Zodiark -- The Atmosphere Framework





Atmosphere

- Introduction
- Case Study
- WebSockets and Comet: the issues
- Browsers and Server
- Atmosphere Concepts
- Zodiak Concepts



Atmosphere

Apache 2

Github ~1500

« followers »

Supported by

more than 25

frameworks

Client + server

Scala, Groovy,

JRuby, Java

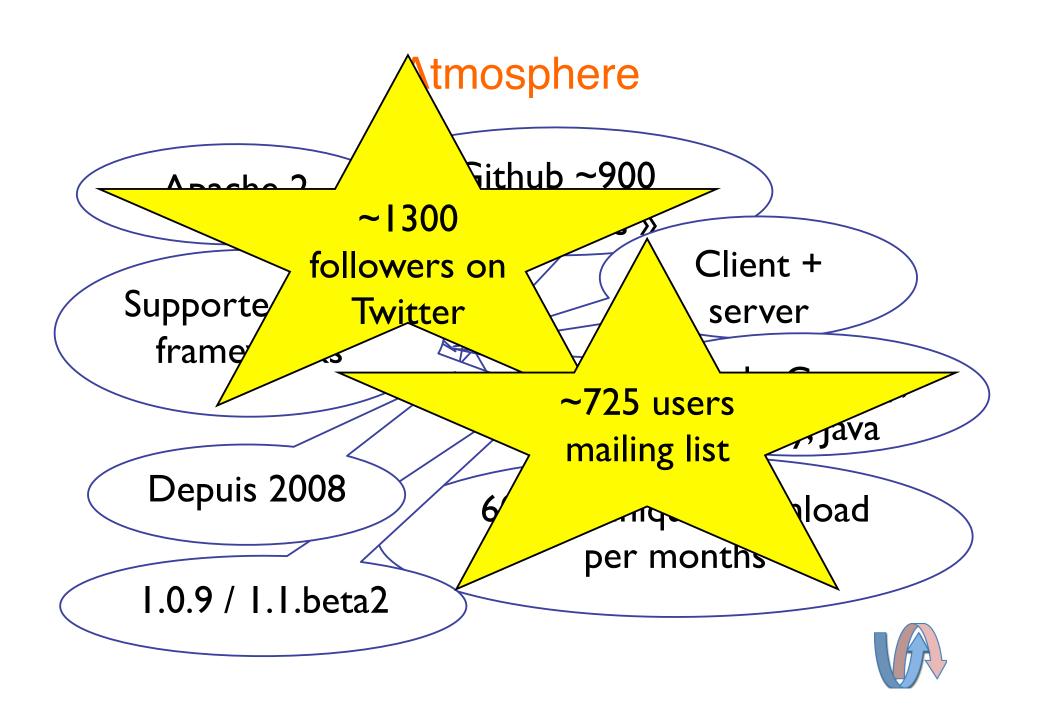
Since 2008

60 000 unique download per months

1.0.18 / 2.0.5 /

2.1.0-RC2





WSJ.com

- 60 millions de Requests par jours
- Atmosphere 1.0.13/Jetty 8.1.9
- Websockets => long-polling => JSONP
- IE 6/7/8/9/10, Chrome XX, Firefox 3/12, Safari XX
- WebSockets: IE 10, Chrome 14, Firefox 8, Safari 5



WebSocket: A Socket, that's it!



WebSocket is a web technology providing full-duplex communications channels over a single TCP connection. The WebSocket API is being standardized by the W3C, and the WebSocket protocol has been standardized by the IETF as RFC 6455.



WARNING!!

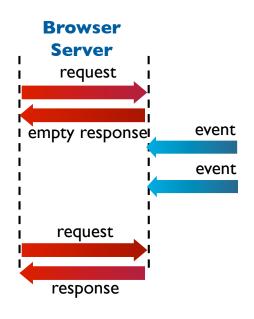
Nobody is/will/was fired because of long-polling!!!

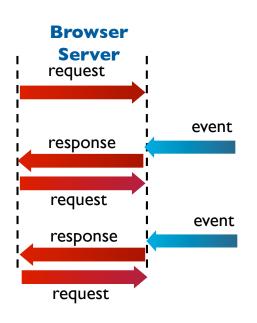


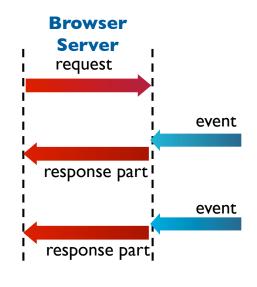
Polling

Long Polling

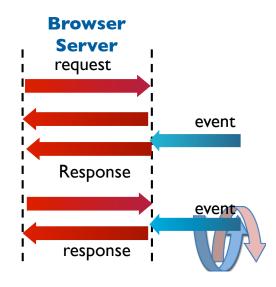
Streaming











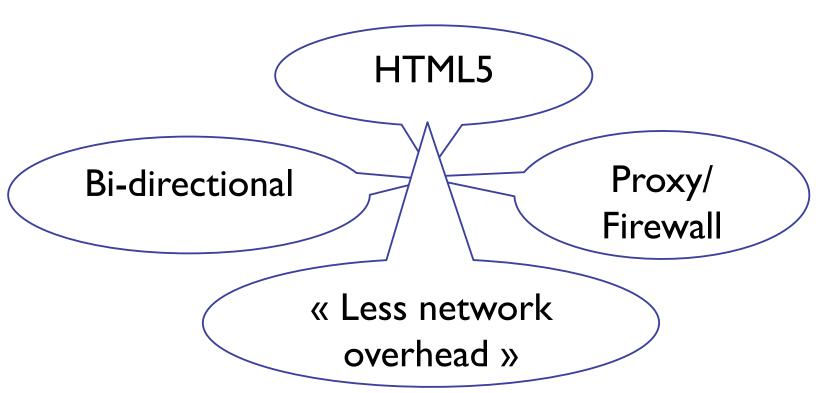
HTML5

Bi-directional

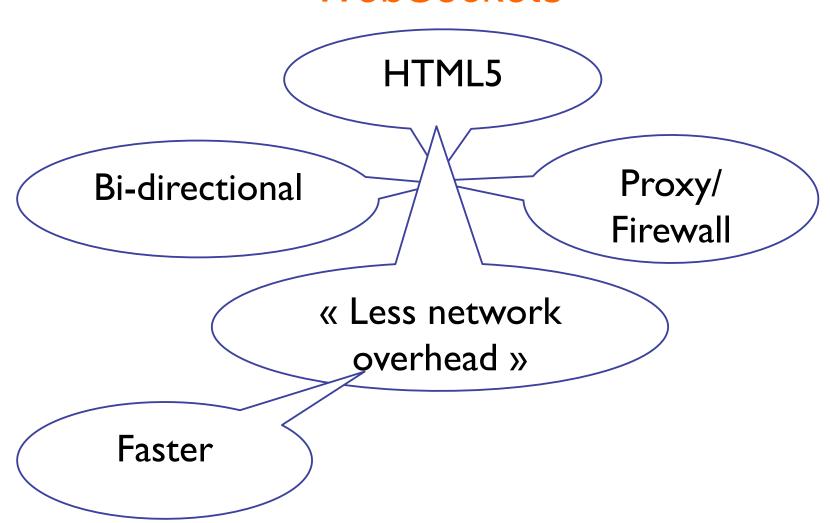


WebSockets HTML5 Bi-directional Proxy/ Firewall

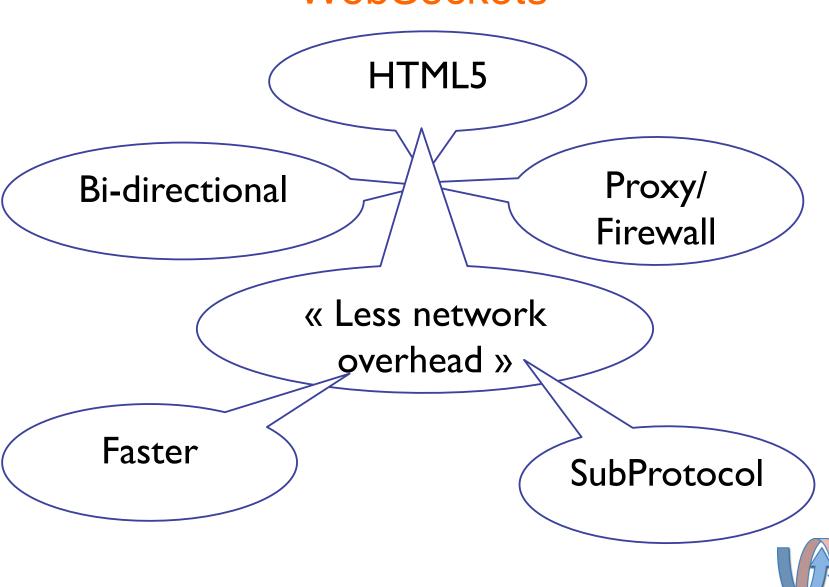


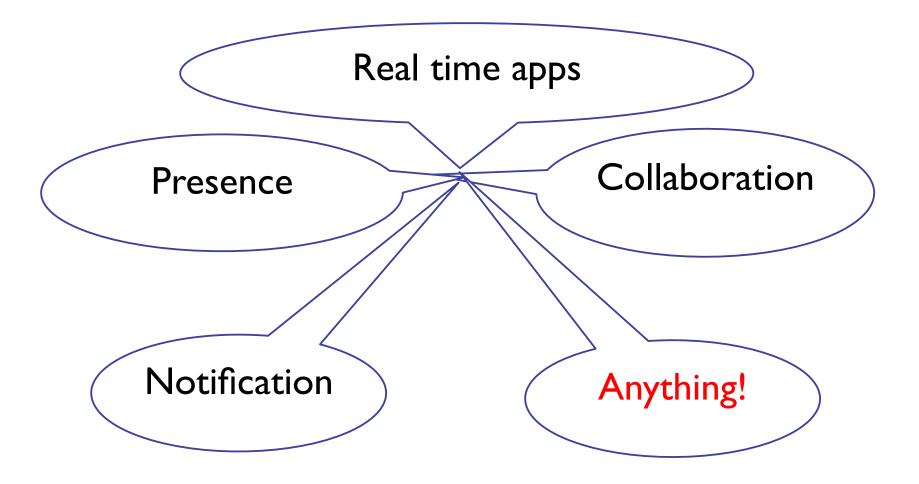














First request

```
T 127.0.0.1:65062 -> 127.0.0.1:8080 [AP]
GET / HTTP/1.1.

Upgrade: websocket.
Connection: Upgrade.
Host: 127.0.0.1:8080.
Origin: http://127.0.0.1:8080.
Sec-WebSocket-Key: Tz9qdt3lmte6Slf+GvpRqQ==.
Sec-WebSocket-Version: 13.
Sec-WebSocket-Extensions: x-webkit-deflate-frame.
```



Second Request

T 127.0.0.1:8080 -> 127.0.0.1:51292 [AP]

HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols.

Upgrade: WebSocket.

Connection: Upgrade.

Sec-WebSocket-Accept: HVXA7SqH5uYeN6aD9tZ0JQbfTJA=.



Life if good!

T 127.0.0.1:8080 -> 127.0.0.1:51292 [AP]

HTTP/1.1 101 Switching Protocols.

Upgrade: WebSocket.

Connection: Upgrade.

Sec-WebSocket-Accept: HVXA7SqH5uYeN6aD9tZ0JQbfTJA=.

