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!pip install datasets
Requirement already satisfied: datasets in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (2.14.4)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from datasets) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pyarrow>=8.0.0 in
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Requirement already satisfied: tgdm>=4.62.1 in
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Requirement already satisfied: fsspec>=2021.11.1 in
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Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp in
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Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml>=5.1 in
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Requirement already satisfied: aiohappyeyeballs>=2.3.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp->datasets)
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(1.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: multidict<7.0,>=4.5 in
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(6.4.4)
Requirement already satisfied: propcache>=0.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp->datasets)
(0.3.1)
Requirement already satisfied: yarl<2.0,>=1.17.0 in
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from aiohttp->datasets)
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>datasets) (3.10)
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Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests>=2.19.0-
>datasets) (2025.4.26)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->datasets)
(2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->datasets)
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Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2-
>pandas->datasets) (1.17.0)
!pip install bertviz
Collecting bertviz
  Downloading bertviz-1.4.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (19 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: transformers>=2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from bertviz) (4.52.2)
Requirement already satisfied: torch>=1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from bertviz) (2.6.0+cu124)
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packages (from bertviz) (4.67.1)
Collecting boto3 (from bertviz)
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Requirement already satisfied: filelock in
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(2025.3.2)
Collecting nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cul2==12.4.127 (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
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manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (1.5 kB)
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>bertviz)
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Collecting nvidia-cublas-cul2==12.4.5.8 (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
  Downloading nvidia cublas cu12-12.4.5.8-py3-none-
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Collecting nvidia-cufft-cu12==11.2.1.3 (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
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manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (1.5 kB)
Collecting nvidia-curand-cul2==10.3.5.147 (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
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manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (1.5 kB)
Collecting nvidia-cusolver-cu12==11.6.1.9 (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
  Downloading nvidia cusolver cu12-11.6.1.9-py3-none-
manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (1.6 kB)
Collecting nvidia-cusparse-cul2==12.3.1.170 (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
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manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (1.6 kB)
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
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Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nccl-cu12==2.21.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
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(2.21.5)
Requirement already satisfied: nvidia-nvtx-cu12==12.4.127 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
(12.4.127)
Collecting nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12==12.4.127 (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
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manylinux2014 x86 64.whl.metadata (1.5 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: triton==3.2.0 in
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from torch>=1.0->bertviz)
(1.13.1)
Requirement already satisfied: mpmath<1.4,>=1.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from sympy==1.13.1-
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Requirement already satisfied: huggingface-hub<1.0,>=0.30.0 in
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>bertviz) (2.0.2)
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>bertviz) (24.2)
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>bertviz) (6.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tokenizers<0.22,>=0.21 in
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>bertviz) (0.21.1)
Requirement already satisfied: safetensors>=0.4.3 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from transformers>=2.0-
>bertviz) (0.5.3)
Collecting botocore<1.39.0,>=1.38.25 (from boto3->bertviz)
  Downloading botocore-1.38.25-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.7 kB)
Collecting jmespath<2.0.0,>=0.7.1 (from boto3->bertviz)
  Downloading jmespath-1.0.1-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (7.6 kB)
Collecting s3transfer<0.14.0,>=0.13.0 (from boto3->bertviz)
  Downloading s3transfer-0.13.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.7 kB)
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests->bertviz)
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Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from requests->bertviz)
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Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1 in
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botocore<1.39.0,>=1.38.25->boto3->bertviz) (2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from jinja2->torch>=1.0-
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Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-
dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1->botocore<1.39.0,>=1.38.25->boto3->bertviz)
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cu12, jmespath, nvidia-cusparse-cu12, nvidia-cudnn-cu12, botocore,
s3transfer, nvidia-cusolver-cu12, boto3, bertviz
  Attempting uninstall: nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12
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      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12-12.5.82
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      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-curand-cu12-10.3.6.82
  Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cufft-cu12
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      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cufft-cu12-11.2.3.61
  Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12
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      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12-12.5.82
  Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cublas-cu12
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      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cublas-cu12-12.5.3.2
  Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cusparse-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-cusparse-cul2 12.5.1.3
    Uninstalling nvidia-cusparse-cu12-12.5.1.3:
      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cusparse-cu12-12.5.1.3
  Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cudnn-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-cudnn-cu12 9.3.0.75
    Uninstalling nvidia-cudnn-cu12-9.3.0.75:
      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cudnn-cu12-9.3.0.75
  Attempting uninstall: nvidia-cusolver-cu12
    Found existing installation: nvidia-cusolver-cu12 11.6.3.83
    Uninstalling nvidia-cusolver-cu12-11.6.3.83:
      Successfully uninstalled nvidia-cusolver-cu12-11.6.3.83
Successfully installed bertviz-1.4.0 boto3-1.38.25 botocore-1.38.25
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imespath-1.0.1 nvidia-cublas-cu12-12.4.5.8 nvidia-cuda-cupti-cu12-
12.4.127 nvidia-cuda-nvrtc-cu12-12.4.127 nvidia-cuda-runtime-cu12-
12.4.127 nvidia-cudnn-cu12-9.1.0.70 nvidia-cufft-cu12-11.2.1.3 nvidia-
curand-cu12-10.3.5.147 nvidia-cusolver-cu12-11.6.1.9 nvidia-cusparse-
cu12-12.3.1.170 nvidia-nvjitlink-cu12-12.4.127 s3transfer-0.13.0
!pip install lime
Collecting lime
  Downloading lime-0.2.0.1.tar.gz (275 kB)
                                       — 0.0/275.7 kB ? eta -:--:--
                                      - 275.7/275.7 kB 21.0 MB/s eta
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etadata (setup.py) ... ent already satisfied: matplotlib in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from lime) (3.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in
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Requirement already satisfied: scipy in
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Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-
packages (from lime) (4.67.1)
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-image>=0.12-
>lime) (3.4.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=10.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-image>=0.12-
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Requirement already satisfied: imageio!=2.35.0,>=2.33 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-image>=0.12-
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Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=3.1.0 in
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>lime) (3.6.0)
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/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from matplotlib->lime)
(1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in
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(0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
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(4.58.0)
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(2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7-
>matplotlib->lime) (1.17.0)
Building wheels for collected packages: lime
  Building wheel for lime (setup.py) ... e: filename=lime-0.2.0.1-py3-
none-any.whl size=283834
sha256=27596adcb1f4caeb058ab255043909cdb6575fdd92f8ab87fd8b929f87ec34c
  Stored in directory:
/root/.cache/pip/wheels/85/fa/a3/9c2d44c9f3cd77cf4e533b58900b2bf4487f2
a17e8ec212a3d
Successfully built lime
Installing collected packages: lime
Successfully installed lime-0.2.0.1
# Standard libraries
import os
import re
import string
import copy
import json
import random
import zipfile
import requests
import urllib.request
from pathlib import Path
from collections import Counter, defaultdict
# Data manipulation and visualization
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
from tgdm import tgdm
from IPython.display import display, HTML
from wordcloud import WordCloud
# Text processing
"""import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('punkt_tab')
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('stopwords')"""
# Machine learning metrics
from sklearn.metrics import (
    precision score,
    recall score,
    fl score,
    accuracy score,
    confusion_matrix,
    precision recall curve,
    classification report,
    auc
)
from sklearn.metrics import PrecisionRecallDisplay
# PyTorch
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, TensorDataset
# Hugging Face Transformers
from transformers import (
    AutoModelForSequenceClassification,
    TFAutoModelForSequenceClassification,
    AutoTokenizer,
    TrainingArguments,
    DataCollatorWithPadding,
    Trainer
from scipy.special import softmax
# Datasets
from datasets import Dataset
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
```

