Department of Computer Science and Information Engineering National Taiwan University of Science and Technology

Introduction to Computer Engineering

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How to Make a Cappuccino?

• 材料:咖啡豆、牛奶、肉桂粉









• 用具:磨豆機、摩卡壺、牛奶發泡器







The Recipe

• 材料:咖啡豆、牛奶、肉桂粉或可可粉

• 用具:磨豆機、摩卡壺、牛奶發泡器

1. 將咖啡豆磨成粉,倒入摩卡壺杯內

2. 將摩卡壺下半部倒入水,上下套好,鎖緊壺身

3. 將咖啡壺置於瓦斯爐上煮沸,待熱水全部上升至上半部時離火,將咖啡倒進咖啡杯裡。

- 4. 在發泡器中倒入1/3壺鮮奶,加熱至60度C
- 5. 將濾網蓋放入發泡器中上下抽動約60次
- 6. 將發泡器底層之奶水倒入咖啡杯中約1/3杯, 再刮入1/3杯奶泡,灑上可可粉或肉桂粉

→完成一杯卡布奇諾咖啡

Input Hardware

Algorith m (演算法)

Program

Output

What's the Point?

 Making cappuccino and writing computer programs are just like solving math problems

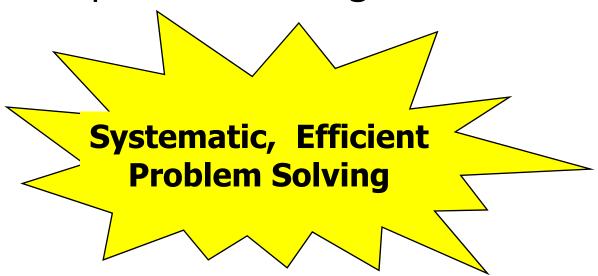
$$y = f(x) = 3 \times x^2 + 2 \times x + 5$$
Output Input Algorithm/program

– "Algorithm" can be composed using basic steps and operations (+ $- \times \div$)

What Is Computer Science / Engineering Doing?

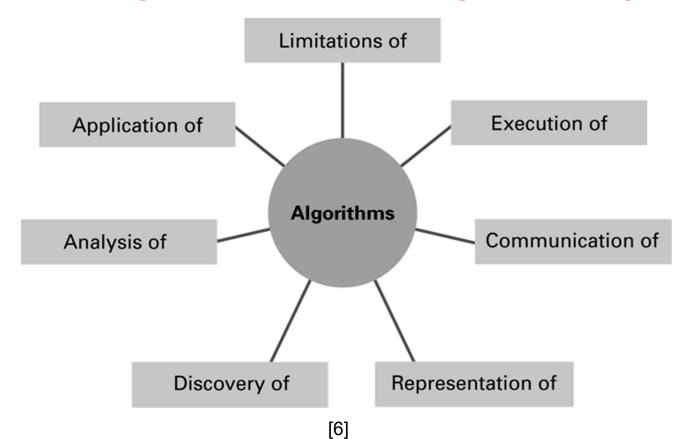
Algorithm → methods to solve a problem

Program → a set of instructions to implement an algorithm



Center of Computer Science

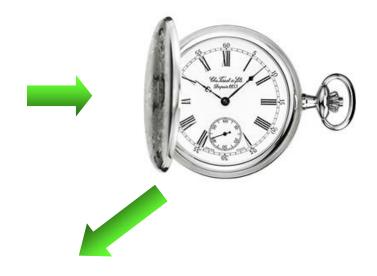
Computer science/computer engineering studies algorithms and programming



Compare Disciplines











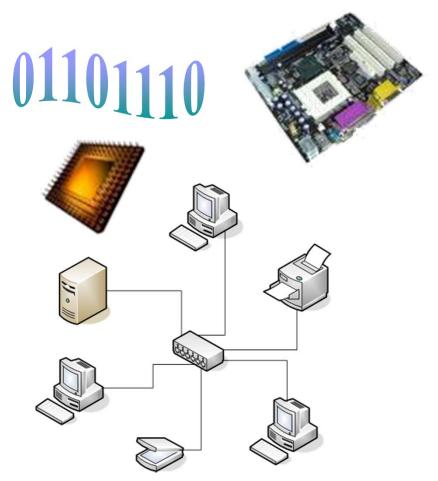
Some Terminologies

- Algorithm: A set of steps that defines how a task is performed → how to do
- Program: A representation of an algorithm
- Programming: The process of developing a program
- Software: Programs and algorithms
- Hardware: Equipment

What Are We Going to Learn?