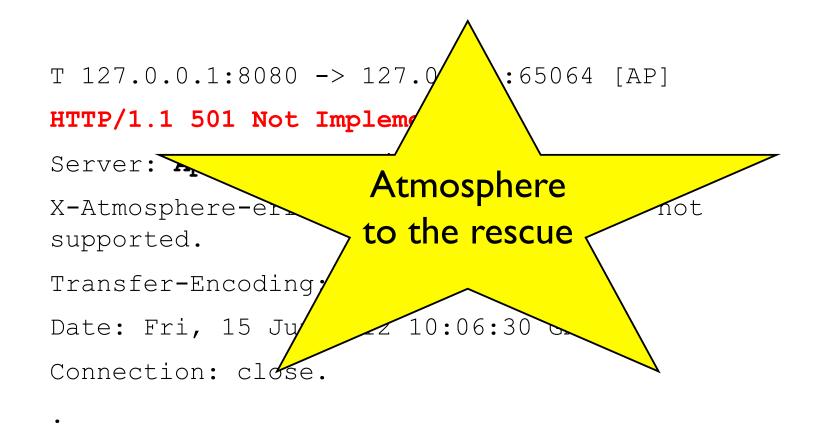


Not supported everywhere

```
T 127.0.0.1:8080 -> 127.0.0.1:65064 [AP]
HTTP/1.1 501 Not Implemented.
Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1.
X-Atmosphere-error: Websocket protocol not supported.
Transfer-Encoding: chunked.
Date: Fri, 15 Jun 2012 10:06:30 GMT.
Connection: close.
.
```



Not supported everywhere





WebSocket API – Standard JavaScript

```
websocket = new WebSocket(wsUri);
websocket.onopen = function(evt) { ...};
websocket.onclose = function(evt) { ...};
websocket.onmessage = function(evt) { ...};
websocket.onerror = function(evt) { ...};
```



Server – No Standard yet

- Node.js
- Pusher
- Jetty
- GlassFish
- Tomcat
- Apache
- NIO Framework like Netty and Grizzly



WebSocket API – Java

Jetty 7/8/9, GlassFish 3.1, Netty 3, Tomcat 7.0.27 and up, Resin 4, JBoss 7.1.2 and up

JSR 356: http://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=356

AHC (Client -> De facto)

http://github.com/sonatype/async-http-client



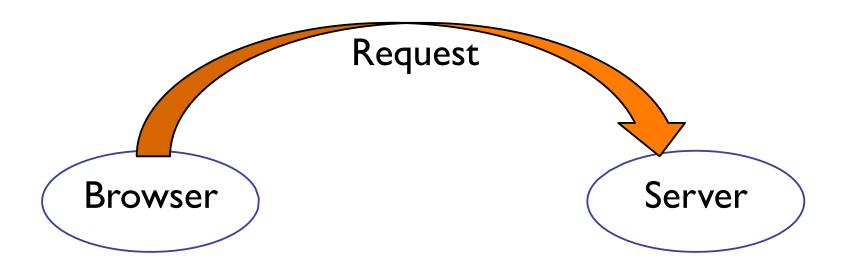
WebSocket API – Java & Scala

wAsync:

https://github.com/Atmosphere/wasync

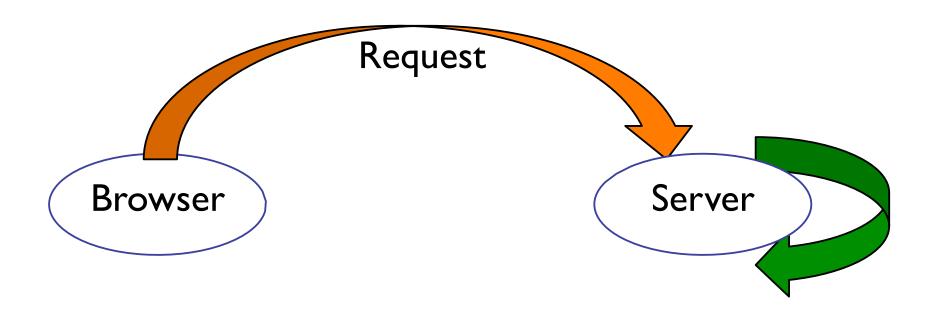


Before (Long-Polling)



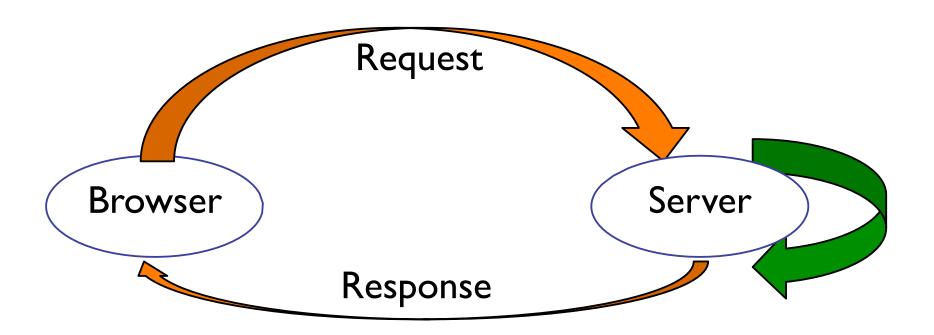


Before (Long-Polling)



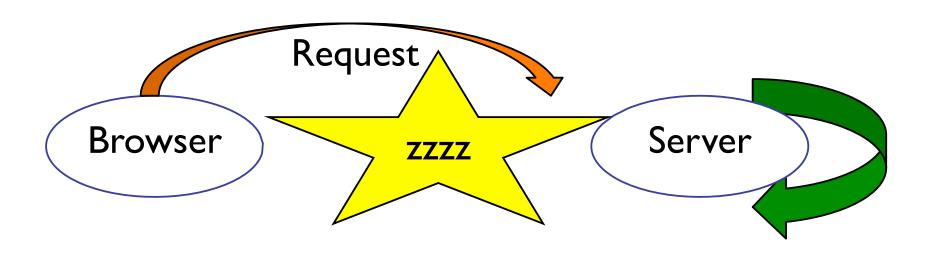


Before (Long-Polling)



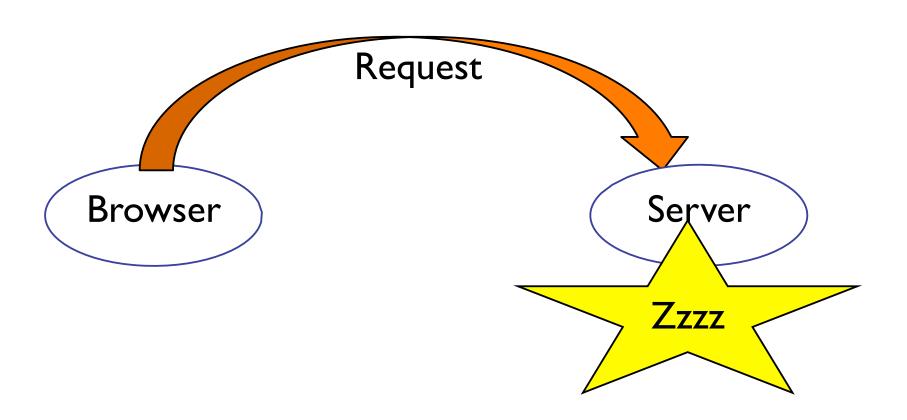


Oups!!



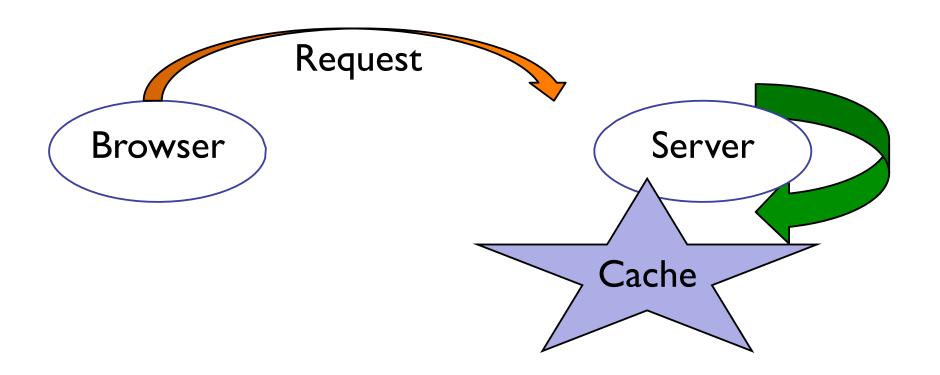


Oups!



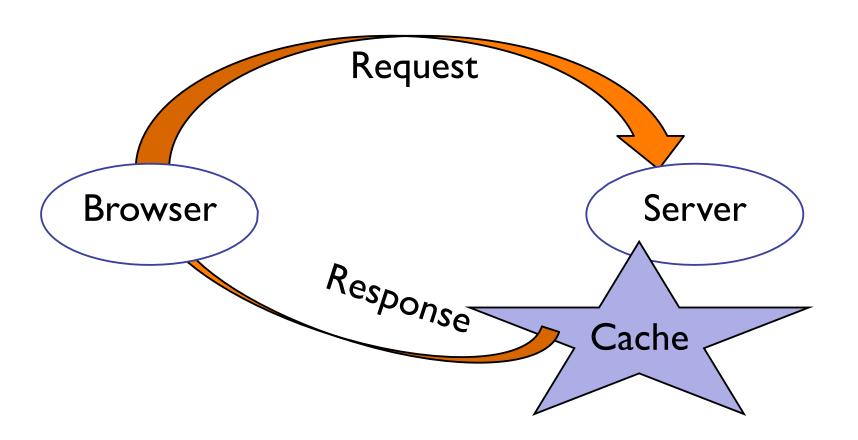


Better!

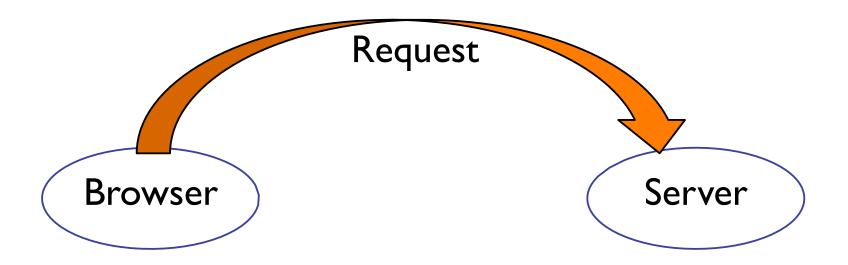




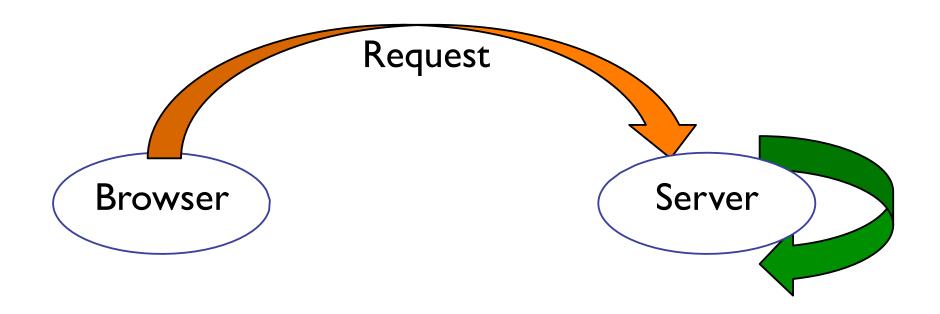
Better!



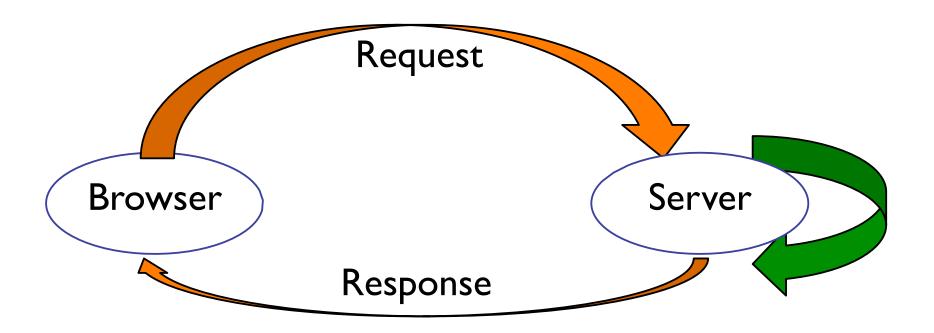




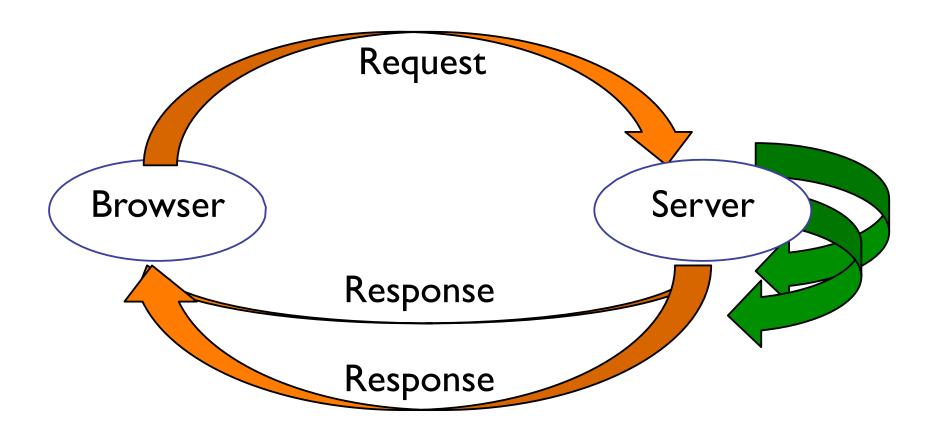






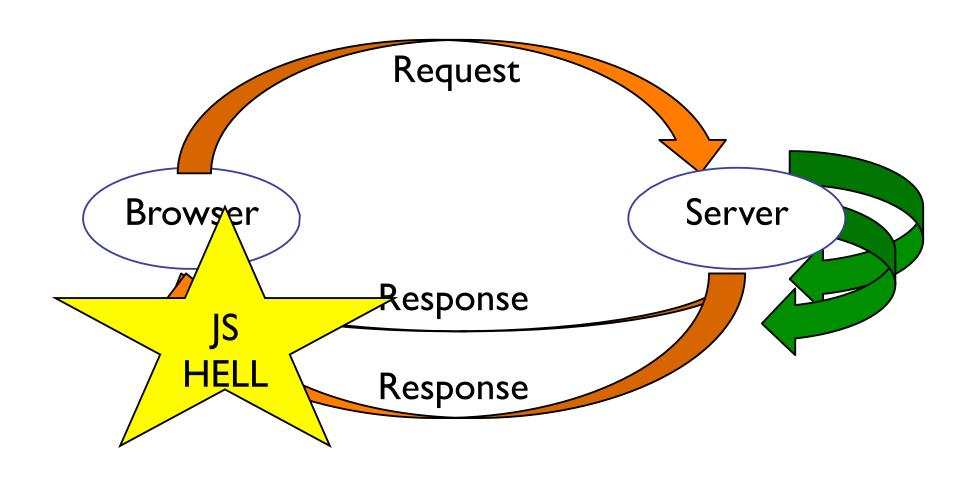






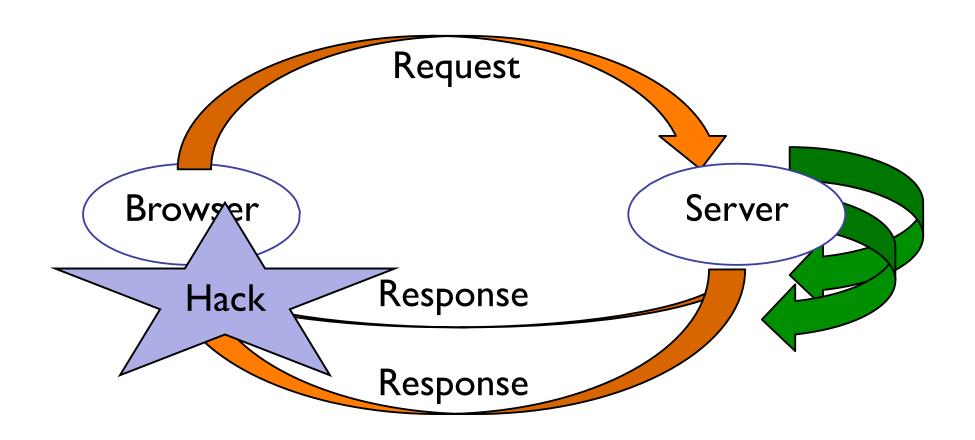


Oups!!



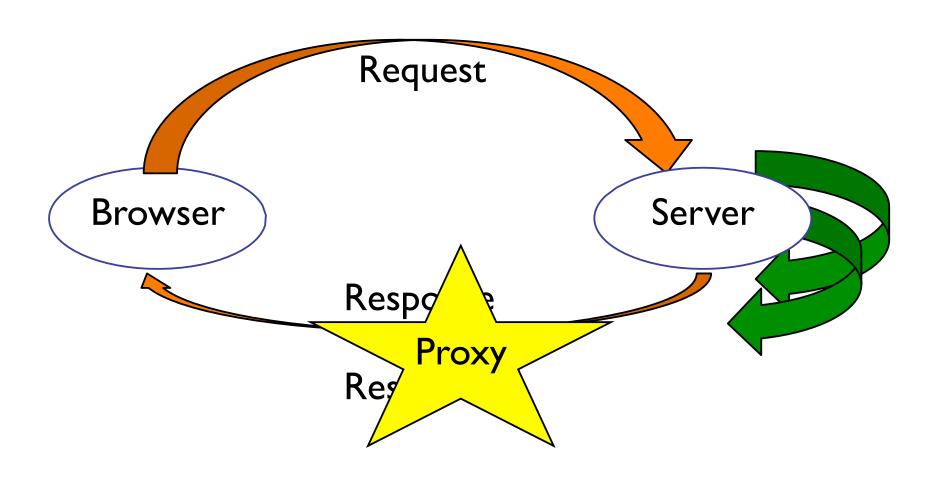


Pushing the limits (HTTP Streaming)



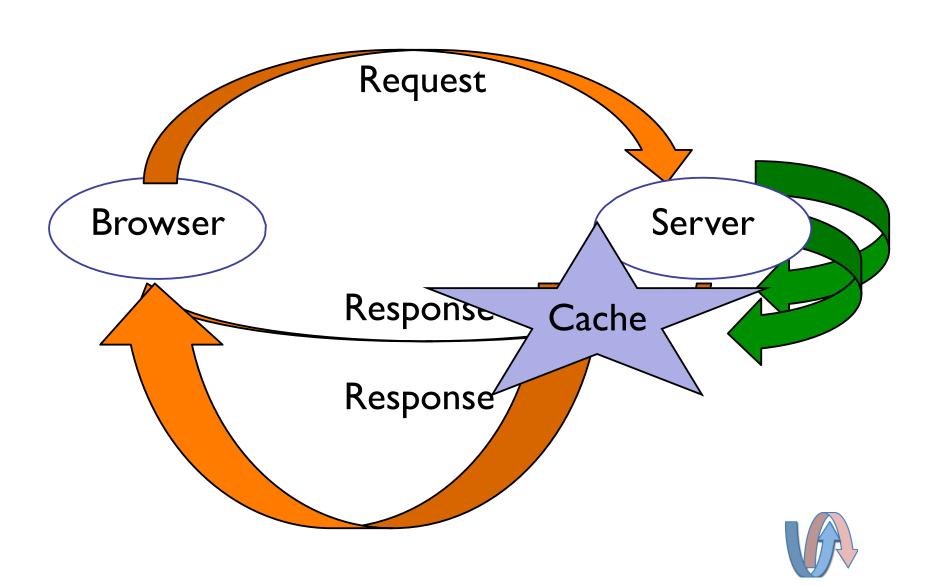


Oups!!!

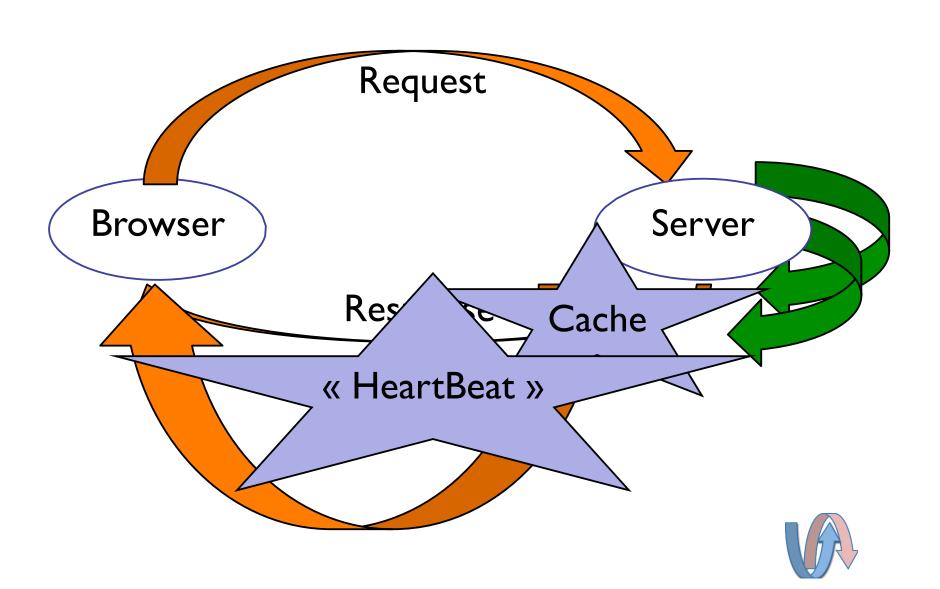




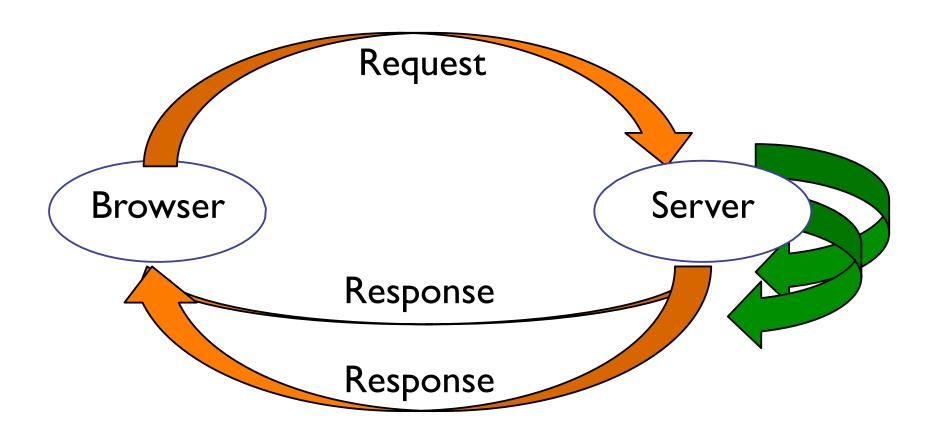
Better



Better

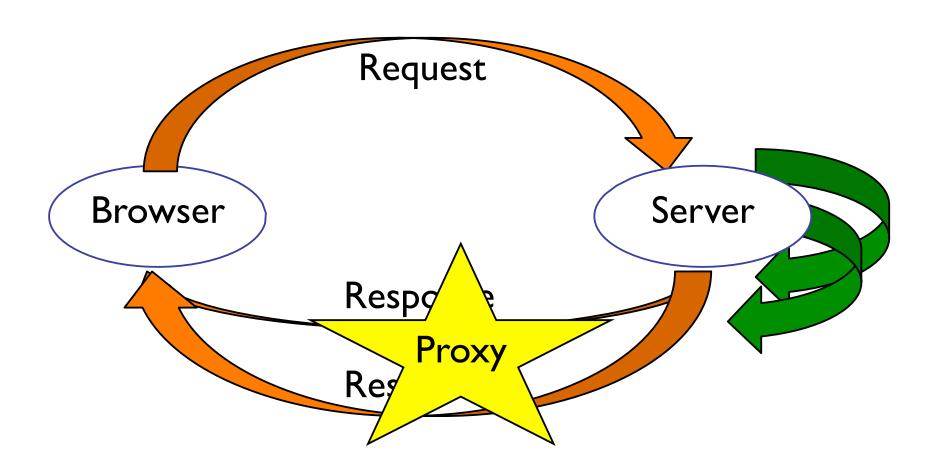


Better: Server Side Events (SSE)



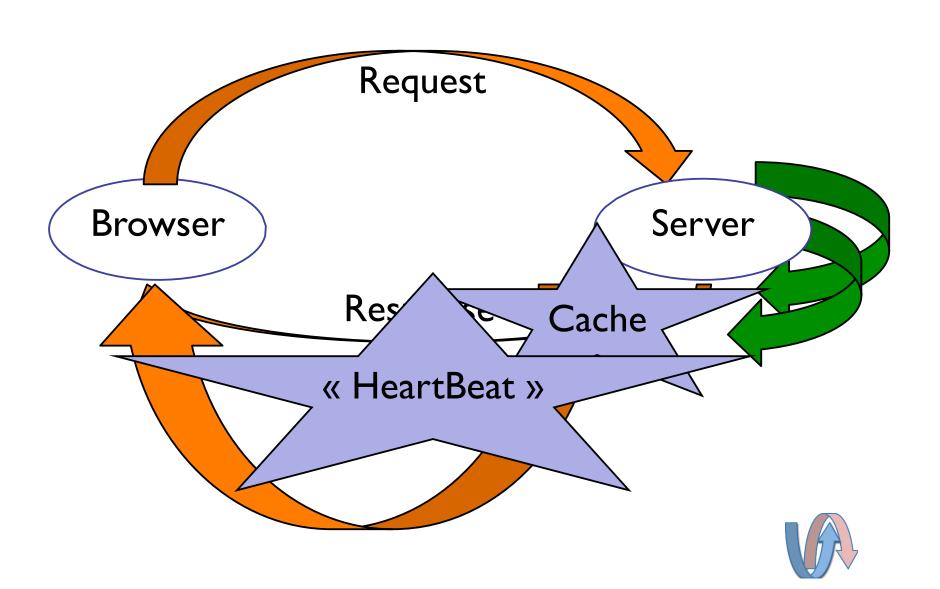


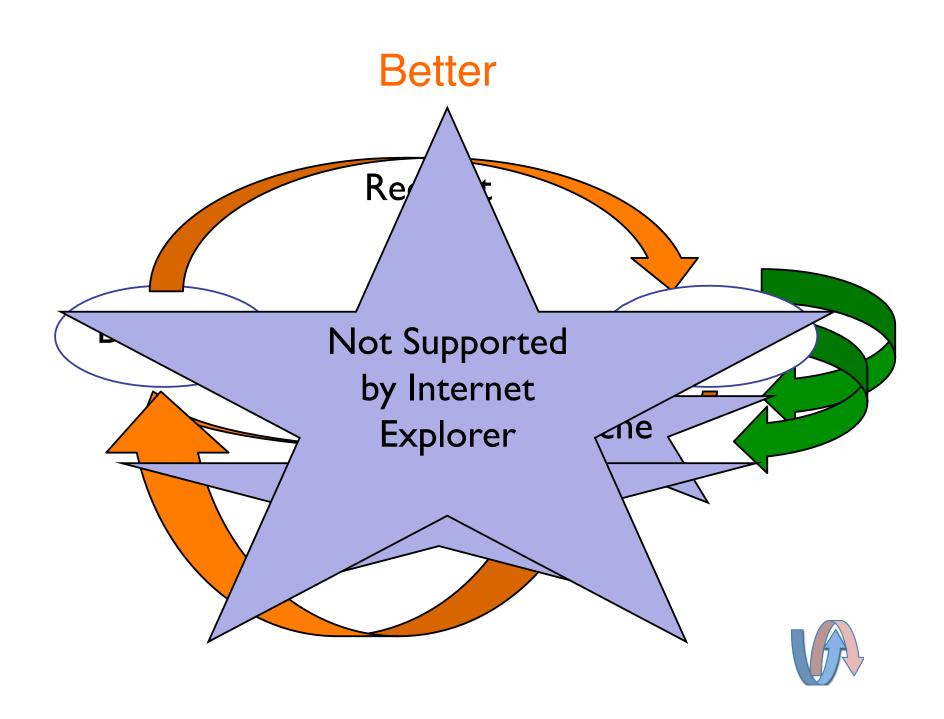
Error!