```
json_files = ["test.json", "training.json", "validation.json"]
dataframes = \{\}
for file_name in json_files:
    with open(file name, "r") as file:
        data = json.load(file)
        dataframes[file name] = pd.DataFrame(data)
# Load the original datasets from the specified JSON files into
separate DataFrames
original train df = dataframes['training.json']
original validation df = dataframes['validation.json']
original test df = dataframes['test.json']
def determine majority(response list):
    Counts the occurrences of "YES" and "NO" in the input list and
returns:
      - 1 if "YES" is the majority,
      - 0 if "NO" is the majority,
      - 2 if there is a tie.
    yes count = response list.count("YES")
    no count = response list.count("NO")
    if yes count > no count:
        return 1
    elif no_count > yes_count:
        return 0
    else:
        return 2
def transform df(df):
    - Transposes the DataFrame.
    - Adds a column `hard label task1` based on the majority label in
`labels task1`.
    - Filters rows where `lang` is 'en' and excludes rows where
`hard label task1` equals 2(tie).
    - Selects specific columns for the final output.
    df = df.T
    df['hard label task1'] =
df['labels task1'].apply(determine majority)
    df = df[df['lang'] == 'en']
    df = df[df['hard label task1'] != 2]
    df = df[['id EXIST', 'lang', 'tweet', 'hard label task1']]
    return df
```

```
# Apply the `transform df` function to preprocess the training,
validation, and test DataFrames
original train df = transform df(original train df)
original validation df = transform df(original validation df)
original test df = transform_df(original_test_df)
original train df
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"original train df\",\n \"rows\": 2870,\n
\"dtype\": \"string\",\n
\"num unique values\": 2870,\n \"samples\": [\n
],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
    },\n {\n \"column\": \"lang\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 1,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"en\"\n
                                 ],\n
\"semantic type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
          {\n \"column\": \"tweet\",\n \"properties\": {\
        \"dtype\": \"string\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 2870,\
n
        \"samples\": [\n \"Call me sexist but it just feels
wrong that women are reffing the NBA like go ref the WNBA\\ud83d\\
              ],\n \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
ude2c\"\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\":
\"hard_label_task1\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\'
                                                   \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n\\"std\": 0,\n\\"min\": 0,\n\\"max\": 1,\n\\"num_unique_values\": 2,\n\
                                                   \"samples\":
            0\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
[\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                          }\n
                                 }\n ]\
n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"original_train_df"}
# Create copies of the original datasets to avoid modifying them
directly
train df = original train df.copy()
validation df = original validation df.copy()
test df = original test df.copy()
def clean tweet(tweet):
   Cleans a tweet by removing unwanted characters, URLs, hashtags,
mentions
   0.00
   # Remove non-ASCII characters
   tweet = re.sub(r'[^\x00-\x7F]+', '', tweet)
   # Remove hashtags
   tweet = re.sub(r'#\w+', '', tweet)
   # Remove mentions
   tweet = re.sub(r'@\w+', '', tweet)
   # Remove URLs
   tweet = re.sub(r'http\S+|www\S+', '', tweet)
```

```
# Remove non-alphanumeric characters (except spaces)
    tweet = re.sub(r'[^a-zA-Z0-9\s]', '', tweet)
    # Remove specific quote characters
    tweet = tweet.replace('"', '').replace('"', '').replace(''',
'').replace(''', '')
    # Convert to lowercase
    cleaned tweet = tweet.lower()
    return cleaned tweet
# Apply the `clean tweet` function to the tweet column in the
training, validation, and test datasets
train df['tweet'] = train df['tweet'].apply(clean tweet)
validation df['tweet'] = validation df['tweet'].apply(clean tweet)
test df['tweet'] = test df['tweet'].apply(clean tweet)
test df.head()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"test_df\",\n \"rows\": 286,\n
\"num unique values\": 286,\n \"samples\": [\n
],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"lang\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 1,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"en\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"tweet\",\n \"properties\": {\
         \"dtype\": \"string\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 286,\n
\"samples\": [\n \" sex as in gender harassment is what they are inferring\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"hard_label_taskl\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n \"std\": 0,\n \"min\": 0,\n \"max\": 1,\n \"num_unique_values\": 2,\n \"samples\": [\n 1\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n
                                       }\n ]\
n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"test_df"}
```

# Transformer

```
# Define the task type (e.g., 'hate' for hate speech classification)
task = 'hate'
# Set the model name based on the task type
MODEL = f"cardiffnlp/twitter-roberta-base-{task}"
# Load the tokenizer for the specified model
tokenizer = AutoTokenizer.from_pretrained(MODEL)
```

```
# Load the pre-trained transformer model for sequence classification
transformer model =
AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from pretrained(MODEL)#,
output attentions=True)
# Save the model to the local directory for future use
#transformer model.save pretrained(MODEL)
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/huggingface hub/utils/
auth.py:94: UserWarning:
The secret `HF_TOKEN` does not exist in your Colab secrets.
To authenticate with the Hugging Face Hub, create a token in your
settings tab (https://huggingface.co/settings/tokens), set it as
secret in your Google Colab and restart your session.
You will be able to reuse this secret in all of your notebooks.
Please note that authentication is recommended but still optional to
access public models or datasets.
 warnings.warn(
{"model id": "3866351aac5044dda340ec73c7fe260b", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id":"02faca21e06a4bb99818322d2d6535ed","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id": "aaca394414cd4ebb896796ab8c4d4b06", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id": "5d86caf83872499ebb86692d3fa93599", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id":"e3c83515a9dd4120a7a140ddc71e4547","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
def preprocess text(texts):
    # Use the tokenizer to process the 'tweet' column and apply
truncation to handle long texts
    return tokenizer(texts['tweet'], truncation=True, padding=True)
# Convert the training, validation, and test dataframes into
HuggingFace Dataset objects
train data = Dataset.from pandas(train df)
validation data = Dataset.from pandas(validation df)
test data = Dataset.from pandas(test df)
# Apply the preprocessing function to the dataset, using the 'batched'
option to process in batches
train data = train data.map(preprocess text, batched=True)
validation data = validation data.map(preprocess text, batched=True)
test_data = test_data.map(preprocess_text, batched=True)
```

```
# Show the processed training data
train data
{"model id":"c04f183cb4c24898a31450e142fb98d0","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
Asking to truncate to max length but no maximum length is provided and
the model has no predefined maximum length. Default to no truncation.
{"model id": "81b0fd798cc141768e8877ce6ddcc706", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id": "93340426ba99439589c6aa44ea20f92f", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
{"model id":"7f24fd892a3a4390af0c262820473c20","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
Dataset({
    features: ['id_EXIST', 'lang', 'tweet', 'hard_label_task1',
'__index_level_0__', 'input_ids', 'attention_mask'],
    num rows: 2870
})
# Rename the label columns to match with transformer default
train data = train data.rename column('hard label task1', 'label')
validation data = validation data.rename column('hard label task1',
'label')
test data = test data.rename column('hard label task1', 'label')
data collator = DataCollatorWithPadding(tokenizer=tokenizer)
transformer training args = TrainingArguments(
    output dir="test dir",
    learning rate=1e-6,
    per_device_train_batch_size=4,
    per device eval batch size=8,
    num train epochs=4,
    weight decay=0.2,
    eval strategy="epoch",
    save_strategy="epoch",
    load best model at end=True,
    report to='none'
)
def compute metrics(eval pred):
    predictions, labels = eval pred[0], eval pred[1]
    predictions = np.argmax(predictions, axis=1)
    f1 = f1 score(y true=labels, y pred=predictions, average='macro')
    acc = accuracy score(y true=labels, y pred=predictions)
    return {'f1': \( \overline{1}\), 'acc\( \overline{1}\): acc\( \overline{1}\)
```

