2_proc_non_pos

Frances Lin 4/9/2021

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)

set.seed(1) # for reproducibility
```

```
set.seed(1) # for reproducibility
t_max <- 10
t <- 0
lmbda <- function(t){</pre>
}
X <- numeric(0) # vector of t</pre>
lmbda_star_f <- function() {</pre>
 # not sure
 max(sapply(seq(1, t_max, length.out = 1000), lmbda)) * 2
}
lmbda_f <- function(t_upper) {</pre>
  # this lmbda_fun function takes in t_upper and integrate f =
 # from t = 0 to t = t_upper
 integrate(f = lmbda, lower = 0, upper = t_upper)
while(t <= t_max){</pre>
  # thinning
 u <- runif(1)
t <- t - log(u)/lmbda_star_f() # t ~ exp
  if(runif(1) < lmbda(t)/lmbda_star_f()) { # accept with accepting probabiliy</pre>
    X \leftarrow c(X,t)
                                              # update index
  }
}
```

```
# X
```

```
length(X)
```

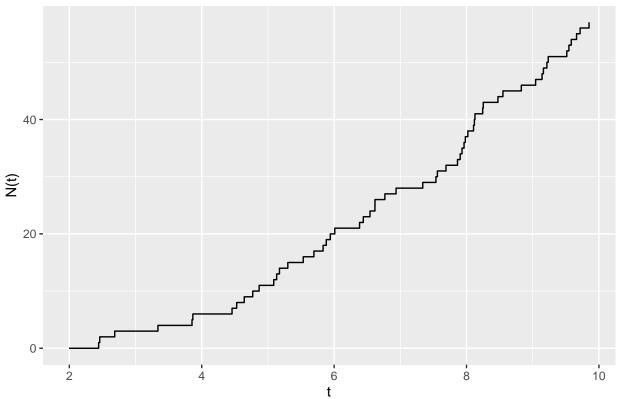
```
## [1] 58

# N <- 0:length(X)

# length(N)
```

```
## Plot using base R # plot(stepfun(x=X, y=N))
```

Nonhomogeneous Poisson Process lambda(t) = t



```
# Plot time plot
df_NPP <- df_NPP %>% add_column(
    t_fix = rep(2, length(df_NPP$x))
)

p_NPP_time <- ggplot(data=df_NPP, mapping=aes(x=x, y=t_fix, label = y)) +
    geom_point(size=0.5) +
    ylim(c(1,3)) +
    labs(title = "Corresponding Inter-Arrivial Times",</pre>
```

```
x = "t",
y = "y-axis has no meaning") +
geom_text(vjust=4, size=1)

p_NPP_time
```

Corresponding Inter-Arrivial Times



require(gridExtra)

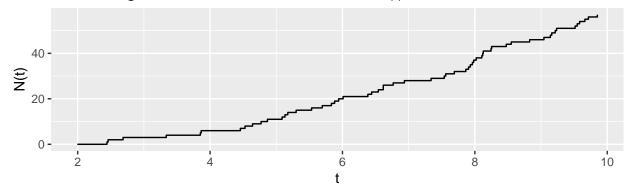
```
## Loading required package: gridExtra

##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'

## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
## combine

grid.arrange(p_NPP, p_NPP_time)
```

Nonhomogeneous Poisson Process lambda(t) = t



Corresponding Inter-Arrivial Times

