

# tetris.vdm

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## 1 Board

```
class Board

  -- Represents the game board, with its matrix.

  types

    -- Position in the board.
    public Position = seq of int
    -- A position is a sequence with exactly to integers.
    inv position == len position = 2;
    -- The board matrix is represented by a map.
    public Matrix = map Position to nat;
```

## instance variables

```
-- Total number of rows in the board, including two lines that
-- are not displayed for the user to see.
public static maxRow : nat1 := 22;
-- Total number of rows that are visible during gameplay.
public static maxVisibleRow : nat1 := 20;
-- Total number of columns in the board.
public static maxColumn : nat1 := 10;

-- Aids for printing the board matrix in the console.
private print_startTag : Game`String := "  ";
private print_endTag : Game`String := "  \n";
private print_bottomLine : Game`String := " ";

-- The matrix attributes to each position in the board
-- a natural number: 0 if the position is empty; the id of the
-- tetramino if it is occupied.
private matrix : Matrix := {|->};
```

## operations

```
public Board : () ==> Board
Board() == (
  initBoard();
);

-- Initiates the board matrix with all positions empty,
-- that is, with zeros.

private initBoard : () ==> ()
initBoard() == (
  for i = 1 to maxRow do
    for j = 1 to maxColumn do
      matrix := matrix ++ {[i,j] |-> 0}
)
post matrix([1,1]) = 0 and matrix([maxRow, maxColumn]) = 0;

-- Returns a string containing the board matrix in its
-- printing form. If the boolean printNow is true, the matrix is
-- immediately printed. If the boolean blackConsole is true, the
-- matrix is printed without using colors. If the boolean testPrint
-- is true, the invisible lines are printed for test purposes.

public getBoardPrint : bool * bool * bool ==> Game`String
getBoardPrint(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (
  dcl print_board : Game`String := "\n";
  dcl start_row : nat1 := 3;
  if testPrint then start_row := 1;
  for i = start_row to maxRow do(
    print_board := print_board ^ print_startTag;
    for j=1 to maxColumn do
      print_board := print_board
        ^ getCellPrint(matrix([i,j]), i, blackConsole);
    print_board := print_board ^ print_endTag;
  );
  if printNow then
    IO.println(print_board ^ print_bottomLine);
  return print_board ^ print_bottomLine ;
);

-- Returns the string corresponding to a board cell print.
-- If blackConsole is true, there are only three strings
```

```

-- possible, depending on whether the position is empty or filled
-- and diferentiating the invisible lines.
-- If blackConsole is false, each tetramino will have a different
-- print, according to its color.

private getCellPrint: nat * nat * bool ==> Game`String
getCellPrint(id, row, blackConsole) == (
  if blackConsole then
    cases id:
      0 -> if row < 3 then return " " else return "  ",
      others -> return "  "
    end
  else
    cases id:
      0 -> if row < 3 then return " " else return "",
      1 -> return "\u001B[38;5;51m" ^ " " ^ "\u001B[0m",
      2 -> return "\u001B[38;5;21m" ^ " " ^ "\u001B[0m",
      3 -> return "\u001B[38;5;208m" ^ " " ^ "\u001B[0m",
      4 -> return "\u001B[38;5;226m" ^ " " ^ "\u001B[0m",
      5 -> return "\u001B[38;5;34m" ^ " " ^ "\u001B[0m",
      6 -> return "\u001B[38;5;165m" ^ " " ^ "\u001B[0m",
      others -> return "\u001B[38;5;196m" ^ " " ^ "\u001B[0m"
    end
  )
);

-- Checks a board row to determine if it is completely filled
-- with tetramino cells. In affirmative case, the row is removed
-- from the board and the rows above it are shifted down.

private checkRow : int ==> bool
checkRow(row) == (
  for column = 1 to maxColumn do
    if (matrix([row, column]) = 0) then return false;
  for i = row - 1 to 1 by -1 do
    for j = 1 to maxColumn do
      matrix([i + 1, j]) := matrix([i, j]);
    return true
  )
)
pre row >= 1 and row <= maxRow;

-- Checks all the rows of the board and returns the number of rows
-- that where removed.

public checkRows : () ==> nat
checkRows() == (
  dcl result : nat := 0;
  for row = 1 to maxRow do
    if checkRow(row) then result := result + 1;
  return result
)
post RESULT <= maxRow;

public setMatrixPosition : Position * nat ==> ()
setMatrixPosition(position, value) ==
  matrix(position) := value
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, maxRow, 1, maxColumn);

public getMatrixPosition : Position ==> nat
getMatrixPosition(position) ==
  return matrix(position)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, maxRow, 1, maxColumn);

end Board

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Board	39	100.0%	1
checkRow	105	100.0%	1364
checkRows	118	100.0%	62
getBoardPrint	59	100.0%	654
getCellPrint	82	21.3%	143880
getMatrixPosition	132	100.0%	6349
initBoard	46	100.0%	1
setMatrixPosition	127	100.0%	12924
Board.vdmpp		74.8%	165235

## 2 Game

