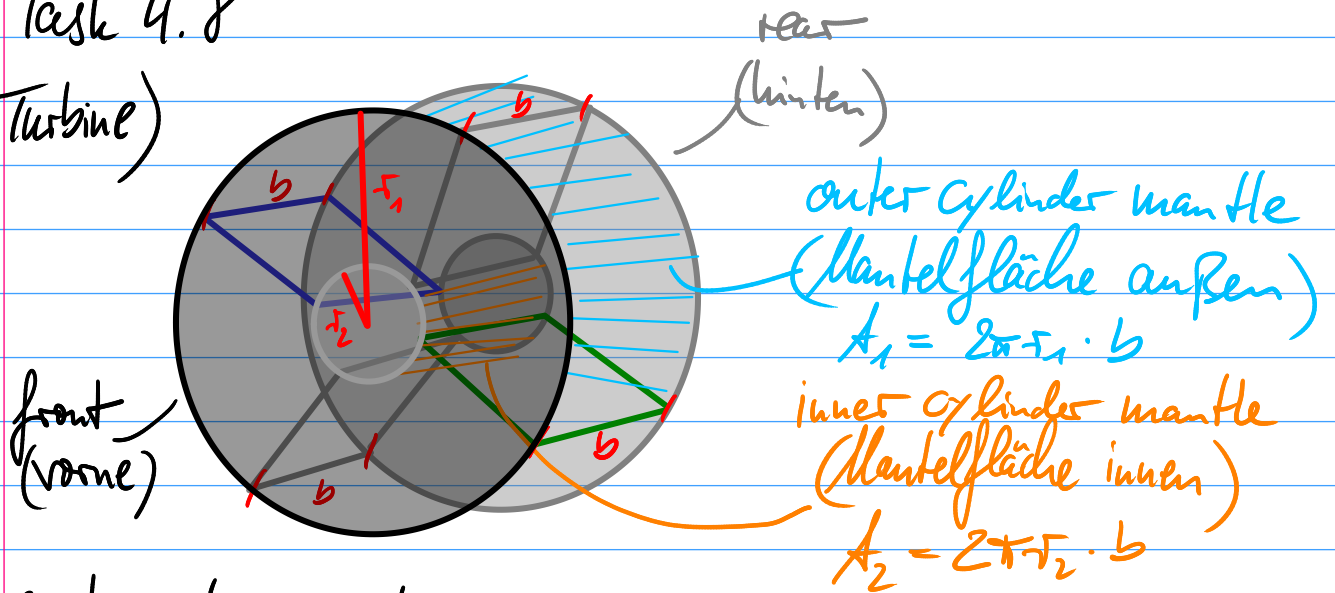
$$= 1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} 60 \frac{1000}{\text{s}} \cdot (-1992,69 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2})$$

$$\frac{\text{kg} \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}}{\text{s}} = \text{W} \checkmark$$

$$= -1992618 \text{ W}$$

$$= -1992,6 \text{ kW}$$

Task 4.8 (Turbine)



continuity equation: $\dot{V}_1 = \dot{V}_2$
 (Kontinuitätsglg.)

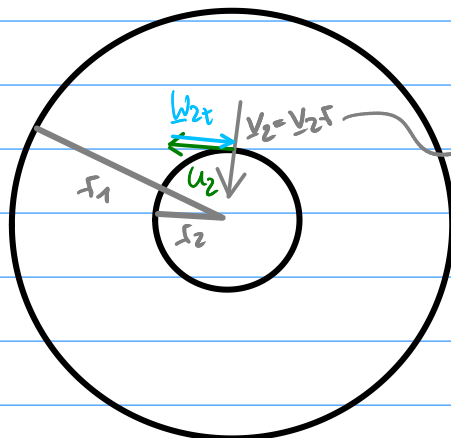
$$A_1 v_{1r} = A_2 v_{2r}$$

(Maßzahlen, Beträge)

only radial components contribute as only they contribute to "pass through"

nur die radialen Komponenten, denn nur die "gehen durch"!

⇒ Link between inner and outer velocities



"rein radial" oder "ideal" } $\underline{v}_t = 0$

$$\underline{v}_t = \underline{u} + \underline{w}_t$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = \underline{u} + \underline{w}_t$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{w}_t = -\underline{u}$$

Task 4.8

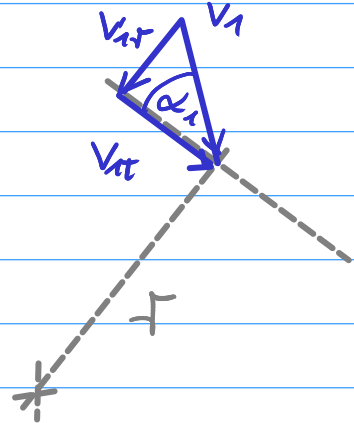
a) $u_1 = ?$ no information given about rotation except γ -value!

$$\gamma = u_1 v_{1t} - u_2 v_{2t} \quad \text{as in text}$$

↑
?

$$\Rightarrow u_1 = \gamma / v_{1t}$$

$$= \frac{\gamma}{v_1 \cos \alpha_1}$$



$$b) \beta_1 = ? \quad \tan \beta_1 = \frac{\omega_{1r}}{\omega_{1t}}$$

$$\omega_{1r} = v_{1r} = v_1 \sin 20^\circ = \dots$$

$$v_{1t} = \omega_{1t} + u \Rightarrow \omega_{1t} = v_{1t} - u_1 = \dots$$

from a)

Task 4.8c)

$$\omega_{2r} = v_{2r}$$

$$A_1 v_{1r} = A_2 v_{2r}$$

$$v_{1r} = v_1 \sin \alpha_1$$

$$A_1 = 2\pi r_1 \cdot b$$

$$A_2 = 2\pi r_2 \cdot b$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega_{2r} = v_{2r} = \frac{A_1}{A_2} v_{1r} = \frac{\cancel{2\pi r_1 \cdot b}}{\cancel{2\pi r_2 \cdot b}} v_{1r}$$

d) Outflow angle β_2 ? $\tan \beta_2 = \frac{\overset{\text{from c)}}{\omega_{2r}}}{\underset{\uparrow ?}{\omega_{2t}}}$

$$v_{2t} = u_2 + w_{2t}$$

\uparrow

0 because outflow purely radial

$$\Rightarrow w_{2t} = -u_2 \Rightarrow \text{What is } u_2?$$

$$u_1 = \omega \cdot r_1 \Rightarrow \omega = \frac{u_1}{r_1} = \frac{u_2}{r_2}$$

$$\Rightarrow u_2 = \omega \cdot r_2 = \frac{r_2}{r_1} u_1 = \dots = -w_{2t}$$

$$\Rightarrow \beta_2 = \arctan\left(\frac{\omega_{2r}}{\omega_{2t}}\right) = \dots \quad \text{cf. spreadsheet. up to a sign...}$$