```
transformer trainer = Trainer(
    model=transformer model,
    args=transformer_training_args,
    train dataset=train data,
    eval dataset=validation data,
    tokenizer=tokenizer,
    data collator=data collator,
    compute metrics=compute metrics,
)
transformer_trainer.train()
transformer trainer.save model("test dir")
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
transformer test prediction info =
transformer_trainer.predict(test_data)
# Extract the model predictions and the true labels from the
prediction result
transformer test predictions, transformer test labels =
transformer_test_prediction_info.predictions,
transformer test prediction info.label ids
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
# Compute the evaluation metrics (such as F1 score and accuracy) for
the test predictions
transformer_test_metrics =
compute metrics([transformer test predictions,
transformer test labels])
# Extract the F1 score and accuracy from the computed metrics
transformer f1 = transformer test metrics['f1']
transformer accuracy = transformer test metrics['acc']
print(f"Accuracy on test: {transformer_accuracy:.4f}\nf1-score on
test: {transformer f1:.4f}", end="\n\n")
Accuracy on test: 0.8322
fl-score on test: 0.8310
```

# Explainability

### **Attention Weights**

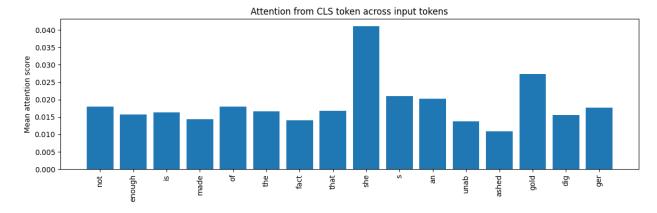
```
transformer_model =
AutoModelForSequenceClassification.from_pretrained(
```

```
"test dir",
    output attentions=True
transformer model.eval()
RobertaForSequenceClassification(
  (roberta): RobertaModel(
    (embeddings): RobertaEmbeddings(
      (word_embeddings): Embedding(50265, 768, padding_idx=1)
      (position_embeddings): Embedding(514, 768, padding_idx=1)
      (token type embeddings): Embedding(1, 768)
      (LayerNorm): LayerNorm((768,), eps=1e-05,
elementwise affine=True)
      (dropout): Dropout(p=0.1, inplace=False)
    (encoder): RobertaEncoder(
      (layer): ModuleList(
        (0-11): 12 x RobertaLayer(
          (attention): RobertaAttention(
            (self): RobertaSdpaSelfAttention(
              (query): Linear(in features=768, out features=768,
bias=True)
              (key): Linear(in features=768, out features=768,
bias=True)
              (value): Linear(in features=768, out features=768,
bias=True)
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0.1, inplace=False)
            (output): RobertaSelfOutput(
              (dense): Linear(in features=768, out features=768,
bias=True)
              (LayerNorm): LayerNorm((768,), eps=1e-05,
elementwise affine=True)
              (dropout): Dropout(p=0.1, inplace=False)
          (intermediate): RobertaIntermediate(
            (dense): Linear(in_features=768, out_features=3072,
bias=True)
            (intermediate act fn): GELUActivation()
          (output): RobertaOutput(
            (dense): Linear(in features=3072, out features=768,
bias=True)
            (LayerNorm): LayerNorm((768,), eps=1e-05,
elementwise affine=True)
            (dropout): Dropout(p=0.1, inplace=False)
        )
```

```
)
  )
  (classifier): RobertaClassificationHead(
    (dense): Linear(in features=768, out features=768, bias=True)
    (dropout): Dropout(p=0.1, inplace=False)
    (out proj): Linear(in features=768, out features=2, bias=True)
 )
)
from bertviz import head view
from transformers import AutoModel
import torch
import torch.nn.functional as F
# Choose device
device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is available() else "cpu")
# Prepare input sentence
index = 25
text = [token for token in test data[index]['padded tweet'] if token
!= "<PAD>"]
sentence = " ".join(text) # or just use your raw text directly
# Tokenize
inputs = tokenizer(sentence, return tensors='pt').to(device) # Move
inputs to device
#print("Input tokens:",
tokenizer.convert ids to tokens(inputs['input ids'][0]))
# Move model to device
transformer model = transformer model.to(device)
transformer model.eval()
# Inference with no gradients
with torch.no grad():
   outputs = transformer model(**inputs)
   logits = outputs.logits # [1, num classes]
   attentions = outputs.attentions # list: [layer1, ..., layerN]
probs = F.softmax(logits, dim=-1) # Convert logits to
probabilities
pred class = torch.argmax(probs, dim=-1).item()
confidence = probs[0, pred class].item()
id2label = {
   0: "non-sexist",
   1: "sexist"
label = id2label[pred class]
print(f"Prediction: {label} (confidence: {confidence:.4f}), label:
```