```

class Game

  -- Represents the whole game, and provides all the necessary
  -- operations for playing it.

  types

  public String = seq of char;

  instance variables

  -- The game board.
  private board : Board;
  -- The current game tetramino.
  private tetramino : Tetramino;
  -- Indicates if the game is finished.
  private gameOver : bool := false;
  -- The game score.
  private score : nat := 0;
  -- The number of completed lines in the game.
  private lines : nat := 0;
  -- The level of the game.
  private level : nat1 := 1;

  -- The scores that lines make, according to the number of lines
  -- made at once (1, 2, 3 or 4).
  private static lineScores : seq of nat
    := [100, 300, 400, 800];

  operations

  public Game : () ==> Game
  Game() ==
    board := new Board();

```

```

public getBoard: () ==> Board
getBoard() ==
  return board;

public setGameOver : () ==> ()
setGameOver() ==
  gameOver := true;

public getGameOver : () ==> bool
getGameOver() ==
  return gameOver;

  -- Generates a new tetramino of the specified type.

public newTetramino : nat1 ==> ()
newTetramino(id) == (
  cases id:
    1 -> tetramino := new TetraminoI(self),
    2 -> tetramino := new TetraminoJ(self),
    3 -> tetramino := new TetraminoL(self),
    4 -> tetramino := new TetraminoO(self),
    5 -> tetramino := new TetraminoS(self),
    6 -> tetramino := new TetraminoT(self),
    7 -> tetramino := new TetraminoZ(self)
  end;
)
pre id >= 1 and id <= 7;

  -- Generates a new random tetramino.

public newRandomTetramino: () ==> ()
newRandomTetramino() ==
  newTetramino(MATH.rand(7) + 1);

  -- Tries to move the current tetramino down.

public down : () ==> bool
down() ==
  return tetramino.moveDown(board);

  -- Tries to move the current tetramino left.

public left : () ==> bool
left() ==
  return tetramino.moveLeft(board);

  -- Tries to move the current tetramino right.

public right : () ==> bool
right() ==
  return tetramino.moveRight(board);

  -- Tries to rotate the current tetramino.

public rotate : () ==> bool
rotate() ==
  return tetramino.rotate(board);

  -- Drops the current tetramino to the bottom of the board.
  -- Also updates the score, using the current level and the
  -- total distance of the drop.

public drop : () ==> nat

```

```

drop() == (
  dcl dropDistance: nat := tetramino.drop(board);
  score := score + dropDistance * level;
  return dropDistance;
);

-- Checks all game lines for completion and updates the game
-- score according to the number of completed lines and the
-- current game level.

public checkLines : () ==> nat
checkLines() == (
  dcl newLines: nat := board.checkRows();
  lines := lines + newLines;
  if newLines > 0 then score := score + lineScores(newLines) * level;
  level := 1 + (lines div 10);
  return newLines
);

public getScore : () ==> nat
getScore() == return score;

public getLines : () ==> nat
getLines() == return lines;

public getLevel : () ==> nat1
getLevel() == return level;

-- Returns a printing string of the board.
-- If blackConsole is true, there are only three strings
-- possible, depending on whether the position is empty or filled
-- and diferentiating the invisible lines.
-- If blackConsole is false, each tetramino will have a different
-- print, according to its color.

public printBoard : bool * bool * bool ==> String
printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) ==
  return board.getBoardPrint(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
end Game

