

Threat Hunter Playbook

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PRE-HUNT ACTIVITIES

Windows

Data Management

GUIDED HUNTS

Windows

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Hypothesis

Adversaries might be getting a handle to the SAM database to extract credentials in my environment

SAM Registry Hive Handle Request

Technical Context

Every computer that runs Windows has its own local domain; that is, it has an account database for accounts that are specific to that computer. Conceptually, this is an account database like any other with accounts, groups, SIDs, and so on. These are referred to as local accounts, local groups, and so on. Because computers typically do not trust each other for account information, these identities stay local to the computer on which they were created.

Offensive Tradecraft

Adversaries might use tools like Mimikatz with Isadump::sam commands or scripts such as Invoke-PowerDump to get the SysKey to decrypt Security Account Mannager (SAM) database entries (from registry or hive) and get NTLM, and sometimes LM hashes of local accounts passwords.

In addition, adversaries can use the built-in Reg.exe utility to dump the SAM hive in order to crack it offline.

Additional reading

- https://github.com/OTRF/ThreatHunter-Playbook/tree/master/docs/library/windows/security_account_manager_database.md
- https://github.com/OTRF/ThreatHunter-Playbook/tree/master/docs/library/windows/syskey.md

Pre-Recorded Security Datasets

Metadata	Value
docs	https://securitydatasets.com/notebooks/atomic/windows/credential_access/SDWIN-190625103712.html
link	https://raw.githubusercontent.com/OTRF/Security- Datasets/master/datasets/atomic/windows/credential_access/host/empire_mimikatz_sam_access.zip

Download Dataset

```
import requests
from zipfile import ZipFile
from io import BytesIO
url = 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/OTRF/Security-Datasets/master/datasets/a
zipFileRequest = requests.get(url)
zipFile = ZipFile(BytesIO(zipFileRequest.content))
datasetJSONPath = zipFile.extract(zipFile.namelist()[0])
```

Read Dataset

```
import pandas as pd
from pandas.io import json
df = json.read_json(path_or_buf=datasetJSONPath, lines=True)
```

Analytics

A few initial ideas to explore your data and validate your detection logic:

Analytic I

Monitor for any handle requested for the SAM registry hive.

Data source	Event Provider	Relationship	Event
Windows registry	Microsoft-Windows- Security-Auditing	Process requested access Windows registry key	4656
Windows registry	Microsoft-Windows- Security-Auditing	User requested access Windows registry key	4656

Logic

```
SELECT `@timestamp`, Hostname, SubjectUserName, ProcessName, ObjectName, AccessMa FROM dataTable
WHERE LOWER(Channel) = "security"
AND EventID = 4656
AND ObjectType = "Key"
AND lower(ObjectName) LIKE "%sam"
```

Pandas Query

```
(
df[['@timestamp','Hostname','SubjectUserName','ProcessName','ObjectName','AccessM
[(df['Channel'].str.lower() == 'security')
    & (df['EventID'] == 4656)
    & (df['ObjectType'] == 'Key')
    & (df['ObjectName'].str.lower().str.endswith('sam', na=False))
]
.head()
)
```

Known Bypasses

False Positives

Hunter Notes

Hunt Output

Туре	Link
Sigma Rule	https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/master/rules/windows/builtin/security/win_sam_registry_hive_handle_request.yml
Sigma Rule	https://github.com/SigmaHQ/sigma/blob/master/rules/windows/process_creation/win_grabbing_sensitive_hives_via_reg.yml

References

- http://www.harmj0y.net/blog/activedirectory/remote-hash-extraction-on-demand-via-host-security-descriptor-modification/
- https://github.com/gentilkiwi/mimikatz/wiki/module-~-lsadump
- https://adsecurity.org/?page_id=1821#LSADUMPSAM
- Previous

 SysKey Registry Keys Access

 WMI Win32_Process Class and Create

 Method for Remote Execution

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