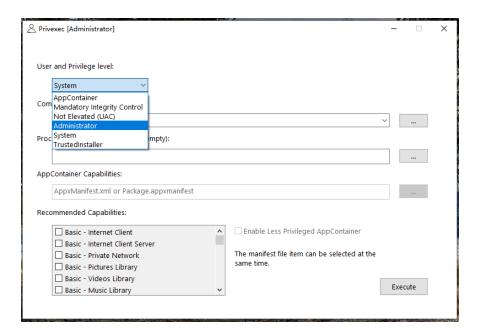


Or you can download it directly, use Exeplorer or 7z and other tools to extract and then use Privexec, download link: https://github.com/M2Team/Privexec/releases/latest

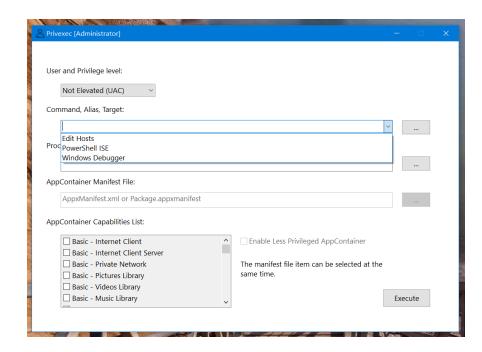
Alias

Privexec and wsudo can resolve aliases. In addition, wsudo adds or deletes aliases. It is also a good choice to use vscode to edit Privexec.json to modify aliases. When Privexec is installed via baulk, the storage directory of Privexec.json is \$BAULK_ROOT/bin/etc. If Privexec Download and unzip directly, then Privexec.json will be in the same directory as Privexec.exe.

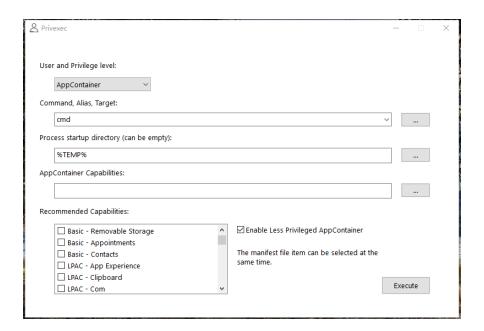
Screenshot



Alias:



AppContainer:



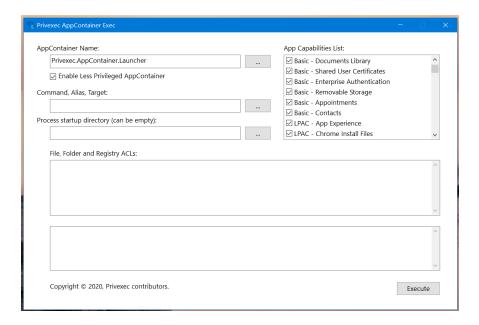
wsudo usage:

wsudo Verbose Mode:

```
PS C:\Temp> wsudo -V == -m cmd

* App Launcher level: AppContainer
* App Full path 'C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe'
* App real path 'C:\WINDOWS\system32\cmd.exe'
* App real ange' \times \
```

AppContainer Exec



Usage

Privexec is a GUI client. When running as a standard user, you can start the administrator process; when running as an administrator, you can elevate the privileges to System or TrustedInstaller. It should be noted that System or

TrustedInstaller has too many privileges, which can easily damage the system operation. Be careful when using it.

AppExec is a program that starts the AppContainer process. Some developers use this program to study the running details of Windows AppContainer and the vulnerabilities of AppContaner. UWP applications run in the AppContainer container.

wsudo is the console version of Privexec/AppExec. The detailed help is as follows:

wsudo usage:

```
wsudo 🎔 5.0 run the program with the specified 🖳
usage: wsudo command args...
   -v|--version
                       print version and exit
   -h|--help
                       print help information a
   -V --verbose
                     Make the operation more
   -c|--cwd
                      Use a working directory .
   -e|--env
                     Use specific environment
   -n|--nui
                       Starts a separate window
   -H|--hide
                      Hide child process window
   -w|--wait
                       Start application and was
   -u|--user
                       run as user (optional), :
                       Supported user categorie:
                       AppContainer MIC
                       Standard
                                     Administra .
                       TrustedInstaller
   -x|--appx
                       AppContainer AppManifest
   -L|--lpac
                       Less Privileged AppConta:
   --disable-alias
                       Disable Privexec alias, I
                       Set AppContainer ID name
   --appid
   --retain
                       Retain AppContainer Prof:
Select user can use the following flags:
   -a|--appcontainer AppContainer
   -M|--mic
                       Mandatory Integrity Cont
   -B|--basic
                       Basic execution, permiss:
   -U|--standard
                       Standard user no elevated
   -A|--administrator Administrator
   -S|--system
                       System
   -T|--ti
                       TrustedInstaller
```

```
Example:

wsudo -A pwsh -NoProfile

wsudo -T cmd

wsudo -U -V -eCURL_SSL_BACKEND=schannel curl

wsudo -U -V CURL_SSL_BACKEND=schannel curl -

Builtin 'alias' command:

wsudo alias add ehs "notepad %SYSTEMROOT%/Syswsudo alias delete ehs
```

When Privexec, AppExec, wsudo launch commands, the command line and launch directory support deduction via ExpandEnvironmentString.

WSUDO Details

The wsudo visible and wait related parameters are --hide --wait --new-console. The corresponding situation is as follows:

| PE Subsystem | No relevant parameters | new- console | hide |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Windows | wait/Inheritance console | no wait/New console | no wait/No console |
| Windows GUI | no wait/New UI | no wait/New UI | no wait/No window |
| Windows CUI -wait | wait/Inheritance console | wait/New console | wait/No console |
| Windows GUI -wait | wait/New UI | wait/New UI | wait/No window |

When wsudo starts the administrator process as a standard user, if it is currently running in the console, it supports inheriting the console window. If it is not running in the

console, it can do nothing. The newer Cygwin currently supports the newer Windows 10 ConPty starts the console, so it can inherit the console window, which is the terminal. The picture below is the proof.

wsudo exec administrator process under mintty (Turn on ConPty):

```
MINGW64/c/Temp

$ wsudo -V -A pwsh
App Launcher level: Administrator
App real path 'C:\Program Files\PowerShell\7\pwsh.exe'
App real argv0 'Dwsh'
App subsystem is console, use C:\Use.
App execute path 'C:\Program Files\PowerShell\7\pwsh.exe'
App real argv0 'pwsh'
new administrator process is running: 5816
PowerShell 7.0.3
Copyright (c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

https://aka.ms/powershell
Type 'help' to get help.

PS C:\Temp>
```

WSUDO Environment

wsudo support -e/--env to set environment. such as:

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