

## Calculus(I)

Homework 1, Sep, 11, 2019

Deadline: Sep, 20, 2019

1.  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} (x^2 + 1) = ?$

Ans : 5

2.  $f(x) = 2x^3 + 7x + 2$ , Find  $f'(x)$ .

Ans :  $6x^2 + 7$

3. If  $f(x) = \sin x$ ,  $g(x) = \cos x$ ,  $h(x) = \tan x$ , Find  $f'(x)$ ,  $g'(x)$ ,  $h'(x)$ .

Ans :  $f'(x) = \cos x$ ,  $g'(x) = -\sin x$ ,  $h'(x) = \sec^2 x$ .

4. Let  $S_n = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{2^3} + \dots + \frac{1}{2^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{2^n}$

(a) Find  $S_n$ .

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Ans : } \therefore \sum_{k=1}^n a_k &= a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n \\ &= a_1 + a_1 r + a_1 r^2 + \dots + a_1 r^{n-1}, r \text{ is common ratio} \\ &= \frac{a_1(1-r^n)}{1-r}, r \neq 1 \\ \therefore a_1 &= \frac{1}{2}, r = \frac{1}{2}, S_n = \frac{\frac{1}{2}[1-(\frac{1}{2})^n]}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = 1 - (\frac{1}{2})^n\end{aligned}$$

(b) Find  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n$ .

$$\text{Ans : } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} S_n = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} [1 - (\frac{1}{2})^n] = 1 - 0 = 1$$

5. Find the domain of the function

(a)  $f(x) = \frac{x+4}{x^2-9}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Ans : } \therefore x^2 - 9 &\neq 0, \therefore x \neq \pm 3, \\ \therefore f(x) \text{ domain} &= \{x | x \in R, x \neq \pm 3\}\end{aligned}$$

(b)  $g(t) = \sqrt{3-t} - \sqrt{2+t}$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Ans : } \therefore 3-t &\geq 0 \text{ and } 2+t \geq 0 \Rightarrow t \leq 3 \text{ and } t \geq -2 \\ \therefore g(t) \text{ domain} &= \{t | t \in R, -2 \leq t \leq 3\}\end{aligned}$$

6. If  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$ ,  $g(x) = \frac{x+1}{x+2}$

Find the function (a)  $f \circ g$ , (b)  $g \circ f$ , (c)  $f \circ f$ , (d)  $g \circ g$  and their domains.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{(a) } f \circ g &= f(g(x)) = f\left(\frac{x+1}{x+2}\right) = \frac{x+1}{x+2} + \frac{x+2}{x+1} = \frac{(x+1)^2 + (x+2)^2}{(x+2)(x+1)} \\ x &\neq -2, \text{ and } x \neq -1, \text{ domain} = \{x | x \in R, x \neq -2, -1\}\end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \ g \circ f = g(f(x)) = g\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{x + \frac{1}{x} + 1}{x + \frac{1}{x} + 2} = \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{x^2 + 2x + 1} = \frac{x^2 + x + 1}{(x+1)^2}$$

$$x \neq 0, \text{ and } x \neq -1, \text{ domain} = \{x | x \in R, x \neq 0, -1\}$$

$$(c) \ f \circ f = f(f(x)) = f\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x} + \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} = \frac{x^4 + 3x^2 + 1}{x(x^2 + 1)}$$

$$x \neq 0, \text{ domain} = \{x | x \in R, x \neq 0\}$$

$$(d) \ g \circ g = g(g(x)) = g\left(\frac{x+1}{x+2}\right) = \frac{2x+3}{3x+5}$$

$$x \neq -2, \text{ and } x \neq \frac{-5}{3}, \text{ domain} = \{x | x \in R, x \neq -2, \frac{-5}{3}\}$$

7. If  $f(x) = \frac{6x}{x^2-9}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{3x}$   
Find  $f(g(12))$  value and  $f(g(x))$  domain

$$\text{Ans : } f(g(x)) = f(\sqrt{36}) = f(6) = \frac{4}{3}, \text{ domain} = \{x | x \in R, x \neq \pm 3\}$$

8. (Find a formula for the described function and state its domain) A rectangle has area  $16m^2$ . Express the perimeter of the rectangle as a function of the length of one of its sides.

$$\text{Ans : if } y = \frac{16}{x}, p = 2x + 2y = \frac{2x^2 + 32}{x}, \text{ domain} = \{x | x \in R, x \neq 0\}$$

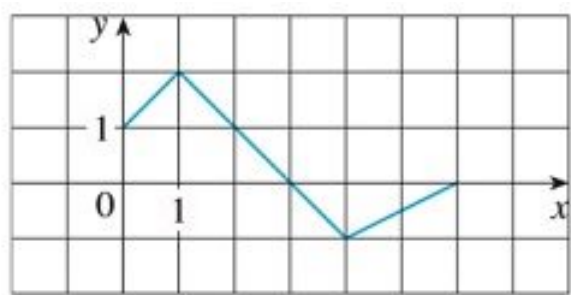
9. The graph of  $f$  is given, Use it to graph the following functions.

$$(a) \ y = f(2x)$$

$$(b) \ y = f\left(\frac{1}{2}x\right)$$

$$(c) \ y = f(-x)$$

$$(d) \ y = -f(-x)$$



10. In multiple expansion of  $(2x - y^2)^6$ , find the coefficient of  $x^4y^4$ .

$$\text{Ans : } C_2^6(2x)^4(-y^2)^2 = 240x^4y^4$$

11. what are your expectation for yourself in Calculus class?