

Zschimmer & Schwarz Italiana - 13038 - Tricerro (VC) / ITALY

INFORMAZIONI TOSSICOLOGICHE TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Revisione n° Revision n° 00

1.	Informazioni generali General information	
1.1	Nome commerciale Trade name	PROTELAN LS 9011/SL
1.2	Produttore/Fornitore (indirizzo, telefono, fax, contatto) Manufacturer/Supplier (address, phone no., fax no., contact person)	ZSCHIMMER & SCHWARZ ITALIANA Via A. Ariotto 1/C - 13038 Tricerro (VC) Italy Tel: +39 (0)161 808111 Fax: +39 (0)161 801002 e.merlo@zschimmer-schwarz.com
1.3	Categoria della material prima (es. tensioattivo anionico) Raw material category (e.g. anionic surfactant)	Anionic surfactant, moisturizing
1.4	Nome chimico Chemical name	Sodium N-lauroylsarcosinate in aqueous solution (lower than 30%)
1.5	Nome INCI (CTFA) Composizione INCI (CTFA) name Composition	Sodium Lauroyl Sarcosinate: 29% min as dry matter Aqua: to 100%
1.6	N° EC (EINECS-/ELINCS) EC (EINECS/ELINCS) no.	205-281-5
1.7	N° CAS CAS no.	137-16-6

1.8 Registrazioni (es. UE, USA, Giappone) - REACh Registration status (e.g. EU, USA, Japan) - REACh	TSCA (USA), DSL (Canada), ENCS (Japan), AICS (Australia), PICCS (Philippines), ASIA-PAC (Asia-Pacific), EINECS (Europe) and ECL (Korea). Japanes have recently changed their system, so that publication in the Japanese list of approved ingredients is no longer necessary. Any cosmetic ingredient is now allowed in Japan with no prior approvation. The product is according to the China Cosmetic Ingredient list 2014 n° 08413. REACh registration n° 01-2119527780-39-0001. None of substances listed in the "candidate" list of substances of very high concern (SVHC) are contained in the product in a relevant amount.
---	--

2.	Informazioni sulla produzione Information on production	
2.1	Origine della materia prima (vegetale, animale, sintetica) Origin of starting material (plant, animal, synthetic)	Vegetable (62.5%), synthetic and mineral origin. Lauroyl chloride is obtained starting from lauric acid that comes from cleavage and distillation of coconut oil from Cocos Nucifera (South East Asia and Philippines) or palm kernel oil for Elaeis Guineenis (South East Asia). Palm oil is from RSPO suppliers. Sarcosine is synthetic and NaOH is mineral.
2.2	La materia prima deriva da organismi geneticamente modificati (OGM)? Is the starting material derived from genetically modified organisms (GMO)?	No
2.3	Informazioni sul processo di produzione (descrizione generale) Information on production process (general description)	Schotten-Baumann reaction

3.	Additivi	
	Additives	

3.1	Conservanti	Not added and not expected
	Preservatives	
3.2	Antiossidanti	Not added and not expected
	Antioxidants	
3.3	Solventi	Water
	Solvents	
3.4	Sbiancanti	Not added and not expected
	Bleaching agents	
3.5	Altri	Not added and not expected
	Others	
4.	Specifiche microbiologiche	
	Microbiological specification	
4.1	Conta microbica totale (ufc/g)	less than 10 ufc/g
	Total viable count (colony-forming units/g)	
5.	Residui del processo di lavorazione La presenza di tracce delle sostanze elencate in Allegato II del Regolamento No. 1223/2009 (che sostituisce la Direttiva 76/768/CEE) (incl. CMR cat. 1A, 1B e 2 sostanze contrassegnate con *) deve essere dimostrata come presenza tecnicamente inevitabile lavorando in GMP e deve essere conforme all'Articolo 17 del Regolamento No. 1223/2009. By-products The presence of traces of the substances listed in Annex II of Regulation No. 1223/2009 (replaced Directive 76/768/EEC) (incl. cmr cat. 1A, 1B and 2 substances marked with *) shall be allowed provided that such presence is technically unavoidable in good manufacturing practice and that it conforms with Article 17 of Regulation No. 1223/2009.	
5.1	1,4-Diossano *	Not expected
	1,4-Dioxane *	
5.2	Ossido di etilene *	Not expected
	Ethylene oxide *	

5.3	Solventi residui	Not ovported
5.5		Not expected
	Residual solvents	
5.4	Monomeri residui	Not expected
	Residual monomers	
5.5	Ammine	See 5.11
	Amines	
5.6	Nitrosammine Nitrosamines	The product doesn't contain any mono, di and tri ethanolamine. Nevertheless, being product obtained starting from sarcosine, it should not be used in cosmetic products in which N-nitroso compounds may be formed. We evaluate nitrosamine content in a random system and till now their value has always been under detection limits (50 ppb)
5.7	Metalli pesanti Heavy metals	Arsenic (As) < 2 ppm, Antimony (Sb) < 5 ppm, Lead (Pb) < 1 ppm, Cadmium (Cd) < 2 ppm, Mercury (Hg) < 2 ppm, Nickel (Ni) < 1 ppm, Chromium (Cr) < 2 ppm, Total heavy metals (as Fe) < 10 ppm
5.8	Acido monocloroacetico	Not expected
	Monochloroacetic acid	
5.9	Acido dicloroacetico Dichloroacetic acid	Not expected
5.10	Allergeni	Not expected
	Allergens according to the Cosmetics Regulation 1223/2009/EC and its further amendments (ppm)	
	(cereals containing gluten and products thereof, crustaceans and products thereof, eggs and products thereof, fish and products thereof, peanuts and products thereof, soybeans and products thereof, milk and dairy products (including lactose), nuts and nut products, celery and products thereof, mustard and products thereof,	

	sesame seeds and products thereof, lupine, molluscs, maize and products thereof)	
5.11	Altri (e.g. CMR)	Lauric acid: 2% maximum Sodium chloride: 0.5% maximum
	Others (e.g. CMR)	Free sarcosine: 1% maximum CMR ingredients: absent

1		
6.	Tossicologia	
	Toxicology	
6.1	Informazioni sulla tossicità acuta Information on acute toxicity	- LD50 on mice = 2175 mg/kg (from literature and CESIO classification) - LD50 on rats = 5000 mg/kg (from literature and CESIO classification)
6.2	Informazioni sull'irritazione cutanea Information on skin irritation	10% a.m. on men (20 subjects) = Not irritant (our Flex Wash Test, Pavia, 1999)
6.3	Informazioni sull'irritazione oculare Information on irritation of the mucous membrane	- Product as it is = Irritant (CESIO data) - Product as it is = Moderately irritant (our RBC Test, protocol n° cm9011) - 5% a.m. = Not irritant (our Het Cam Test, Biolab, 1997)
6.4	Informazioni sulla sensibilizzazione Information on sensitisation potential	- The product hasn't any sensitization danger (H. Shelanski e altri, The Toxicology of Sodium Lauroyl Sarcosinate, unpublished data) - On guinea pigs = The product hasn't any sensitization danger (Notice to EPA, 18 September 2002)
6.5	Informazioni sulla genotossicità Information on gene toxicity	Ames test = None mutagenic effects (effectuated test, protocol n° 96/4097)
6.6	Informazioni sull'assorbimento percutaneo Information on percutaneous permeation	Not determined
	imormation on percutaneous permeation	
6.7	Altri (e.g. NOAEL) Others (e.g. NOAEL)	NOAEL = 30 mg/kg bw/day (subchronic, rat); 1000 mg/kg bw/day (24 m, chronic, rats, oral)
		Subchronic toxicity (2 years study on rats): No observed effect (Notice to EPA, 18

September 2002)
Limits concentration > 34.5%: Acute Tox 2 H330 (Fatal if inhaled) ≤ 34.5%: Acute Tox 4 H332 (Harmful if inhaled)
 > 30% H315: Skin Irritation 2, H318 Eye Damage 1 ≥ 1% - ≤ 30%: H319 Eye Irritation 2

7.	Ecotossicità Ecology	
7.1	Degradabilità/Eliminazione Degradability/Elimination	Aerobic: readily biodegradable, 100 % after 28d (our test SAM2467-3i dated 04.10.05) Anaerobic: anaerobic biodegradable (99%, Ecolabel DID List n° 16)
7.2	Tossicità acquatica acuta Acute aquatic toxicity	- LC50 on Fish (96h) = 107 mg/l (literature data) - EC50 on Daphnia (48h) = 29.7 mg/l (literature data) - EC50 on Algae (72h) = 86 mg/l (literature data) - IC50 on 30% sol. (3h) > 1000 mg/l (literature data)
7.3	Altri Others	/

8. Informazioni aggiuntive (Per i dettagli sulle specifiche vedere il bollettino tecnico allegato; per i dettagli sull'etichettatura e la classificazione vedere la scheda di sicurezza allegata.) **Additional information** (For details on specification see enclosed instruction sheet; for details on labelling and classification see enclosed safety data sheet.) **Dichiarazione BSE** The product is not from animal origin. **BSE** statement Furthermore it doesn't contain any ingredient of animal origin, it is not produced using ingredients of animal origins and it doesn't into contact with animal ingredients at any stage of its production. It is

Dichiarazione test animali
Non-animal testing declaration

ZSCHIMMER & SCHWARZ ITALIANA has never made or commissioned animal tests on this product.

Glicol eteri
Glycol ethers

Not added and not expected

therefore BSE free.

Ftalati Phtalates

Not added and not expected

Diossido di zolfo e Solfiti Sulphur dioxide and Sulphites 100 ppm maxium as SO₂

Glutine Gluten Not added and not expected

Lattosio Lactose

Not added and not expected

Formaldeide

Formaldehyde (Formol)

Not added. As sarcosine can be also obtained starting from formaldehyde, traces can't be excluded

VOC

VOC compounds

The product doesn't contain any of the substances that are classified as VOC according to "Ordonnance sur taxe d'incitation sur les composes organiques volatils (OCOV) du 12 novembre 1997".