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
Game	35	100.0%	1
checkLines	104	100.0%	62
down	72	100.0%	96
drop	94	100.0%	62
getBoard	39	100.0%	309
getGameOver	47	100.0%	78
getLevel	119	100.0%	2
getLines	116	100.0%	2
getScore	113	100.0%	12
left	77	100.0%	248
newRandomTetramino	67	100.0%	14
newTetramino	52	100.0%	62

printBoard	128	100.0%	654
right	82	100.0%	190
rotate	87	100.0%	70
setGameOver	43	100.0%	4
Game.vdmpp		100.0%	1866

### 3 TestCaseExtra

```

class TestCaseExtra

  -- Class obtained from the Vending Machine example of MFES

  operations
  -- Simulates assertion checking by reducing it to pre-condition checking.
  -- If 'arg' does not hold, a pre-condition violation will be signaled.

  protected assertTrue: bool ==> ()
  assertTrue(arg) ==
    return
  pre arg;

  -- Simulates assertion checking by reducing it to post-condition checking.
  -- If values are not equal, prints a message in the console and generates
  -- a post-conditions violation.

  protected assertEquals: ? * ? ==> ()
  assertEquals(expected, actual) ==
    if expected <> actual then (
      IO`print("Actual value (");
      IO`print(actual);
      IO`print(") different from expected (");
      IO`print(expected);
      IO`println(")\n")
    )
  post expected = actual

end TestCaseExtra

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
assertEquals	17	38.8%	121
assertTrue	9	100.0%	185
TestCaseExtra.vdmpp		45.0%	306

### 4 TestTetris

```

class TestTetris is subclass of TestCaseExtra

  instance variables

  private printBoard : Game`String := "";

```

operations

```
-- Prints the initial board matrix and checks it is as should be for tests.
```

[illegible]

```
-- Adds a tetramino of type I to the board and checks it is in the right position.
```

[illegible]







```
-- Adds a tetramino of type T to the board and checks it is in the right position.
```

[illegible]

```
-- Adds a tetramino of type Z to the board and checks it is in the right position.
```

[illegible]

```
-- Adds another tetramino of type S to the board and checks it is in the right position.
```



```

    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.drop(), 18);
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 36);
    assertEquals(game.checkLines(), 0);
);

-- Moves the third tetramino several times and in several ways and checks the drop
-- amount as well as the score and the lines.

private moveTetramino3_test: Game * bool * bool * bool ==> ()
moveTetramino3_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.right());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.right());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.right());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.right());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.drop(), 18);
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 54);
    assertEquals(game.checkLines(), 1);
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 154);
);

-- Moves the fourth tetramino several times and in several ways and checks the drop
-- amount as well as the score and the lines.

private moveTetramino4_test: Game * bool * bool * bool ==> ()
moveTetramino4_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
);

```



```

    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 207);
    assertEquals(game.checkLines(), 0);
};

-- Moves the seventh tetramino several times and in several ways and checks the drop
-- amount as well as the score and the lines.

private moveTetramino7_test: Game * bool * bool * bool ==> ()
moveTetramino7_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.drop(), 18);
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 225);
    assertEquals(game.checkLines(), 0);
);

-- Moves the eighth tetramino several times and in several ways and checks the drop
-- amount as well as the score and the lines.

private moveTetramino8_test: Game * bool * bool * bool ==> ()
moveTetramino8_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.down());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.rotate());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertTrue(game.left());
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.drop(), 17);
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 242);
    assertEquals(game.checkLines(), 2);
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 542);
);

-- Plays the game for a while, using only I tetraminoes, to test the number of lines
-- completed, as well as the score and level increments.

private play_test: Game * bool * bool * bool ==> ()
play_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (
    dcl column: nat := 0;
    for i = 1 to 40 do (
        game.newTetramino(1);
        assertTrue(game.down());

```

```

printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
assertTrue(game.down());
printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
assertTrue(game.rotate());
printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
while game.left() do
  printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  for j = 1 to column do
    if game.right() then
      printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  if column = 2 or column = 6 then assertEquals(game.drop(), 15)
  else assertEquals(game.drop(), 16);
  printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  if column = 9 then (
    assertEquals(game.checkLines(), 4);
    printBoard := game.printBoard(true, true, true)
  )
  else assertEquals(game.checkLines(), 0);
  column := (column + 1) mod 10;
  if i = 20 then (
    assertEquals(game.getLines(), 11);
    assertEquals(game.getLevel(), 2);
    assertEquals(game.getScore(), 542 + 16 * 16 + 15 * 4 + 800 * 2);
  )
);
assertEquals(game.getLines(), 19);
assertEquals(game.getLevel(), 2);
assertEquals(game.getScore(), 2458 + 16 * 16 * 2 + 15 * 4 * 2 + 800 * 2 * 2);
);