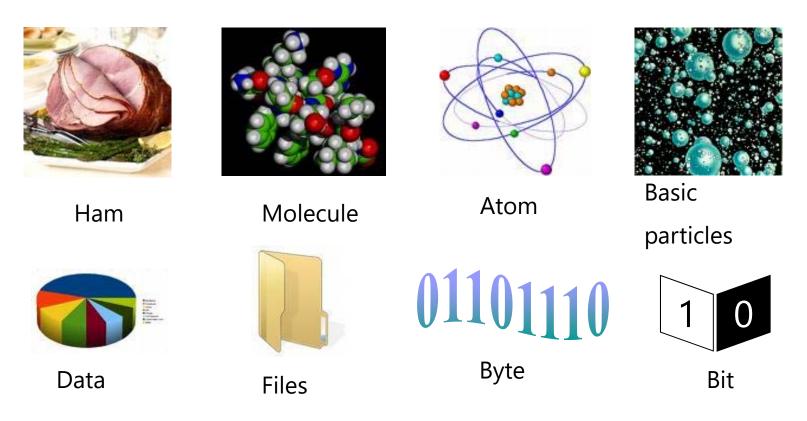
- Part I: How computers work?
 - Data representation
 - Data manipulation
 - Operating system
 - Computer network





Data Representation

The ingredients

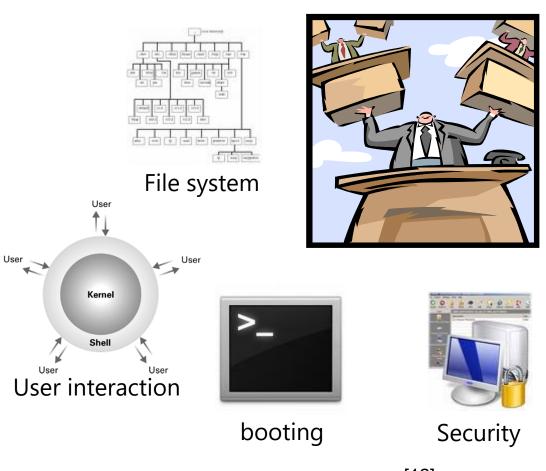


Data Manipulation



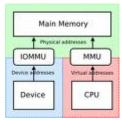
Operating System

The manager of the house





Process management



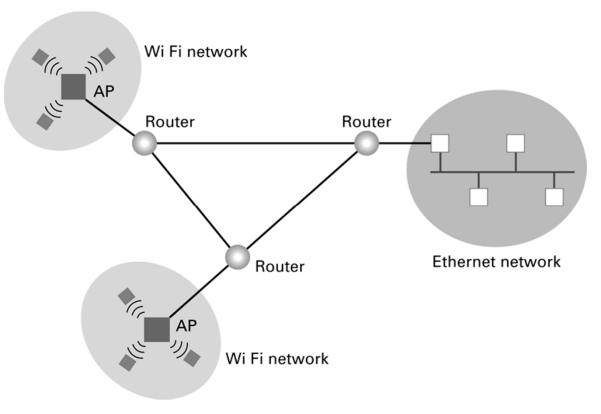
Memory management



Hardware management

Computer Network

The system to link computers and let them communicate



What Else to Learn?

