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Starts, stops, and suspends a service, and changes its properties.

Syntax

```
Set-Service
  [-Name] <String>
  [-DisplayName <String>]
  [-Credential <PSCredential>]
  [-Description <String>]
  [-StartupType <ServiceStartupType>]
  [-Status <String>]
  [-SecurityDescriptorSddl <String>]
  [-Force]
  [-PassThru]
  [-WhatIf]
  [-Confirm]
  [<CommonParameters>]
```

```
Set-Service
  [-InputObject] <ServiceController>
  [-DisplayName <String>]
  [-Credential <PSCredential>]
  [-Description <String>]
  [-StartupType <ServiceStartupType>]
  [-SecurityDescriptorSddl <String>]
  [-Status <String>]
  [-Force]
  [-PassThru]
  [-WhatIf]
  [-Confirm]
  [<CommonParameters>]
```

Description

This cmdlet is only available on the Windows platform.

The Set-Service cmdlet changes the properties of a service such as the Status, Description, DisplayName, and StartupType. Set-Service can start, stop, suspend, or pause a service. To identify a service, enter its service name or submit a service object. Or, send a service name or service object down the pipeline to Set-Service.

Examples

Example 1: Change a display name

In this example, a service's display name is changed. To view the original display name, use Get-Service.

```
Set-Service -Name LanmanWorkstation -DisplayName "LanMan Wor
```

Set-Service uses the Name parameter to specify the service's name, LanmanWorkstation. The DisplayName parameter specifies the new display name, LanMan Workstation.

Example 2: Change the startup type of services

This example shows how to change a service's startup type.

Set-Service uses the **Name** parameter to specify the service's name, **BITS**. The **StartupType** parameter sets the service to **Automatic**.

Get-Service uses the Name parameter to specify the BITS service and sends the object down the pipeline. Select-Object uses the Property parameter to display the BITS service's status.

Example 3: Change the description of a service

This example changes the BITS service's description and displays the result.

The Get-CimInstance cmdlet is used because it returns a Win32_Service object that includes the service's Description.

Get-CimInstance Win32_Service -Filter 'Name = "BITS"' | For

Name : BITS

Description : Transfers files in the background using idle r

disabled, then any applications that depend or Explorer, will be unable to automatically dowr

Set-Service -Name BITS -Description "Transfers files in the Get-CimInstance Win32_Service -Filter 'Name = "BITS" | Form

Name : BITS

Description: Transfers files in the background using idle r

Get-CimInstance sends the object down the pipeline to Format-List and displays the service's name and description. For comparison purposes, the command is run before and after the description is updated.

Set-Service uses the **Name** parameter to specify the **BITS** service. The **Description** parameter specifies the updated text for the services' description.

Example 4: Start a service

In this example, a service is started.

```
Set-Service -Name WinRM -Status Running -PassThru

Status Name DisplayName
------
Running WinRM Windows Remote Management (WS-Ma
```

Set-Service uses the **Name** parameter to specify the service, **WinRM**. The **Status** parameter uses the value **Running** to start the service. The **PassThru** parameter outputs a **ServiceController** object that displays the results.

Example 5: Suspend a service

This example uses the pipeline to pause to service.

```
Get-Service -Name Schedule | Set-Service -Status Paused
```

Get-Service uses the **Name** parameter to specify the **Schedule** service, and sends the object down the pipeline. Set-Service uses the **Status** parameter to set the service to **Paused**.

Example 6: Stop a service

This example uses a variable to stop a service.

```
$S = Get-Service -Name Schedule
Set-Service -InputObject $S -Status Stopped
```

Get-Service uses the Name parameter to specify the service,

Schedule. The object is stored in the variable, \$5. Set-Service uses
the InputObject parameter and specifies the object stored \$5. The

Status parameter sets the service to Stopped.

Example 7: Stop a service on a remote system

This example stops a service on a remote computer. For more information, see Invoke-Command.

```
$Cred = Get-Credential
$S = Get-Service -Name Schedule
Invoke-Command -ComputerName server01.contoso.com -Credentia
    Set-Service -InputObject $S -Status Stopped
}
```

Get-Credential prompts for a username and password, and stores the credentials in the \$Cred variable. Get-Service uses the Name parameter to specify the Schedule service. The object is stored in the variable, \$\$.

Invoke-Command uses the ComputerName parameter to specify a remote computer. The Credential parameter uses the \$cred variable to sign on to the computer. The ScriptBlock calls Set-Service. The InputObject parameter specifies the service object stored \$s. The Status parameter sets the service to Stopped.

Example 8: Change credential of a service

This example changes the credentials that are used to manage a service.

```
$credential = Get-Credential
Set-Service -Name Schedule -Credential $credential
```

Get-Credential prompts for a username and password, and stores the credentials in the \$credential variable. Set-Service uses the Name parameter to specify the Schedule service. The Credential parameter uses the \$credential variable and updates the Schedule service.

Example 9: Change the SecurityDescriptor of a service

This example changes a service's **SecurityDescriptor**.

```
$SDDL = "D:(A;;CCLCSWRPWPDTLOCRRC;;;SY)(A;;CCDCLCSWRPWPDTLOC
Set-Service -Name "BITS" -SecurityDescriptorSddl $SDDL
```

The **SecurityDescriptor** is stored in the \$SDDL variable. Set-Service uses the **Name** parameter to specify the **BITS** service. The **SecurityDescriptorSddl** parameter uses \$SDDL to change the **SecurityDescriptor** for the **BITS** service.