```
{id2label[test df.iloc[index]['hard label task1']]}")
# Decode tokens
tokens = tokenizer.convert_ids_to_tokens(inputs["input_ids"][0])
tokens = [token.replace('G', '')] for token in tokens]
# Visualize (assumes head view handles CPU/GPU internally or takes CPU
input)
head view(attention=[att.cpu() for att in attentions], tokens=tokens)
Using test data[4]['padded tweet']
5-Red-> seems to connect subject with refering to subject, that-cunt,
you-remember, say-shit
O-Grey->each to themself
O-Acqua->each to next tooken
0-Orange->each to previous token
Layer 1 most attend start token
2-Pink -> each attend to himself, u attend to both you and also you,
2-Violet-> u and you attend to previous you
2-Grey-> EACH TOKEN ATTEN DTO THE PREVIOUS 3/4 TOKENS
4-Pink-> each token attend only to start and end
8-Violet->Cunt, Slut, Dumb have a lot of incoming edge
In the last layer most head are all-to-all and like 2or3 are all-to-
start/end
H/H/H
Prediction: sexist (confidence: 0.8509), label: sexist
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
<IPvthon.core.display.HTML object>
<IPvthon.core.display.Javascript object>
{"type": "string"}
# attention: Tensor of shape [layers, heads, seg len, seg len]
# Example: attention = torch.tensor(attention data)
# Make sure it's a torch. Tensor
attentions stacked = torch.stack(attentions).squeeze(1)
assert attentions stacked.dim() == 4, "Expected [layers, heads,
seg len, seg len]"
# Extract attention from CLS token (position 0) to others
# Shape: [layers, heads, target tokens]
cls attention = attentions stacked[:, :, 0, :] # attention FROM CLS
to each token
# Average across layers and heads
cls attention mean = cls attention.mean(\dim = (0, 1)) # [seq len]
tokens = [token.replace('Ġ', '') for token in tokens][1:-1]
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
plt.bar(range(len(cls_attention_mean.cpu()[1:-1])),
cls_attention_mean.cpu().numpy()[1:-1])
plt.xticks(range(len(tokens)), tokens, rotation=90)
plt.title("Attention from CLS token across input tokens")
plt.ylabel("Mean attention score")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



```
all cls attentions = torch.stack([att[:, :, 0, :] for att in
attentions1)
print(all cls attentions.shape)
mean cls attentions = all cls attentions.mean(dim=0).mean(dim=1)
mean cls attentions.shape
print(mean cls attentions)
torch.Size([12, 1, 12, 18])
tensor([[0.5017, 0.0180, 0.0157, 0.0163, 0.0143, 0.0180, 0.0166,
0.0141, 0.0168,
         0.0411, 0.0210, 0.0203, 0.0137, 0.0109, 0.0273, 0.0155,
0.0176, 0.2012]],
       device='cuda:0')
test data
Dataset({
    features: ['id_EXIST', 'lang', 'tweet', 'label', 'padded_tweet',
'__index_level_0__', 'input_ids', 'attention_mask'],
    num rows: 286
})
from tqdm import tqdm
import torch
import torch.nn.functional as F
```

```
from datasets import concatenate datasets
# These will store raw attention data for each class
all attentions sexist = []
all_input_ids_sexist = []
all attentions non sexist = []
all input ids non sexist = []
# Phase 1: Forward pass & store attentions by predicted class
data = concatenate datasets([validation data, test data])
for sample in tgdm(data):
    input_ids = torch.tensor([sample["input ids"]]).to(device)
    attention mask =
torch.tensor([sample["attention mask"]]).to(device)
    with torch.no grad():
        outputs = transformer model(input ids=input ids,
attention mask=attention mask, output attentions=True)
        logits = outputs.logits
        probs = F.softmax(logits, dim=-1)
        pred_class = torch.argmax(probs, dim=-1).item()
        attentions = [att.cpu() for att in outputs.attentions] # list
of (1, heads, seg len, seg len)
    if pred class == 0:
        all attentions non sexist.append(attentions)
        all input ids non sexist.append(sample["input ids"])
        all attentions sexist.append(attentions)
        all input ids sexist.append(sample["input ids"])
# Utility to compute average token attention
def compute avg token attention(all attentions, all input ids):
    token freq = defaultdict(int)
    token_attention_sum = defaultdict(float)
    for i in range(len(all attentions)):
        attention layers = torch.stack(all attentions[i]).squeeze(1)
# shape: [num layers, num heads, seq len, seq len]
        """input ids = all input ids[i] # list of token ids
        # Get attention from CLS to all tokens: shape [layers, heads,
seg len]
        cls attention = attention layers[:, :, 0, :]
        # Average over layers and heads: shape [seg len]
        avg_cls_attention = cls_attention.mean(dim=(0, 1))"""
```

```
last layer attention = attention layers[-1].squeeze(0) #
shape: [num heads, seg len, seg len]
        input ids = all input ids[i] # list of token ids
        # Get attention from CLS to all tokens: shape [heads, seq len]
        cls attention = last layer attention[:, 0, :] # heads x
seq_len
        # Average over heads: shape [seg len]
        avg cls attention = cls attention.mean(dim=0) # seg len
        for token id, att score in zip(input ids, avg cls attention):
            token freq[token id] += 1
            token attention sum[token id] += float(att score)
    # Final average
    token avg attention = {
        token id: token attention sum[token id] / token freq[token id]
        for token id in token freq
    return token avg attention
# Phase 2: Compute attention stats for each group
token avg attention non sexist =
compute avg token attention(all attentions non sexist,
all input ids non sexist)
token avg attention sexist =
compute_avg_token_attention(all attentions sexist,
all input ids sexist)
      | 444/444 [00:07<00:00, 58.33it/s]
# Example: print top attended tokens in sexist predictions
top tokens = sorted(token avg attention sexist.items(), key=lambda x:
-x[1])[:50]
for token_id, avg_score in top tokens:
    print(tokenizer.decode([token_id]).replace(' ', ''), f"→
{avg score: .4f}")
bald → 0.1310
they \rightarrow 0.1209
que \rightarrow 0.1207
bathing \rightarrow 0.1112
you \rightarrow 0.1100
took → 0.0993
qal \rightarrow 0.0973
nails \rightarrow 0.0963
school → 0.0954
skirt → 0.0947
room \rightarrow 0.0939
```

```
anking \rightarrow 0.0923
ush \rightarrow 0.0883
misogyny → 0.0881
whore \rightarrow 0.0864
woman \rightarrow 0.0863
fem \rightarrow 0.0863
calling \rightarrow 0.0856
ulation \rightarrow 0.0852
pop \rightarrow 0.0829
arius → 0.0827
making \rightarrow 0.0819
\langle s \rangle \rightarrow 0.0817
wall → 0.0814
</s> \rightarrow 0.0814
testosterone → 0.0810
ches \rightarrow 0.0809
feminism \rightarrow 0.0800
went \rightarrow 0.0798
bounce → 0.0798
maybe \rightarrow 0.0797
forever \rightarrow 0.0796
slut → 0.0791
hh \rightarrow 0.0787
which \rightarrow 0.0780
penis \rightarrow 0.0760
summer \rightarrow 0.0757
lesbian → 0.0753
aga \rightarrow 0.0753
citizens \rightarrow 0.0750
how \rightarrow 0.0746
bag \rightarrow 0.0745
females \rightarrow 0.0745
boy \rightarrow 0.0742
azi → 0.0731
economy \rightarrow 0.0724
teachers \rightarrow 0.0718
tease → 0.0715
days \rightarrow 0.0713
prostitute → 0.0712
# Example: print top attended tokens in sexist predictions
top tokens = sorted(token avg attention non sexist.items(), key=lambda
x: -x[1])[:50]
for token_id, avg_score in top_tokens:
     print(tokenizer.decode([token id]), f"→ {avg score:.4f}")
 witches \rightarrow 0.2327
 tits \rightarrow 0.1641
 sex \rightarrow 0.1556
 congratulations → 0.1539
```

```
blonde \rightarrow 0.1468
 sexism \rightarrow 0.1404
\langle s \rangle \rightarrow 0.1316
</s> \rightarrow 0.1316
 stroke \rightarrow 0.1268
 lady → 0.1161
 taxes → 0.1122
 harm \rightarrow 0.1076
ika \rightarrow 0.1054
ude \rightarrow 0.1052
mith \rightarrow 0.1037
 fascists → 0.1026
 question \rightarrow 0.0990
 porn \rightarrow 0.0979
 birds \rightarrow 0.0941
 coins \rightarrow 0.0938
 terrorists → 0.0935
 abuse → 0.0916
 cum \rightarrow 0.0913
 air \rightarrow 0.0908
 woman \rightarrow 0.0862
 beard → 0.0832
 pregnancy → 0.0828
 choice \rightarrow 0.0827
coins \rightarrow 0.0817
 legs \rightarrow 0.0815
 pee \rightarrow 0.0813
 luck → 0.0810
 girls → 0.0808
 controlling → 0.0807
 masturb \rightarrow 0.0801
life \rightarrow 0.0793
 linebackers → 0.0791
 tire \rightarrow 0.0788
 slap → 0.0787
 harassment → 0.0783
lad \rightarrow 0.0781
 nails \rightarrow 0.0781
 boys \rightarrow 0.0780
 feminist \rightarrow 0.0780
 consent \rightarrow 0.0779
 misconduct → 0.0775
 guests \rightarrow 0.0772
 al \rightarrow 0.0768
 furry \rightarrow 0.0766
 feminine \rightarrow 0.0757
```

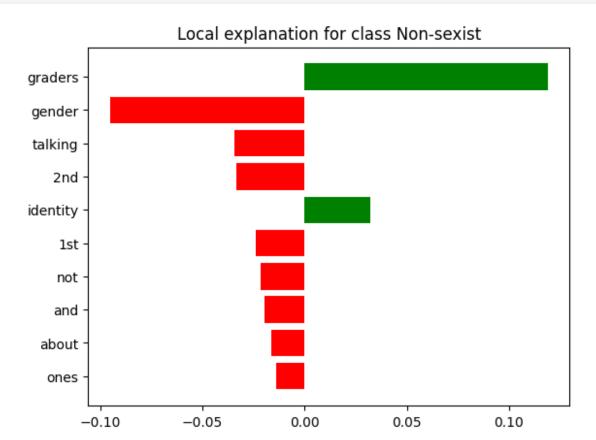
#### LIME

```
from lime.lime text import LimeTextExplainer
label map = {0: "non-sexist", 1: "sexist"} # Customize if needed
def predict proba(texts):
    Generates probability predictions for text classification using a
pre-trained model.
    inputs = tokenizer(texts, padding=True, truncation=True,
return tensors="pt").to(model.device)
    with torch.no grad():
        outputs = model(**inputs)
        probs = torch.nn.functional.softmax(outputs.logits, dim=1)
    return probs.cpu().numpy()
def explain tweets with lime(tweets, explainer, predict proba,
num features=10, num samples=500, flg batch eval=False):
    Generates LIME explanations for tweet classifications, showing
which words influence the model's predictions.
    feature aggregate = defaultdict(lambda: defaultdict(float)) #
class label -> feature -> weight
    for i, tweet in enumerate(tweets):
        if not flg batch eval:
            print(f"\nExplaining tweet: {tweet}")
        exp = explainer.explain instance(tweet, predict proba,
num features=num features, num samples=num samples, labels=[0, 1])
        # Get predicted class
        pred_class_idx = int(predict_proba([tweet])[0].argmax())
        class label = label map[pred class idx]
        # Extract explanation weights
        weights = dict(exp.as list(label=pred class idx))
        if flg batch eval:
            # Aggregate weights per class
            for feature, weight in weights.items():
                feature aggregate[class label][feature] += weight
        else:
            fig = exp.as pyplot figure(label=pred class idx)
            fig.savefig(f"lime explanation {i}.png", dpi=300,
bbox inches='tight')
            exp.show in notebook()
```

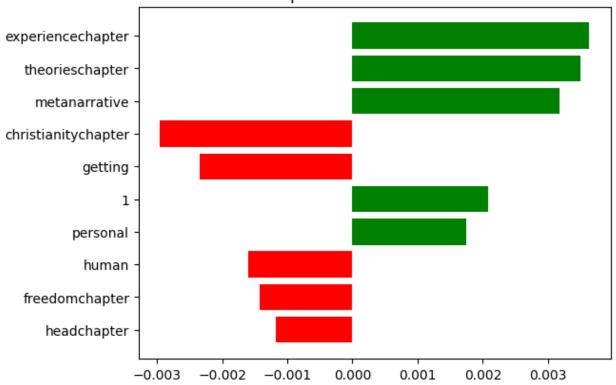
```
del exp
        del weights
        torch.cuda.empty cache()
    if flg batch eval:
        # Plot separate bar chart for each class
        for class_label, weights_dict in feature_aggregate.items():
            top features = sorted(weights dict.items(), key=lambda x:
abs(x[1]), reverse=True)[:20]
            features, weights = zip(*top_features)
            colors = ['red' if w > 0 else 'green' for w in weights]
            plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
            plt.barh(features, weights, color=colors)
            plt.xlabel('Total Weight')
            plt.title(f'Top 20 Aggregated LIME Feature Importance
({class_label})')
            plt.axvline(0, color='black', linewidth=0.8)
            plt.tight_layout()
            plt.show()
        return {class label: dict(weights) for class label, weights in
feature_aggregate.items()}
    else:
        return None
tweets = []
for i in [12, 78, 56, 46]:
  tweets.append(test data[i]['tweet'])
model = transformer trainer.model
class names = ['Non-sexist', 'Sexist']
explainer = LimeTextExplainer(class names=class names, bow=False)
feature weights = explain tweets with lime(tweets, explainer,
predict proba)
Explaining tweet: please not the ones talking to 1st and 2nd graders
about gender identity
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Explaining tweet: 23chapter 1 getting inside my headchapter 2 on
theorieschapter 3 the metanarrative of christianitychapter 4 argument
of entitieschapter 5 argument from personal experiencechapter 6 human
freedomchapter 7 gods providence
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
```

Explaining tweet: yup i hate when men rape and kill women
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

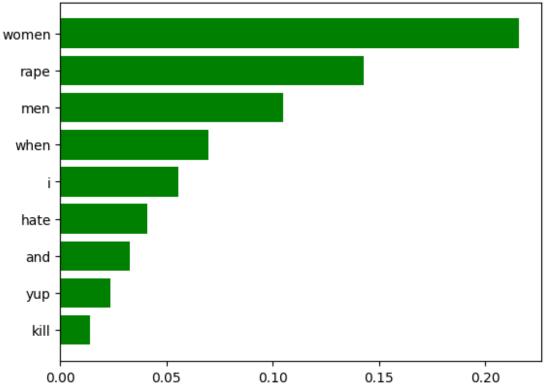
Explaining tweet: aughhh i still got an exam tomorrow i hate women
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>



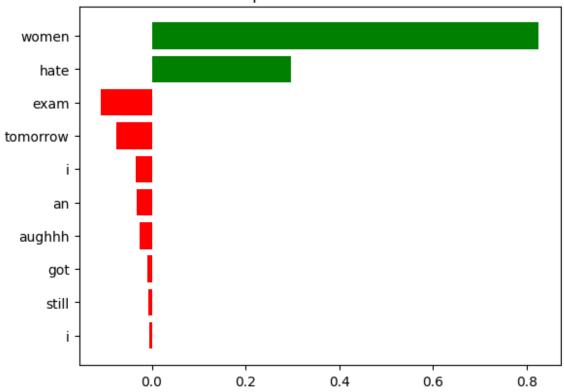
### Local explanation for class Non-sexist





