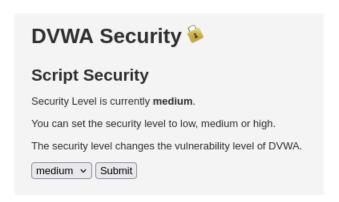
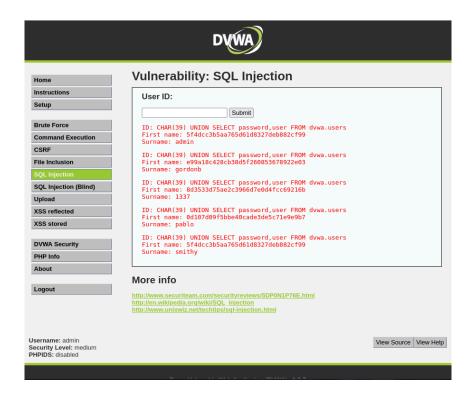
Esercitazione S6-L4

Connessione tra macchina target Metasploitable (192.168.50.101) e macchina kali su rete interna e verifica connessione tramite **ping**.

Collegamento DVWA e impostazione livello security su Medium



SQL Injection ed ottenimento dati da dvwa.users



Creazione file hashes.txt da terminale contenente nomi utente e relative password

```
| Kali@kali: ~ | Kali
```

Verifica formato hash tramite controllo su lunghezza password (32 = **MD5**).

Traduzione password con **JohnTheRipper** tramite brute force.

Visualizzazione lista password tradotte.

```
(kali® kali)-[~]
$ john --show --format=RAW-MD5 hashes.txt
admin:password
gordonb:abc123
1337:charley
pablo:letmein
smithy:password
5 password hashes cracked, 0 left
```

Extra

Creazione hashes.txt

```
kali@kali:-

File Actions Edit View Help

GNU nano 8.2

pippo:$2b$05$0js/dMUOU12yjrD60EHJb.cB1zE9CPNg.mPR8BE11f0D1yPaVf436

user:$2b$05$707cakmIpPBZxM.RV1lnie/58jiAjE4C/56neVAN00bgJ7tE4dW3.

user2:$2b$05$j5vV5M6CMYvUW09dULw9be2907RArl9lGIe7ijxf2/47vHwl1YVQq
```

Dopo aver riconosciuto il formato dell'hash tramite intestazione **\$2b\$=bcrypt**, consultazione formati supportati da **JohnTheRipper**

```
(kali® kali)-[~]
$ john —listsformats
descrypt, bsdicrypt, md5crypt, md5crypt, agilekeychain, aix—ssha1, aix—ssha256,
aix—ssha512, and0TP, ansible, argon2, as400—des, as400—ssha1, asa—md5,
AXCrypt, AzureAD, BestCrypt, BestCryptVE4, bfegg, Bitcoin, BitLocker,
bitshares, Bitwarden, BKS, Blackberry—ES10, WowSRP, Blockchain, chap,
Clipperz, cloudkeychain, dynamic_n, cq, CRC32, cryptoSafe, shalcrypt,
sha256crypt, sha512crypt, Citrix_NS10, dahua, dashlane, diskcryptor, Django,
django-scrypt, dmd5, dmg, dominosec, dominosec8, DPAPImk, dragonfty3—32,
dragonfly3—64, dragonfly4—32, dragonfly4—64, Drupa17, eCryptfs, eigrp,
electrum, EncFS, enpass, EPI, EPiserver, ethereum, fde, Fortigate256,
Fortigate, FormSpring, FVDE, geli, gost, gpg, HAVAL—128—4, HAVAL—256—3, hdaa,
hMailServer, hsrp, IKE, ipb2, itunes—backup, iwork, KeePass, keychain,
keyring, keystore, known, hosts, krb4, krb5, krb5asrep, krb5pa—sha1, krb5tgs,
krb5—17, krb5—18, krb5—3, kwallet, lp, lpcli, leet, lotus5, lotus85, LUKS,
MD2, mdc2, MediaWiki, monero, money, MongoDB, scram, Mozilla, mscash,
mscash2, MSCHAPV2, mschapv2—naive, krb5pa—md5, mssql0, mssql05, mssql12,
multibit, mysqlna, mysql—sha1, mysql, net—ah, nethalflm, netlm, netlmv2,
net—md5, netntlmv2, netntlm, netntlm—naive, net-sha1, nk, notes, md5ns,
nsec3, NT, o10glogon, o3logon, o5logon, ODF, Office, oldoffice,
OpenBSD—SoftRAID, openssl—enc, oracle, oracle11, Oracle12C, osc, ospf,
Padlock, Palshop, Panama, PBKDF2—HMAC—MD4, PBKDF2—HMAC—MD5, PBKDF2—HMAC—SHA126, PBKDF2—HMAC—SHA256, PBKDF2—HMAC—SHA512, PDF, PEM, pfx, ppgdisk, pgpsda,
pgpwde, phpass, PHPS, PHPS2, pix—md5, PKZIP, po, postgres, PST, PuTTY,
pwsafe, qnx, RACF, RACF-KDFAES, radius, RAdmin, RAKP, rar, RARS, Raw—SHA512,
Raw—Blake2, Raw—Keccak, Raw—Keccak—256, Raw—MD4, Raw—MD5, Raw—SHA31,
Raw—SHA34, restic, ripemd-128, ripemd-160, rsvp, RVARY, Siemens—57,
Salted—SHA1, SSHA512, sapb, sapg, saph, sappse, securezip, 7z, Signal, SIP,
skein—256, skein—512, skey, Sl3, Snefru—128, Snefru—256, LastPass, SMMP,
solarwinds, SSH, sspr, Stribog-256, Stri
```

Inizio crack tramite brute force

```
(kali® kali)-[~]
$ john -- incremental -- format=bcrypt hashes.txt
Using default input encoding: UTF-8
Loaded 3 password hashes with 3 different salts (bcrypt [Blowfish 32/64 X3])
Cost 1 (iteration count) is 32 for all loaded hashes
Will run 3 OpenMP threads
Press 'q' or Ctrl-C to abort, almost any other key for status
shadow (user)
1g 0:00:01:32  0.01078g/s 1844p/s 3690c/s 3690C/s 134189..134713
Use the "--show" option to display all of the cracked passwords reliably
Session aborted
```

Continuazione crack tramite wordlist rockyou.txt

Visualizzazione risultati: