# 00 Leukemia in NY

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This project fits 6 models (fixed effects, random effects (iid), SLM, ICAR, BYM and Leroux et al.), produces summary results and plots results.

# Load packages

```
# Load packages
                  # for spatial weights matrix objects
library(spdep)
## Loading required package: sp
## Loading required package: spData
## Loading required package: sf
## Linking to GEOS 3.9.1, GDAL 3.4.0, PROJ 8.1.1; sf_use_s2() is TRUE
library(DClusterm) # for data
## Loading required package: parallel
## Loading required package: spacetime
## Loading required package: DCluster
## Loading required package: boot
## Loading required package: MASS
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages --
                                                   ----- tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.6
                      v purrr
                                0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.7
                    v dplyr
                                1.0.9
## v tidyr 1.2.0
                    v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr 2.1.2
                      v forcats 0.5.1
```

```
## -- Conflicts -----
                                            ## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## x dplyr::select() masks MASS::select()
library(pander)
library(ggplot2)
library(gridExtra)
##
## Attaching package: 'gridExtra'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
      combine
library(sjmisc)
                  # transpose df
## Install package "strengejacke" from GitHub (`devtools::install_github("strengejacke/strengejacke")`)
##
## Attaching package: 'sjmisc'
## The following object is masked from 'package:purrr':
##
##
      is_empty
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
      replace_na
## The following object is masked from 'package:tibble':
##
##
      add_case
library(here)
## here() starts at /Users/franceslinyc/INLA-with-Spatial-data-2022
# Load data
library(DClusterm)
data(NY8)
```

#### The NY8 data

The NY8 data set contains the number of incident leukemia cases per census tract in an eight-country region of upstate New York from 1978-1982 (Waller & Gotway, 2004; Bivand et al., 2008). The NY8 data set can be accessed from the  $\bf R$  package DClusterm.

```
# Load data
data(NY8)
# View data
#head(NY8)
NY8
## class
          : SpatialPolygonsDataFrame
## features : 281
## extent : 358241.9, 480393.1, 4649755, 4808545 (xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax)
            : +proj=utm +zone=18 +ellps=WGS84 +units=m +no_defs
## variables : 17
## names :
                  AREANAME,
                               AREAKEY,
                                              Х,
                                                       Y, POP8, TRACTCAS, PROPCAS, PCTOWNHOME,
## min values : Auburn city, 36007000100, -55.4823, -75.2907, 9, 0,
                                                                               0, 0.00082237, 0
## max values : Vestal town, 36109992300, 53.5086, 56.41013, 13015, 9.29, 0.006993,
# Check class
class(NY8)
## [1] "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame"
## attr(,"package")
## [1] "sp"
```

# Convert it to a df?
# https://www.paulamoraga.com/book-geospatial/sec-spatialdataandCRS.html
NY8@data %>% head %>% pander

Table 1: Table continues below

	AREANAME	AREAKEY	X	Y	POP8	TRACTCAS
0	Binghamton city	36007000100	4.069	-67.35	3540	3.08
1	Binghamton city	36007000200	4.639	-66.86	3560	4.08
<b>2</b>	Binghamton city	36007000300	5.709	-66.98	3739	1.09
3	Binghamton city	36007000400	7.614	-66	2784	1.07
4	Binghamton city	36007000500	7.316	-67.32	2571	3.06
5	Binghamton city	36007000600	8.559	-66.93	2729	1.06

Table 2: Table continues below

	PROPCAS	PCTOWNHOM	E PCTAGE65P	Z	AVGIDIST	PEXPOSURE
0	0.00087	0.3277	0.1466	0.142	0.2374	3.167
1	0.001146	0.4268	0.2351	0.3555	0.2087	3.039
<b>2</b>	0.000292	0.3377	0.138	-0.5817	0.1709	2.838
3	0.000384	0.4616	0.1189	-0.2963	0.1406	2.643
4	0.00119	0.1924	0.1416	0.4569	0.1578	2.759
5	0.000388	0.3652	0.1411	-0.2812	0.1726	2.848

	Cases	Xm	Ym	Xshift	Yshift
0	3.083	4069	-67353	423391	4661502
1	4.083	4639	-66862	423961	4661993
2	1.087	5709	-66978	425031	4661878
3	1.065	7614	-65996	426935	4662859
f 4	3.06	7316	-67318	426638	4661537
5	1.064	8559	-66934	427880	4661921

```
# # Plot it
# plot(NY8) # Just the map now.
```

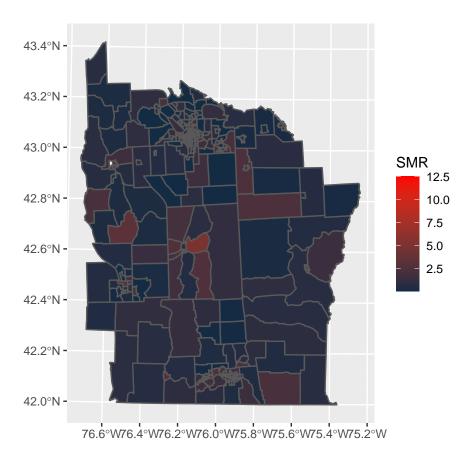
# Plotting

```
# Convert to sf
library(sf)
NY8_sf <- st_as_sf(NY8)

# Create the standardized mortality ratio (SMR) variable
# https://www.r-bloggers.com/2019/11/spatial-data-analysis-with-inla/
rate <- sum(NY8_sf$Cases) / sum(NY8_sf$POP8)

NY8_sf <- NY8_sf %>% mutate(
    Expected = POP8 * rate,
    SMR = Cases / Expected
)

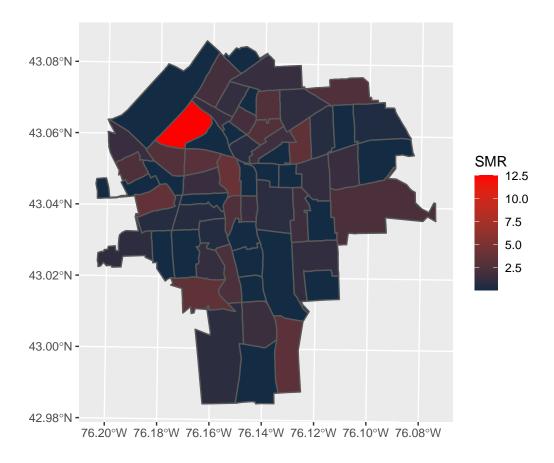
# Plot SMR
ggplot(NY8_sf) + geom_sf(aes(fill = SMR)) + # Look nice!
    scale_fill_gradient(high = "red")
```



# Subsetting then plotting

```
# Subset to include Syracuse city only
syracuse <- which(NY8$AREANAME == "Syracuse city")

# Plot it
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) + geom_sf(aes(fill = SMR)) +
    scale_fill_gradient(high = "red")</pre>
```



# Poisson Models

#### Fitting a Poisson regression model

```
#install.packages("INLA") # run once
#not available for this R version...
#install.packages("INLA", repos=c(getOption("repos"), INLA="https://inla.r-inla-download.org/R/stable")
library(INLA) # Now it works.

## Loading required package: Matrix

##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'

## Expand, pack, unpack

## Loading required package: foreach

##
## Attaching package: 'foreach'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:purrr':
##
## accumulate, when

## This is INLA_22.03.16 built 2022-03-16 13:24:07 UTC.
## - See www.r-inla.org/contact-us for how to get help.
```

Let's work on some toy examples first before coming to fix the issue. Toy examples work fine. Issues seem to related to Cases. Rounding Cases work but results differ a bit.

#### # summary(m\_fixed) %>% pander # very bad!

#### summary(m\_fixed)

```
##
## Call:
      c("inla.core(formula = formula, family = family, contrasts = contrasts,
##
##
      ", " data = data, quantiles = quantiles, E = E, offset = offset, ", "
      scale = scale, weights = weights, Ntrials = Ntrials, strata = strata,
##
     ", " lp.scale = lp.scale, link.covariates = link.covariates, verbose =
##
      verbose, ", " lincomb = lincomb, selection = selection, control.compute
##
##
      = control.compute, ", " control.predictor = control.predictor,
##
      control.family = control.family, ", " control.inla = control.inla,
      control.fixed = control.fixed, ", " control.mode = control.mode,
##
      control.expert = control.expert, ", " control.hazard = control.hazard,
##
##
      control.lincomb = control.lincomb, ", " control.update =
##
      control.update, control.lp.scale = control.lp.scale, ", "
##
      control.pardiso = control.pardiso, only.hyperparam = only.hyperparam,
##
      ", " inla.call = inla.call, inla.arg = inla.arg, num.threads =
      num.threads, ", " blas.num.threads = blas.num.threads, keep = keep,
##
      working.directory = working.directory, ", " silent = silent, inla.mode
##
      = inla.mode, safe = FALSE, debug = debug, ", " .parent.frame =
##
      .parent.frame)")
##
## Time used:
      Pre = 2.72, Running = 5.69, Post = 0.0197, Total = 8.42
##
## Fixed effects:
                        sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant
                                                            mode kld
                mean
## (Intercept) -0.097 0.046
                                -0.188
                                        -0.096
                                                   -0.008 -0.096
## AVGIDIST
               0.324 0.078
                                0.163
                                         0.327
                                                    0.471 0.332
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC) ..... 1016.44
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC, saturated) ....: -649.28
## Effective number of parameters ...... 2.00
##
```

```
## Watanabe-Akaike information criterion (WAIC) ...: 1017.37
## Effective number of parameters ....... 2.69
##
## Marginal log-Likelihood: -514.42
## is computed
## Posterior summaries for the linear predictor and the fitted values are computed
## (Posterior marginals needs also 'control.compute=list(return.marginals.predictor=TRUE)')
```

#### Fitting a Poisson regression model with random effects

#### summary(m\_random)

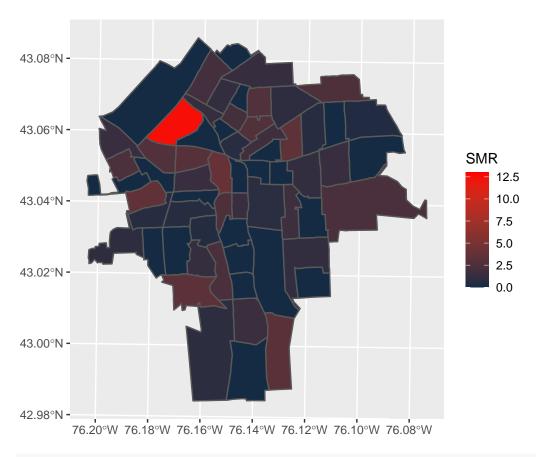
```
##
## Call:
      c("inla.core(formula = formula, family = family, contrasts = contrasts,
##
      ", " data = data, quantiles = quantiles, E = E, offset = offset, ", "
##
##
      scale = scale, weights = weights, Ntrials = Ntrials, strata = strata,
##
      ", " lp.scale = lp.scale, link.covariates = link.covariates, verbose =
      verbose, ", " lincomb = lincomb, selection = selection, control.compute
##
      = control.compute, ", " control.predictor = control.predictor,
##
##
      control.family = control.family, ", " control.inla = control.inla,
      control.fixed = control.fixed, ", " control.mode = control.mode,
##
      control.expert = control.expert, ", " control.hazard = control.hazard,
##
      control.lincomb = control.lincomb, ", " control.update =
##
      control.update, control.lp.scale = control.lp.scale, ", "
##
##
      control.pardiso = control.pardiso, only.hyperparam = only.hyperparam,
      ", " inla.call = inla.call, inla.arg = inla.arg, num.threads =
##
##
      num.threads, ", " blas.num.threads = blas.num.threads, keep = keep,
##
      working.directory = working.directory, ", " silent = silent, inla.mode
      = inla.mode, safe = FALSE, debug = debug, ", " .parent.frame =
##
##
      .parent.frame)")
## Time used:
       Pre = 2.44, Running = 0.305, Post = 0.0279, Total = 2.77
##
## Fixed effects:
                         sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant
                 mean
                                                              mode kld
## (Intercept) -0.184 0.062
                                         -0.182
                                -0.311
                                                    -0.066 - 0.179
## AVGIDIST
                                          0.363
                                                     0.586 0.365
               0.363 0.114
                                 0.137
                                                                     0
##
## Random effects:
             Model
   Name
       ID IID model
##
```

```
##
## Model hyperparameters:
                         sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant mode
## Precision for ID 6.10 2.92
                                  3.11
                                          5.42
                                                   13.32 4.63
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC) ..... 979.25
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC, saturated) ....: -686.48
## Effective number of parameters ...... 73.41
##
## Watanabe-Akaike information criterion (WAIC) ...: 983.62
## Effective number of parameters .....: 64.17
## Marginal log-Likelihood: -512.10
## is computed
## Posterior summaries for the linear predictor and the fitted values are computed
## (Posterior marginals needs also 'control.compute=list(return.marginals.predictor=TRUE)')
```

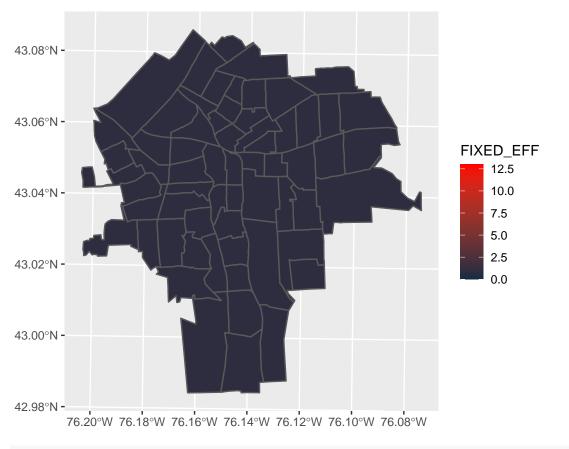
#### Plotting

```
# Add fitted values for both m1 & m2
NY8_sf <- NY8_sf %>% mutate(
   FIXED_EFF = m_fixed$summary.fitted[, "mean"],
   IID_EFF = m_random$summary.fitted[, "mean"]
)
```

