

MAIN POINTS TO TAKE INTO ACCOUNT: SENTENCES TRANSFORMATION

● PASSIVE SENTENCES – (TO BE + PARTICIPLE) 15%

- Look at the active main verb.
- What tense is it?
- Verb to be in that tense in passive sentence.
- Main verb changes to participle (think carefully)

Ex: Charlie ate a sandwich (active) <----> A sandwich was eaten by Charlie

● THERE + BE / HAVE / HAVE GOT 5%

THERE + BE (HABER)

- | | |
|--|---|
| - There is – hay (singular) | - There are – hay (plural) |
| - There was – había (Singular) | - There were – habían (plural) |
| - There will be – habrá (Sing. And Plural) | |
| - There has been - ha habido(singular) | - There have been – han habido (Plural) |

HAVE + PARTICIPLE (HABER)

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| - I have gone | - He has gone |
| - I had gone | - He had gone |

HAVE GOT (TENER)

- I have / I have got (Yo tengo) **Affirmative**
- I don't have/ I haven't got (YO NO TENGO) **Negative**
- Do I have? / have I got? **Question**

● TOO/ENOUGH 5%

- Too + adjective
- Enough + Noun - Adjective + Enough

● SUGGESTIONS (QUESTIONS) 3%

- Why don't we go?
- Why not go?
- How about going?
- What about going?
- Shall we go?

● SINCE / FOR / DURING / UNLESS / WITHOUT 15%

- Since – desde / Since _____ ago – desde hace
- For – durante (A period of time)
- During – durante (ex: during the class)
- Unless – a menos que
- Without – sin

● COMPARATIVE AND SUPERLATIVE 15%

ADJECTIVE	COMPARATIVE	SUPERLATIVE
BIG (short adjective)	BIGGER THAN	THE BIGGEST
INTERESTING (long adjective)	MORE INTERESTING THAN	THE MOST INTERESTING
GOOD (Irregular)	BETTER THAN	THE BEST
BAD (Irregular)	WORSE THAN	THE WORST
FAR (Irregular)	FARTHER/FURTHER THAN	THE FARTHEST/FURTHEST

As _____ as - (*tan _____ como*)

As many (_____) as - (*tantos _____ como*) *Countable*

As much (_____) as - (*tanto _____ como*) *Uncountable*

As few (_____) as - (*tan poco _____ como*) *Countable*

As little (_____) as - (*tan poco _____ como*) *Uncountable*

The same (_____) as - (*lo mismo _____ que*)

Fewer than – *menos que (Countable)*

Less than – *menos que (Uncountable)*

The fewest – *el menos (Countable)*

The least – *el menos (Uncountable)*

● MODALS 5%

- **Can** – present ability
- **Could** – past ability/present possibility
- **May** – present possibility/present permission
- **Might** – present possibility
- **Have to** – present obligation (external)
- **Must** – present obligation (internal)
- **Should** – present suggestion/recommendation
- **Ought to** - present suggestion/recommendation
- **Need to** – present necessity

Modal + **bare infinitive**: ex. I can go

- **FUTURE 1%**

- **Will** – future
_____ía

- **Shall** – future (I/we)

- **Would** -

- **SYNONYMS 5%**

Interested in + v-ing

Keen on + v-ing

Fond of + v-ing

Fascinated by + v-ing

Into + v-ing

Keen + infinitive

- **CONDITIONALS 6%**

- **0^o CONDITIONAL** – 100% General Truth

Present Simple and Present Simple: ex. *If I go to Aran School, I learn English.*

- **1^a CONDITIONAL** – 75% Highly Probable

Present Simple and future (will): ex. *If I go to Aran School, I will learn English.*

- **2^a CONDITIONAL** – 25% Highly improbable:

Past Simple and would + bare infinitive (conditional): ex. *If I went to Aran School, I Would learn English.*

"If I were you, I would go ..."

- **3^a CONDITIONAL** – 0% Impossibility (Past)

Had + participle and would + have + participle: ex. *If I had gone to Aran School, I would have learnt English.*

Had: *había, hubiera, hubiese, tuviera, tuviese, tenía, tuve, habido, tenido*

● REPORTED SPEECH 15%

DIRECT	INDIRECT
Present Simple	Past Simple
Present Continuous	Past Continuous
Past Simple	Past Perfect
Present Perfect	Past Simple or Past Perfect (more probable)
Future (will)	Would + bare infinitive
Modal	Infinitive
Imperative	Infinitive

● VERBS + GERUN 3%

Suggest Recommend Feel like Fancy Don't mind
 Can't stand Can't risk Verb as subject Preposition + V.ing
 Prefer (would rather + bare infinitive) Like (would like + infinitive)

● SO AND SUCH 3%

- So + adjective: *Those chocolates are **so** good.* *Do NOT use: so +adj + noun*
- Such + a + adjective + noun (singular): *This is **such** a good film*
- Such + adjective + noun (plural): *Those are **such** good chocolates*
 - So many (Countable)
 - So much (Uncountable)
 - Such a lot of (Countable and Uncountable)

● SO DO 3%

- So do I - So does he/she/it
- So did I - So will I
- So have I - So has he/she/it
- So had I

I go to Aran School and **so does my best friend Jesus.**

My family enjoyed the holidays in Italy and **so did I.**

I have been in Australia and **so have my friends.**