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Configure exclusions for files opened by processes

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Applies to:

• Microsoft Defender for Endpoint Plan 1

- Microsoft Defender for Endpoint Plan 2
- Microsoft Defender Antivirus

Platforms

Windows

You can exclude files that are opened by specific processes from Microsoft Defender Antivirus scans. Note that these types of exclusions are for files that are opened by processes and not the processes themselves. To exclude a process, add a file exclusion (see Configure and validate exclusions based on file extension and folder location).

See Important points about exclusions and review the information in Manage exclusions for Microsoft Defender for Endpoint and Microsoft Defender Antivirus before defining your exclusion lists.

This article describes how to configure exclusion lists.

Examples of process exclusions

Expand table

Exclusion	Example
Any file on the machine that is opened by any process with a specific file name	Specifying test.exe would exclude files opened by:
•	<pre>c:\sample\test.exe</pre>
	<pre>d:\internal\files\test.exe</pre>
Any file on the machine that is opened by any process under a specific folder	Specifying c:\test\sample* would exclude files opened by:
	<pre>c:\test\sample\test.exe</pre>
	<pre>c:\test\sample\test2.exe</pre>
	<pre>c:\test\sample\utility.exe</pre>

is opened by a specific process in a specific folder

Any file on the machine that Specifying c:\test\process.exe would exclude files only opened by c:\test\process.exe

When you add a process to the process exclusion list, Microsoft Defender Antivirus won't scan files opened by that process, no matter where the files are located. The process itself, however, will be scanned unless it has also been added to the file exclusion list.

The exclusions only apply to always-on real-time protection and monitoring. They don't apply to scheduled or on-demand scans.

Changes made with Group Policy to the exclusion lists will show in the lists in the Windows Security app. However, changes made in the Windows Security app will not show in the Group Policy lists.

You can add, remove, and review the lists for exclusions in Group Policy, Microsoft Configuration Manager, Microsoft Intune, and with the Windows Security app, and you can use wildcards to further customize the lists.

You can also use PowerShell cmdlets and WMI to configure the exclusion lists, including reviewing your lists.

By default, local changes made to the lists (by users with administrator privileges; changes made with PowerShell and WMI) are merged with the lists as defined (and deployed) by Group Policy, Configuration Manager, or Intune. The Group Policy lists take precedence if there are conflicts.

You can configure how locally and globally defined exclusions lists are merged to allow local changes to override managed deployment settings.

(!) Note

Network Protection and Attack surface reduction rules are directly impacted by process exclusions on all platforms, meaning that a process exclusion on any OS (Windows, MacOS, Linux) will result in Network Protection or ASR being unable to inspect traffic or enforce rules for that specific process.

Image name vs full path for process exclusions

Two different types of process exclusions may be set. A process may be excluded by image name, or by full path. The image name is simply the file name of the process, without the path.

For example, given the process MyProcess.exe running from

C:\MyFolder\ the full path to this process would be

C:\MyFolder\MyProcess.exe and the image name is MyProcess.exe.

Image name exclusions are much more broad - an exclusion on MyProcess.exe will exclude any processes with this image name, regardless of the path they are run from. So for example, if the process MyProcess.exe is excluded by image name, it will also be excluded if it is run from C:\MyOtherFolder, from removable media, et cetera. As such it is recommended that whenever possible, the full path is used.

Use wildcards in the process exclusion list

The use of wildcards in the process exclusion list is different from their use in other exclusion lists. When the process exclusion is defined as an image name only, wildcard usage is not allowed. However when a full path is used, wildcards are supported and the wildcard behavior behaves as described in File and Folder Exclusions

The use of environment variables (such as <code>%ALLUSERSPROFILE%</code>) as wildcards when defining items in the process exclusion list is also supported. Details and a full list of supported environment variables are described in File and Folder Exclusions.

The following table describes how the wildcards can be used in the process exclusion list, when a path is supplied:

Expand table

Wildcard	Example use	Example matc
* (asterisk)	C:\MyFolder*	Any file openec
Replaces any number of characters.		or C:\MyFolder
	C:**\MyProcess.exe	Any file openec
		<pre>C:\MyFolder1\</pre>
		<pre>C:\MyFolder3\</pre>
	<pre>C:*\MyFolder\My*.exe</pre>	Any file openec
		C:\MyOtherFol
		C:\AnotherFol
'?' (question	<pre>C:\MyFolder\MyProcess??.exe</pre>	Any file openec
mark)		or C:\MyFolder
Replaces one character.		C:\MyFolder\M
Environment	%ALLUSERSPROFILE%\MyFolder\MyProcess.exe	Any file openec
Variables		C:\ProgramDat

Contextual Process Exclusions

Note that a process exclusion may also be defined via a Contextual exclusion allowing for example a specific file to be excluded only if it is opened by a specific process.

Configure the list of exclusions for files opened by specified processes

Use Microsoft Intune to exclude files that have been opened by specified processes from scans

For more information, see Configure device restriction settings in Microsoft Intune and Microsoft Defender Antivirus device restriction settings for Windows 10 in Intune.