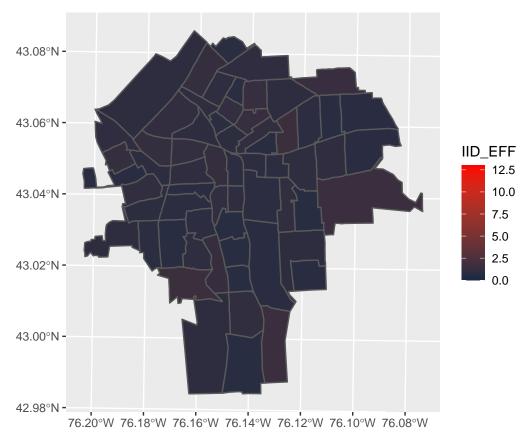
```
# Plot them but for Syracuse city only
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) + geom_sf(aes(fill = SMR)) +
    scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 13)) -> p_m0
p_m0
```



```
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) + geom_sf(aes(fill = FIXED_EFF)) + #, show.legend = FALSE) +
    scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 13)) -> p_m1
p_m1
```



```
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) + geom_sf(aes(fill = IID_EFF)) + # , show.legend = FALSE) +
    scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 13)) -> p_m2
p_m2
```



We might want them plotted with the same scale.

```
\#grid.arrange(p_m0, p_m1, p_m2, nrow = 3, ncol = 1)
```

# Spatial Models for Areal (or Lattice) Data

# Plot spatial neighbors

An adjacency (or neighbour) matrix W is often used to describe spatial proximity in areal (lattice) data. Element  $W_{ij}$  is non-zero, if area i and j are neighbors. Element  $W_{ij}$  is zero, otherwise.

```
# Compute adjacency matrix
NY8.nb <- poly2nb(NY8) # construct the neighbours list / neighbour matrix
NY8.nb

## Neighbour list object:
## Number of regions: 281
## Number of nonzero links: 1624
## Percentage nonzero weights: 2.056712
## Average number of links: 5.779359</pre>
class(NY8.nb)
```

## [1] "nb"

#### Plot spatial neighbors using ggplot2

```
# Plot spatial neighbors using ggplot2
# https://mbjoseph.github.io/posts/2018-12-27-plotting-spatial-neighbors-in-ggplot2/
NY8_sp <- as(NY8_sf, 'Spatial') # NY8_sf is a "sf" "data.frame"
class(NY8_sp) # Now is a "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame"

## [1] "SpatialPolygonsDataFrame"

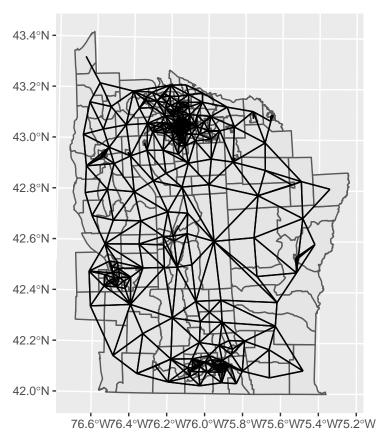
## attr(,"package")
## [1] "sp"

neighbors <- poly2nb(NY8) # construct the neighbours list
neighbors_sf <- as(nb2lines(neighbors, coords = coordinates(NY8_sp)), 'sf')

## Warning in CRS(proj4string): CRS: projargs should not be NULL; set to NA

neighbors_sf <- st_set_crs(neighbors_sf, st_crs(NY8_sf))

ggplot(NY8_sf) +
geom_sf() + # remove aes(fill = SMR)
geom_sf(data = neighbors_sf)</pre>
```



# #plot(NY8) # plot(NY8) # plot(NY8.nb, coordinates(NY8), add = TRUE, pch = ".", col = "gray") # Create sparse adjacency matrix # Or use the function nb2INLA to generate spatial neighbours for INLA NY8.mat <- as(nb2mat(NY8.nb, style = "B"), "Matrix") # generate a weights matrix for a neighbours list # Use this (NY8.mat) for the graph argument in the function inla #NY8.mat class(NY8.mat) ## [1] "dgCMatrix" ## attr(,"package")</pre>

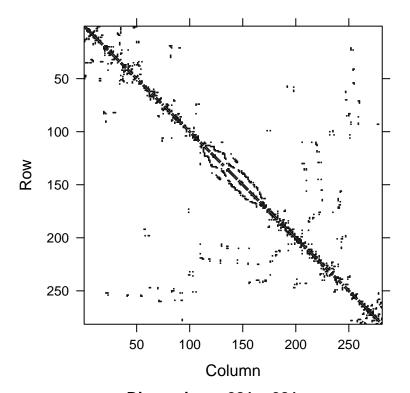
Here is a post that discusses the function poly2nb vs. nd2INLA. We might also need to check this tutorial to do more.