Example 10: Set the startup type for multiple services

The Set-Service cmdlet only accepts one service name at a time.

However, you can pipe multiple services to Set-Service to change the configuration of multiple services.

```
Get-Service SQLWriter, spooler |
Set-Service -StartupType Automatic -PassThru |
Select-Object Name, StartType

Name StartType
```

spooler Automatic
SQLWriter Automatic

Parameters

-Confirm

Prompts you for confirmation before running Set-Service.

Expand table

Туре:	SwitchParameter
Aliases:	cf
Position:	Named
Default value:	False
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-Credential

Specifies the account used by the service as the Service Logon Account.

Type a user name, such as **User01** or **Domain01\User01**, or enter a **PSCredential** object, such as one generated by the Get-Credential cmdlet. If you type a user name, this cmdlet prompts you for a password.

Credentials are stored in a PSCredential object and the password is stored as a SecureString.

① Note

For more information about **SecureString** data protection, see <u>How secure is SecureString?</u>.

This parameter was introduced in PowerShell 6.0.

Expand table

Туре:	PSCredential
Position:	Named
Default value:	None
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-Description

Specifies a new description for the service.

The service description appears in Computer Management,
Services. The Description isn't a property of the Get-Service
ServiceController object. To see the service description, use Get-CimInstance that returns a Win32_Service object that represents the service.

Expand table

Туре:	String
Position:	Named
Default value:	None

Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-DisplayName

Specifies a new display name for the service.

① Note

Typically, Set-Service only operates on Windows services and not drivers. However, if you specify the name of a driver, Set-Service can target the driver.

Expand table

Туре:	String
Aliases:	DN
Position:	Named
Default value:	None
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-Force

Specifies the Stop mode of the service. This parameter only works when -Status Stopped is used. If enabled, Set-Service stops the dependent services before the target service is stopped. By default, exceptions are raised when other running services depend on the target service.

Expand table

Туре:	SwitchParameter
Position:	Named
Default value:	False
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-InputObject

Specifies a **ServiceController** object that represents the service to change. Enter a variable that contains the object, or type a command or expression that gets the object, such as a <code>Get-Service</code> command. You can use the pipeline to send a service object to <code>Set-Service</code>.

Expand table

Туре:	ServiceController
Position:	0
Default value:	None
Required:	True
Accept pipeline input:	True
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-Name

Specifies the service name of the service to be changed. Wildcard characters aren't permitted. You can use the pipeline to send a service name to Set-Service.

① Note

Typically, Set-Service only operates on Windows services and not drivers. However, if you specify the name of a driver, Set-Service can target the driver.

Expand table

Туре:	String
Aliases:	ServiceName, SN
Position:	0
Default value:	None
Required:	True
Accept pipeline input:	True
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-PassThru

Returns a **ServiceController** object that represents the services that were changed. By default, **Set-Service** doesn't generate any output.

Expand table

Type:	SwitchParameter
Position:	Named
Default value:	False
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False

Accept wildcard characters: False

-SecurityDescriptorSddl

Specifies the **SecurityDescriptor** for the service in **SddI** format. The account calling <code>Set-Service</code> with this parameter must have the WRITE_DAC and WRITE_OWNER permissions. For more information, see Service security and access rights.

Expand table

Туре:	String
Aliases:	sd
Position:	Named
Default value:	None
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-StartupType

Specifies the start mode of the service.

The acceptable values for this parameter are as follows:

- Automatic The service is started or was started by the operating system, at system start-up. If an automatically started service depends on a manually started service, the manually started service is also started automatically at system startup.
- AutomaticDelayedStart Starts shortly after the system boots.

- Disabled The service is disabled and cannot be started by a user or application.
- InvalidValue Has no effect. The cmdlet does not return an error but the StartupType of the service is not changed.
- Manual The service is started only manually, by a user, using the Service Control Manager, or by an application.

Expand table

Туре:	ServiceStartupType
Aliases:	StartMode, SM, ST, StartType
Accepted values:	Automatic, AutomaticDelayedStart, Disabled, InvalidValue, Manual
Position:	Named
Default value:	None
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

-Status

Specifies the status for the service.

The acceptable values for this parameter are as follows:

- Paused. Suspends the service.
- Running. Starts the service.
- Stopped. Stops the service.

Expand table

Туре:	String	
-------	--------	--

Accepted values:	Paused, Running, Stopped	
Position:	Named	
Default value:	None	
Required:	False	
Accept pipeline input:	False	
Accept wildcard characters:	False	

-WhatIf

Shows what would happen if Set-Service runs. The cmdlet isn't run.

Expand table

Туре:	SwitchParameter
Aliases:	wi
Position:	Named
Default value:	False
Required:	False
Accept pipeline input:	False
Accept wildcard characters:	False

Inputs

ServiceController

You can pipe a service object to this cmdlet.

String

You can pipe a string that contains a service name to this cmdlet.

Outputs

None

By default, this cmdlet returns no output.

ServiceController

When you use the **PassThru** parameter, this cmdlet returns a **ServiceController** object.

Notes

This cmdlet is only available on Windows platforms.

Set-Service requires elevated permissions. Use the **Run as** administrator option.

Set-Service can only control services when the current user has permissions to manage services. If a command doesn't work correctly, you might not have the required permissions.

To find a service's service name or display name, use Get-Service. The service names are in the Name column and the display names are in the DisplayName column.

Related Links

- Get-Service
- New-Service
- Restart-Service
- Resume-Service
- Start-Service
- Stop-Service

- Suspend-Service
- Remove-Service

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