



## **General Assembly**

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Forty-ninth session Agenda item 37 (b)

STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF HUMANITARIAN AND DISASTER RELIEF ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS, INCLUDING SPECIAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE: SPECIAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO INDIVIDUAL COUNTRIES OR REGIONS

Algeria, Angola, Benin, Botswana, Burkina Faso, Burundi,
Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros,
Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Djibouti, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea,
Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gabon, Gambia, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau,
Kenya, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar,
Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique,
Namibia, Niger, Nigeria, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Senegal,
Seychelles, Sierra Leone, South Africa, Sudan, Swaziland, Togo,
Tunisia, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Zaire, Zambia
and Zimbabwe: draft resolution

## Assistance to Mozambique

The General Assembly,

Recalling Security Council resolution 386 (1976) of 17 March 1976 and taking note of Council resolution 782 (1992) of 13 October 1992,

Recalling also its relevant resolutions, in particular resolution 45/227 of 21 December 1990 and resolution 47/42 of 9 December 1992, in which it urged the international community to respond effectively and generously to the call for assistance to Mozambique,

Reaffirming the principles for humanitarian assistance contained in the annex to its resolution 46/182 of 19 December 1991,

Bearing in mind the donors conference held at Rome in December 1992 and the follow-up meeting held at Maputo in June 1993, whose main objective was to mobilize resources for post-war programming in support of the resettlement and reintegration of returning refugees, internally displaced persons and demobilized soldiers,

Bearing in mind also the Paris Declaration and the Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries for the 1990s,  $\underline{1}$ / adopted by the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries on 14 September 1990,

Stressing the need for continuing support for humanitarian assistance in the light of the ongoing process of repatriation, resettlement and reintegration of the returning refugees, internally displaced persons and demobilized soldiers,

Stressing also that Mozambique is emerging from a devastating war and that a proper response to the current situation in the country requires substantial international assistance in a comprehensive and integrated manner linking humanitarian assistance with economic aid for national reconstruction and development,

<u>Noting with gratitude</u> the mobilization and allocation by relevant organizations of the United Nations system and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations of resources for a post-war consolidated humanitarian assistance programme for Mozambique,

<u>Welcoming</u> the successful implementation of the General Peace Agreement for Mozambique signed at Rome on 4 October 1992,  $\underline{2}$ / which culminated in the holding of multi-party elections in October 1994 in that country,

<u>Welcoming also</u> the role played by all parties and the people of Mozambique in general in the implementation of the General Peace Agreement for Mozambique, whose main goals are the establishment of lasting peace, the enhancement of democracy and the promotion of national reconciliation in that country,

 $\underline{\text{Having considered}}$  the report of the Secretary-General on assistance to Mozambique, 3/

- 1. <u>Takes note</u> of the report of the Secretary-General; <u>3</u>/
- 2. <u>Expresses its gratitude</u> to all States and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations that have rendered assistance to Mozambique;

<sup>1/</sup> Report of the Second United Nations Conference on the Least Developed Countries, Paris, 3-14 September 1990 (A/CONF.147/18), part one.

<sup>2/</sup> See S/24635, annex.

<sup>3/</sup> A/49/387 and Corr.1.

- 3. <u>Commends</u> the people and the Government of Mozambique for their diligence and tireless efforts in pursuit of lasting peace and stability in that country;
- 4. Expresses its satisfaction at the successful implementation of the General Peace Agreement for Mozambique, which paved the way for the establishment of lasting peace, the enhancement of democracy, the promotion of national reconciliation and the creation of favourable conditions for the implementation of a programme of national reconstruction and development for Mozambique;
- 5. <u>Calls upon</u> the international community and intergovernmental and non-governmental organizations to continue to render their generous assistance to Mozambique in the form of financial, material and technical support for the repatriation of refugees and the resettlement and reintegration of the returning refugees, internally displaced persons and demobilized soldiers;
- 6. <u>Appeals</u> to the international community to extend its support to the Government of Mozambique in the establishment of lasting peace and democracy and in the promotion of an effective programme of national reconstruction and development in that country;
- 7. Requests the Secretary-General, in close cooperation with the Government of Mozambique:
- (a) To continue his efforts to mobilize international assistance for the national reconstruction and development of Mozambique;
- (b) To ensure the coordination of the work of the United Nations system for an adequate response to the humanitarian assistance and development needs of Mozambique;
- (c) To prepare a report on international assistance for the national reconstruction and development of Mozambique for submission to the General Assembly at its fifty-first session.

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