Problems from 2024

April 5, 2024

Please enjoy this collection of math problems that I encountered and found interesting throughout the year.

4 April

4.1 Problem 1

This problem has come from the 2023 GRE Mathematics Test Practice Book available from ETS.

In the complex plane, let C be the circle $\{z = 1 + e^{i\theta} : 0 \le \theta \le 2\pi\}$, oriented counterclockwise. What is the value of $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C \left(\frac{\sin z}{z-1}\right)^2 dz$?

Solution

Let $f(z) = \left(\frac{\sin z}{z-1}\right)^2$, which is a holomorphic function with a singularity at z = 1. The contour integral over the circle can be calculated by leveraging the *residue theorem* which in our case for one singularity states

$$\int_{C} f(z) dz = 2\pi i I(C, 1) \operatorname{Res}(f, 1) = 2\pi i \operatorname{Res}(f, 1).$$
 (1)

I(C,1) is the winding number at z=1, which is equal to 1 since the curve C winds around the point counterclockwise a single time. Res(f,1) is the residue of f at z=1 which is found by examining the coefficients of the laurent series expansion of f(z) at z=1:

$$f(z) = \frac{\sin^2(1)}{(z-1)^2} + \frac{\sin(2)}{z-1} + \cos(2) + \frac{2}{3}(z-1)\sin(2) + \dots$$
 (2)

We find $\mathrm{Res}(f,1)=\sin(2),$ the coefficient of the $\frac{1}{z-1}$ term. Then the integral from the problem can be evaluated

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C f(z) dz = \frac{2\pi i}{2\pi i} \operatorname{Res}(f, 1) = \operatorname{Res}(f, 1) = \sin(2) \approx 0.708.$$
 (3)