## Quiz - 20201127

Name: School ID:

1. (5%) Flip a fair coin ten times. Find the probability that there are more heads than tails. Solution:

The probability that there are equal number of heads and tails is  $\frac{1}{2^{10}}\binom{10}{5}$ . Since the remaining cases are either more heads than tails or more tails than heads, the required probability is  $\frac{1-\frac{1}{2^{10}}\binom{10}{5}}{2}$ .

2. (5%) Suppose that we flip a fair coin until either either it comes up tails twice or we have flipped it six times. What is the probability that the experiment needed 6 flips?

## **Solution:**

 $Prob(\text{need 6 flips}) = Prob(\text{no more than 1 tail in the first 5 flips}) = (\frac{1}{2})^5 + (\frac{5}{1})(\frac{1}{2})^5$ 

3. (5%) What is the probability that a randomly generated 10-digit binary string contains the substring "111"?

## Solution:

Consider the position where the first "111" starts:

- Digit 1:  $2^7$  cases.
- Digit 2:  $1 \times 2^6$  cases.
- Digit 3:  $2^1 \times 2^5$  cases.
- Digit 4:  $2^2 \times 2^4$  cases.
- Digit 5:  $(2^3 1) \times 2^3$  cases.
- Digit 6:  $(2^4 3) \times 2^2$  cases.
- Digit 7:  $(2^5 8) \times 2$  cases.
- Digit 8:  $(2^6 20) \times 1$  cases.

Sum up the above, then divide by  $2^{10}$ .