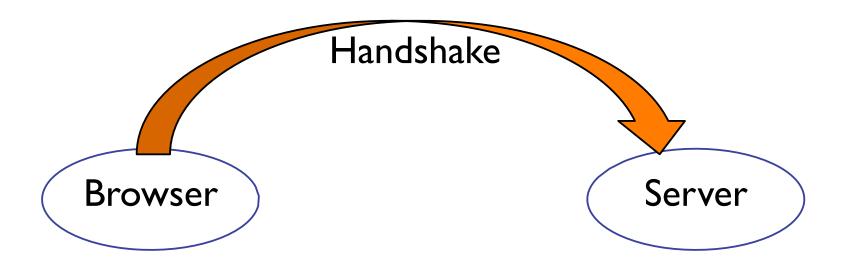




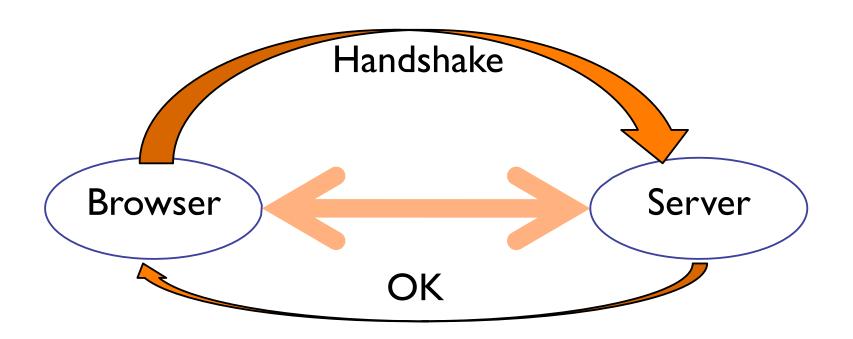
Better



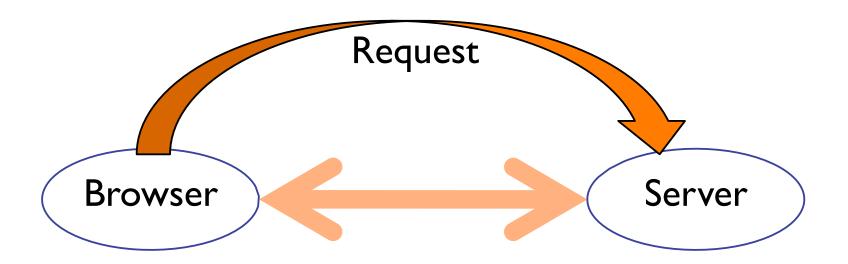




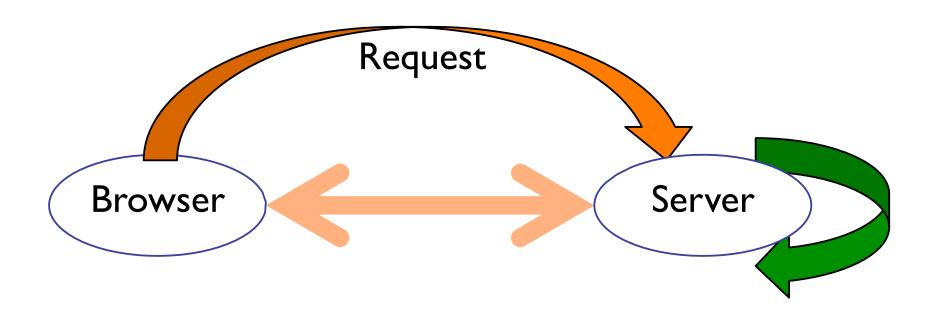




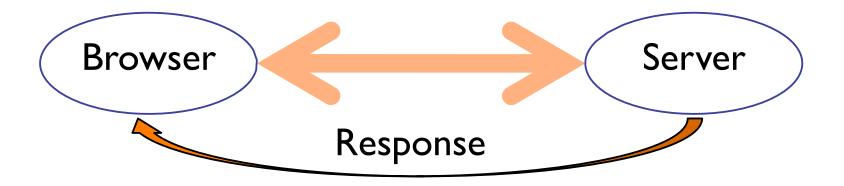




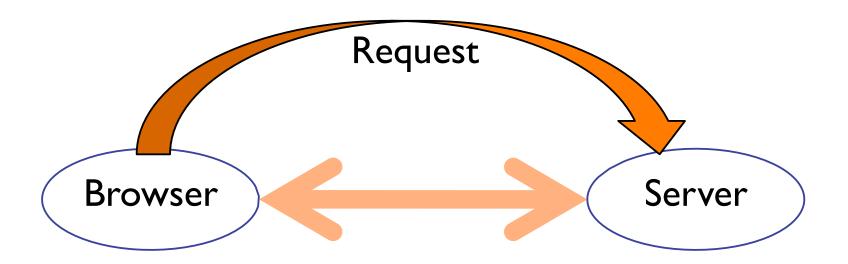




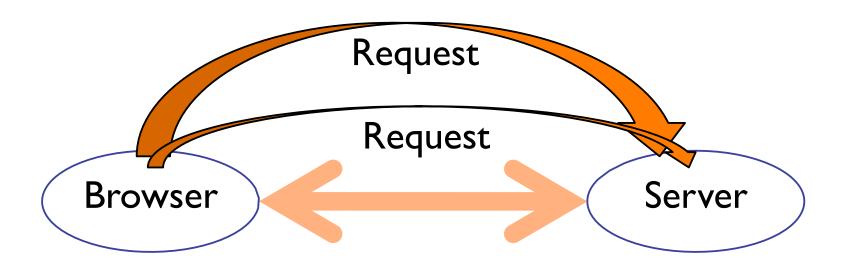




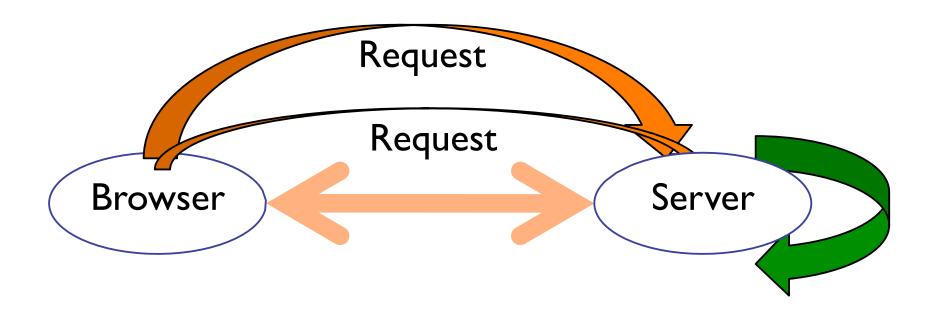




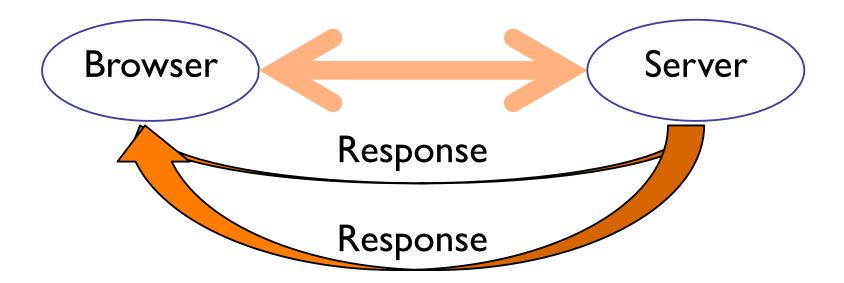






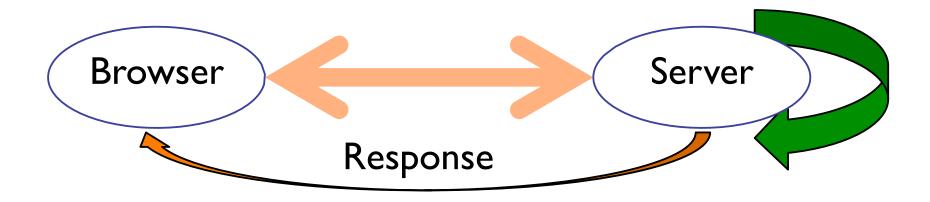






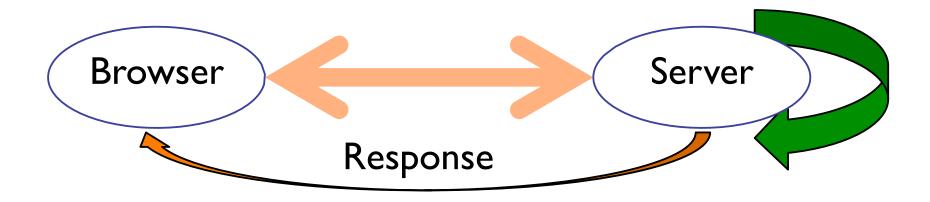


Anytime



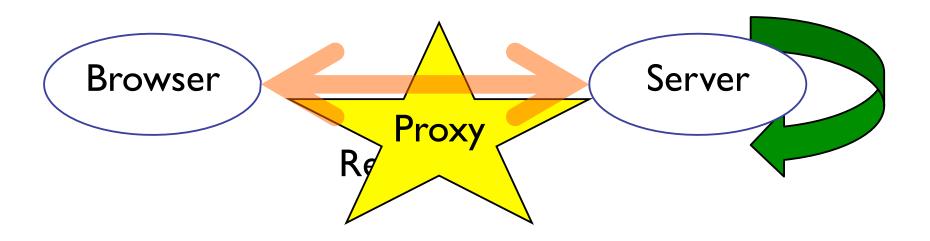


Everything is good



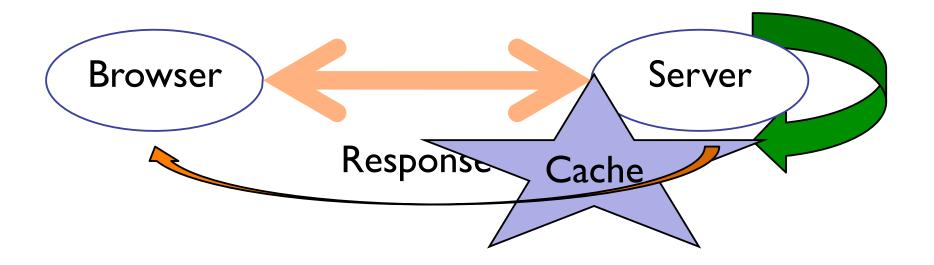


Problems



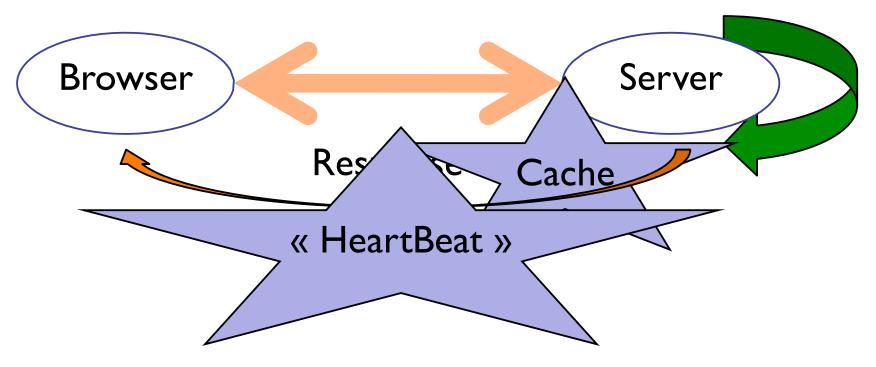


Better!



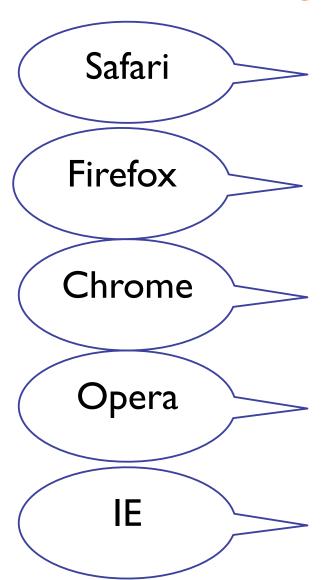


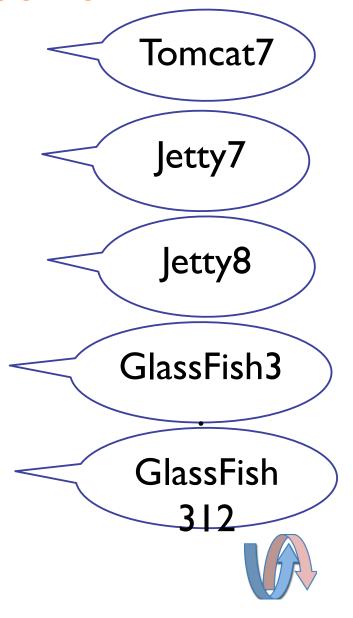
Better!



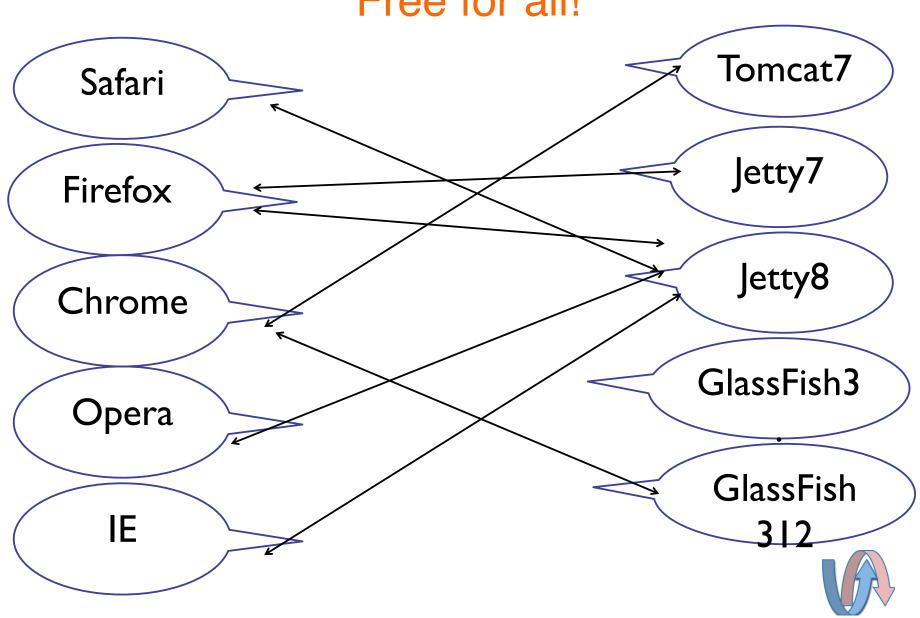


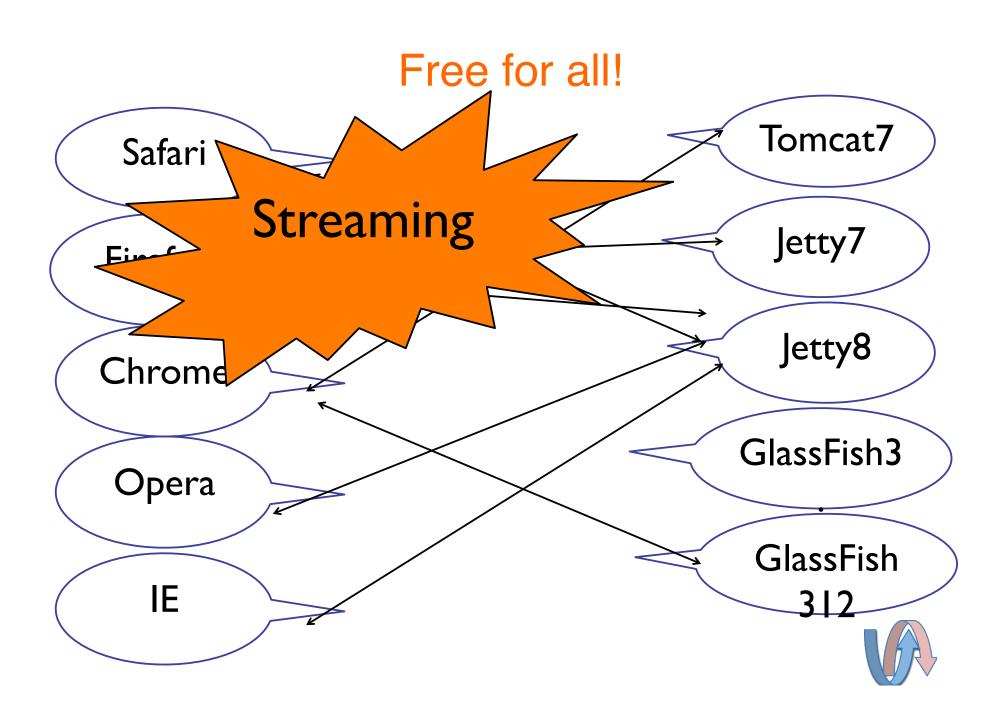
Browser versus Server



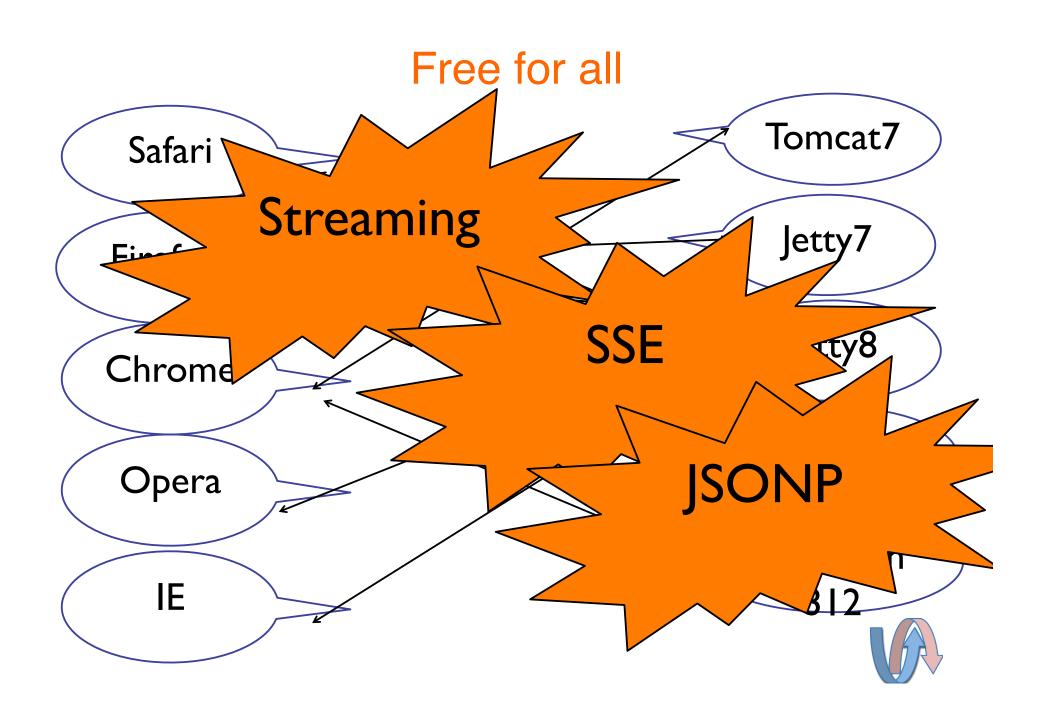


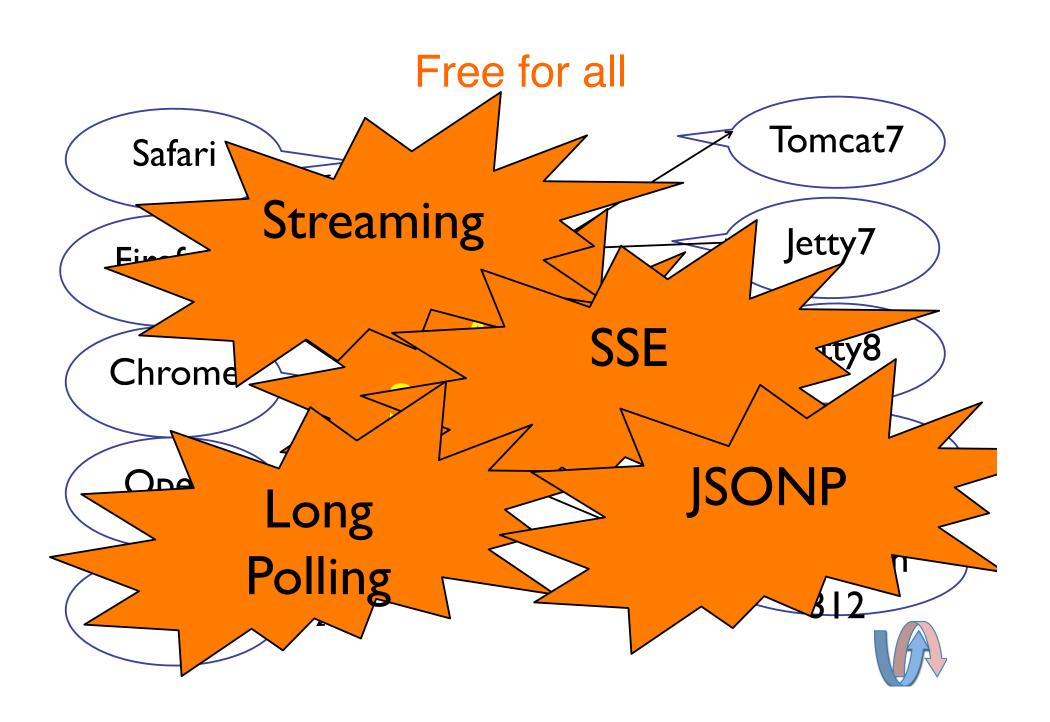
Free for all!





