# Package 'SeqAlignment'

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Title Global sequence alignment for nucleotide sequeces

<b>Version</b> 0.0.99
<b>Description</b> This R package has been developed in order to find the optimal global alignment between two nucleotide sequences, using both the Needleman-Wunsch (NW) and the FOGSAA algorithms.
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# Description

Compute the alignment score.

# Usage

```
alignment_score(al1, al2, match, mismatch, gap)
```

# **Arguments**

al1	Aligned sequence 1.
al2	Aligned sequence 2.

match An integer which indicates the score for a match between the two sequences.

Man integer which indicates the score for a mismatch between the two sequences.

An integer which indicates the score for a gap inserted in one of the two sequences.

quences

#### Value

The score of the alignment

### **Examples**

```
alignment_score('ACGGTTGC','A-GCGT-C', 1, -1, -2)
```

compare	Comparison of two nodes.
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#### **Description**

It compares two nodes based on their pointers P1 and P2 and checking the Tmax score

#### Usage

```
compare(new_vertex, current_vertex)
```

### Arguments

```
new_vertex A node current_vertex A node
```

compute\_scores 3

#### Value

True if the nodes are equal in terms of P1 and P2 and the new node has an higher score, false in any other case

compute_scores	Computation of present and future score of each node.

# Description

It computes both the present and future score of each new node, finally it sums the two to obtain the Fitness score which is used to identify the best node

#### Usage

```
compute_scores(new_vertex, current_vertex, match, mismatch, gap)
```

#### **Arguments**

new\_vertex The node for which we compute the scores

current\_vertex The previous node from which we retrieve the PrS score

match An integer which indicates the score for a match between the two sequences.

mismatch An integer which indicates the score for a mismatch between the two sequences.

gap An integer which indicates the score for a gap inserted in one of the two se-

quences.

#### Value

The node in which all the attributes reguarding the different scores are computed

fogsaa_alignment	FOGSAA algorithm for global sequence alignment.
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# Description

Computes the optimal global alignment of two sequences using the FOGSAA algorithm.

#### Usage

```
fogsaa_alignment(s1, s2, match, mismatch, gap)
```

4 max\_score

# Arguments

s1	A string representing sequence 1.
s2	A string representing sequence 2.
match	An integer which indicates the score for a match between the two sequences.
mismatch	An integer which indicates the score for a mismatch between the two sequences.
gap	An integer which indicates the score for a gap inserted in one of the two sequences.

# Value

A list containing the alignment of s1 and s2

#### References

```
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/23624407/
```

# **Examples**

```
fogsaa_alignment('ACGGTTGC','AGCGTC', 1, -1, -2)
```

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# Description

It computes the node which has the highest score among the three

# Usage

```
max_score(vertex_11, vertex_10, vertex_01)
```

# Arguments

vertex_11	A node originated from the current node incrementing both P1 and P2
vertex_10	A node originated from the current node incrementing only P1
vertex_01	A node originated from the current node incrementing only P2

#### Value

The node with the highest Fitness score

node 5

node A Reference Class to represent the nodes used in the FOGSAA algorithm.	go-

# Description

The class node is used to represent objects in the FOGSAA algorithm, this is the data type on which the algorithm is implemented.

#### **Fields**

- P1 It is the pointer to the characters in sequence 1.
- P2 It is the pointer to the characters in sequence 2.
- PrS Present score of the node.
- Fmin Minimum of the future score.
- Fmax Maximum of the future score.
- Tmin Minimum of the Fitted score computed as the sum of PrS and Fmin.
- Tmax Maximum of the Fitted score computed as the sum of PrS and Fmax.
- v1 Value of sequence 1 at which P1 is pointing.
- v2 Value of sequence 2 at which P2 is pointing.
- x1 Defined as n P2 where n is the length of sequence 2.
- x2 Defined as m P1 where m is the length of sequence 1.

code Indicates how the instance was originated, 11 if incrementing both P1 and P2 from the previous node, 01 if only P2 is incremented and 10 if only P1 is incremented.

nw_alignment	Needlman-Wunsch global sequence alignment algorithm.

# Description

Computes the global sequence alignment using the Needleman-Wunsh algorithm.

#### Usage

```
nw_alignment(s1, s2, match, mismatch, gap)
```

#### **Arguments**

s1	A string representing sequence 1.
s2	A string representing sequence 2.
match	An integer which indicates the score for a match between the two sequences.
mismatch	An integer which indicates the score for a mismatch between the two sequences.
gap	An integer which indicates the score for a gap inserted in one of the two se-
	quences.

nw\_alignment

# Value

A list containing the alignment of s1 and s2

# References

```
https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/5420325/
```

# Examples

```
nw_alignment('ACGGTTGC','AGCGTC', 1, -1, -2)
```

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