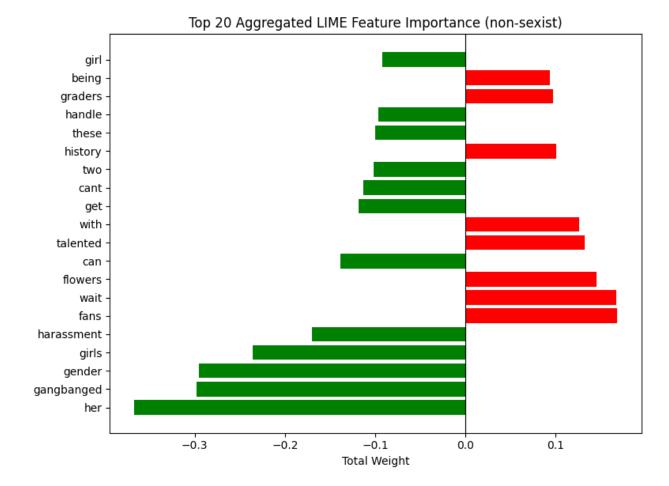


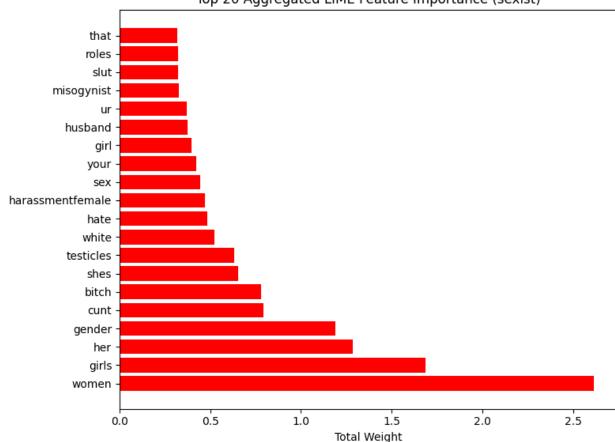
# Local explanation for class Sexist



```
tweets = []
for i in range(0, 50):
   tweets.append(test_data[i]['tweet'])

feature_weights = explain_tweets_with_lime(tweets, explainer,
predict_proba, flg_batch_eval=True)
```





Top 20 Aggregated LIME Feature Importance (sexist)

#### SHAP

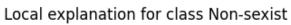
```
pip install shap
Requirement already satisfied: shap in /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-
packages (0.47.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (2.0.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (1.15.3)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-learn in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (1.6.1)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (2.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm>=4.27.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (4.67.1)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>20.9 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (24.2)
Requirement already satisfied: slicer==0.0.8 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (0.0.8)
Requirement already satisfied: numba>=0.54 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (0.60.0)
```

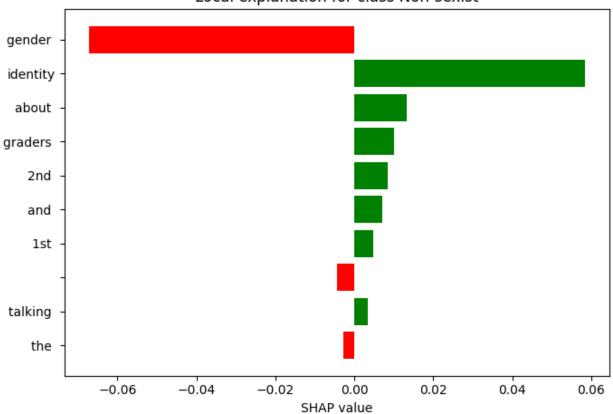
```
Requirement already satisfied: cloudpickle in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (3.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from shap) (4.13.2)
Requirement already satisfied: llvmlite<0.44,>=0.43.0dev0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from numba>=0.54->shap)
(0.43.0)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->shap)
(2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->shap) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: tzdata>=2022.7 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from pandas->shap) (2025.2)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.2.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-learn->shap)
(1.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: threadpoolctl>=3.1.0 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from scikit-learn->shap)
(3.6.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2-
>pandas->shap) (1.17.0)
import torch
import numpy as np
import re
import shap
def f(x):
    tv = torch.tensor([
        tokenizer.encode(v, padding="max length", max length=128,
truncation=True)
        for v in x
    1).cuda()
    attention mask = (tv != 0).type(torch.int64).cuda()
    outputs = transformer model(tv, attention mask=attention mask)
[0].detach().cpu().numpy()
    scores = (np.exp(outputs).T / np.exp(outputs).sum(-1)).T #
softmax
    val = np.log(scores) # LOG PROBABILITY
    return val
def custom tokenizer(s, return offsets mapping=True):
    """Tokenizza il testo dividendo per caratteri non alfanumerici."""
    pos = 0
    offset ranges = []
    input ids = []
    for m in re.finditer(r"\W", s):
        start, end = m.span(0)
```

```
offset ranges.append((pos, start))
        input ids.append(s[pos:start])
        pos = end
    if pos != len(s):
        offset ranges.append((pos, len(s)))
        input ids.append(s[pos:])
    out = {
        "input ids": input ids,
    if return offsets mapping:
        out["offset mapping"] = offset ranges
    return out
masker = shap.maskers.Text(custom tokenizer)
tweets = []
for i in [12, 78, 56, 46]:
    tweets.append(test data[i]['tweet'])
output_names = ['Non-sexist', 'Sexist']
explainer = shap.Explainer(f, masker, output names=output names)
shap values = explainer(tweets)
# classification probability
probs = np.exp(f(tweets))
for i, tweet in enumerate(tweets):
    print(f"\nTweet #{i+1}: {tweet}")
    print("Prediction probabilities:")
    for cls, p in zip(output names, probs[i]):
        print(f" {cls}: {p:.2f}")
    shap.plots.text(shap values[i])
PartitionExplainer explainer: 5it [00:16, 4.03s/it]
Tweet #1: please not the ones talking to 1st and 2nd graders about
gender identity
Prediction probabilities:
 Non-sexist: 0.98
 Sexist: 0.02
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Tweet #2: 23chapter 1 getting inside my headchapter 2 on
theorieschapter 3 the metanarrative of christianitychapter 4 argument
of entitieschapter 5 argument from personal experiencechapter 6 human
freedomchapter 7 gods providence
Prediction probabilities:
```

