Spark - Exercises

- Full station identification in real-time
- Input:
 - A stream of readings about the status of the stations of a bike sharing system
 - Each reading has the format
 - stationId,# free slots,#used slots,timestamp

- For each reading with a number of free slots equal to o
 - print on the standard output timestamp and stationId
- Emit new results every 2 seconds by considering only the data received in the last 2 seconds

- Full situation count in real-time
- Input:
 - A stream of readings about the status of the stations of a bike sharing system
 - Each reading has the format
 - stationId,# free slots,#used slots,timestamp

- For each batch, print on the standard output the number of readings with a number of free slots equal to o
- Emit new results every 2 seconds by considering only the data received in the last 2 seconds

- Full distinct stations identification in realtime
- Input:
 - A stream of readings about the status of the stations of a bike sharing system
 - Each reading has the format
 - stationId,# free slots,#used slots,timestamp

- For each batch, print on the standard output the distinct stationIds associated with a reading with a number of free slots equal to o in each batch
- Emit new results every 2 seconds by considering only the data received in the last 2 seconds

- Maximum number of free slots in real-time
- Input:
 - A stream of readings about the status of the stations of a bike sharing system
 - Each reading has the format
 - stationId,# free slots,#used slots,timestamp

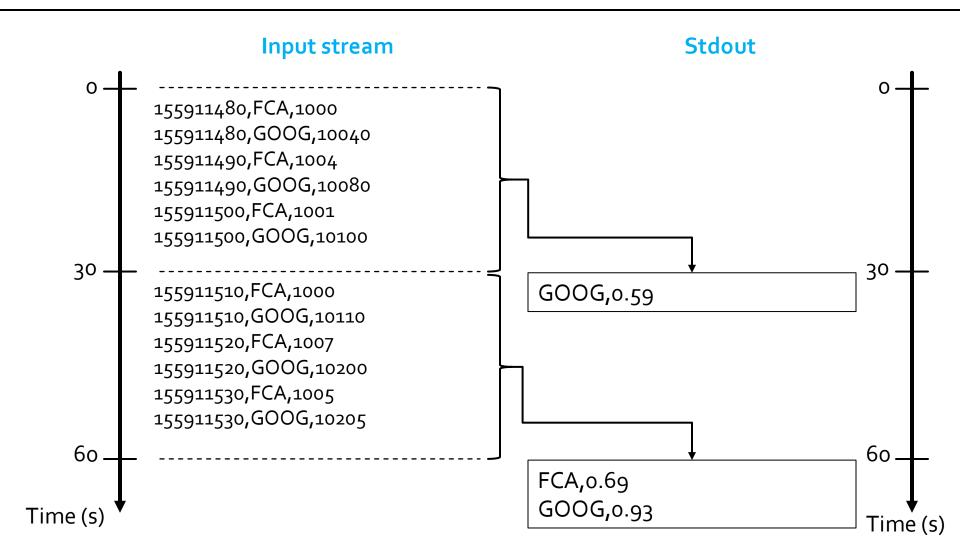
- For each batch, print on the standard output the maximum value of the field "# free slots" by considering all the readings of the batch (independently of the stationId)
- Emit new results every 2 seconds by considering only the data received in the last 2 seconds

- High stock price variation identification in real-time
- Input:
 - A stream of stock prices
 - Each input record has the format
 - Timestamp, StockID, Price

- Every 30 seconds print on the standard output the StockID and the price variation (%) in the last 30 seconds of the stocks with a price variation greater than 0.5% in the last 30 seconds
 - Given a stock, its price variation during the last 30 seconds is:

```
max(price)-min(price)
max(price)
```

Exercise #62- Example



Exercise #62 Bis

- High stock price variation identification in real-time
- Input:
 - A stream of stock prices
 - Each input record has the format
 - Timestamp, StockID, Price

Exercise #62 Bis

- Every 30 seconds print on the standard output the StockID and the price variation (%) in the last 60 seconds of the stocks with a price variation greater than 0.5% in the last 60 seconds
 - Given a stock, its price variation during the last 60 seconds is:

