

# Problem Set 1

## Advanced Microeconomics III

Spring 2022

### Problem 1 Based on MWG 13.B.3.

Consider a positive selection version of the adverse selection model in which  $r(\cdot)$  is continuous and strictly decreasing. Also assume that  $F$  has a strictly positive density on  $[\underline{\theta}, \bar{\theta}]$

- a.* Show that the *more capable* workers are the ones choosing to work for any given wage.
- b.* Show that if  $r(\theta) > \theta$  for all  $\theta$ , then the resulting competitive equilibrium is Pareto efficient.
- c.* Show that in any competitive equilibrium the trading activity is inefficiently high if the following assumption is satisfied:
  - there exists  $\hat{\theta} \in (\underline{\theta}, \bar{\theta})$  such that  $r(\theta) < \theta$  for all  $\theta > \hat{\theta}$  and  $r(\theta) > \theta$  for all  $\theta < \hat{\theta}$ .

### Problem 2 Based on MWG 13.B.6 and Wilson (1980).

Consider the following extension of the adverse selection model. There is a mass  $N$  of buyers, each of which wants to buy at most one car. The buyers differ in their willingness to pay for the car: a buyer of type  $\gamma$  has the willingness to pay  $\gamma\theta$  for a car bought from a seller of type  $\theta$ . Be aware that now each seller has some private information  $\theta$  and each buyer has some private information  $\gamma$ . Assume that  $\gamma$  is distributed with a strictly positive density function  $g$  on  $[0, \infty)$ ; let  $G$  denote the corresponding cumulative distribution function.

- a.* Let  $z(w, \mu)$  denote the aggregate demand for cars when the price is  $p$  and the average quality of cars offered at price  $p$  is  $\mu$ . Derive an expression for the function  $z$  in terms of  $G$ .

- b.** Let  $\mu(p) = E[\theta | r(\theta) \leq p]$  and define the aggregate demand for cars by  $z^*(p) = z(p, \mu(p))$ . Assuming that  $\mu$  is differentiable, show that  $z^*$  is strictly increasing around a point  $\bar{p}$  if, at  $p = \bar{p}$ , the elasticity of  $\mu$  with respect to  $p$  exceeds 1, and is strictly decreasing if the elasticity is below 1. Interpret!
- c.** Assume that  $r$  is strictly increasing and continuous. Let  $s(p) = N \cdot F(r^{-1}(p))$  denote the aggregate supply of cars, and define a competitive equilibrium price  $p^*$  by the equation  $z^*(p^*) = s(p^*)$ . Show that if there are multiple competitive equilibria, then the one with the highest price Pareto dominates all others.
- d.** Consider a game-theoretic model in which buyers make simultaneous price offers. Show that (1) only the highest competitive equilibrium price can arise as a SPNE and (2) the highest-price competitive equilibrium is a SPNE if and only if  $z^*(p) \leq z^*(p^*)$  for all  $p > p^*$ .

### Problem 3

Consider the adverse selection model and assume that the distribution of  $\theta$  is exponential with parameter  $\lambda$ .

- a.** Write down an expression for  $E[\theta | \theta < \hat{\theta}]$ .
- b.** Assume that  $r(\theta) = \alpha\theta$ .
- i.* For which  $\alpha$  there exists a CE involving a complete market breakdown?
  - ii.* For which  $\alpha$  there exists a CE without a complete market breakdown?