- Part II: How to make computers work?
 - Algorithm
 - Programming language
 - Data structure
 - System development and software engineering



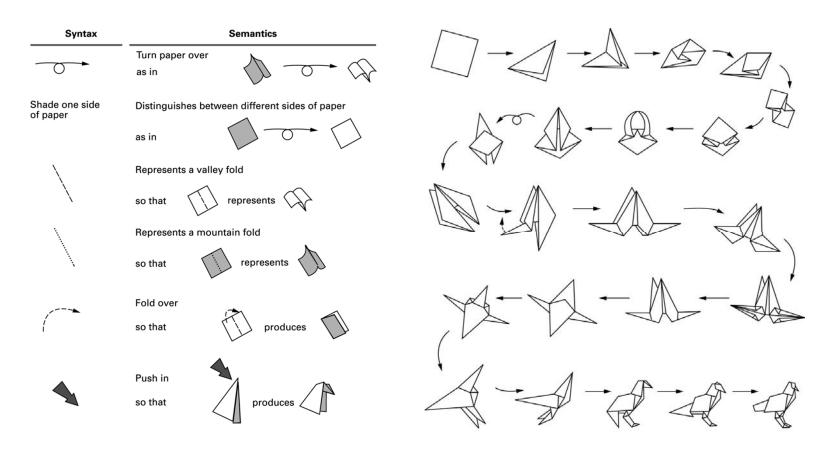






Algorithms

The recipe to do everything on computers



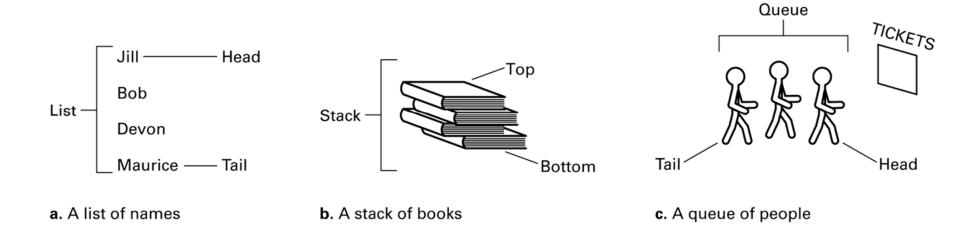
Programming Language

The spells to command computers

```
The function header begins with
          the type of the data that will
          be returned.
 float CylinderVolume (float Radius, float Height)
                          Declare a
{ float Volume;
                          local variable
                          named Volume.
 Volume = 3.14 * Radius * Radius * Height;
                              Compute the volume of
 return Volume;
                              the cylinder.
                         Terminate the function and
                         return the value of the
                         variable Volume.
```

Data Structure

 The data arrangement that makes algorithms and programs efficient



Software Engineering

The principles of (large-scaled) system development



Analysis



Design



Implementation [18]



Maintain



Testing



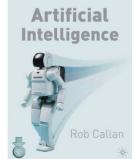
Users input

We Will Also Talk about

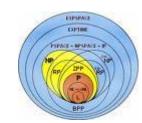
- Part III: What computers can/cannot do?
 - Database systems
 - Multimedia
 - Artificial intelligence
 - Computer aided design/scientific computing
 - Theory of computation











Database

The system appearing everywhere in our daily life



Cashier system



ATM system



Phone bill



Parking violation bill



School's system

Multimedia

Text, audio, images, animation, video, and

computer games



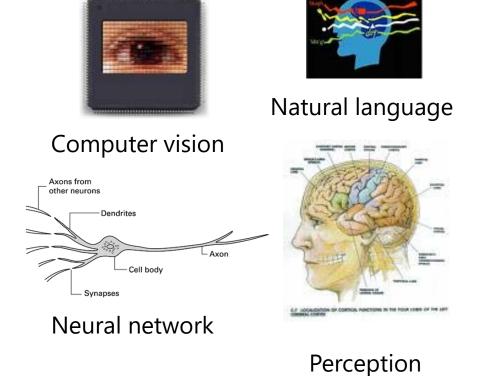






Artificial Intelligence

The study and design of intelligent agents







Robot



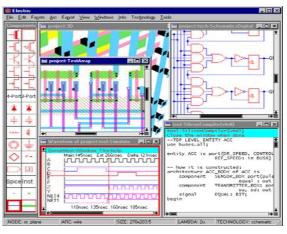


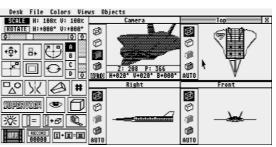
Data mining Software agent

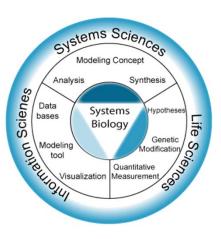
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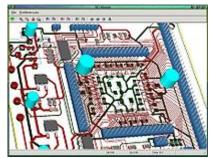
CAD/Scientific Computing