- Full station identification in real-time
- Input:
 - A textual file containing the list of stations of a bike sharing system
 - Each line of the file contains the information about one station id\tlongitude\tlatitude\tname
 - A stream of readings about the status of the stations
 - Each reading has the format
 - StationId,# free slots,#used slots,timestamp

- For each reading with a number of free slots equal to o
 - print on the standard output timestamp and name of the station
- Emit new results every 2 seconds by considering only the data received in the last 2 seconds

- Anomalous stock price identification in realtime
- Input:
 - A textual file containing the historical information about stock prices in the last year
 - Each input record has the format
 - Timestamp, StockID, Price
 - A real time stream of stock prices
 - Each input record has the format
 - Timestamp, StockID, Price

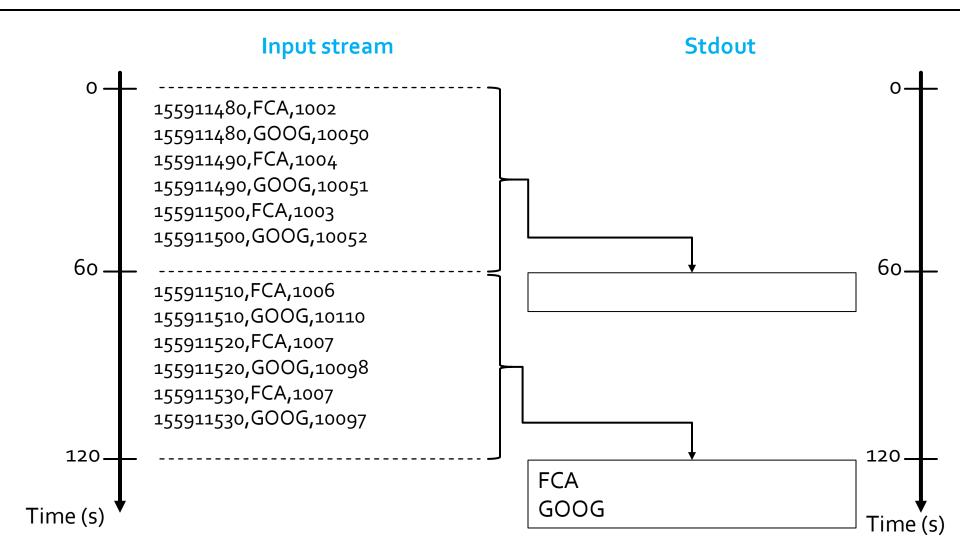
- Every 1 minute, by considering only the data received in the last 1 minute, print on the standard output the StockIDs of the stocks that satisfy one of the following conditions
 - price of the stock (received on the real-time input data stream) <
 historical minimum price of that stock (based only on the historical file)
 - price of the stock (received on the real-time input data stream) > historical maximum price of that stock (based only on the historical file)
- If a stock satisfies the conditions multiple times in the same batch, return the stockld only one time for each batch

Exercise #64- Example

 Textual file containing the historical information about stock prices in the last year

```
130000000,FCA,1000
130000000,GOOG,10040
130000060,FCA,1004
130000120,FCA,1001
130000120,GOOG,10100
```

Exercise #64- Example



- Anomalous stock price identification in realtime
- Input:
 - A textual file containing the historical information about stock prices in the last year
 - Each input record has the format
 - Timestamp, StockID, Price
 - A real time stream of stock prices
 - Each input record has the format
 - Timestamp, StockID, Price

- Every 30 seconds, by considering only the data received in the last 1 minute, print on the standard output the StockIDs of the stocks that satisfy one of the following conditions
 - price of the stock (received on the real-time input data stream) <
 historical minimum price of that stock (based only on the historical file)
 - price of the stock (received on the real-time input data stream) > historical maximum price of that stock (based only on the historical file)
- If a stock satisfies the conditions multiple times in the same batch, return the stockId only one time for each batch

Exercise #65- Example

 Textual file containing the historical information about stock prices in the last year

```
130000000,FCA,1000
130000000,GOOG,10040
130000060,FCA,1004
130000120,GOOG,1000
130000120,GOOG,10100
```

Exercise #65- Example

