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World Solar Programme 1996–2005

China, Cuba, Cyprus, Ethiopia, Georgia, India, Indonesia, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Mongolia, Namibia, Niger, Pakistan, Peru, Senegal, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Zambia and Zimbabwe: draft resolution

World Solar Programme 1996–2005

The General Assembly,

Aware that one of the priority tasks of the United Nations for the benefit of present and future generations is the elimination of poverty and the improvement of the quality of life of the millions that live in misery,

Recalling, in the context of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, that sustainable development is one of the main goals of the United Nations system, and that one of the key elements for attaining it is the application of sustainable energy systems, which includes the wider use of environmentally friendly, renewable energies,

Recalling also that the Programme for the Further Implementation of Agenda 21, adopted by the General Assembly at its nineteenth special session, recognized the need to promote efforts in research on and development and use of renewable energies at the international and national levels,

Recalling further that energy will be one of the main topics of the ninth session of the Commission on Sustainable Development in 2001,

Recalling also that the World Solar Summit held at Harare on 16 and 17 September 1996 adopted the Harare Declaration on Solar Energy and Sustainable Development and approved the preparation of a World Solar Programme 1996–2005 aimed at improving people's quality of life in both industrialized and developing countries through the wider use of renewable energies, notably in the rural areas of developing countries, and that this programme was approved by the World Solar Commission in June 1997,²

¹ Resolution S-19/2.

² A/53/395, annex.

Recalling also resolution 29C/14 concerning the World Solar Programme 1996–2005 adopted by the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization in November 1997,

Considering the need to make all necessary efforts to achieve the goals set out in the Harare Declaration,

Noting with appreciation the support shown and commitments made so far by a number of donor Member States,

- 1. *Expresses its appreciation* to the heads of State and Government who have agreed to serve on the World Solar Commission, and especially to its Chairman;
- 2. *Endorses* the World Solar Programme 1996–2005² as a contribution to the overall sustainable development agenda;
- 3. *Invites* all Member States of the United Nations to contribute to its successful implementation;
- 4. *Invites* the Secretary-General of the United Nations, in consultation with the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization and in close cooperation with the United Nations Environment Programme and other relevant organizations:
- (a) To undertake concrete action to ensure that the World Solar Programme 1996–2005 is fully integrated and mainstreamed in the efforts of the United Nations system towards attaining the objective of sustainable development;
- (b) To bring the World Solar Programme 1996–2005 to the attention of relevant funding and technical assistance sources and to encourage them to consider contributing to its effective implementation;
- (c) To continue to sensitize and generate a greater degree of awareness in all Member States and international, regional and national institutions, both public and private, to the strategic importance of the Programme to ensuring sustainable development;
- (d) To present to the General Assembly at its fifty-fourth session, under the item entitled "Environment and sustainable development", a report entitled "World Solar Programme 1996–2005" on measures taken by the different entities of the United Nations system in accordance with the provisions of the present resolution.

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