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ProcDump v11.0

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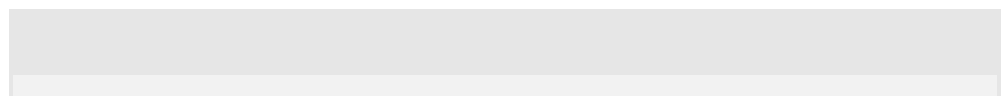
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Introduction

ProcDump is a command-line utility whose primary purpose is monitoring an application for CPU spikes and generating crash dumps during a spike that an administrator or developer can use to determine the cause of the spike. ProcDump also includes hung window monitoring (using the same definition of a window hang that Windows and Task Manager use), unhandled exception monitoring and can generate dumps based on the values of system performance counters. It also can serve as a general process dump utility that you can embed in other scripts.

Using ProcDump

Capture Usage:



```
procdump.exe [-mm] [-ma] [-mt] [-mp] [-mc <Mask>] [-md <Callt
    [-n <Count>]
    [-s <Seconds>]
    [-c|-cl <CPU_Usage> [-u]]
    [-m|-ml <Commit_Usage>]
    [-p|-pl <Counter> <Threshold>]
    [-h]
    [-e [1] [-g] [-b] [-ld] [-ud] [-ct] [-et]]
    [-l]
    [-t]
    [-f <Include_Filter>, ...]
    [-fx <Exclude_Filter>, ...]
    [-dc <Comment>]
    [-o]
    [-r [1..5] [-a]]
    [-at <Timeout>]
    [-wer]
    [-64]
    {
        {[[-w] <Process_Name> | <Service_Name> | <PID>]
        |
        {-x <Dump_Folder> <Image_File> [Argument, ...]
    }
```

Install Usage:

```
procdump.exe -i [Dump_Folder]
    [-mm] [-ma] [-mt] [-mp] [-mc <Mask>] [-md <Callt
    [-r]
    [-at <Timeout>]
    [-k]
    [-wer]
```

Uninstall Usage:

```
procdump.exe -u
```

Dump Types:

 Expand table

Dump Type	Description
-mm	<p>Write a 'Mini' dump file. (default)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Includes directly and indirectly referenced memory (stacks and what they reference).- Includes all metadata (Process, Thread, Module, Handle, Address Space, etc.).
-ma	<p>Write a 'Full' dump file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Includes all memory (Image, Mapped and Private).- Includes all metadata (Process, Thread, Module, Handle, Address Space, etc.).
-mt	<p>Write a 'Triage' dump file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Includes directly referenced memory (stacks).- Includes limited metadata (Process, Thread, Module and Handle).- Removal of sensitive information is attempted but not guaranteed.
-mp	<p>Write a 'MiniPlus' dump file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Includes all Private memory and all Read/Write Image or Mapped memory.- Includes all metadata (Process, Thread, Module, Handle, Address Space, etc.).- To minimize size, the largest Private memory area over 512MB is excluded. <p>A memory area is defined as the sum of same-sized memory allocations.</p> <p>The dump is as detailed as a Full dump but 10%-75% the size.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Note: CLR processes are dumped as Full (-ma) due to debugging limitations.
-mc	<p>Write a 'Custom' dump file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Includes the memory and metadata defined by the specified <code>MINIDUMP_TYPE</code> mask (Hex).
-md	<p>Write a 'Callback' dump file.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Includes the memory defined by the <code>MiniDumpWriteDump</code> callback routine named <code>MiniDumpCallbackRoutine</code> of the specified DLL.

	- Includes all metadata (Process, Thread, Module, Handle, Address Space, etc.).
-mk	Also write a 'Kernel' dump file. <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Includes the kernel stacks of the threads in the process.- OS doesn't support a kernel dump (<code>-mk</code>) when using a clone (<code>-r</code>).- When using multiple dump sizes, a kernel dump is taken for each dump size.