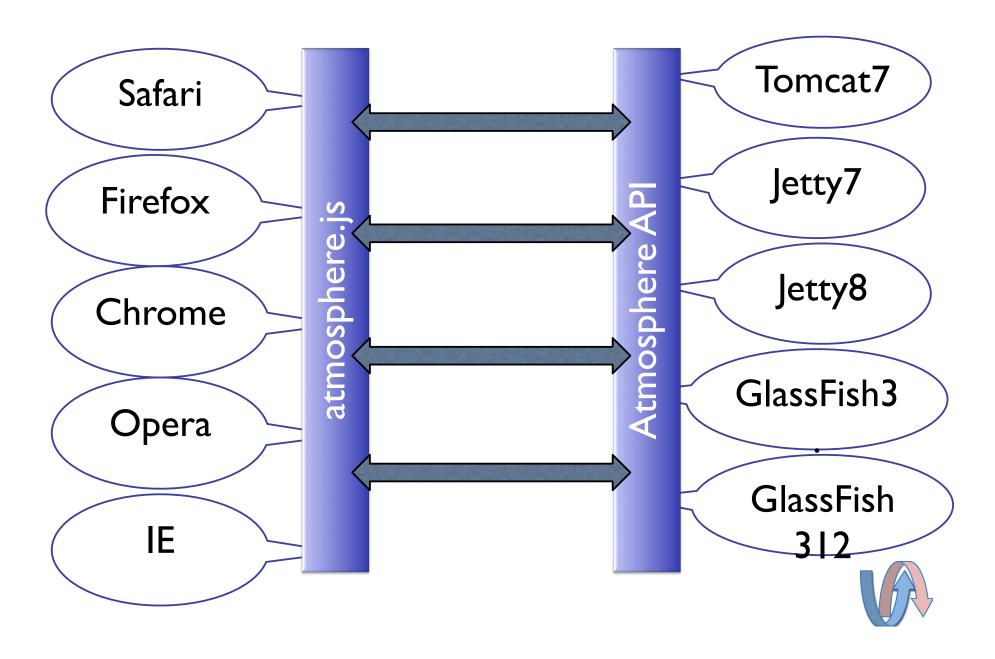




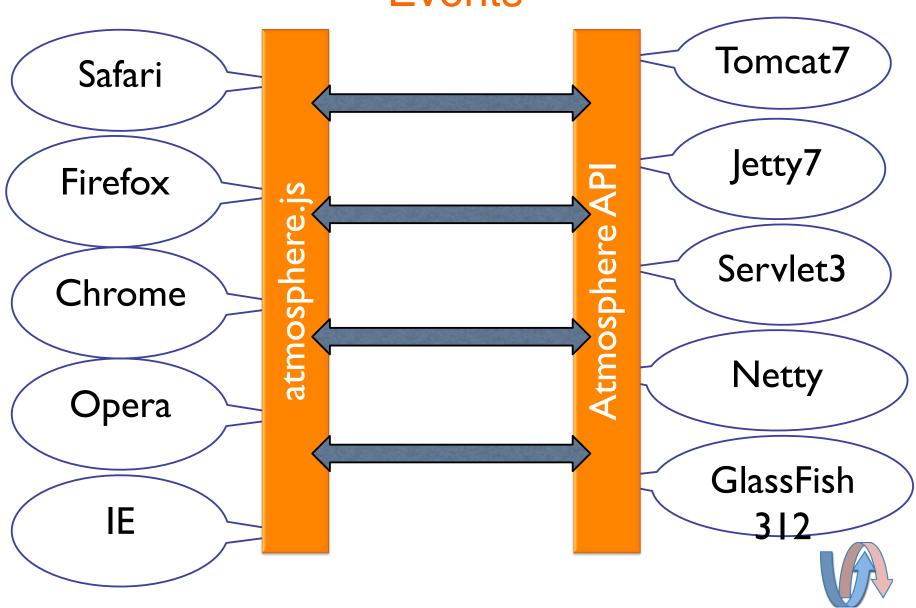




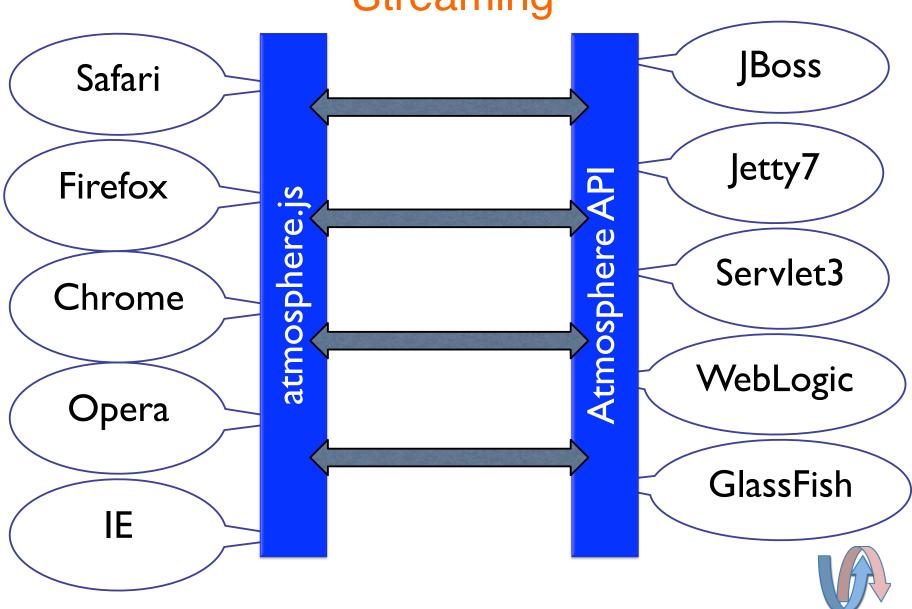
Atmosphere -WebSockets

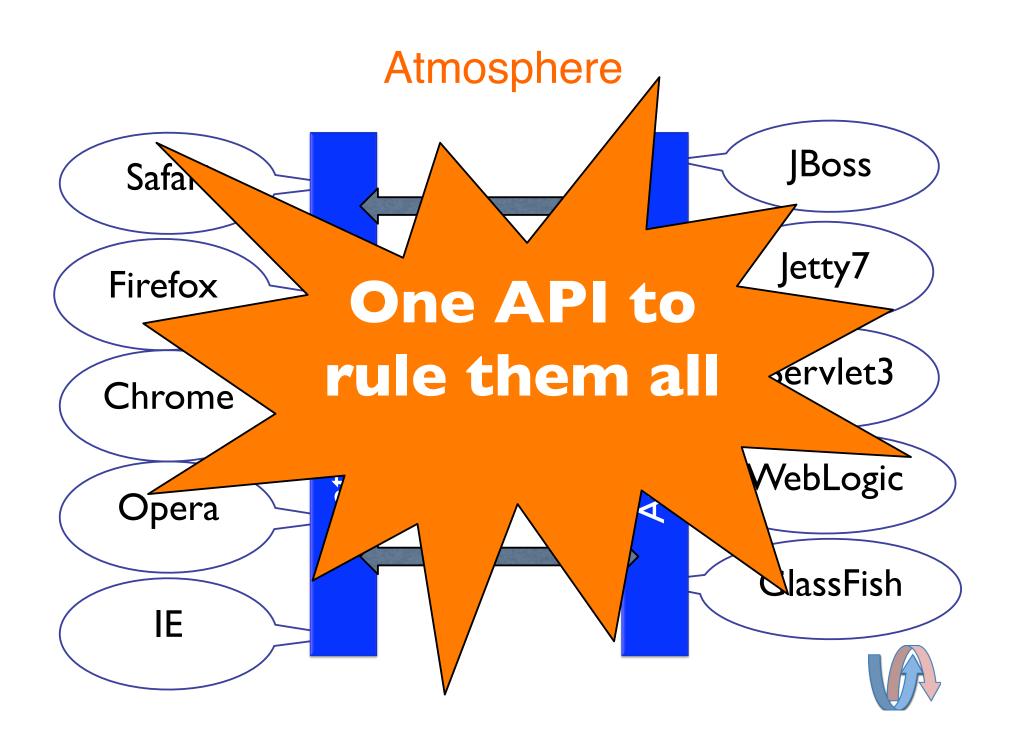


Atmosphere - HTML5 Server Side Events

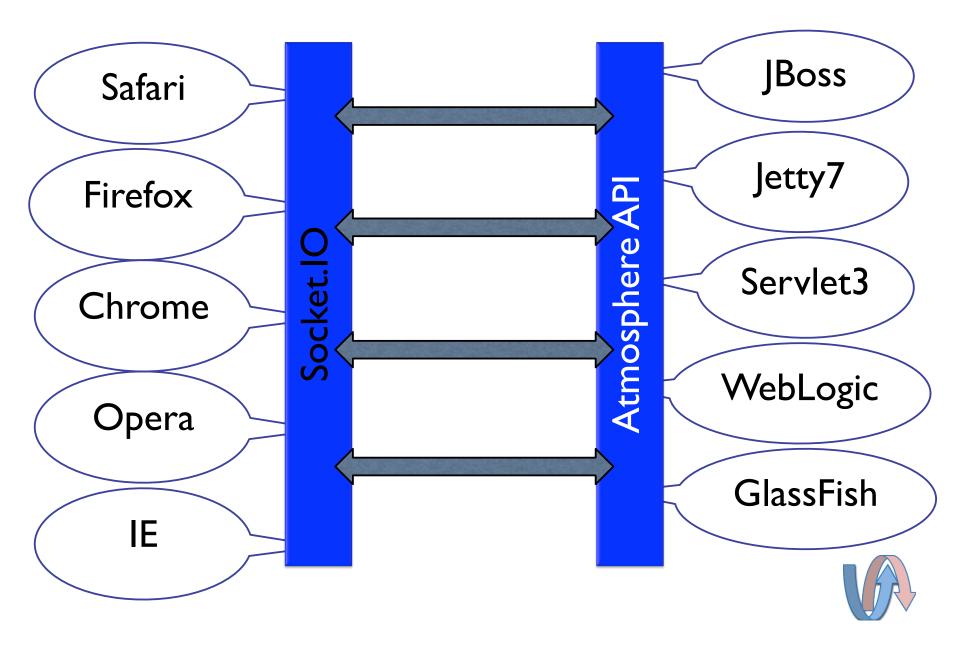


Atmosphere Long-Polling/HTTP Streaming

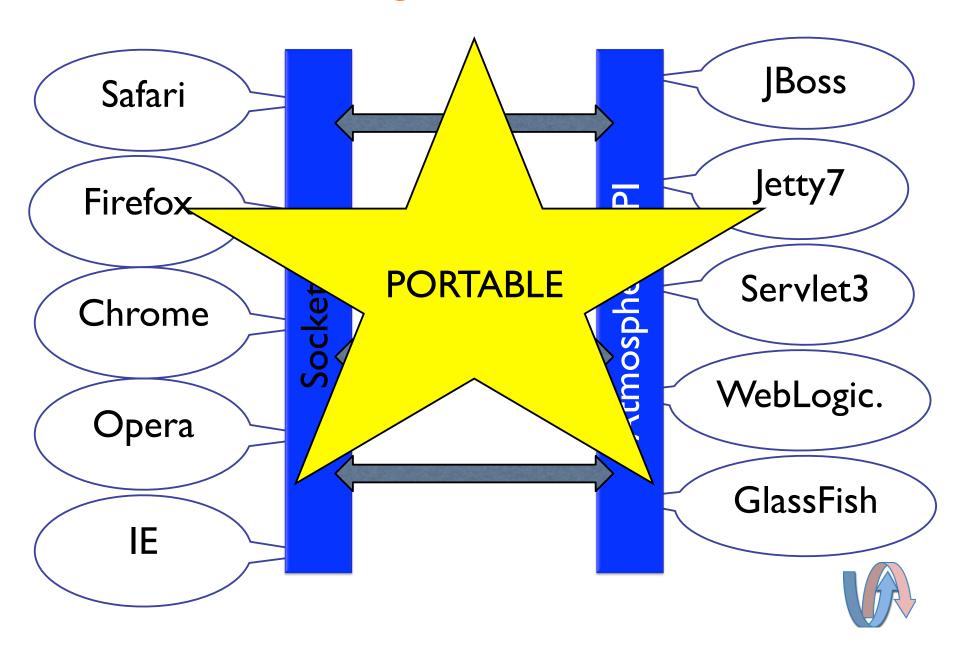




Socket.IO, GWT, Wicket, JSF, etc.



PORTABLE!



Big Mistake!!!!!

• WebSockets is not ready for the internet, yet!

Deploy in Production impossible



Atmosphere



Definition

- Suspend: open a channel, let a connection open for future events.
- Resume: close a channel
- Broadcast: push message to one or more channel, asynchronously.



AtmosphereResource

- Represent a remote connection
- Manage lifecycle
 - Suspend
 - Resume
 - Broadcast
- Request/Response (similar to Servlet API)

AtmosphereResource.getRequest()

AtmosphereResource.getResponse()

• Associated with one or more channel of communication (Broadcaster)



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Understanding-
AtmosphereResource
```

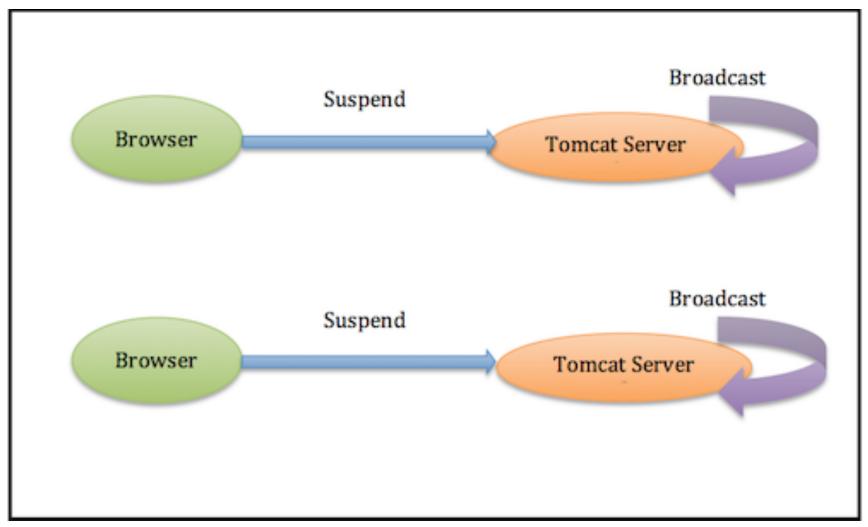


Broadcaster

- An Asynchronous Channel of communication, containing one of more AtmosphereResource.
- Similar to JMS's queue or topic
- BroadcasterFactory to create and retrieve them from any class in the application.
- MetaBroadcaster to publish events to one or more Broadcaster
- BroadcastFilter to filter, aggreagate or reject messages
- Asynchronous, Event Based, Thread Safe
- ullet BroadcasterCache for caching message.
- Broadcaster contains zero or more AtmosphereResource

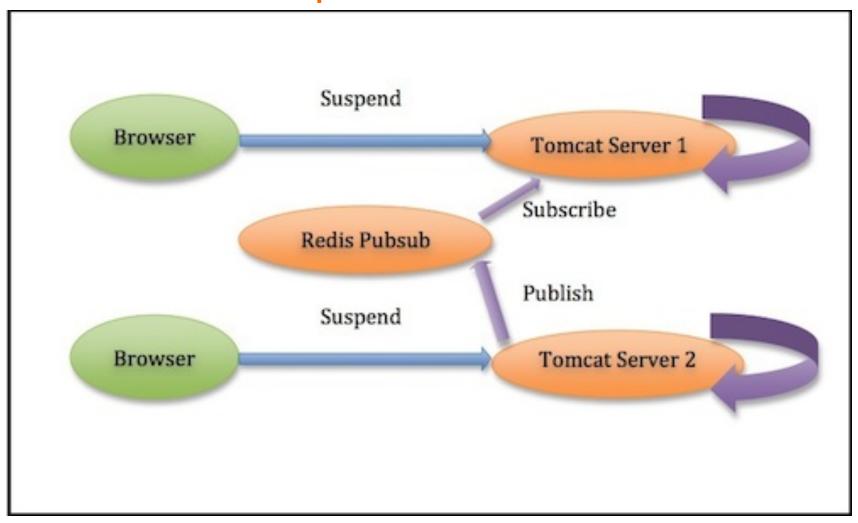


Broadcaster





Transparent Broadcast





Broadcaster

- Default: in-memory
- Cloud/Cluster
 - RedisBroadcaster
 - JMSBroadcaster
 - XMPPBroadcaster
 - HazelcastBroadcaster
 - JGroupsBroascaster
- SimpleBroadcaster,
 JerseyBroadcaster, etc.



BroadcasterLifeCyclePolicy

- Make sure Broadcaster gets destroyed, recycled or alive. Prevent OOM. Confugure policy per Broadcaster.
 - NEVER: Keep all Broadcaster alive
 - EMPTY: Release resources associated when no AtmosphereResource
 - EMPTY_DESTROY: Destroy the object when no AtmosphereResource are associated
 - IDLE: Release resources associated when no broadcast happens after X time.
 - IDLE_DESTROY: Destroy the object when no broadcast happens after X time.



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Understanding-
Broadcaster
```



BroadcastFilter

- Filter/transform/reject messages
 Resume I/O operations once needed
- For all
 BroadcastAction filter(Object originalMessage, Object message);
- Per request, per AtmosphereResource



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Understanding-
BroadcastFilter
```



BroadcasterCache

- Track messages delivery. If a message can't be delivered, cache it and send it back once the remote client reconnect.
- An application can define it's own

```
void addToCache(String id, AtmosphereResource r, Object e);
List<Object> retrieveFromCache(String id, AtmosphereResource r);
```



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Understanding-
BroadcasterCache
```



Framework's Listener

Track AtmosphereResource lifecycle

- AtmosphereResourceEventListener
 - onPreSuspend
 - onSuspend
 - onResume
 - onDisconnect
 - onBroadcast
 - onThrowable



Framework's Listener

Track Broadcaster activity

- BroadcasterListener
 - onPostCreate
 - onPreDestroy
 - onBroadcast

Track broadcaster lifeCycle

- BroadcasterLifeCycleListener
 - onEmpty
 - onIdle
 - onDestroy



Framework's Listener

Track all activity executed by Atmosphere and all AtmosphereResource

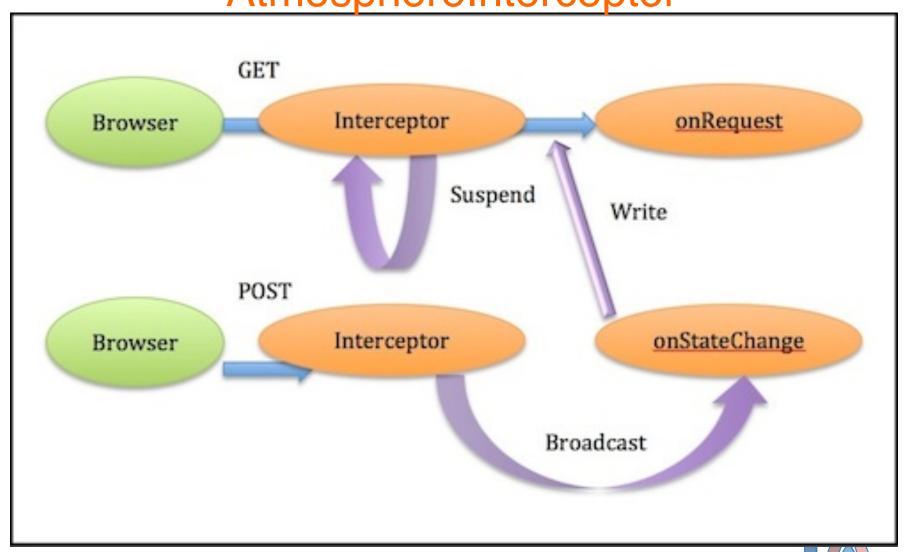
- AsyncSupportListener
 - onSuspend
 - onResume
 - onTimeout
 - onClose
 - onDestroyed



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Configuring-
Atmosphere-Listener
```



AtmosphereInterceptor





AtmosphereInterceptor

• Intercept the AtmosphereResource and pre/post process it before delivering it to AtmosphereHandler

```
Action inspect (AtmosphereResource r);
```

```
void postInspect (AtmosphereResource r);
```

- All logic that apply to more than one application or not directly related to the application must go there.
- SSE, HeartBeat, OnDisconnect are all pre-defined
 AtmosphereInterceptor



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Understanding-
AtmosphereInterceptor
```



Atmosphere's Application Component

- WebSocketHandler
 - Only WebSocket (Warning)!
- AtmosphereHandler
 - AtmosphereGwtHandler
 - SocketIOHandler
 - Annotations Based
- Jersey Resource
 - All transports
- Meteor
 - All transports



AtmosphereHandler

```
public interface AtmosphereHandler {
 void onRequest(AtmosphereResource resource)
      throws IOException;
 void onStateChange (AtmosphereResourceEvent
     event) throws IOException;
void destroy();
```



AtmosphereHandler

```
public class ChatAtmosphereHandler implements AtmosphereHandler {
    @Override
    public void onRequest(AtmosphereResource r) throws IOException {
        AtmosphereRequest req = r.getRequest();
        if (req.getMethod().equalsIgnoreCase("GET")) {
           r.suspend();
       } else if (req.getMethod().equalsIgnoreCase("POST")) {
         r.getBroadcaster()
                 .broadcast(req.getReader().readLine().trim());
```



AtmosphereHandler

```
public void onStateChange(AtmosphereResourceEvent event) throws IOException {
      if (event.isSuspended()) {
            res.getWriter().write(new Data(author, message).toString());
            switch (r.transport()) {
                case JSONP:
                case AJAX:
                case LONG POLLING:
                    event.getResource().resume();
                    break;
                case WEBSOCKET :
                case STREAMING:
                    res.getWriter().flush();
                    break;
```



AtmosphereHandler - OnMessage

```
@AtmosphereHandlerService(
 path="/chat",
 interceptors = {AtmosphereResourceLifecycleInterceptor.class,
                  BroadcastOnPostAtmosphereInterceptor.class})
public class ChatRoom extends OnMessage<String> {
   private final ObjectMapper mapper = new ObjectMapper();
   @Override
   public void onMessage(AtmosphereResponse response, String message) {
         response.getWriter()
                    .write(mapper.writeValueAsString(
                         mapper.readValue(message, Data.class)));
```



AtmosphereHandler - @Managed



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Understanding-
AtmosphereHandler
```



Jersey

```
@Path("/")
public class ChatResource {
    @Suspend(contentType = "application/json")
    @GET
   public String suspend() {
        return "";
    @Broadcast(writeEntity = false)
    @POST
    @Produces("application/json")
   public Response broadcast (Message message) {
        return new Response(message.author, message.message);
```



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Getting-
Started-with-The-Atmosphere-
Framework-and-WebSocket
```



GWT

- A special AtmosphereInterceptor for serializing and deserializing GWT message
- All Atmosphere's concepts available to GWT normal application.



