

# How can i confirm the subscription request HTTP from amazon SNS with express.js

## Answer | gpt-4 Model

When you subscribe an HTTP/HTTPS endpoint to an Amazon SNS topic, Amazon SNS sends a subscription confirmation message to the endpoint. This message includes a URL that you must visit to confirm the subscription [\[7\]](#). The confirmation message ensures that the endpoint is valid and authorized to receive messages from the topic [\[8\]](#).

In order to confirm a subscription request HTTP from Amazon SNS with Express.js, you need to implement an HTTP endpoint that can receive and respond to the confirmation message [\[8\]](#).

Here is a step-by-step guide:

1. **Create an Express.js application:** First, you need to set up an Express.js application that will serve as your endpoint. Install Express.js if you haven't done so already (`npm install express`), then create a new Express.js application.

```
const express = require('express');
const bodyParser = require('body-parser');
const app = express();
app.use(bodyParser.json());
```

## 2. Set up an endpoint to handle POST requests:

Amazon SNS sends subscription confirmation messages using HTTP POST requests [\[2\]](#). Therefore, you need to set up an endpoint in your Express.js application to handle these requests.

```
app.post('/sns-endpoint', (req, res) => {
  // Handle the request here
});
```

## 3. Handle the subscription confirmation message:

The subscription confirmation message includes a `Type` field, which will be set to `SubscriptionConfirmation` for these types of messages. It also includes a `SubscribeURL` field, which is the URL you must visit to confirm the subscription [\[2\]](#).

```
app.post('/sns-endpoint', (req, res) => {
  if (req.body.Type === 'SubscriptionConfirmation') {
    // Visit the SubscribeURL to confirm the subscription
    const subscribeURL = req.body.SubscribeURL;
    // Use an HTTP library to visit the subscribeURL here
```

```
}  
});
```

- 4. Confirm the subscription:** To confirm the subscription, you must visit the `subscribeURL` [\[2\]](#). You can use an HTTP library like `axios` to do this.

```
const axios = require('axios');  
  
app.post('/sns-endpoint', async (req, res) => {  
  if (req.body.Type === 'SubscriptionConfirmation') {  
    const subscribeURL = req.body.SubscribeURL;  
    await axios.get(subscribeURL);  
  }  
});
```

- 5. Start the Express.js application:** Finally, start your Express.js application so it can start handling requests.

```
app.listen(3000, () => {  
  console.log('App is listening on port 3000');  
});
```

This is a basic example. In a real-world application, you would likely want to add error handling and other features [\[8\]](#).