Conditions:

 Expand table

Condition	Description
-a	Avoid outage. Requires <code>-r</code> . If the trigger will cause the target to suspend for a prolonged time due to an exceeded concurrent dump limit, the trigger will be skipped.
-at	Avoid outage at Timeout. Cancel the trigger's collection at <code>N</code> seconds.
-b	Treat debug breakpoints as exceptions (otherwise ignore them).
-c	CPU threshold above which to create a dump of the process.
-cl	CPU threshold below which to create a dump of the process.
-dc	Add the specified string to the generated Dump Comment.
-e	Write a dump when the process encounters an unhandled exception. Include the <code>1</code> to create dump on first chance exceptions. Add <code>-ld</code> to create a dump when a DLL (module) is loaded (filtering applies). Add <code>-ud</code> to create a dump when a DLL (module) is unloaded (filtering applies). Add <code>-ct</code> to create a dump when a thread is created. Add <code>-et</code> to create a dump when a thread exits.
-f	Filter (include) on the content of exceptions, debug logging and filename at DLL load/unload. Wildcards (*) are supported.

-fx	Filter (exclude) on the content of exceptions, debug logging and filename at DLL load/unload. Wildcards (*) are supported.
-g	Run as a native debugger in a managed process (no interop).
-h	Write dump if process has a hung window (does not respond to window messages for at least 5 seconds).
-k	Kill the process after cloning (-r), or at end of dump collection.
-l	Display the debug logging of the process.
-m	Memory commit threshold in MB at which to create a dump.
-ml	Trigger when memory commit drops below specified MB value.
-n	Number of dumps to write before exiting.
-o	Overwrite an existing dump file.
-p	Trigger when the Performance Counter is at, or exceeds, the specified Threshold. Some Counters and/or Instance Names can be case-sensitive.
-pl	Trigger when the Performance Counter falls below the specified Threshold.
-r	<p>Dump using a clone. Concurrent limit is optional (default 1, max 5). OS doesn't support a kernel dump (-mk) when using a clone (-r). CAUTION: a high concurrency value may impact system performance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Windows 7: Uses Reflection. OS doesn't support -e.- Windows 8.0: Uses Reflection. OS doesn't support -e.- Windows 8.1+: Uses PSS. All trigger types are supported.
-s	Consecutive seconds before dump is written (default is 10).
-t	Write a dump when the process terminates.
-u	Treat CPU usage relative to a single core (used with -c).
-v	DEBUG ONLY: Verbose output.
-w	Wait for the specified process to launch if it's not running.

-wer	Queue the (largest) dump to Windows Error Reporting.
-x	Launch the specified image with optional arguments. If it is a Store Application or Package, Procdump will start on the next activation (only).
-y	HIDDEN: Store Application activation.
-64	By default Procdump will capture a 32-bit dump of a 32-bit process when running on 64-bit Windows. This option overrides to create a 64-bit dump. Only use for WOW64 subsystem debugging.

License Agreement:

Use the `-accepteula` command line option to automatically accept the Sysinternals license agreement.

Automated Termination:

`-cancel <Target Process PID>`

Using this option or setting an event with the name `Procdump-<PID>` is the same as typing Ctrl+C to gracefully terminate Procdump. Graceful termination ensures the process is resumed if a capture is active. The cancellation applies to ALL Procdump instances monitoring the process.

Filename:

Default dump filename: `PROCESSNAME_YYMMDD_HHMMSS.dmp`

The following substitutions are supported:

 Expand table

Substitution	Explanation
PROCESSNAME	Process Name
PID	Process ID

EXCEPTIONCODE	Exception Code
YYMMDD	Year/Month/Day
HHMMSS	Hour/Minute/Second

Examples

- Write a mini dump of a process named 'notepad' (only one match can exist):

```
C:\>procdump notepad
```

- Write a Full dump of a process with PID '4572':

```
C:\>procdump -ma 4572
```

- Write a Mini first, and then a Full dump of a process with PID '4572':

```
C:\>procdump -mm -ma 4572
```

- Write 3 Mini dumps 5 seconds apart of a process named 'notepad':

```
C:\>procdump -n 3 -s 5 notepad
```

- Write up to 3 Mini dumps of a process named 'consume' when it exceeds 20% CPU usage for five seconds:


```
C:\>procdump -n 3 -s 5 -c 20 consume
```

- Write a Mini dump for a process named 'hang.exe' when one of its windows is unresponsive for more than 5 seconds:

```
C:\>procdump -h hang.exe
```

- Write a Full and Kernel dump for a process named 'hang.exe' when one of its windows is unresponsive for more than 5 seconds:

```
C:\>procdump -ma -mk -h hang.exe
```

- Write a Mini dump of a process named 'outlook' when total system CPU usage exceeds 20% for 10 seconds:

```
C:\>procdump outlook -s 10 -p "\Processor(_Total)\% Pro
```