-- Randomly generates tetraminoes and drops them, in order to test that the game
-- ends correctly.

private gameOver_test: Game * bool * bool * bool ==> ()
gameOver_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (

  while not game.getGameOver() do (
    game.newRandomTetramino();
    printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    if game.drop() > 0
    then printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    if game.checkLines() > 0
    then printBoard := game.printBoard(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  );
  assertTrue(game.getGameOver());
);

-- Runs all the tests, printing the board for further visual
-- confirmation of the results.

public static main: bool * bool * bool ==> ()
main(printNow, blackConsole, testPrint) == (
  decl game: Game := new Game();
  IO`print("\n##### TESTS #####\n");
  new TestTetris().initMatrix_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().addTetramino1_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().moveTetramino1_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().addTetramino2_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().moveTetramino2_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().addTetramino3_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().moveTetramino3_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().addTetramino4_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().moveTetramino4_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().addTetramino5_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
  new TestTetris().moveTetramino5_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);

```



```

    new TestTetris().addTetramino6_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    new TestTetris().moveTetramino6_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    new TestTetris().addTetramino7_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    new TestTetris().moveTetramino7_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    new TestTetris().addTetramino8_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    new TestTetris().moveTetramino8_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    new TestTetris().play_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
    new TestTetris().gameOver_test(game, printNow, blackConsole, testPrint);
);
end TestTetris

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
addTetramino1_test	41	100.0%	1
addTetramino2_test	72	100.0%	1
addTetramino3_test	103	100.0%	1
addTetramino4_test	134	100.0%	1
addTetramino5_test	165	100.0%	1
addTetramino6_test	196	100.0%	1
addTetramino7_test	227	100.0%	1
addTetramino8_test	258	100.0%	1
gameOver_test	540	84.2%	1
initalMatrix_test	11	100.0%	1
main	556	100.0%	1
moveTetramino1_test	290	100.0%	1
moveTetramino2_test	312	100.0%	1
moveTetramino3_test	340	100.0%	1
moveTetramino4_test	372	100.0%	1
moveTetramino5_test	394	100.0%	1
moveTetramino6_test	424	100.0%	1
moveTetramino7_test	452	100.0%	1
moveTetramino8_test	480	100.0%	1
play_test	502	100.0%	1
TestTetris.vdmpp		99.6%	20

## 5 Tetramino

```

class Tetramino
-- Defines a tetris piece, with all its relevant attributes.
-- The position of the tetramino is represented by the position of
-- its minoes, which are the four cells composing the tetramino.

types

public Color = <Cyan> | <Blue> | <Orange>
            | <Yellow> | <Green> | <Purple> | <Red>;
public Minoes = seq of Board'Position
-- There are always 4 minoes in each tetramino.
inv minoes == len minoes = 4

```

#### instance variables

```
-- Color of the piece, to aid in visualization
private color : Color := <Cyan>;
-- Id of the piece, to simplify its representation in the board
private id : nat1 := 1;
-- The current orientation of the tetramino, since it can rotate
private orientation : nat := 0;
-- The positions of each of the individual cells of the tetramino
private minoes : Minoes := [[1, 1], [1, 2], [1, 3], [1, 4]];

-- The id is a natural number between 1 and 7,
-- because there are 7 different types of tetraminoes
-- The orientation is a number between 0 and 3,
-- because there are at most 4 different orientations,
-- depending on the tetramino type.
inv id <= 7 and orientation < 4
```

#### functions

```
-- Checks if a given position is contained within the expected parameters.

public checkPosition : Board'Position * int * int * int * int -> bool
checkPosition(position, min1, max1, min2, max2) ==
  position(1) >= min1
  and position(1) <= max1
  and position(2) >= min2
  and position(2) <= max2;

-- Checks that all the tetramino cells have different positions,
-- and that those positions are inside the expected parameters,
-- which will be the board limits

public checkMinoes : Minoes * int * int * int * int -> bool
checkMinoes(minoes, min1, max1, min2, max2) ==
  card elems minoes = 4
  and forall mino in set elems minoes &
    checkPosition(mino, min1, max1, min2, max2)
```