### Plot the adjacency matrix

## [1] "Matrix"

Is the adjacency matrix the same as spatial neighbor?

```
# Plot the adjacency matrix
image(NY8.mat)
```



Dimensions: 281 x 281

```
# summ <- summary(NY8.mat)
# #summ
# NY8.mat.df <- data.frame(
# Origin = rownames(NY8.mat)[summ$i],
# Destination = colnames(NY8.mat)[summ$j],
# Weight = NY8.mat$x)</pre>
```

# Generalized Linear Models With Spatial Random Effects

The GLMs have the following form:

$$Y = X\beta + Z\alpha + \varepsilon$$
,

where  $\beta$  is a vector of fixed effects with design matrix X,  $\alpha$  is a vector of random effects with design matrix Z, and  $\varepsilon$  is an error term, where it is assumed that  $\varepsilon_i \sim N(0, \sigma^2), i = 1, ..., n$ .

The vector of random effects  $\alpha$  is modeled as MVN (it is assumed that)

$$\alpha \sim N(0, \sigma_{\alpha}^2 \Sigma),$$

where  $\Sigma$  is defined such that it induces higher correlation with adjacent areas.

There are a few ways to include spatial dependence in  $\Sigma$ :

1. SAR (Simultaneous autoregressive)

$$\Sigma^{-1} = ((I - \rho W)^T ((I - \rho W))),$$

where I is the identity matrix,  $\rho$  is a spatial autocorrelation parameter, and W is the adjacency matrix.

2. CAR (Conditional autoregressive)

$$\Sigma^{-1} = (I - \rho W)$$

3. ICAR (Intrinsic CAR):

$$\Sigma^{-1} = diag(n_i) - W,$$

where  $n_i$  is the number of neighbors of area i.

4. Mixture of matrices (Leroux et al.'s model)

$$\Sigma^{-1} = ((1 - \lambda)I_n + \lambda M), \lambda \in (0, 1)$$

where M is precision of intrinsic CAR specification.

Note.  $\Sigma^{-1} = Q$  is the precision matrix.

#### Fit a SLM (spatial lag model)

This one seems a bit complicated. Let's wait till the last or skip it altogether.

```
# Setup model
\# NY8.mat <- as(nb2mat(NY8.nb, style = "B"), "Matrix") \# Already define earlier
# Fit model
m_icar <- inla(round(Cases) ~ 1 + AVGIDIST +</pre>
                 f(ID, model = "besag", graph = NY8.mat),
               data = NY8_sf,
               family ="poisson",
               E = NY8_sf$Expected,
               control.predictor = list(compute = TRUE),
               control.compute = list(dic = TRUE, waic = TRUE))
summary(m_icar)
##
## Call:
##
      c("inla.core(formula = formula, family = family, contrasts = contrasts,
##
      ", " data = data, quantiles = quantiles, E = E, offset = offset, ", "
##
      scale = scale, weights = weights, Ntrials = Ntrials, strata = strata,
      ", " lp.scale = lp.scale, link.covariates = link.covariates, verbose =
##
      verbose, ", " lincomb = lincomb, selection = selection, control.compute
##
##
      = control.compute, ", " control.predictor = control.predictor,
##
      control.family = control.family, ", " control.inla = control.inla,
      control.fixed = control.fixed, ", " control.mode = control.mode,
##
      control.expert = control.expert, ", " control.hazard = control.hazard,
##
      control.lincomb = control.lincomb, ", " control.update =
##
##
      control.update, control.lp.scale = control.lp.scale, ", "
##
      control.pardiso = control.pardiso, only.hyperparam = only.hyperparam,
      ", " inla.call = inla.call, inla.arg = inla.arg, num.threads =
##
     num.threads, ", " blas.num.threads = blas.num.threads, keep = keep,
##
      working.directory = working.directory, ", " silent = silent, inla.mode
##
      = inla.mode, safe = FALSE, debug = debug, ", " .parent.frame =
##
##
      .parent.frame)")
## Time used:
      Pre = 2.79, Running = 0.411, Post = 0.0178, Total = 3.22
##
## Fixed effects:
                mean
                         sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant
## (Intercept) -0.163 0.054
                                -0.271
                                         -0.162
                                                    -0.060 -0.160
## AVGIDIST
               0.322 0.125
                                 0.070
                                          0.323
                                                     0.563 0.327
##
## Random effects:
##
    Name
             Model
##
       ID Besags ICAR model
##
## Model hyperparameters:
                           sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant mode
##
                    mean
## Precision for ID 2.75 1.36
                                    1.25
                                             2.43
##
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC) ...... 968.25
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC, saturated) ....: -697.47
## Effective number of parameters .....: 51.26
```

```
##
## Watanabe-Akaike information criterion (WAIC) ...: 972.20
## Effective number of parameters ...... 47.61
## Marginal log-Likelihood: -718.91
## is computed
## Posterior summaries for the linear predictor and the fitted values are computed
## (Posterior marginals needs also 'control.compute=list(return.marginals.predictor=TRUE)')
Later, we want to repeat these for all models. Perhaps consider a function?
# Get components from the results
# 2.4 Model assessment and model choice
{\it\# https://becarioprecario.bitbucket.io/inla-qitbook/ch-INLA.html \#sec:model assess}
m_icar$mlik
##
                                               [,1]
## log marginal-likelihood (integration) -718.8638
## log marginal-likelihood (Gaussian)
                                         -718.9074
# m_icar$mlik[2,1]
m_icar$mlik[[2,1]]
## [1] -718.9074
m_icar$dic$dic
## [1] 968.2536
m_icar$waic$waic
## [1] 972.1982
```