Use Microsoft Configuration Manager to exclude files that have been opened by specified processes from scans

See How to create and deploy antimalware policies: Exclusion settings for details on configuring Microsoft Configuration Manager (current branch).

Use Group Policy to exclude files that have been opened by specified processes from scans

- On your Group Policy management computer, open the Group Policy Management Console, right-click the Group Policy Object you want to configure and click Edit.
- 2. In the **Group Policy Management Editor**, go to **Computer configuration** and click **Administrative templates**.
- 3. Expand the tree to Windows components > Microsoft Defender Antivirus > Exclusions.
- 4. Double-click **Process Exclusions** and add the exclusions:
 - a. Set the option to **Enabled**.
 - b. Under the **Options** section, click **Show...**.
 - c. Enter each process on its own line under the **Value name** column. See the example table for the different types of

process exclusions. Enter **0** in the **Value** column for all processes.

5. Click OK.

Use PowerShell cmdlets to exclude files that have been opened by specified processes from scans

Using PowerShell to add or remove exclusions for files that have been opened by processes requires using a combination of three cmdlets with the <code>-ExclusionProcess</code> parameter. The cmdlets are all in the <code>Defender module</code>.

The format for the cmdlets is:

```
<cmdlet> -ExclusionProcess "<item>"
```

The following are allowed as the <cmdlet>:

Expand table

Configuration action	PowerShell cmdlet
Create or overwrite the list	Set-MpPreference
Add to the list	Add-MpPreference
Remove items from the list	Remove-MpPreference

(i) Important

If you have created a list, either with Set-MpPreference or Add-MpPreference cmdlet again will overwrite the existing list.

For example, the following code snippet would cause Microsoft Defender Antivirus scans to exclude any file that is opened by the specified process:

Add-MpPreference -ExclusionProcess "c:\internal\test.exe"

For more information on how to use PowerShell with Microsoft Defender Antivirus, see Manage antivirus with PowerShell cmdlets and Microsoft Defender Antivirus cmdlets.

Use Windows Management Instruction (WMI) to exclude files that have been opened by specified processes from scans

Use the **Set**, **Add**, and **Remove** methods of the **MSFT_MpPreference** class for the following properties:

ExclusionProcess

The use of **Set**, **Add**, and **Remove** is analogous to their counterparts in PowerShell: Set-MpPreference, Add-MpPreference, and Remove-MpPreference.

For more information and allowed parameters, see Windows Defender WMIv2 APIs.

Use the Windows Security app to exclude files that have been opened by specified processes from scans

Follow the instructions in Add exclusions in the Windows Security app.

Review the list of exclusions

You can retrieve the items in the exclusion list with MpCmdRun, PowerShell, Microsoft Configuration Manager, Intune, or the Windows Security app.

If you use PowerShell, you can retrieve the list in two ways:

- Retrieve the status of all Microsoft Defender Antivirus preferences.
 Each of the lists are displayed on separate lines, but the items within each list are combined into the same line.
- Write the status of all preferences to a variable, and use that variable to only call the specific list you're interested in. Each use of Add-MpPreference is written to a new line.

Validate the exclusion list by using MpCmdRun

To check exclusions with the dedicated command-line tool mpcmdrun.exe, use the following command:

MpCmdRun.exe -	-CheckExclusion	-path <	path>	

① Note

Checking exclusions with MpCmdRun requires Microsoft Defender Antivirus CAMP version 4.18.1812.3 (released in December 2018) or later.

Review the list of exclusions alongside all other Microsoft Defender Antivirus preferences by using PowerShell

Use the following cmdlet:

Get-MpPreference

For more information on how to use PowerShell with Microsoft
Defender Antivirus, see Use PowerShell cmdlets to configure and run
Microsoft Defender Antivirus and Microsoft Defender Antivirus cmdlets

Retrieve a specific exclusions list by using PowerShell

Use the following code snippet (enter each line as a separate command); replace **WDAVprefs** with whatever label you want to name the variable:

\$WDAVprefs = Get-MpPreference
\$WDAVprefs.ExclusionProcess

For more information on how to use PowerShell with Microsoft
Defender Antivirus, see Use PowerShell cmdlets to configure and run
Microsoft Defender Antivirus and Microsoft Defender Antivirus cmdlets.



If you're looking for Antivirus related information for other platforms, see:

- Set preferences for Microsoft Defender for Endpoint on macOS
- Microsoft Defender for Endpoint on Mac
- macOS Antivirus policy settings for Microsoft Defender
 Antivirus for Intune
- <u>Set preferences for Microsoft Defender for Endpoint on</u>
 Linux
- Microsoft Defender for Endpoint on Linux
- Configure Defender for Endpoint on Android features
- Configure Microsoft Defender for Endpoint on iOS features

Related articles

- Configure and validate exclusions in Microsoft Defender Antivirus scans
- Configure and validate exclusions based on file name, extension, and folder location
- Configure Microsoft Defender Antivirus exclusions on Windows Server
- Common mistakes to avoid when defining exclusions
- Customize, initiate, and review the results of Microsoft Defender
 Antivirus scans and remediation
- Microsoft Defender Antivirus in Windows 10

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