#### operations

```
protected setColor : Color ==> ()
setColor(c) == color := c;

protected setId : nat ==> ()
setId(i) == id := i
pre i >= 1 and i <= 7;

public getOrientation : () ==> nat
getOrientation() == return orientation
post RESULT < 4;

-- Given the position of the first of the four minoes, this operation
-- sets the position of remaining three minoes. It also places the tetramino
-- on the board if all positions are valid, otherwise, the tetramino remains
-- in its original position.

private setMinoes : Board * Board'Position ==> bool
```

```

setMinoes(board, position) == (
  dcl tempMinoes : Minoes := minoes;
  dcl tempPosition : Board'Position := position;
  removeTetramino(board);
  for i = 1 to 4 do (
    if (validPosition(board, tempPosition))
    then tempMinoes(i) := tempPosition
    else (
      addTetramino(board);
      return false
    );
    tempPosition := getNextMino(tempPosition, i);
  );
  minoes := tempMinoes;
  addTetramino(board);
  return true
)
pre checkPosition(position, -1, Board'maxRow + 2, -1, Board'maxColumn + 2)
post checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board'maxRow, 1, Board'maxColumn);

-- Very similar to the previous operation, but this one is used only when a
-- tetramino is generated. It does not remove the tetramino from its previous
-- position on the board (since it was never placed) and if at least one of the
-- positions of the minoes is invalid, it declares the game over.

protected initialSetMinoes : Game * Board'Position ==> ()
initialSetMinoes(game, position) == (
  dcl tempPosition : Board'Position := position;
  dcl tempMinoes : Minoes := minoes;
  for i = 1 to 4 do (
    if (validPosition(game.getBoard(), tempPosition))
    then (
      tempMinoes(i) := tempPosition;
      tempPosition := getNextMino(tempPosition, i)
    )
    else game.setGameOver()
  );
  if not game.getGameOver() then (
    minoes := tempMinoes;
    addTetramino(game.getBoard())
  )
)
pre checkPosition(position, 1, Board'maxRow, 1, Board'maxColumn)
post checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board'maxRow, 1, Board'maxColumn);

-- Given the position of one mino it computes the position of the next mino
-- in the tetramino. The current mino is identified by its index within the
-- tetramino. This is highly dependent on the type of tetramino, so can
-- only be defined in each subclass.

protected getNextMino: Board'Position * nat ==> Board'Position
getNextMino(position, index) ==
  is subclass responsibility;

-- Given the current position of the first mino of a tetramino, determines
-- the position of that mino after the tetramino is rotated.

protected getRotatedMino: Board'Position ==> Board'Position
getRotatedMino(position) ==
  is subclass responsibility;

-- Checks if a given position on the board is valid for occupation, that is,
-- if it is inside the board limits and not currently occupied by some mino

protected validPosition : Board * Board'Position ==> bool

```

```

validPosition(board, position) ==
  return checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
  and board.getMatrixPosition(position) = 0;

-- Removes the tetramino from the board.

protected removeTetramino : Board ==> ()
removeTetramino(board) ==
  for mino in minoes do
    board.setMatrixPosition(mino, 0)
pre checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn);

-- Places the tetramino in the board.

protected addTetramino : Board ==> ()
addTetramino(board) ==
  for mino in minoes do
    board.setMatrixPosition(mino, id)
pre checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn);

-- Moves the tetramino down in the board.

public moveDown : Board ==> bool
moveDown(board) ==
  return setMinoes(board, [minoes(1)(1) + 1, minoes(1)(2)])
pre checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn);

-- Moves the tetramino left in the board.

public moveLeft : Board ==> bool
moveLeft(board) ==
  return setMinoes(board, [minoes(1)(1), minoes(1)(2) - 1])
pre checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn);

-- Moves the tetramino right in the board.

public moveRight : Board ==> bool
moveRight(board) ==
  return setMinoes(board, [minoes(1)(1), minoes(1)(2) + 1])
pre checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn);

-- Rotates the tetramino in the board.

public rotate : Board ==> bool
rotate(board) == (
  decl position : Board`Position := getRotatedMino(minoes(1));
  orientation := (orientation + 1) mod 4;
  return setMinoes(board, position)
)
pre checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn);

-- Drops the tetramino to the lowest available position in the board.

public drop : Board ==> nat
drop(board) == (
  decl result : nat := 0;
  while moveDown(board) do
    result := result + 1;
  return result
)
pre checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)

