## CES Data Scientist - PageRank Exam

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**Exercise 1**: We expose here after the system of linear equations that solves PageRank scores associated to graph G ( $r_i$  being PageRank score for page i):

$$\begin{array}{rcl} r_1 & = & r_4 \\ r_2 & = & 1/2 * r_1 \\ r_3 & = & 1/2 * r_1 + r_2 \\ r_4 & = & r_3 \\ 1 & = & r_1 + r_2 + r_3 + r_4 \end{array}$$

We can solve manually the system :

$$r_1 = r_3$$
  
 $r_1 = r_4$   
 $r_2 = 1/2 * r_1$   
 $1 = 7/2 * r_1$ 

$$r_1 = 2/7$$
 $r_2 = 1/7$ 
 $r_3 = 2/7$ 
 $r_4 = 2/7$ 

Otherwise, we can solve the system using previous PageRank lab using MapReduce. We just need to adapt  $edge\_list.txt$  to the graph G. In this file, each line represents a page indice and the page indices it links to:

- 1 2 3
- 23
- 3 4
- 4 1

We have run our python map/reduce implementation of PageRank. We use a teleport coefficient of 0.75, and an error criteria of 0.01. Figure 1 shows correspoding standard output with PageRank scores results at the end.

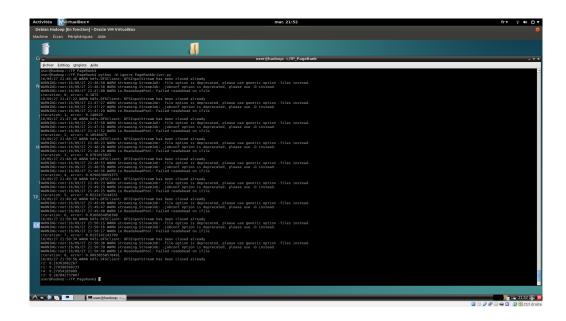


Figure 1 – Python map/reduce for PageRank scores associated to graph  ${\cal G}$ 

**Exercise 2**: Suppose we have a file containing integers with theirs indices as follow:

```
i n
0 256
1 35
2 4122
3 96
...
```

We present here after a pseudo-code for  $\mathrm{map/reduce}$  function to find maximum value of this list of integers :

## Exercise 3:

## Exercise 4: