

8086 2 chip EPROM 64 kB ALTI → E0 $2^{20} = 1M$
 n_d = 16 2 chip RAM 64 kB BASSI → R0 $2^{19} = 512k$
 n_a = 20 2 chip RAM 16 kB 58000h → R1 $2^{18} = 256k$

E0	FFFFh E000h
R1	5FFFh 5800h
R0	1FFFh 0000h

E0

1	1	1	0	0	...	0
1	1	1	1	1	...	1

R0

0	0	0	0	0	...	0
0	0	0	1	1	...	1

R1

0	1	0	1	1	0	0	...	0
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	...	1

$$CS_E0 = A19 \cdot A18 \cdot A17$$

$$CS_R0 = \overline{A19} \cdot \overline{A18} \cdot \overline{A17}$$

$$CS_R1 = \overline{A19} \cdot A18 \cdot \overline{A17} \cdot A16 \cdot A15$$

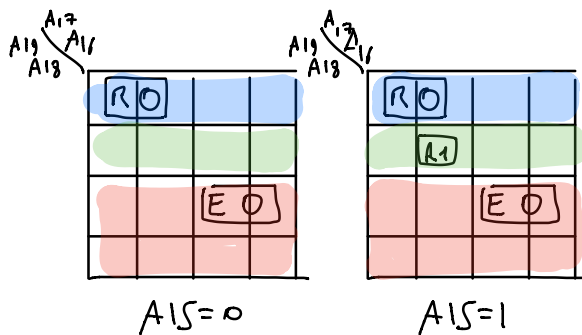
$$CS_E0_0 = CS_E0 \cdot M/IO\# \cdot \overline{RD\#} \cdot WR\# \cdot \overline{A0}$$

$$CS_E0_1 = CS_E0 \cdot M/IO\# \cdot \overline{RD\#} \cdot WR\# \cdot \overline{BHE\#}$$

$$CS_R0_0 = CS_R0 \cdot M/IO\# \cdot (\overline{RD\#} \cdot WR\#) \cdot \overline{A0}$$

Mappa k si può fare tenendo in considerazione tutti i letterali presenti oppure escludendo quelli che non servono

Numero minimo segnali di indirizzo per poter distinguere le varie memorie



$$CS_E0' = A19$$

$$CS_R0' = \overline{A19} \cdot \overline{A18}$$

$$CS_R1' = \overline{A19} \cdot A18$$