```

```

post checkMinoes(minoes, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
  and RESULT < Board`maxRow;

end Tetramino

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
addTetramino	147	100.0%	1646
checkMinoes	49	100.0%	8172
checkPosition	39	100.0%	145640
drop	185	100.0%	62
getNextMino	122	100.0%	2
getOrientation	65	100.0%	6392
getRotatedMino	128	100.0%	2
initialSetMinoes	98	100.0%	62
moveDown	154	100.0%	1077
moveLeft	161	100.0%	248
moveRight	168	100.0%	190
removeTetramino	140	100.0%	1585
rotate	175	100.0%	70
setColor	58	100.0%	62
setId	61	100.0%	62
setMinoes	73	100.0%	1585
validPosition	134	100.0%	6428
Tetramino.vdmpp		100.0%	173285

## 6 TetraminoI

```

class TetraminoI is subclass of Tetramino

  -- Tetramino of the type I: xxxx
  --
  --
  -- Minoes:          1234
  --

operations

  public TetraminoI : Game ==> TetraminoI
  TetraminoI(game) == (
    Tetramino`setColor(<Cyan>);
    Tetramino`setId(1);
    Tetramino`initialSetMinoes(game, [2, 4]);
    return self
  );

  protected getNextMino: Board`Position * nat ==> Board`Position
  getNextMino(position, index) == (
    dcl result : Board`Position := position;
    cases Tetramino`getOrientation():

```

```

    0 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
    2 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
    3 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, 0, Board`maxRow + 1, 0, Board`maxColumn + 1);

protected getRotatedMino: Board`Position ==> Board`Position
getRotatedMino(position) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
    0 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) - 1;
      result(2) := position(2) + 2;
    ),
    1 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) + 2;
      result(2) := position(2) + 1;
    ),
    2 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) + 1;
      result(2) := position(2) - 2;
    ),
    3 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) - 2;
      result(2) := position(2) - 1;
    )
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, -1, Board`maxRow + 2, -1, Board`maxColumn + 2);

end TetraminoI

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
TetraminoI	12	100.0%	43
getNextMino	20	100.0%	4971
getRotatedMino	34	100.0%	44
TetraminoI.vdmpp		100.0%	5058

## 7 TetraminoJ

```

class TetraminoJ is subclass of Tetramino

-- Tetramino of the type J: x
--   xxx
--
-- Minoes:      1
--   234

```

## operations

```
public TetraminoJ : (Game) ==> TetraminoJ
TetraminoJ(game) == (
  Tetramino`setColor(<Blue>);
  Tetramino`setId(2);
  Tetramino`initialSetMinoes(game, [1, 4]);
  return self
);

protected getNextMino: Board`Position * nat ==> Board`Position
getNextMino(position, index) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
  0 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
    others -> result(2) := position(2) + 1
  end
  ),
  1 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
    others -> result(1) := position(1) + 1
  end
  ),
  2 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1,
    others -> result(2) := position(2) - 1
  end
  ),
  3 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
    others -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
  end
  )
  end;
  return result
)
pre index in set {1, ..., 4}
and Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, 0, Board`maxRow + 1, 0, Board`maxColumn + 1);

protected getRotatedMino: Board`Position ==> Board`Position
getRotatedMino(position) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
  0 -> result(2) := position(2) + 2,
  1 -> result(1) := position(1) + 2,
  2 -> result(2) := position(2) - 2,
  3 -> result(1) := position(1) - 2
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, -1, Board`maxRow + 2, -1, Board`maxColumn + 2);

end TetraminoJ
```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
TetraminoJ	12	100.0%	4
getNextMino	20	100.0%	258
getRotatedMino	55	100.0%	4
TetraminoJ.vdmpp		100.0%	266

