

Savings, Savings, Savings

by

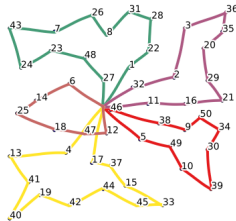
Gabriel C-Parent

Overview

- cvrp problem
- implementation details
- improvement procedures
- random savings
- genetic algorithm
- tabu search
- QA

The Problem

Capacitated Vehicle Routing



$$\begin{aligned} &\text{minimize} && \sum_{route \in solution} distance(route) \\ &\text{subject to} && weight(route) \leq vehicle\ capacity \end{aligned}$$

Implementation

Implementation Details

```
IPython Notebook genetic_algorithm_evaluation Last Checkpoint: 1hr 11:04 (autosaved)
File Edit View Insert Cell Help
In [32]: %matplotlib inline
import sys
import random
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from genetic_algorithm_evaluation import GeneticAlgorithm

# Create a GeneticAlgorithm instance
ga = GeneticAlgorithm(
    # Number of chromosomes
    num_chromosomes=100,
    # Number of genes per chromosome
    num_genes=10,
    # Mutation rate
    mutation_rate=0.01,
    # Selection method
    selection_method='tournament',
    # Crossover method
    crossover_method='single_point',
    # Fitness function
    fitness_function=lambda x: sum([abs(x[i]-1) for i in range(10)])
)

# Run the genetic algorithm
ga.run()

# Print the best solution
best_solution = ga.get_best_solution()
print('Best solution: {}'.format(best_solution))
```



Implementation Details

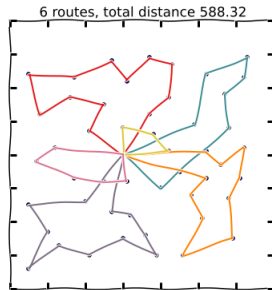
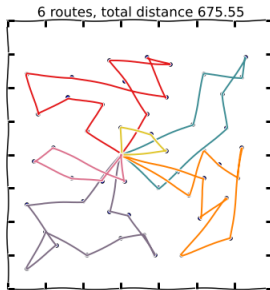
- ✚ reuse basic operators
- ✚ modularity
- ✚ concise

Improvement

2-opt descent

- ✦ uses common 2-opt operator
- ✦ calculates all possible 2-opt for each iteration
- ✦ chooses the best available

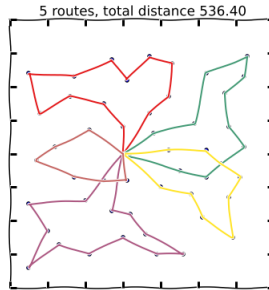
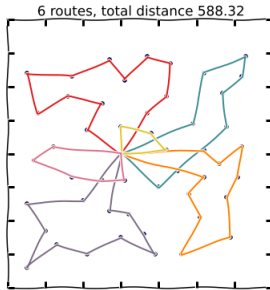
2-opt example



1-interchange definition

- ❖ λ -interchange, Osman, 1991
- ❖ exchange of customers between routes
- ❖ only feasible exchanges (capacity constraint)
- ❖ insertion (1, 0) and (0, 1) or interchange (1, 1)
- ❖ chooses the best option at each iteration
- ❖ apply 2-opt descent on routes implicated

1-interchange example

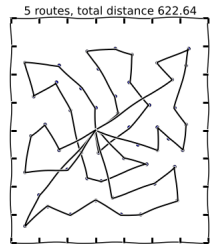
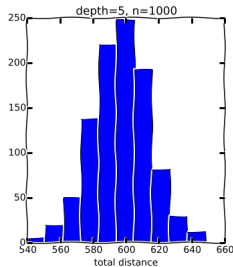
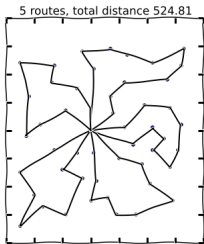


Random Savings

Random Savings Definition

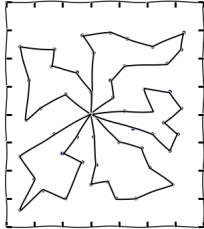
- ❏ iterated local search
- ❏ variant of parallel savings
- ❏ select randomly from top *depth* moves
- ❏ *depth*=1 \rightarrow normal parallel savings
- ❏ once finished, apply improvement method

Random Savings, $depth = 5$

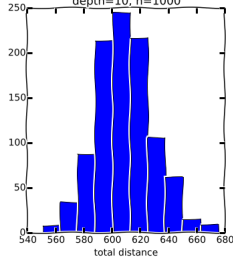


Random Savings, $depth = 10$

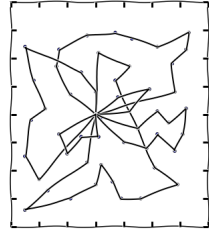
5 routes, total distance 524.63



depth=10, n=1000



6 routes, total distance 630.35

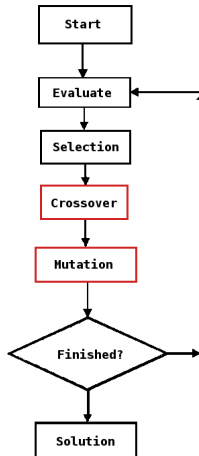


Best result in 60 secs

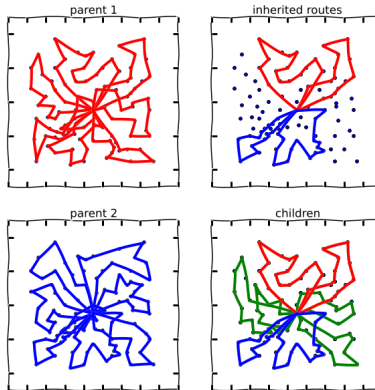


Genetic Algorithm

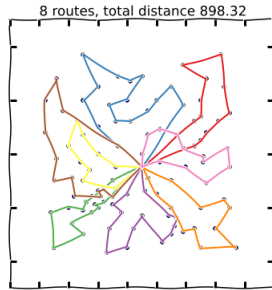
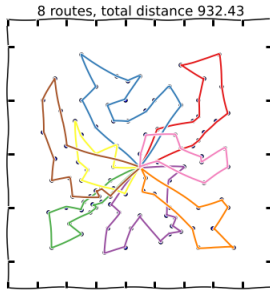
Overview



Crossover



Mutation example



Results



Tabu Search

Neighbourhood Structure

- 1-interchange
- only feasible solutions

Tabu List

- ❖ avoid reversing a move
- ❖ remember pairs (*client*, *route*)
- ❖ $\max\{7, -40 + 9.6 \times \ln(n \times v)\}$

Diversification by Multi-Start

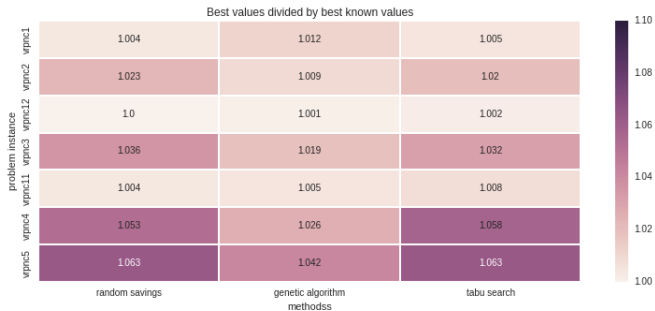
- ❖ takes a parameter called *patience*
- ❖ patience replenish after a new best is found
- ❖ patience runs out → random savings

Best Results in 60 sec



Overall Performance

Comparison



QA