- Write a Full dump of a process named 'outlook' when Outlook's handle count exceeds 10,000:

```
C:\>procdump -ma outlook -p "\Process(Outlook)\Handle C
```

- Write a Full dump of 'svchost' PID 1234, Instance #87, when the handle count exceeds 10,000:

```
C:\>procdump -ma 1234 -p "\Process(svchost#87)\Handle C
```

Note: Multiple Instance Counters

If there are multiple instances of the counter, you'll need to include the Name and/or Instance number.

```
\Processor(NNN)\% Processor Time  
\Thermal Zone Information(<name>)\Temperature  
\Process(<name>[#NNN])\<counter>
```

Older OSes require you to append the PID for `\Process` counters.

```
\Process(<name>[_PID])\<counter>
```

Tip: Use Performance Monitor to view the counters (esp. case sensitivity).

Tip: For `\Process(*)` based counters, use PowerShell to map a PID to its `#NNN`.

```
Get-Counter -Counter "\Process(*)\ID Process"
```

- Write a Full dump for a 2nd chance exception:

```
C:\>procdump -ma -e w3wp.exe
```

- Write a Full dump for a 1st or 2nd chance exception:

```
C:\>procdump -ma -e 1 w3wp.exe
```

- Write a Full dump for a debug string message:

```
C:\>procdump -ma -l w3wp.exe
```

- Write up to 10 Full dumps of each 1st or 2nd chance exception of w3wp.exe:

```
C:\>procdump -ma -n 10 -e 1 w3wp.exe
```

- Write up to 10 Full dumps if an exception's code/name/msg contains 'NotFound':

```
C:\>procdump -ma -n 10 -e 1 -f NotFound w3wp.exe
```

- Write up to 10 Full dumps if a debug string message contains 'NotFound':

```
C:\>procdump -ma -n 10 -l -f NotFound w3wp.exe
```

- Wait for a process called 'notepad' (and monitor it for exceptions):

```
C:\>procdump -e -w notepad
```

- Launch a process called 'notepad' (and monitor it for exceptions):

```
C:\>procdump -e -x c:\dumps notepad
```

- Register for launch, and attempt to activate, a store 'application'. A new ProcDump instance will start when it is activated:

```
C:\>procdump -e -x c:\dumps Microsoft.BingMaps_8wekyb3d
```

- Register for launch of a store 'package'. A new ProcDump instance will start when it is (manually) activated:

```
C:\>procdump -e -x c:\dumps Microsoft.BingMaps_1.2.0.13
```

- Write a MiniPlus dump of the Microsoft Exchange Information Store when it has an unhandled exception:

```
C:\>procdump -mp -e store.exe
```

- Display without writing a dump, the exception codes/names of w3wp.exe:

```
C:\>procdump -e 1 -f "" w3wp.exe
```

- Windows 7/8.0; Use Reflection to reduce outage for 5 consecutive triggers:

```
C:\>procdump -r -ma -n 5 -s 15 wmplayer.exe
```

- Windows 8.1+; Use PSS to reduce outage for 5 concurrent triggers:

```
C:\>procdump -r 5 -ma -n 5 -s 15 wmplayer.exe
```

- Install ProcDump as the (AeDebug) postmortem debugger:

```
C:\>procdump -ma -i c:\dumps
```

..Or..

```
C:\Dumps>procdump -ma -i
```

- Uninstall ProcDump as the (AeDebug) postmortem debugger:

```
C:\>procdump -u
```

See a list of example command lines (the examples are listed above):

```
C:\>procdump -? -e
```

Related Links

- [Windows Internals Book](#) The official updates and errata page for the definitive book on Windows internals, by Mark Russinovich and David Solomon.
- [Windows Sysinternals Administrator's Reference](#) The official guide to the Sysinternals utilities by Mark Russinovich and Aaron Margosis, including descriptions of all the tools, their features, how to use them for troubleshooting, and example real-world cases of their use.



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[Download ProCDump for Linux \(GitHub\)](#)

Runs on:



- Client: Windows 8.1 and higher.
- Server: Windows Server 2012 and higher.

Learn More

- [Defrag Tools: #9 - ProCDump](#) This episode of Defrag Tools covers what the tool captures and expected outage durations
- [Defrag Tools: #10 - ProCDump - Triggers](#) This episode covers trigger options in particular 1st & 2nd chance exceptions
- [Defrag Tools: #11 - ProCDump - Windows 8 & Process Monitor](#) This episode covers modern application support and Process Monitor logging support

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