

03__EM__iteration

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Description

This .Rmd file iterates between the E-step and M-step untill convergence using log likelihood at each iteration. All related results can be found in the results folder.

Load packages

```
library(here)
library(tidyverse)
library(tibble)
library(stats)
library(ggplot2)
library(gridExtra)
devtools::load_all() # load functions e_step() and m_step()
```

Load data

```
data <- readRDS(here("results", "data.rds"))
head(data)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   component  value
##   <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 A         -1.21
## 2 A          0.277
## 3 A          1.08
## 4 A         -2.35
## 5 A          0.429
## 6 A          0.506
```

Load initial estimates from K-means clustering and rename to df

```
df_summary_kmeans <- readRDS(here("results", "df_summary_kmeans.rds"))
df <- df_summary_kmeans
df
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 6
##   cluster mean  var   sd size  pi
##   <int> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl>
## 1     1  2.10  0.737 0.859  110  0.55
## 2     2 -0.471 0.445 0.667   90  0.45
```

Check to see if the `e_step()` and the `m_step()` function work

E-step: Calculate posterior probability (or soft labelling) using Bayes Rule and pass it to M-step & store log likelihood to check for convergence

```
##e_step  
#good  
  
#e_step(x = data$value, mu = df$mean, sd = df$sd, pi = df$pi)  
#good
```

M-step: Replace hard labelling with posterior probability (or soft labelling) and optimize the parameters using MLE & return the final estimates if convergence happens

```
E_step <- e_step(x = data$value, mu = df$mean, sd = df$sd, pi = df$pi)  
#E_step
```

```
##m_step  
#good  
  
#m_step(x = data$value, posterior = E_step$posterior_prob)  
#good
```

Putting it all together

Convergence: Iterate until convergence (i.e. change is minimal) using log likelihood

```
# Set the #s of iterations  
iterations <- 50  
  
# Iterate between EM step untill convergence  
for(i in 1:iterations){  
  if (i == 1){  
    # Initialization  
    # Pass the initial estimats as a result of K-means  
    e_out <- e_step(x = data$value, mu = df$mean, sd = df$sd, pi = df$pi)  
    m_out <- m_step(x = data$value, posterior = e_out$posterior_prob)  
  
    # Set to current log likelihood  
    current_log_likelihood <- e_out$log_likelihood  
  
    # Store log likelihood vector for plotting  
    log_likelihood <- e_out$log_likelihood  
  
  } else {  
    # Repeat E and M steps until convergence  
    # Pass the estimates as a result of the 1st (and current) EM iteration  
    e_out <- e_step(x = data$value, mu = m_out$mu, sd = m_out$sd, pi = m_out$pi)
```

```

m_out <- m_step(x = data$value, posterior = e_out$posterior_prob)

# Incrementally store log likelihood vector for plotting
log_likelihood <- c(log_likelihood, current_log_likelihood)

# Check for convergence
# Compare current log likelihood to current + 1 log likelihood
check <- abs(current_log_likelihood - e_out$log_likelihood)

if(check < 1e-3){
  # Converge
  break
} else {
  # Do not converge
  # Reset current + 1 to current and repeat E and M steps
  current_log_likelihood <- e_out$log_likelihood
}
}
}

# Return log likelihood vector for plotting
log_likelihood

## [1] -354.7605 -354.7605 -353.1962 -352.7744 -352.5211 -352.3219 -352.1559
## [8] -352.0171 -351.9019 -351.8073 -351.7301 -351.6675 -351.6169 -351.5761
## [15] -351.5433 -351.5169 -351.4957 -351.4786 -351.4648 -351.4537 -351.4447
## [22] -351.4375 -351.4316 -351.4268 -351.4230 -351.4199 -351.4173 -351.4152
## [29] -351.4136 -351.4122 -351.4111

# Return current (or final) log likelihood element for checking
current_log_likelihood

## [1] -351.4111

# Return #s of iterations for plotting
n_iterations <- length(log_likelihood)
n_iterations

## [1] 31

# Return convergence for checking
check

## [1] 0.0009184255

# Return for reporting
#e_out

# Return for reporting
m_out

```

```
## $mu
## [1] 1.7856173 -0.6610847
##
## $sd
## [1] 1.0783195 0.5909651
##
## $pi
## [1] 0.6553007 0.3446993
```

Estimates improve with $N(0,1)$ and $N(4, 1)$, as compared to $N(0,1)$ and $N(2,1)$

```
# Combine EM results
result_1_parameters <- tibble(
  "mean" = c(m_out$mu[1], m_out$mu[2]),
  "sd" = c(m_out$sd[1], m_out$sd[2]),
  "pi" = c(m_out$pi[1], m_out$pi[2])
)
result_1_parameters
```