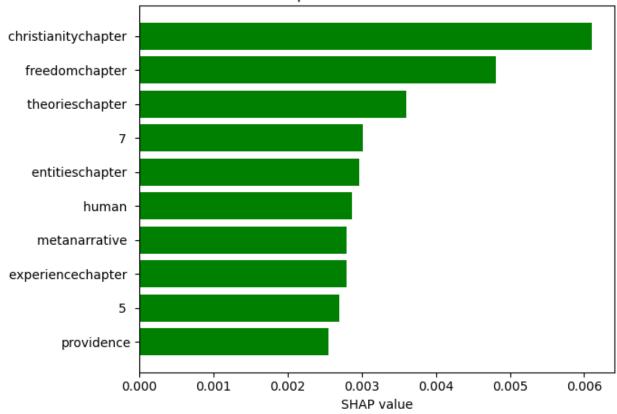
```
Non-sexist: 0.99
  Sexist: 0.01
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Tweet #3:
             yup i hate when men rape and kill women
Prediction probabilities:
  Non-sexist: 0.09
 Sexist: 0.91
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Tweet #4: aughhh i still got an exam tomorrow i hate women
Prediction probabilities:
 Non-sexist: 0.05
 Sexist: 0.95
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Funzione per ottenere la classe predetta
def get predicted class(probs row):
    return np.argmax(probs row)
# Per ogni tweet analizzato
for i, tweet in enumerate(tweets):
    pred_class_idx = get_predicted_class(probs[i]) # indice della
classe predetta
    pred class label = output names[pred class idx]
    # Ottieni valori SHAP e token
    shap vals = shap values[i].values[:, pred class idx] # valori
SHAP per la classe predetta
    tokens = shap values[i].data
    # Associa token e valore SHAP e ordina per importanza assoluta
    token shap pairs = list(zip(tokens, shap vals))
    token shap pairs.sort(key=lambda x: abs(x[1]), reverse=True)
    # Prendi i top 10 token
    top tokens, top shap = zip(*token shap pairs[:10])
    # Plot
    plt.figure(figsize=(7, 5))
    colors = ['green' if val > 0 else 'red' for val in top shap]
    plt.barh(top tokens[::-1], top shap[::-1], color=colors[::-1])
    plt.xlabel("SHAP value")
    plt.title(f"Local explanation for class {pred class label}")
```

```
#plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

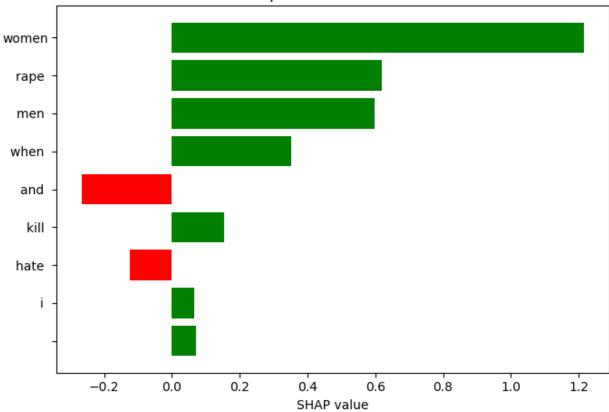




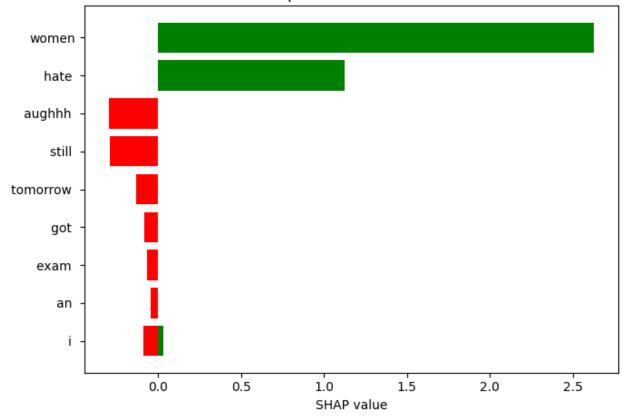
# Local explanation for class Non-sexist



# Local explanation for class Sexist



## Local explanation for class Sexist



```
tweets = []
for i in range(0, 50):
  tweets.append(test data[i]['tweet'])
# Calcola i valori SHAP
shap values = explainer(tweets)
# Calcola anche le probabilità di classificazione (valori softmax)
probs = np.exp(f(tweets)) # restituisce probabilità vere
# Mostra i risultati per ogni tweet
for i, tweet in enumerate(tweets):
    print(f"\nTweet #{i+1}: {tweet}")
    print("Prediction probabilities:")
    for cls, p in zip(output_names, probs[i]):
        print(f" {cls}: {p:.2f}")
    shap.plots.text(shap values[i])
{"model id": "6d3d4574ca95411dae1cf9e018ebc518", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
PartitionExplainer explainer: 22%|
                                             | 11/50 [00:29<01:08,
1.77s/it
```

