An Introduction to HPC and Scientific Computing

CWM, Department of Engineering Science

University of Oxford

**Practical 5: Practical examples of CUDA libraries.**

This practical will review some of the CUDA libraries and there uses which were discussed in the lecture “An introduction to GPUs and how to use them”.

The learning outcomes of this practical are:

* To have some understanding of CUDA libraries and there uses.
* To understand how memory is allocated on the GPU.
* To understand how data is transferred to and from the GPU.

All practicals for this course will be carried out on the Universities ARCUS-B computer. To understand how to use ARCUS-B see the slides from lecture 3. As a reminder log in using ssh as follows:

ssh –CX [teachingXY@arcus-b.arc.ox.ac.uk](mailto:teachingXY@arcus-b.arc.ox.ac.uk)

Where teachingXY is the account that we have issued you with.

If you have not done so clone the github repo for this CWM. To do this, at the command prompt type:

$ git clone <https://github.com/wesarmour/CWM-in-HPC-and-Scientific-Computing.git>

Or

$git pull

To update your local repo.

**Instructions for this practical**

***Part A (The first part of this practical is courtesy of Mike Giles)***

1. Navigate to the code director in the prac5 directory.
2. Make both applications, simpleBLAS and simpleFFT by typing make.
3. Run them – the output should show that the error between the library result and the corresponding CPU “Gold” code is very small.
4. Read through the source files to see how the library routines are used, referring to the online documentation for both CUBLAS and CUFFT.

***Part B***

1. Take the information given in the lecture notes and use it to write a code that uses cuRAND to generate a normal distribution of numbers.
2. Add a function to your host code that will calculate the mean and standard deviation of the random number distribution that you generate using cuRAND.
3. Write a function that will generate a histogram of the randoms.
4. Use printf() to output your histogram to a file and then using a plotting tool (such as gnuplot) to view the results.

***Bonus questions***

1. Generate different random number distributions using cuRAND and plot the results.
2. Implement the Box-Muller transform on the CPU and compare the results to those generated by cuRAND (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Box%E2%80%93Muller_transform>)

*Do not worry if you don’t complete all of the above. The aim of this practical is to encourage you to write your own C code and become familiar with some of the common functions.*