# Fit a BYM (Besag-York-Mollié) model

The BYM (Besag-York-Mollié) model is a convolution model of an ICAR (intrinsic CAR) effect and an iid Gaussian latent effect.

```
##
## Call:
      c("inla.core(formula = formula, family = family, contrasts = contrasts,
##
      ", " data = data, quantiles = quantiles, E = E, offset = offset, ", "
##
##
      scale = scale, weights = weights, Ntrials = Ntrials, strata = strata,
      ", " lp.scale = lp.scale, link.covariates = link.covariates, verbose =
##
      verbose, ", " lincomb = lincomb, selection = selection, control.compute
##
      = control.compute, ", " control.predictor = control.predictor,
##
##
      control.family = control.family, ", " control.inla = control.inla,
      control.fixed = control.fixed, ", " control.mode = control.mode,
##
      control.expert = control.expert, ", " control.hazard = control.hazard,
##
      control.lincomb = control.lincomb, ", " control.update =
##
##
      control.update, control.lp.scale = control.lp.scale, ", "
      control.pardiso = control.pardiso, only.hyperparam = only.hyperparam,
##
##
      ", " inla.call = inla.call, inla.arg = inla.arg, num.threads =
      num.threads, ", " blas.num.threads = blas.num.threads, keep = keep,
##
##
      working.directory = working.directory, ", " silent = silent, inla.mode
##
      = inla.mode, safe = FALSE, debug = debug, ", " .parent.frame =
      .parent.frame)")
##
## Time used:
##
       Pre = 2.51, Running = 0.975, Post = 0.0244, Total = 3.51
## Fixed effects:
                         sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant
##
                 mean
                                -0.271
                                         -0.163
## (Intercept) -0.163 0.054
                                                    -0.060 -0.161
## AVGIDIST
                0.322 0.125
                                 0.070
                                          0.324
                                                     0.563 0.327
## Random effects:
##
     Name
              Model
      ID BYM model
##
##
## Model hyperparameters:
##
                                                     sd 0.025quant 0.5quant
                                           mean
## Precision for ID (iid component)
                                        1772.87 1759.70
                                                            113.36
                                                                    1249.70
## Precision for ID (spatial component)
                                                              1.21
                                                                       2.46
                                           2.70
                                                   1.14
                                        0.975quant
                                                     mode
                                           6482.92 304.49
## Precision for ID (iid component)
## Precision for ID (spatial component)
                                              5.58
                                                     2.06
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC) .....: 967.43
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC, saturated) ....: -698.29
## Effective number of parameters ...... 51.66
## Watanabe-Akaike information criterion (WAIC) ...: 971.93
## Effective number of parameters ...... 48.34
## Marginal log-Likelihood: -458.85
## is computed
## Posterior summaries for the linear predictor and the fitted values are computed
## (Posterior marginals needs also 'control.compute=list(return.marginals.predictor=TRUE)')
```

```
# Setup model
ICARmatrix <- Diagonal(nrow(NY8.mat), apply(NY8.mat, 1, sum)) - NY8.mat</pre>
Cmatrix <- Diagonal(nrow(NY8), 1) - ICARmatrix</pre>
# Fit model
m_ler = inla(round(Cases) ~ 1 + AVGIDIST +
               f(ID, model = "generic1", Cmatrix = Cmatrix),
             data = NY8_sf,
             family ="poisson",
             E = NY8_sf$Expected,
             control.predictor = list(compute = TRUE),
             control.compute = list(dic = TRUE, waic = TRUE))
summary(m_ler)
##
## Call:
##
      c("inla.core(formula = formula, family = family, contrasts = contrasts,
      ", " data = data, quantiles = quantiles, E = E, offset = offset, ", "
##
      scale = scale, weights = weights, Ntrials = Ntrials, strata = strata,
##
##
      ", " lp.scale = lp.scale, link.covariates = link.covariates, verbose =
##
      verbose, ", " lincomb = lincomb, selection = selection, control.compute
##
      = control.compute, ", " control.predictor = control.predictor,
      control.family = control.family, ", " control.inla = control.inla,
##
      control.fixed = control.fixed, ", " control.mode = control.mode,
##
      control.expert = control.expert, ", " control.hazard = control.hazard,
##
      control.lincomb = control.lincomb, ", " control.update =
##
##
      control.update, control.lp.scale = control.lp.scale, ", "
      control.pardiso = control.pardiso, only.hyperparam = only.hyperparam,
##
      ", " inla.call = inla.call, inla.arg = inla.arg, num.threads =
##
      num.threads, ", " blas.num.threads = blas.num.threads, keep = keep,
##
      working.directory = working.directory, ", " silent = silent, inla.mode
##
      = inla.mode, safe = FALSE, debug = debug, ", " .parent.frame =
##
##
      .parent.frame)")
## Time used:
       Pre = 2.45, Running = 0.849, Post = 0.0209, Total = 3.32
##
## Fixed effects:
                         sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant
                 mean
                                                              mode kld
## (Intercept) -0.169 0.491
                                -1.034
                                          -0.170
                                                      0.698 -0.168 0.05
## AVGIDIST
               0.330 0.126
                                 0.076
                                           0.331
                                                      0.574 0.335 0.00
##
## Random effects:
     Name
              Model
##
       ID Generic1 model
##
## Model hyperparameters:
                             sd 0.025quant 0.5quant 0.975quant mode
                     mean
## Precision for ID 2.358 0.915
                                      1.118
                                               2.173
                                                          4.643 1.861
## Beta for ID
                    0.849 0.152
                                      0.431
                                               0.902
                                                          0.996 0.993
##
```

## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC) ...... 967.34

```
## Deviance Information Criterion (DIC, saturated) ....: -698.38
## Effective number of parameters ......: 56.44
##
## Watanabe-Akaike information criterion (WAIC) ...: 971.32
## Effective number of parameters .....: 51.47
##
## Marginal log-Likelihood: -508.29
## is computed
## Posterior summaries for the linear predictor and the fitted values are computed
## (Posterior marginals needs also 'control.compute=list(return.marginals.predictor=TRUE)')
```

Results for all models differ a bit.

#### Get results for all models

```
# Get criteria
get_criteria <- function(model){</pre>
 mlik = model$mlik[[2,1]]
 dic = model$dic$dic
 waic = model$waic$waic
 criteria = c(mlik, dic, waic)
 return(criteria)
}
# Test
x = get_criteria(m_icar)
## [1] -718.9074 968.2536 972.1982
# # Still need SLM
# get_criteria(m_fixed)
# get_criteria(m_random)
# get_criteria(m_icar)
# get_criteria(m_bym)
# get_criteria(m_ler)
# Put into a df and consider saving to the folder results
criteria_df <- tibble(</pre>
  "fixed" = get_criteria(m_fixed),
  "iid" = get_criteria(m_random),
 "ICAR" = get_criteria(m_icar),
 "BYM" = get_criteria(m_bym),
  "Leroux" = get_criteria(m_ler)
criteria_df
## # A tibble: 3 x 5
    fixed iid ICAR BYM Leroux
##
   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
```

```
## 1 -514. -512. -719. -459. -508.
## 2 1016. 979. 968. 967. 967.
## 3 1017. 984. 972. 972. 971.
```

We want DIC (deviance information criterion) and WAIC (Watanabe-Akaike information criterion (WAIC) to be low since lower DIC or WAIC value indicates better fit of the model.

```
criteria_df <- criteria_df %>% rotate_df() %>% rename(
   Marg_logLik = V1,
   DIC = V2,
   WAIC = V3
) # %>% pander # won't work. %>% pander later.
```

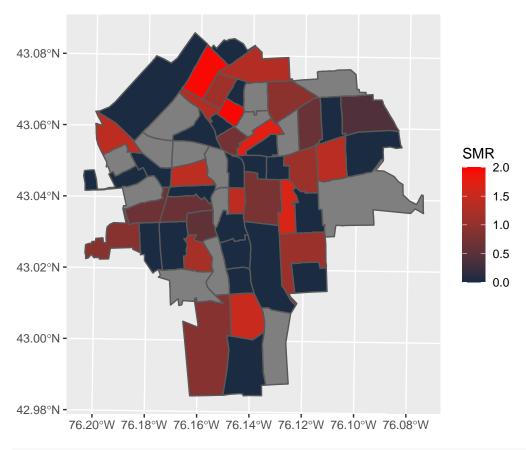
```
# Write to the results folder
write_rds(criteria_df, here("results", "criteria_df.rds"))
```