```
{"model id":"1d40de9963da41b8bf2b5b768380cdfc","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
PartitionExplainer explainer: 48% | 24/50 [01:05<00:48,
1.87s/itl
{"model id": "b7ec5bb9d95049ad9f2df9c6c326b36c", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
PartitionExplainer explainer: 51it [02:15, 2.82s/it]
Tweet #1: 1st day at the pool on a beautiful sunday in ny too bad few
dared to go in due to the frigid water temp we lasted 45 min and
figured we proved our point
Prediction probabilities:
 Non-sexist: 0.99
 Sexist: 0.01
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Tweet #2: i like your outfit too except when i dress up as a frigid
bitch i try not to look so constipated is my new how are you
Prediction probabilities:
 Non-sexist: 0.40
 Sexist: 0.60
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Tweet #3: same though the angst just comes and goes lonely xie lian
will always break my frigid heart
Prediction probabilities:
 Non-sexist: 0.98
 Sexist: 0.02
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Tweet #4: fuck that cunt tried to vote her out multiple times
Prediction probabilities:
 Non-sexist: 0.16
  Sexist: 0.84
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
Tweet #5: u gotta say some shit like ill fuck that cunt dumb until
you cant remember anything but my name you stupid slut
Prediction probabilities:
```

Non-sexist: 0.03 Sexist: 0.97

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #6: mmm fuck that cunt is hungry for this dick isnt it such a shame that you can lie all you want about not wanting this but your body never canhe says in her ear before he starts kissing down her neck making sure to leave plenty of love marks on her pale skin Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.03 Sexist: 0.97

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #7: suika gets gangbanged to death

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.87 Sexist: 0.13

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #8: i mean i do but wouldnt it be fun to get gangbanged together

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.87 Sexist: 0.13

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #9: maybe something involving her getting gangbanged

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.91 Sexist: 0.09

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #10: sex as in gender harassment is what they are inferring

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.56 Sexist: 0.44

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #11: kabul islamic emirate of afghanistan has announced the end of coeducation in the country citing gender harassmentfemale students will attend universities on monday wednesday and saturday while

tuesday thursday and sunday are fixed for males Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.15 Sexist: 0.85

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #12: appreciate being included along with on the uvalde gunmans history of cyber gender harassment regrettably unshocking Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.95 Sexist: 0.05

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #13: please not the ones talking to 1st and 2nd graders about gender identity

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.98 Sexist: 0.02

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #14: and took the case of to the and won today the government of has committed to honor the sentencing which can guarantees the rights to gender identity in Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 1.00 Sexist: 0.00

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #15: gender gender identity amp sexual orientationparents place a great deal of trust in the public school system to care for the education of their childrenthat trust is being betrayed in a shameful and deceitful way

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.99 Sexist: 0.01

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #16: the violent antifeminism of a farright movement that sees principally as vessels for breeding a new white generation expresses itself in a fixation on areturn to traditional gender rolesworth every minute to read take 5 min out of your sun Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.53 Sexist: 0.47

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #17: ah look gender roles are back too the dont believe their

own lies

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.48 Sexist: 0.52

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #18: yes hayley hafu representation give our japanesehispanic girl her flowers

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.97 Sexist: 0.03

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #19: isa hot girl summer now pop yall shit

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.90 Sexist: 0.10

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #20: my baby called me mommy sha for the first time today twice yall dont understand how hype that made me baby girl has autism and getting her to talk without being prompted has been a challenge shes come so far

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.98 Sexist: 0.02

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #21: how did we reach a point where blonks are having the audacity to talk about youngis rap do yall see who you stan are yall ok your girls cant write cant deliver cant come close to btss lyricism tf are yall getting brave for fashion deals Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.18 Sexist: 0.82

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #22: absolutely brilliant wkend im off on july with the girls

cant wait

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.96 Sexist: 0.04

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #23: hot girls cant get nowhere without a gps

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.07 Sexist: 0.93

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #24: that gold digger is nice but the picture and set up for them are elite pinwork is like the revealing of the mona lisa always a work of art

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.98 Sexist: 0.02

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #25: he tries to expose this gold digger but it backfires 90 day fiance b via

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.96 Sexist: 0.04

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #26: not enough is made of the fact that shes an unabashed gold digger

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.48 Sexist: 0.52

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #27: well let me ask for the guys do you ever just grab your testicles because you can

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.73 Sexist: 0.27 <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #28: i cant imagine what the possible beef would have been but you do realize that you two live close enough to each other that your families could grab dinner together

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.98 Sexist: 0.02

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #29: there is still time to grab an print for use code 10off at check out for 10 off one time use

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.99 Sexist: 0.01

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #30: they tried to censor threaten harassbut ultimately murdered yeshua for saying what were not allowed to say online he called them children of the devil the synagogue of satanand not of his sheep Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.98 Sexist: 0.02

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #31: u r allowing these terrorists to harass the countrymen Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.91 Sexist: 0.09

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #32: dear fans can we not harass talented actors of color stop being racist douche nozzles this is why we cant have nice things moses is a badass inquisitor and yall cant handle her badassary Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.95 Sexist: 0.05

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #33: the cosmic hegemony is taking over and its your job to find their superweapons before its too late my review of the darn difficult

but beautifully themed solo game pulp invasion Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.96 Sexist: 0.04

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #34: the key is whats your view on prof mearsheimers view do you agree with him or not china would like to be the hegemony in asia pacific is china working hard to displace usa from asia pacific Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.97 Sexist: 0.03

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #35: yes they operate covertly as fascists you can silence opposition engage in psychological warfare and broaden hegemony without doing it openly Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.96 Sexist: 0.04

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #36: so deep painfully deep our history and herstory of slave trade colonialism and neocolonialism

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.99 Sexist: 0.01

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #37: met the talented at cre8tivecon la today she has shown me what disciple and grit and can get you im so glad to have heard her story today

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.99 Sexist: 0.01

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #38: stop saying i said this cus she has short hair some of her gayest looks came from 201718 blonde ponytail era know ur herstory Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.91 Sexist: 0.09 <IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #39: best way to do that is from behind her with your hands on her hips

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.12 Sexist: 0.88

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #40: some one get those white boy hips moving man cannot bounce Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.85 Sexist: 0.15

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #41: same energy as kiryu couldnt be in smash because he wouldnt hit women it is a noncanon crossover who gives a fuck Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.14 Sexist: 0.86

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #42: exactly its drilled into men not to hit women why isnt it drilled into women not to hit men so many times on nights out i have witnessed women hitting punching scratching at men and them standing there and just taking it as they know they are damned if they react Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.02 Sexist: 0.98

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #43: why would a woman accuse someone of hitting her if it was lies i dont hit women and never been accused of sucheven my exnever said that in a nasty divorce Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.02 Sexist: 0.98

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #44: whats the deal did my husband and i just take the same test one was bought off the website and the other from

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.99 Sexist: 0.01

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #45: yall are husband and wife and best friends you guys have so much fun its awesome you keep each other laughing and smiling Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.99 Sexist: 0.01

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #46: wait till ur husband messes up u gonna love the scouser death threats

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.92 Sexist: 0.08

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #47: aughhh i still got an exam tomorrow i hate women

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.05 Sexist: 0.95

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #48: i am not like other queers i hate women misogynist and proud

Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.31 Sexist: 0.69

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

Tweet #49: ill share some stuff when i archive but antifujo comment threads are 100im is it ok for me to make mlmyesnoyou can as long as no sexmisogyny is a liei hate women they ruin everythingim a trans man amp cant believe i used to think i was a dirty gross fujo Prediction probabilities:

Non-sexist: 0.06 Sexist: 0.94

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

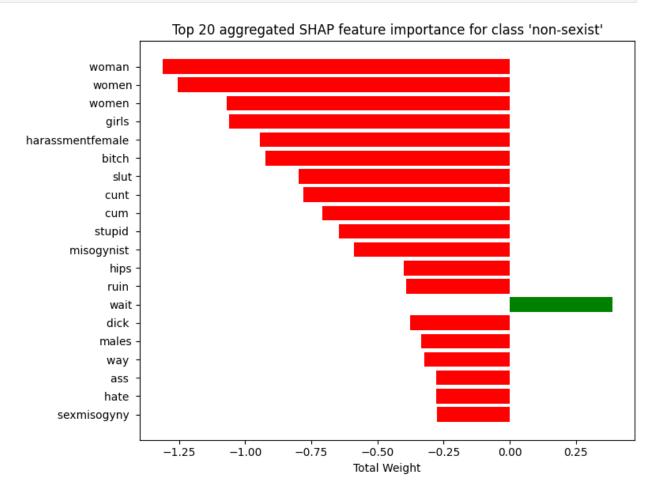
```
Tweet #50: i want to give you delicious black kiss your ass looks
very rich then i would like to fuck you and cum inside you
Prediction probabilities:
 Non-sexist: 0.07
  Sexist: 0.93
<IPython.core.display.HTML object>
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from collections import defaultdict, Counter
# Normalizza i nomi delle classi a minuscolo
output names = [name.lower() for name in output names]
# Inizializza dizionari per sommare i valori SHAP e contare le
occorrenze per ciascun token
shap token sums = {
    'sexist': defaultdict(float),
    'non-sexist': defaultdict(float)
}
shap token counts = {
    'sexist': defaultdict(int),
    'non-sexist': defaultdict(int)
}
# Analizza tutti i tweet
for i in range(len(tweets)):
    for class idx, class label in enumerate(output names):
        shap vals = shap values[i].values[:, class idx] # valori SHAP
per la classe
        tokens = shap values[i].data
        for token, val in zip(tokens, shap vals):
            shap token sums[class label][token] += val
            shap token counts[class label][token] += 1
# Calcola la media dei valori SHAP per ciascun token
shap_token_means = {
    class label: {
        token: shap token sums[class label][token] /
shap token counts[class label][token]
        for token in shap token sums[class label]
    for class label in output names
}
# Funzione per il plotting
def plot_top_tokens(token_means, class_label):
```

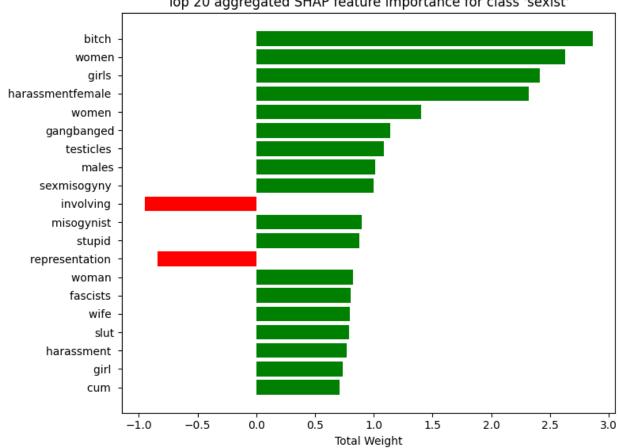
```
# Prendi i 20 token con valore SHAP medio assoluto più alto
    top_tokens = sorted(token_means.items(), key=lambda x: abs(x[1]),
reverse=True)[:20]
    tokens, means = zip(*top_tokens)

colors = ['green' if val > 0 else 'red' for val in means]

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
 plt.barh(tokens[::-1], means[::-1], color=colors[::-1])
 plt.xlabel("Total Weight")
 plt.title(f"Top 20 aggregated SHAP feature importance for class
'{class_label}'")
 plt.tight_layout()
 plt.show()

# Plot per ciascuna classe
for class_label in output_names:
 plot_top_tokens(shap_token_means[class_label], class_label)
```





Top 20 aggregated SHAP feature importance for class 'sexist'