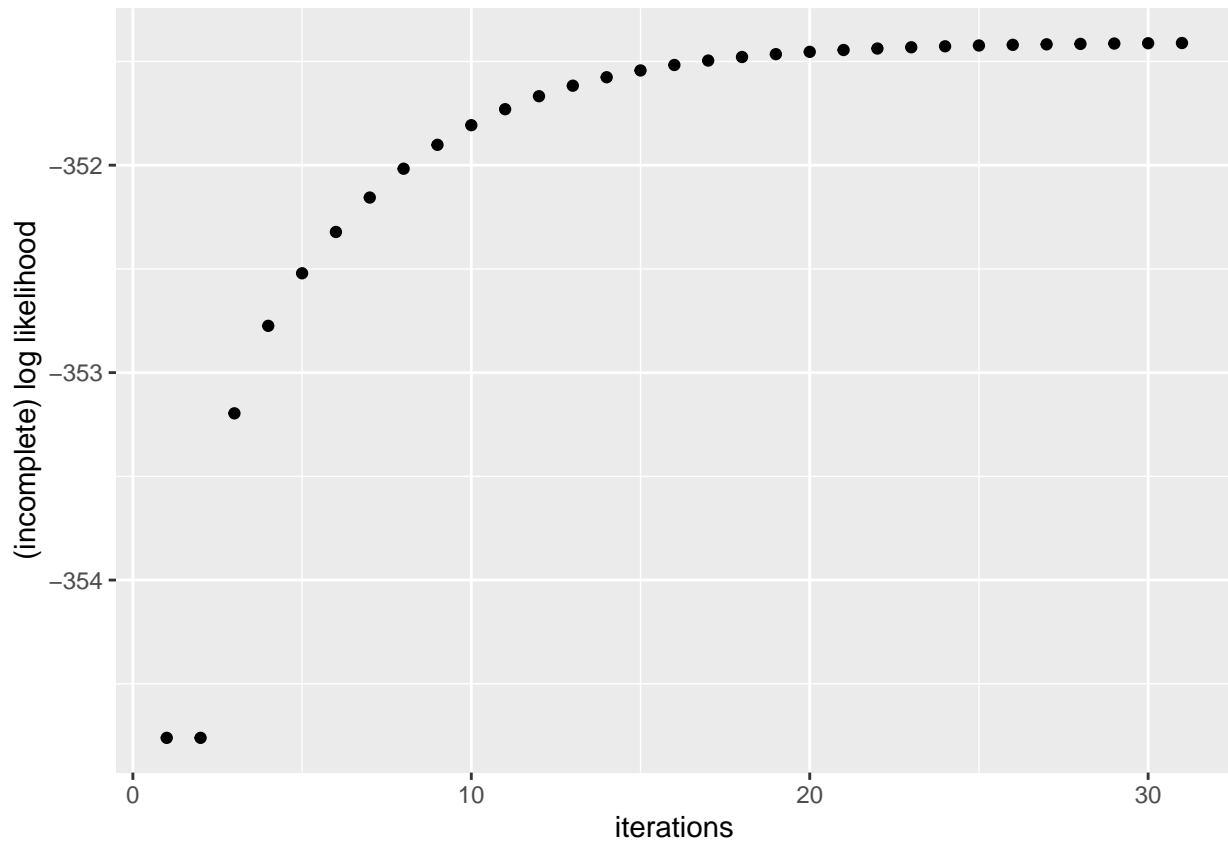
```
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##   mean    sd    pi
##   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1  1.79  1.08  0.655
## 2 -0.661 0.591 0.345
```

Converge now at 12th iteration with $N(0,1)$ and $N(4, 1)$, as compared to 31st iteration

```
# Combine EM results
result_2_max_log_like <- tibble(
  "max_log_likelihood" = current_log_likelihood,
  "#s of interactions" = n_iterations
)
result_2_max_log_like
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##   max_log_likelihood `#s of interactions`
##               <dbl>               <int>
## 1             -351.                 31
```

```
# Plot (incomplete) log likelihood
result_3_plot_log_likelihood <- qplot(x = 1:n_iterations, y = log_likelihood,
                                     xlab = "iterations",
                                     ylab = "(incomplete) log likelihood")
result_3_plot_log_likelihood
```



If time permits, plot simulated data in histogram and overlay a density curve ### Save out results

```
write_rds(result_1_parameters, here("results", "result_1_parameters.rds"))
write_rds(result_2_max_log_like, here("results", "result_2_max_log_like.rds"))
write_rds(result_3_plot_log_likelihood, here("results", "result_3_plot_log_likelihood.rds"))
write_rds(e_out, here("results", "e_out.rds"))
write_rds(m_out, here("results", "m_out.rds"))

write_rds(log_likelihood, here("results", "log_likelihood.rds")) # fix reporting error
write_rds(current_log_likelihood, here("results", "current_log_likelihood.rds"))
write_rds(n_iterations, here("results", "n_iterations.rds"))
write_rds(check, here("results", "check.rds"))

#write_rds(plot_EM, here("results", "result_4_plot_EM.rds"))
```