# Plot results for all models

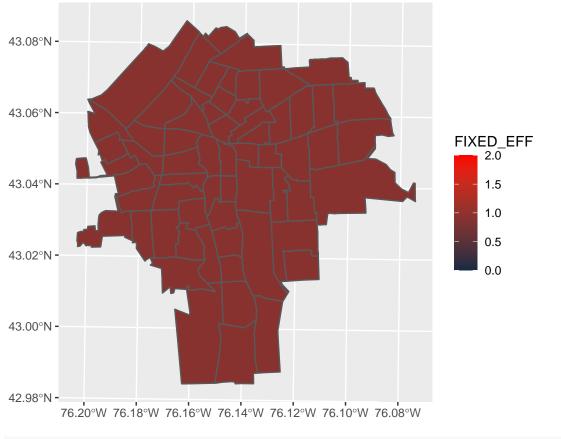
Can we also create a function for plotting?

```
# Create sf for plotting
NY8_sf <- NY8_sf %>% mutate(
  FIXED_EFF = m_fixed$summary.fitted[, "mean"],
  IID_EFF = m_random$summary.fitted[, "mean"],
  ICAR = m_icar$summary.fitted[, "mean"],
  BYM = m_bym$summary.fitted[, "mean"],
  LER = m_ler$summary.fitted[, "mean"]
)
```

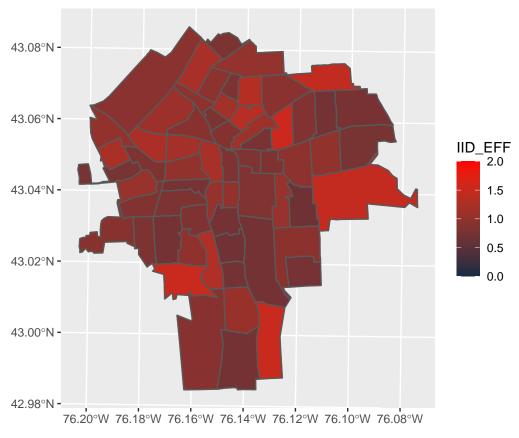
```
# Plot base case
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = SMR)) +
  scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 2)) # Change limits but why?
```



```
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = FIXED_EFF)) +
  scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 2))
```

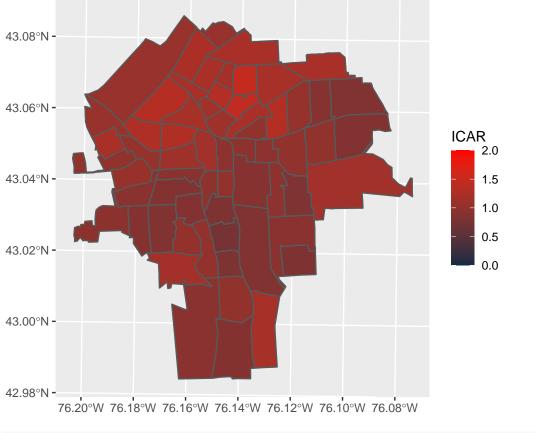


```
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = IID_EFF)) +
  scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 2))
```

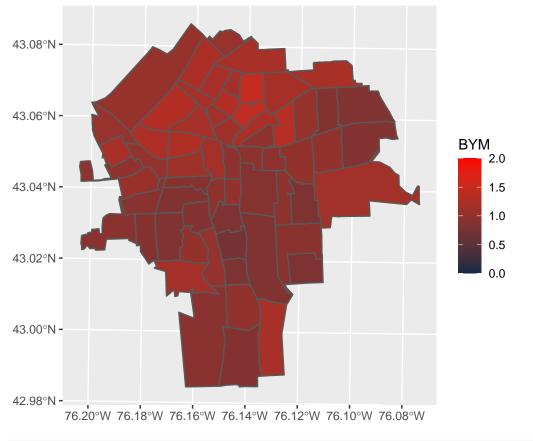


Something is off.

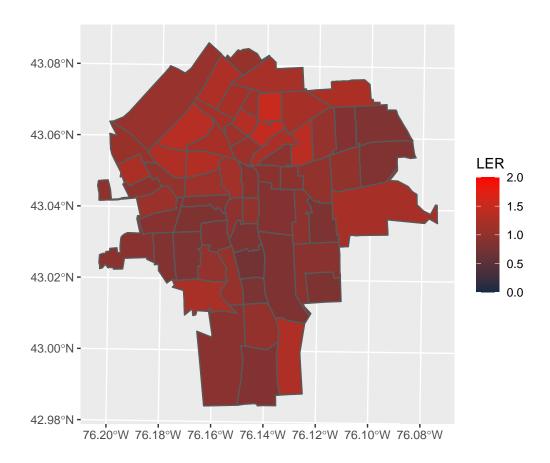
```
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = ICAR)) +
  scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 2))
```



```
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = BYM)) +
  scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 2))
```



```
ggplot(NY8_sf[syracuse, ]) +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = LER)) +
  scale_fill_gradient(high = "red", limits = c(0, 2))
```



# Reference

 $\label{lem:comparison} G\'{o}mez-Rubio, V.~(2019).~R-bloggers.~Spatial~Data~Analysis~with~INLA.~https://www.r-bloggers.com/2019/11/spatial-data-analysis-with-inla/.$