Pesticidi

Pesticides (aldrin & dieldrin, chlordane, DDT, DDE, TDE, entri, hexachlorobenzene, lindane)

The product doesn't contain any pesticides or pollutant substances (under detection limits).

APEO, cloroparaffine, composti organici alogenati, PCB, Diossina

APEOs, chloroparaffines, AOX, PCB, Dioxin

Not added and not expected

Mercaptani

Mercaptanes

The product doesn't contain mercaptanes

Melamine Melamine Not added and not expected

Lattosio Lactose

Not added and not expected

Aflatossine/Micotossine Aflatoxines/Mycotoxines

Not added and not expected

Lattice Latex The product doesn't contain natural latex and that natural latex is not used/produced in any

step of the production process.

Nitrati e Nitriti Nitrates and Nitrites

3-Benzilidene Canfora 3-Benzylidene Camphor

Ormoni, antibiotici, steroidi e altri ingredienti (naturali o chimici) dannosi per le funzioni del corpo umano

Hormones, antibiotics, steroids and other ingredients (natural or chemical) dangerous for the body functionality

Irragiamento/Irradiamento

Ionization/Radiation

Nanomateriali Nanomaterials

Idrocarburi Policiclici Aromatici Plycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (HAP)

Coloranti azoici Azo dyes

Minerali quali colombite-tantalite (coltan) e il suo derivato tantalio; cassiterite e il suo derivato stagno; wolframite e il suo derivato tungsteno; oro

Minerals/ores such as columbite-tantalite (coltan) and its derivative tantalum; cassiterite and its derivative tin; wolframite and its derivative tungsten; gold

Grado cosmetico Cosmetic grade

Certificato Kosher Kosher certificate Not added and not expected

Not added and not expected

Not added and not expected

The product hasn't been treated by ionization and/or radiation

The product doesn't contain any nanomaterials according to the new European Cosmetic Regulation 1223/2009/EC and any nanotechnology is used to produce it

 $\begin{array}{lll} Benzo[a]pyrene & \leq 1 \ \mu g/kg \\ Dibenz[a,h]anthracene & \leq 1 \ \mu g/kg \\ Cyclopenta[cd]pyrene &) \\ Benzofluoranthene[b+j+k] &) \\ Indeno[1,2,3-cd]pyrene &) \ \Sigma \leq 5 \ \mu g/kg \\ Anthanthrene &) \\ Benzo[b]naphtho[2,1-d]thiophene &) \\ Benz[a]anthracene &) \\ Chrysene + Triphenylene &) \ \Sigma \leq 20 \ \mu g/kg \\ Benzo[ghi]perylene &) \end{array}$

Not added and not expected

Not added and not expected

The product is of cosmetic grade and it can be used in cosmetic products.

It is according to Regulation 1223/2009, its annexes and its amendments.

We are EFfCI GMP certified (certificate n° 20782)

Yes

8.1	Data di scadenza Shelf life	The product, if well preserved and in its original containers, maintains its appearance and characteristics for at least one year from delivery date. After this time, product can be used but it must be rechecked.
8.2	Stoccaggio Storage recommendation	It is recommended to store the product at temperatures higher than 10°C. When stored at less than 10°C turbidity can appear. Indirect warming with stirring will restore the product to its former appearance. Overheating should be avoided. Don't keep at temperature higher than 40°C for a long time, product could become yellow.
8.3	Notes Notes	Sarcosinates can have some influences on blue colour. We have seen in past that colour FD&C Blue No. 1 (Acid Blue 9, CI 42090) isn't stable on light in the presence of sarcosinates. However its aluminium lack is stable. Colours D&C Green No. 5 and D&C Violet No. 2 if used in combination can produce a wide range of blues that aren't photodegradable in presence of sarcosinates. Odour and colour can be a little bit more evident due to pH reasons. When product is brought to neutral pH, they become typical again. As high pH can increase odour of product as it is, it is advisable to prepare a 10% water solution, bring it to pH 7.0 or lower and smell. Odour becomes so typical. Please remember that preservatives, perfumes and colours must be added at pH lower than 7.5.

Data / Date 05/10/15

Queste informazioni si riferiscono solo al prodotto sopramenzionato e non possono essere considerate valide per altri prodotti o in altri processi produttivi. Le informazioni sono corrette e complete secondo le nostre attuali conoscenze e sono date in buona fede ma senza garanzia. E' responsabilità dell'utilizzatore l'assicurarsi che le informazioni siano appropriate e complete per lo specifico uso del prodotto.

This Information refers only to the above mentioned product and does not need to be valid if used with other product(s) or in any process. The information is to our best present knowledge correct and complete and is given in good faith but without warranty. It remains the user's own responsibility to make sure that the information is appropriate and complete for his specific use of this product.