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Get started with OpenSSH for Windows

Article • 11/01/2024 • 23 contributors •

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In this article

Prerequisites

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OpenSSH is a connectivity tool for remote sign-in that uses the SSH protocol. It encrypts all traffic between client and server to eliminate eavesdropping, connection hijacking, and other attacks.

An OpenSSH-compatible client can be used to connect to Windows Server and Windows client devices.

(i) Important

If you downloaded the OpenSSH beta from the GitHub repo at PowerShell/Win32-OpenSSH ☑, follow the instructions listed there, not the ones in this article. Some information in the Win32-OpenSSH repository relates to prerelease product that may be substantially modified before it's released. Microsoft makes no warranties, express or implied, with respect to the information provided there.

Prerequisites

Before you start, your computer must meet the following requirements:

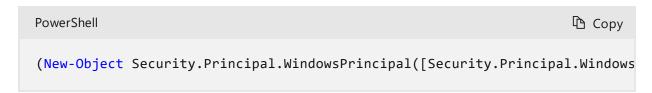
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- A device running at least Windows Server 2019 or Windows 10 (build 1809).
- PowerShell 5.1 or later.
- An account that is a member of the built-in Administrators group.

Prerequisites check

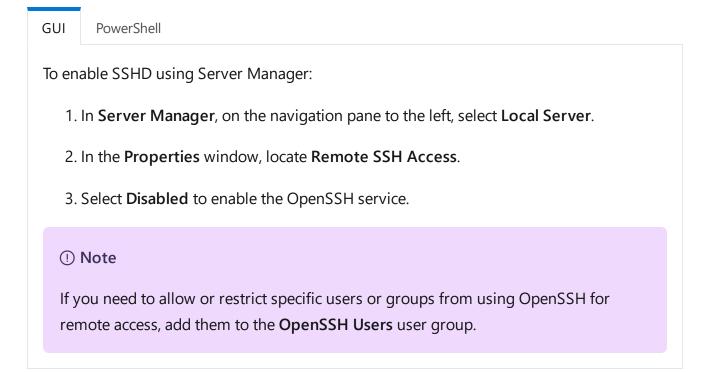
To validate your environment, open an elevated PowerShell session and do the following:

- Enter winver.exe and press enter to see the version details for your Windows device.
- Run \$PSVersionTable.PSVersion. Verify your major version is at least 5, and your minor version at least 1. Learn more about installing PowerShell on Windows.
- Run the following command. The output shows True when you're a member of the built-in Administrators group.



Enable OpenSSH for Windows Server 2025

Starting with Windows Server 2025, OpenSSH is now installed by default. You can also enable or disable the sshd service in Server Manager.



Connect to OpenSSH Server

Once installed, you can connect to OpenSSH Server from a Windows or Windows Server device with the OpenSSH client installed. From a PowerShell prompt, run the following command.



Once connected, you get a message similar to the following output.

```
PowerShell

The authenticity of host 'servername (10.00.00.001)' can't be established.

ECDSA key fingerprint is SHA256:(<a large string>).
```

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)?

Entering yes adds that server to the list of known SSH hosts on your Windows client.

At this point, the service prompts you for your password. As a security precaution, the characters of your password aren't displayed as you enter them.

Once connected, you should see the following Windows command shell prompt:

PowerShell

domain\username@SERVERNAME C:\Users\username>

Uninstall OpenSSH for Windows

GUI PowerShell
To uninstall OpenSSH using Windows Settings:
1. Open Settings, select System, then select Optional Features (also referred to as Manage optional features).
2. In the list, select OpenSSH Client or OpenSSH Server.
3. Select Uninstall.

If the service was in use when you uninstalled it, you should restart Windows.

Next steps

Now that you're done installing OpenSSH Server for Windows, here are some articles that can help you learn how to use it:

- Learn more about using key pairs for authentication in OpenSSH key management
- Learn more about the OpenSSH Server configuration for Windows

Feedback

Additional resources

M Training

Module

Develop on a remote machine using SSH with Visual Studio Code - Training

In this module, you'll learn how to seamlessly develop on a remote machine using the Visual Studio Code Remote - SSH extension. We'll explore how to run and debug code located on a remote machine, while locally using Visual Studio Code's full feature set.

Certification

Microsoft Certified: Windows Server Hybrid Administrator Associate - Certifications

As a Windows Server hybrid administrator, you integrate Windows Server environments with Azure services and manage Windows Server in on-premises networks.

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