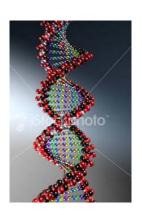
The tools aiding design and scientific discovery

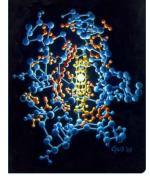








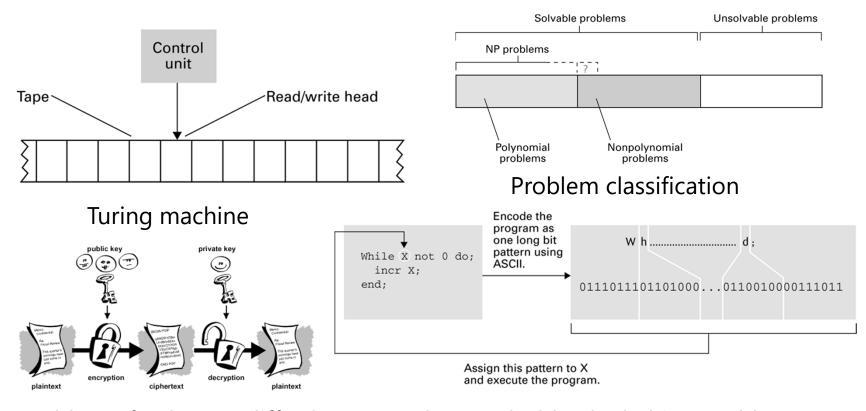






Theory of Computation

Knowing the limitations of computers



Problem of unknown difficulty

The unsolvable: the halting problem

本系課程規劃

課程發展方向

• 大學部

- 資訊軟、硬體工程理論與實務
- 鼓勵跨領域學習(電腦與通訊學程、資安與管理學程、軟體工程與管理學程、多媒體學程、網路與應用學程)

• 研究所

- 集中發展機器學習、資料探勘、人工智慧、網路與多 媒體、影像辨識語音處理、機器人與感測網路、資訊 安全等研究領域

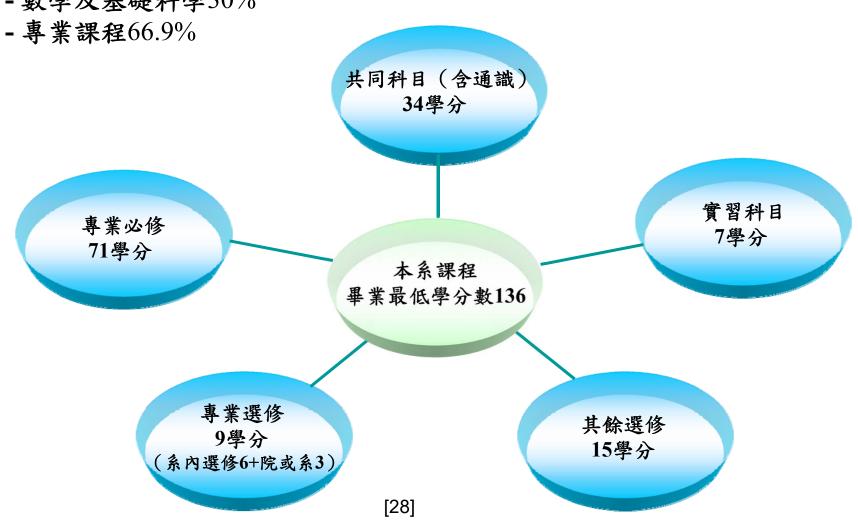
課程設計原則

- 本系專業必修課程參考
 - IEEE/ACM Computing Curricula 2001
 - Computer Engineering 2004 Curriculum Guideline
 - 參考國內相關科系之必修課程
- 必修課程往低年級移動,以利高年級選課彈性
- 大學部選修開課最低門檻
 - 96下修訂,97上開始實行
 - 上學期4門,下學期6門
- 研究所選修開課最低門檻
 - 96下修訂,97上開始實行
 - 上學期13門,下學期9門
- 課程內容規劃採資訊工程核心技術與相關專業領域之應用課程並重
- 研究生在專業領域可得到充分學養與足夠訓練來培養實驗分析、獨立研究能力
- 選修課以配合本所研究重點,以及所內專任教師之專長而設計