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere-extensions/wiki/
Atmosphere-GWT
```



Meteor

```
@MeteorService (path = "/chat")
public class MeteorChat extends HttpServlet {
    @Override
    public void doGet(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse res) throws
   IOException {
        Meteor.build(req)
              .addListener(new AtmosphereResourceEventListenerAdapter());
    @Override
    public void doPost(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse res)
   throws IOException {
      BroadcasterFactory.getDefault()
         .lookup(DefaultBroadcaster.class, "/*")
         .broadcast(new Data(author, message).toString());
```



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Getting-
Started-with-Meteor,-WebSocket-
and-Long-Polling
```



WebSocketHandler

• Only support WebSocket, mimic the Javascript client side API.

```
void onOpen(WebSocket w);

void onClose(WebSocket w)

void onTextMessage(WebSocket w, String data)
```



```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Understanding-
WebSocketHandler
```



WebSocket Sub Protocol

WebSocketProtocol

Define your own protocol on top of WebSocket

Default:

WebSocket message => POST

• SwaggerSocket: REST over
WebSockets -> More information



Reference

```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/Writing-
WebSocket-Sub-Protocol
```



• Unified API, works for all transport



create

```
var socket = $.atmosphere;
var request = {
    url: 'http://localhost:8080/pubsub',
    content-type : 'application/json'
    transport : 'websocket'
}
var subSocket = socket.subscribe(request);
subsocket.push(json);
```



functions

```
var socket = $.atmosphere;

socket.onOpen = function( response ) {..};

socket.onMessage = function( response ) {..};

socket.onError = function( response ) {..};

socket.onClose = function( response ) {..};

socket.onLocalMessage = function ( msg) {..};

Socket.onTransportFailure

= function ( errorMsg, request ) {..};
```





handle messages

```
socket.onMessage = function ( response) {
    var message= response.responseBody;
    // Handle the message
}
```



```
socket.onLocalMessage = function ( message) {
    // Handle messages from a tabs/windows
}
```



Reference

```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere/wiki/
jQuery.atmosphere.js-API
```



NettoSphere

- Atmosphere running on top of the Netty Framework
- No JavaEE Container required.
- Easy to embed.
- Extremely Fast.



Reference

```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
nettosphere/blob/master/
README.md
```



wAsync

• Java WebSocket's, SSE, Long-Polling and Streaming Client



Reference

```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/wasync/blob/master/README.md
```



Atmosphere on Play!

• Atmosphere running on top of the Play Framework.



Reference

```
https://github.com/Atmosphere/
atmosphere-play/blob/master/
README.md
```



Zodiark

- Run on Top of Atmosphere/ NettoSphere
- React Based Architecture
 - EventBus for I/O Events and Messages
 - Synchronous or Asynchronous Processing



Architecture

Zodiark

Atmosphere

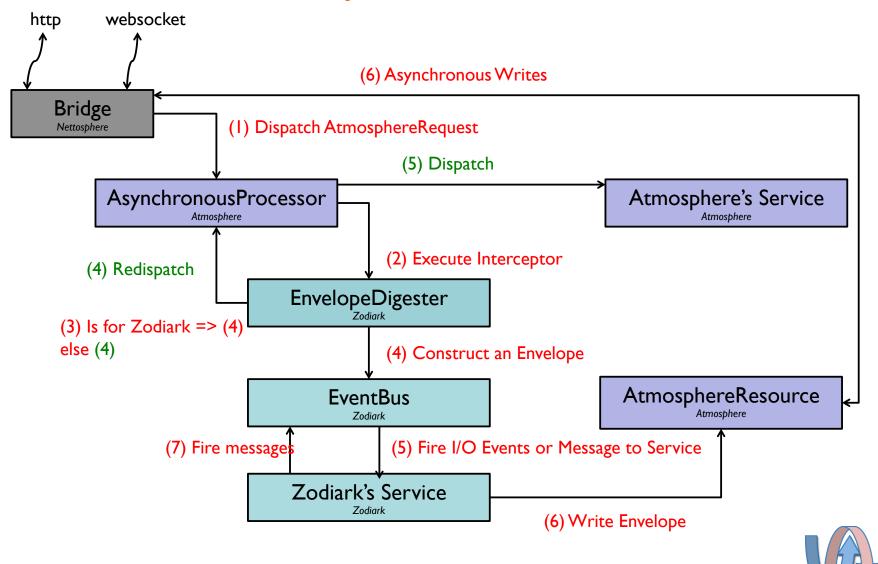
NettoSphere

Jetty or Tomcat

JVM



Request Workflow



Zodiark Internal

Envelope Digester Zodiark

Annotated with @AtmosphereInterceptor, this class will be deployed and its role will consist of deserializing the AtmosphereRequest's body into an Envelope. An Envelope contains the protocol information. All Endpoints must use an Envelope between them for communicating.

If the EnvelopeDigester is unable to deserialize into an Envelope, the request will be dispatched back to Atmosphere, and Atmosphere will try dispatch the request to its own services.

EventBus

Master piece of the Zodiark's Architecture. Responsible for delivering I/O events from remote endpoint to Service, as well as deliver messages between Services. Services must always communicate between them using the EventBus.

The EventBus can deliver I/O events synchronously (using the calling thread) or asynchronously. The default behavior is synchronously, but for performance reason asynchronously will eventually be enabled.

Service Zodiark A Service reacts to I/O events and messages. All Zodiark's features must be implemented as Service. A Service can be registered manually or programmatically using the @On annotation. PublisherService, SubscriberService, WowzaService are example of Service implementation.



Zodiark Internal



Responsible for Injecting and Creating Object in Zodiark. For example, the EventBus is getting injected for all Service. In Zodiark, no classes are created directly and instead must be created using the Context or ZodiarkObjectFactory

Chat Atmosphere

A pure Atmosphere Service used for the Zodiark Chat. The Envelope send by the Publisher and Subscriber are deserialized and the chat conversation is redispatched to Atmosphere's own Service.

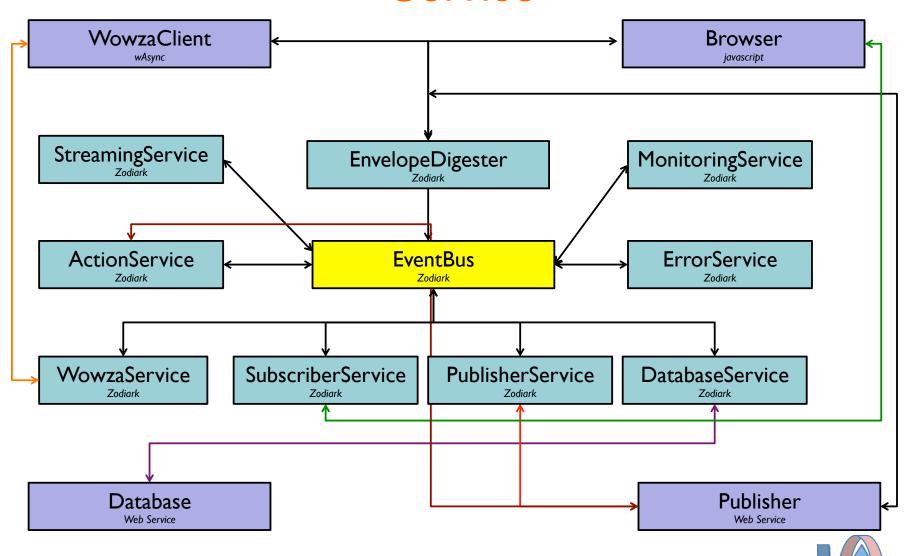
ZodiarkServer

Zodiark

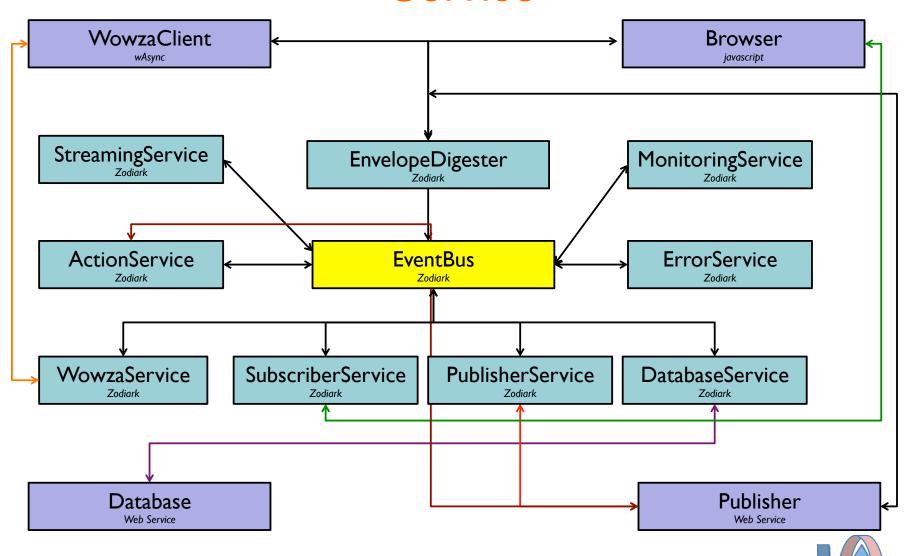
Bootstrap classes used to start NettoSphere, Atmosphere and Zodiark



Service



Service



API Documentation

http://high-level.github.io/zodiark/apidocs/



EventBus

```
public interface EventBus {
     EventBus ioEvent(Envelope e, AtmosphereResource r);
     EventBus io Event (Envelope e, Atmosphere Resource r,
                       Reply reply);
     EventBus message(String path, Object message);
     EventBus message(String path, Object message, Reply reply);
     EventBus on(String path, Service service);
     EventBus off(String path);
```



Reply

```
public interface Reply<T> {
    void ok(T response);
    void fail(T response);
}
```



Service

```
public interface Service {
    // I/O Event
    void reactTo(Envelope e, AtmosphereResource r);

    // String
    void reactTo(String path, Object message, Reply reply);
}
```



PublisherService

public class PublisherServiceImpl implements PublisherService, Session<PublisherEndpoint> {



WowzaClient

- wAsync Client extended to support the Zodiark Protocol.
- Support WebSockets and Streaming
- Fully Asynchronous



Wowza Client

```
final ZodiarkClient c = new ZodiarkClient.Builder()
                                     .path("http://127.0.0.1:8080").build();
  c.handler(new OnEnvelopHandler() {
       @Override
       public boolean on Envelop (Envelope e) throws IOException {
         // React
         c.handler(new OnEnvelopHandler() {
            @Override
            public boolean on Envelop (Envelope e) throws IOException {
               return false:
         }).send(Envelope.newClientReply(e, e.getMessage()));
         return true;
    .open()
    .send(Envelope.newClientToServerRequest(
                        new Message(new Path("/wowza/validate/"),"OK")));
```



JavaScript Client: subscriber.js

- Pure Javascript Client
- Based on atmosphere.js, with extension of the Zodiark Protocol



JavaScript Client: subscriber.js

```
var handler = new zodiark.EnvelopeHandler();
  handler.onEnvelope = function (envelope) {
  };
  handler.onError = function (error) {
  handler.onClose = function (response) {
  socket = new zodiark.Builder()
             .url(document.location.toString()).build()
             .handler(handler).open();
```

