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Eventlog Key

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The event log contains the following standard logs as well as custom logs:

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Log	Description
Application	Contains events logged by applications. For example, a database application might record a file error. The application developer decides which events to record.
Security	Contains events such as valid and invalid logon attempts, as well as events related to resource use such as creating, opening, or deleting files or other objects. An administrator can start auditing to record events in the security log.
System	Contains events logged by system components, such as the failure of a driver or other system component to load during startup.
CustomLog	Contains events logged by applications that create a custom log. Using a custom log enables an application to control the size of the log or attach ACLs for security purposes without affecting other applications.

The event logging service uses the information stored in the **Eventlog** registry key. The **Eventlog** key contains several subkeys, called *logs*. Each log contains information that the event logging service uses to locate resources when an application writes to and reads from the event log.

The structure of the **Eventlog** key is as follows:

```
Copy
HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE
   SYSTEM
      CurrentControlSet
         Services
            Eventlog
               Application
               Security
               System
               CustomLog
```

Note that domain controllers record events in the Directory service and File Replication service logs and DNS servers record events in the DNS server.

Each log can contain the following registry values.

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Registry value	Description
CustomSD	Restricts access to the event log. This value is of type REG_SZ. The format used is So
	Clear (0x0004)
	Read (0x0001)
	Write (0x0002)
	To be a syntactically valid SDDL, the CustomSD value must specify an owner and a
	For more information, see Event Logging Security.
	Windows Server 2003: SACLs are supported.

	Windows XP/2000: This value is not supported.			
DisplayNameFile	This value is not used. Windows Server 2003 and Windows XP/2000: Name of the			
DisplayNameID	This value is not used. Windows Server 2003 and Windows XP/2000: Message ide			
File	Fully qualified path to the file where each event log is stored. This enables Event Via If a specific file is set, make sure that the event log service has full permissions on to This value needs to be a valid file name for a file that is located on a local directory Do not use environment variables, in the path to the file, that cannot be expanded Windows Server 2003 and Windows XP/2000: This value defaults to %SystemRoc			
MaxSize	Maximum size, in bytes, of the log file. This value is of type REG_DWORD. The value			
PrimaryModule	This value is not used. Windows Server 2003 and Windows XP/2000: This value is			
Retention	This value is of type REG_DWORD. The default value is 0. If this value is 0, the recor			
Sources	This value is not used. Windows Server 2003 and Windows XP/2000: Names of the			
AutoBackupLogFiles	This value is of type REG_DWORD, and is used by the event log service to determin			
RestrictGuestAccess	This value is not used. Windows XP/2000: This value is of type REG_DWORD, and			
Isolation	Defines the default access permissions for the log. This value is of type REG_SZ. You • Application • System • Custom			
	The default isolation is Application . The default permissions for Application are (sh			
	L"0:BAG:SYD:" L"(A;;0xf0007;;;SY)"			
	The default permissions for System are (shown using SDDL):			
	L"0:BAG:SYD:" L"(A;;0xf0007;;;SY)"			
	The default permissions for Custom isolation is the same as Application. Windows Server 2003 and Windows XP/2000 : This value is not available.			

Each log also contains event sources. For more information, see Event Sources.

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