## 8 TetraminoL

```

class TetraminoL is subclass of Tetramino

-- Tetramino of the type J: x
--      xxx
--
-- Minoes:      1
--      432

operations

public TetraminoL : (Game) ==> TetraminoL
TetraminoL(game) == (
  Tetramino`setColor(<Orange>);
  Tetramino`setId(3);
  Tetramino`initialSetMinoes(game, [1, 6]);
  return self
);

protected getNextMino: Board`Position * nat ==> Board`Position
getNextMino(position, index) == (
  decl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
  0 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
    others -> result(2) := position(2) - 1
    end
  ),
  1 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
    others -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
    end
  ),
  2 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1,
    others -> result(2) := position(2) + 1
    end
  ),
  3 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
    others -> result(1) := position(1) + 1
    end
  )
  end;
  return result

```



```

)
pre index in set {1, ..., 4}
and Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, 0, Board`maxRow + 1, 0, Board`maxColumn + 1);

protected getRotatedMino: Board`Position ==> Board`Position
getRotatedMino(position) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
    0 -> result(1) := position(1) + 2,
    1 -> result(2) := position(2) - 2,
    2 -> result(1) := position(1) - 2,
    3 -> result(2) := position(2) + 2
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, -1, Board`maxRow + 2, -1, Board`maxColumn + 2);
end TetraminoL

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
TetraminoL	12	100.0%	2
getNextMino	20	100.0%	146
getRotatedMino	55	100.0%	4
TetraminoL.vdmpp		100.0%	152

## 9 TetraminoO

```

class TetraminoO is subclass of Tetramino

-- Tetramino of the type J: xx
--      xx
--
-- Minoes:      12
--      43

operations

public TetraminoO : (Game) ==> TetraminoO
TetraminoO(game) == (
  Tetramino`setColor(<Yellow>);
  Tetramino`setId(4);
  Tetramino`initialSetMinoes(game, [1, 5]);
  return self
);

protected getNextMino: Board`Position * nat ==> Board`Position
getNextMino(position, index) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
    0 -> (
      cases index:

```

```

    1 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
    2 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
    others -> result(2) := position(2) - 1
end
),
1 -> (
  cases index:
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
    2 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
    others -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
  end
),
2 -> (
  cases index:
    1 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
    2 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1,
    others -> result(2) := position(2) + 1
  end
),
3 -> (
  cases index:
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1,
    2 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
    others -> result(1) := position(1) + 1
  end
)
end;
return result
)
pre index in set {1, ..., 4}
and Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, 0, Board`maxRow + 1, 0, Board`maxColumn + 1);

protected getRotatedMino: Board`Position ==> Board`Position
getRotatedMino(position) == (
  decl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
    0 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
    2 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
    3 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, -1, Board`maxRow + 2, -1, Board`maxColumn + 2);
end TetraminoO

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
TetraminoO	11	100.0%	3
getNextMino	19	100.0%	250
getRotatedMino	58	100.0%	4
TetraminoO.vdmpp		100.0%	257

## 10 TetraminoS

```

class TetraminoS is subclass of Tetramino

-- Tetramino of the type J:  xx
--          xx
--
-- Minoes:      21
--          43

operations

public TetraminoS : (Game) ==> TetraminoS
TetraminoS(game) == (
  Tetramino'setColor(<Green>);
  Tetramino'setId(5);
  Tetramino'initialSetMinoes(game, [1, 6]);
  return self
);

protected getNextMino: Board'Position * nat ==> Board'Position
getNextMino(position, index) == (
  dcl result : Board'Position := position;
  cases Tetramino'getOrientation():
    0 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
        others -> result(2) := position(2) - 1
      end
    ),
    1 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
        others -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
      end
    ),
    2 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1,
        others -> result(2) := position(2) + 1
      end
    ),
    3 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
        others -> result(1) := position(1) + 1
      end
    )
  end;
  return result
)

pre index in set {1, ..., 4}
and Tetramino'checkPosition(position, 1, Board'maxRow, 1, Board'maxColumn)
post Tetramino'checkPosition(RESULT, 0, Board'maxRow + 1, 0, Board'maxColumn + 1);

protected getRotatedMino: Board'Position ==> Board'Position
getRotatedMino(position) == (
  dcl result : Board'Position := position;
  cases Tetramino'getOrientation():
    0 -> result(1) := position(1) + 2,
    1 -> result(2) := position(2) - 2,
    2 -> result(1) := position(1) - 2,

