

### Exercise 1

Consider a wireless networked control system operating at 2450 MHz with a 2 MHz bandwidth. The receiver (RX) of the actuator is affected by thermal noise (assume  $T = 300$  K) and is placed at a distance of 50 m from the remote controller transmitter (TX). Antenna gains at the TX and RX are 3 dB and 0 dB, respectively. Assume a bit-error-ratio (BER) constraint of  $\text{BER} \leq 10^{-3}$ .

- 1) Consider QPSK, 8-PSK, and 16-PSK modulation schemes and plot the BER curves as a function of  $E_b/N_0$ . Determine the required transmit power for each modulation format to achieve the BER constraint.
- 2) Consider 4-QAM, 16-QAM, and 64-QAM modulation schemes and plot the BER curves as a function of  $E_b/N_0$ . Determine the required transmit power for each modulation format to achieve the BER constraint.
- 3) Produce a table to compare the considered modulation formats. The table should include the required  $E_b/N_0$  for the assigned BER target, the determined transmit power and the served bit-rate.

Solve the exercise by using SIMULINK and MATLAB programmatically.

#### USEFUL LINKS

- [BER and SER for uncoded data over AWGN channels](#)
- [Creating and updating wait bar dialog box](#)
- [Physical constants in MATLAB \(requires the Phased Array System Toolbox\)](#)
- [Running and scripting programmatic simulations of Simulink models](#)
- [Programmatic Modeling Basics](#)
- [Programmatically Specifying Block Parameters and Properties](#)
- [Property Inspector](#)
- [Programmatic Model Editing](#)
- [Simulink Block Libraries](#)
- [Keyboard Shortcuts and Mouse Actions for Simulink Modeling](#)