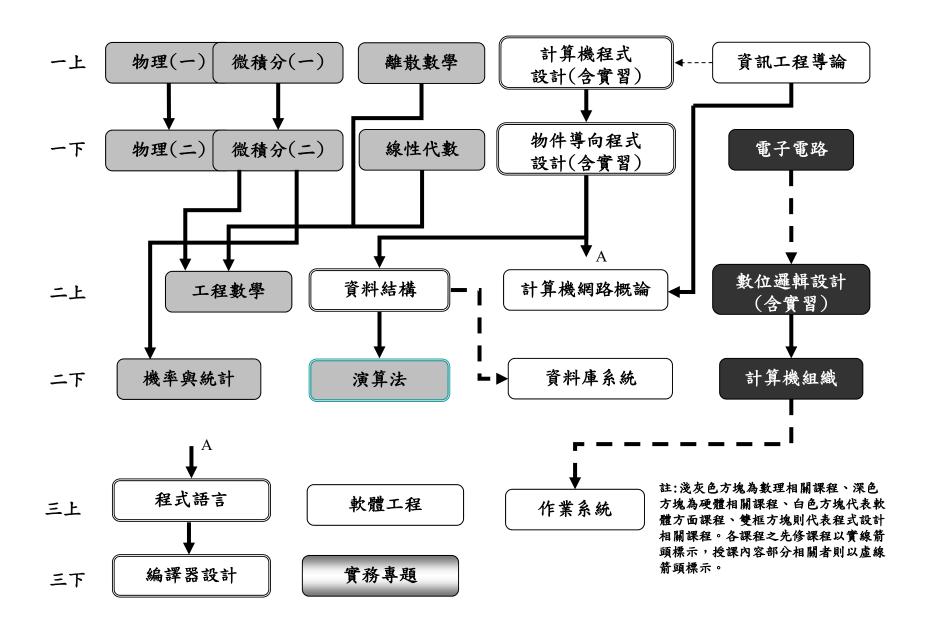
大學部畢業學分規定

·課程佔畢業學分數百分比

- 數學及基礎科學30%



必修課開課順序及關係圖



學生實務訓練課程

- 加強實作及實務訓練
 - 計算機程式設計實習
 - 物件導向程式設計實習
 - 數位邏輯設計實習
 - 電腦圖學導論實習
 - 多媒體實習
- 實務專題
 - 三下、四上(配合333專案得於暑假修習)
- 課程(包括實務專題)邀請業界師資實務協同教學輔助授課/指導
- 研究所鼓勵英文授課

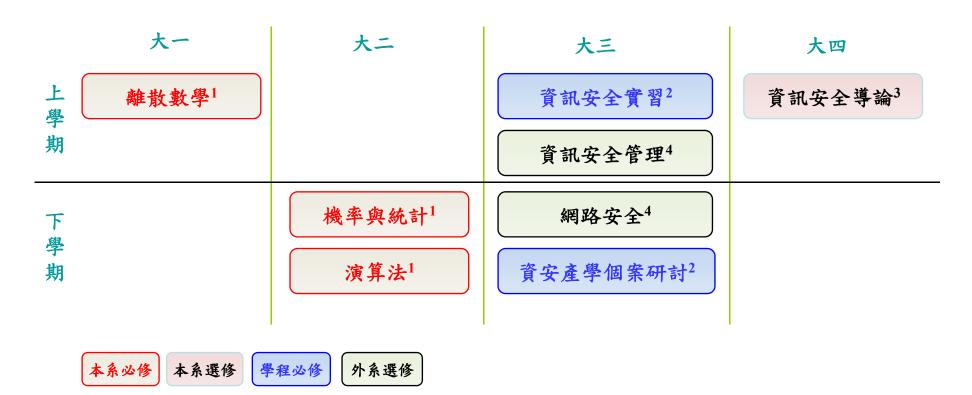
電資學院電腦與通訊學程 修讀範例

	大一	大二	大三	大四
		資料結構1	作業系統2	行動計算4
上學		計算機網路概論2	軟體工程3	
期			資訊安全導論4	
下		機率與統計1		網路通訊協定4
學期		資料庫系統2		
		演算法2		