```

```

    3 -> result(2) := position(2) + 2
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, -1, Board`maxRow + 2, -1, Board`maxColumn + 2);
end TetraminoS

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
TetraminoS	12	100.0%	6
getNextMino	20	100.0%	416
getRotatedMino	55	100.0%	5
TetraminoS.vdmpp		100.0%	427

## 11 TetraminoT

```

class TetraminoT is subclass of Tetramino

-- Tetramino of the type J:  x
--      xxx
--
-- Minoes:      1
--      234

operations

public TetraminoT : (Game) ==> TetraminoT
TetraminoT(game) == (
  Tetramino`setColor(<Purple>);
  Tetramino`setId(6);
  Tetramino`initialSetMinoes(game, [1, 5]);
  return self
);

protected getNextMino: Board`Position * nat ==> Board`Position
getNextMino(position, index) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
  0 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) + 1;
      result(2) := position(2) - 1;
    ),
    others -> result(2) := position(2) + 1
  end
),
  1 -> (
    cases index:
    1 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) - 1;
      result(2) := position(2) - 1;

```

```

    ),
    others -> result(1) := position(1) + 1
end
),
2 -> (
  cases index:
    1 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) - 1;
      result(2) := position(2) + 1;
    ),
    others -> result(2) := position(2) - 1
  end
),
3 -> (
  cases index:
    1 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) + 1;
      result(2) := position(2) + 1;
    ),
    others -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
  end
)
end;
return result
)
pre index in set {1, ..., 4}
and Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, 0, Board`maxRow + 1, 0, Board`maxColumn + 1);

protected getRotatedMino: Board`Position ==> Board`Position
getRotatedMino(position) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
    0 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) + 1;
      result(2) := position(2) + 1;
    ),
    1 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) + 1;
      result(2) := position(2) - 1;
    ),
    2 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) - 1;
      result(2) := position(2) - 1;
    ),
    3 -> (
      result(1) := position(1) - 1;
      result(2) := position(2) + 1;
    )
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, -1, Board`maxRow + 2, -1, Board`maxColumn + 2);
end TetraminoT

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
TetraminoT	12	100.0%	2

getNextMino	20	100.0%	157
getRotatedMino	67	100.0%	5
TetraminoT.vdmpp		100.0%	164

## 12 TetraminoZ

```

class TetraminoZ is subclass of Tetramino

-- Tetramino of the type Z: xx
--      xx
--
-- Minoes:      12
--      34

operations

public TetraminoZ : (Game) ==> TetraminoZ
TetraminoZ(game) == (
  Tetramino`setColor(<Red>);
  Tetramino`setId(7);
  Tetramino`initialSetMinoes(game, [1, 4]);
  return self
);

protected getNextMino: Board`Position * nat ==> Board`Position
getNextMino(position, index) == (
  decl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
    0 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(1) := position(1) + 1,
        others -> result(2) := position(2) + 1
      end
    ),
    1 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(2) := position(2) - 1,
        others -> result(1) := position(1) + 1
      end
    ),
    2 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(1) := position(1) - 1,
        others -> result(2) := position(2) - 1
      end
    ),
    3 -> (
      cases index:
        2 -> result(2) := position(2) + 1,
        others -> result(1) := position(1) - 1
      end
    )
  end;
  return result
)
pre index in set {1, ..., 4}
and Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)

```

```

post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, 0, Board`maxRow + 1, 0, Board`maxColumn + 1);

protected getRotatedMino: Board`Position ==> Board`Position
getRotatedMino(position) == (
  dcl result : Board`Position := position;
  cases Tetramino`getOrientation():
    0 -> result(2) := position(2) + 2,
    1 -> result(1) := position(1) + 2,
    2 -> result(2) := position(2) - 2,
    3 -> result(1) := position(1) - 2
  end;
  return result
)
pre Tetramino`checkPosition(position, 1, Board`maxRow, 1, Board`maxColumn)
post Tetramino`checkPosition(RESULT, -1, Board`maxRow + 2, -1, Board`maxColumn + 2);

end TetraminoZ

```

Function or operation	Line	Coverage	Calls
TetraminoZ	12	100.0%	2
getNextMino	20	100.0%	124
getRotatedMino	55	100.0%	4
TetraminoZ.vdmpp		100.0%	130