本系必修 本系選修

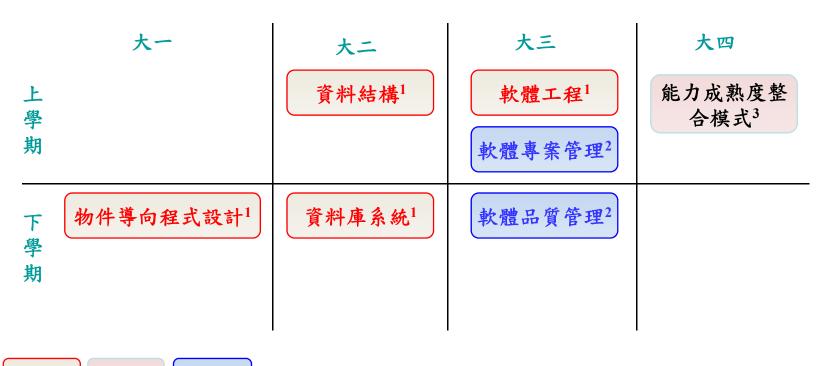
- 1. 兩門課程為本系必修,同時是學程基礎課程。
- 2.四門課程為本系必修,同時是學程核心課程。
- 3.軟體工程是本系必修,同時是學程應用課程。
- 4.學程制定十三門應用課程,其中五門課資工系有同名課程,學生可任選三門課程,即可滿足至少兩門基礎課程、兩門核心課程、四門應用課程之條件,取得學程結業證明書。

管理學院資安與管理學程 修讀範例



- 1.離散數學與演算法為本系必修,可抵免同名課程。機率與統計也是必修,可抵免統計學。
- 2.資訊安全實習與資安產學個案研討為學程之必修課程。
- 3.資訊安全導論為本系選修,可抵免同名課程。
- 4.此處僅舉兩門核心課程,學生可選學程修讀辦法所舉任兩門課程,即可滿足最低修習學分 21學分之條件,取得學程結業證明書。

軟體工程與管理學程 修讀範例



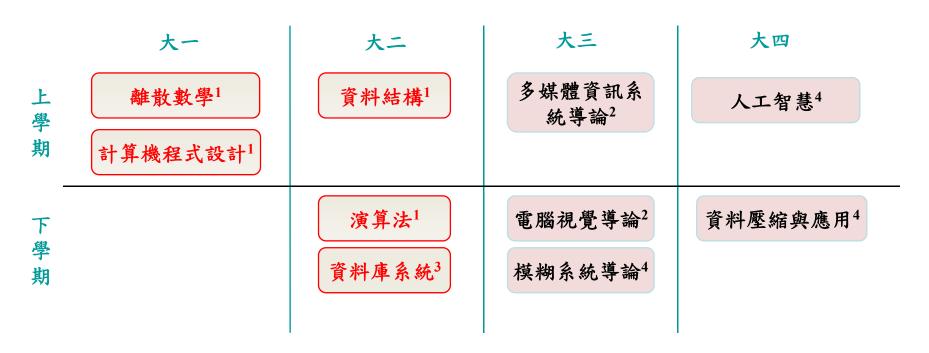
本系必修

本系選修

外系選修

- 1.四門課為本系必修,同時可抵免基礎先修課程。
- 2.軟體專案管理與軟體品質管理為資管系選修課,同時是學程之進階選修課程。
- 3.能力成熟度整合模式為本系選修,同時是學程之進階選修課程。學生亦可改修資管 系開授之軟體度量,即可滿足最低修習學分21學分之條件,取得學程結業證明書。

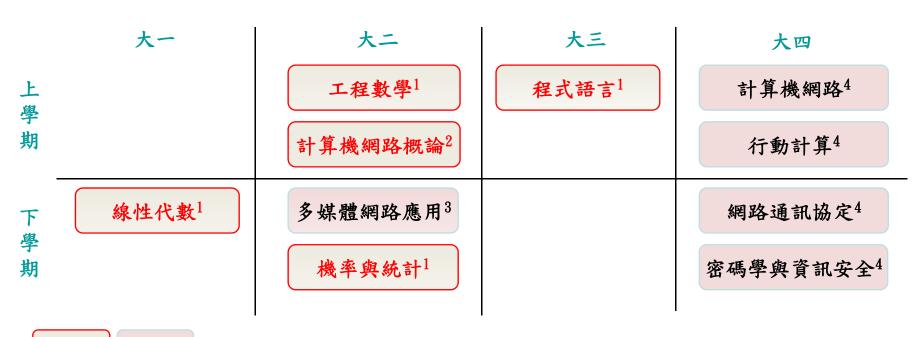
電資學院多媒體學程 修讀範例



本系必修 本系選修

- 1.四門課程為本系必修,同時是學程基礎課程。
- 2.學程制定七門核心課程,資工系皆有同名選修課,學生可任選兩門修習。
- 3.資料庫系統是本系必修,同時是學程應用課程。
- 4.學程制定五門應用課程,資工系皆有同名課程,學生可任選三門課程,即可 滿足至少兩門基礎課程、兩門核心課程、四門應用課程之條件,取得學程結業證明書。

電資學院網路與應用學程 修讀範例



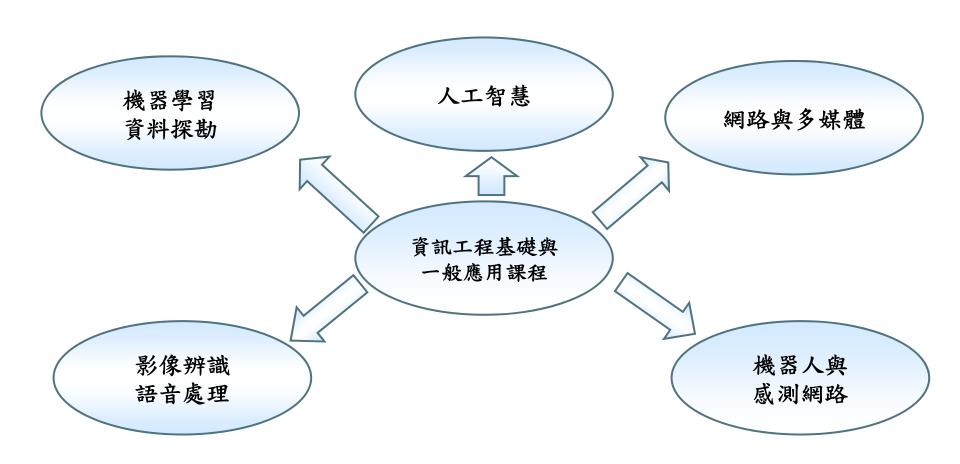
本系必修

本系選修

- 1.四門課程為本系必修,同時是學程基礎課程。
- 2.計算機網路概論是本系必修,同時是學程核心課程。
- 3.此處舉多媒體網路應用為例,學生也可選修多媒體資訊系統導論或資訊 安全導論,此三門課是學程核心課程,也皆為本系選修課。
- 4.學程制定六門應用課程,資工系皆有同名選修課,學生可任選四門課程,即可滿足至少兩門基礎課程、兩門核心課程、四門應用課程之條件,取得學程結業證明書。

專業領域規劃

• 本系教師專長規劃專業領域



Why Computer Science?

- Your potential to make a positive difference in the world.
- Excellent CS faculty and CS programs.
- Broad CS curriculum, small classes, a lot of interaction with faculty.
- Early exposure to scientific research. Many of our students get involved as interns, gaining important experience to be applied in graduate school or in the marketplace.

Why Computer Science?

- Summer job opportunities.
- Many types of lucrative careers. Our CS graduates are in extremely high demand in today's job market.