

GOP-CTC-SF-Norm

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1 Introduction

This document illustrate how do we compute the proposed method GOP-CTC-SF-Norm, as defined below:

$$\text{GOP-SF-Norm}(l_i) = \frac{\log(p(l_i|O_1^T, L_L, L_R))}{\mathbb{E}[t_2 - t_1|O_1^T, L_L, L_R]}. \quad (1)$$

where the numerator is unnormalized version that can be calculated as:

$$\text{GOP-SF}(l_i) = \mathcal{L}_{CTC}(L_{SDI}, O_1^T) - \mathcal{L}_{CTC}(L_C, O_1^T). \quad (2)$$

Next, we show the pseudo-code for computing the terms needed for Eq.1, specifically for the version "GOP-SF-SD-numerical".

2 Details of the dynamic programming

We illustrate the methods using pseudo code and note that:

- For simplified illustration, this pseudo-code does not cover any edge or special condition, e.g., the target position $i \neq 1 \wedge i \neq L$ is assumed, or when two subsequent identical tokens are in L . Please refer to the github-repo for the full python implementation.
- Some special operations are needed to prune duplications or to ensure deterministic paths. This is required for the normalized version. Please refer to the github-repo for more details of implementing the normalized version.
- For the time being, this normalized version only supports GOP-SF-S/-SD, not -SDI), the following discussion is targeting on only GOP-SF-SD-Norm. Check the githut-repo for other variants which contains the versions using un-normalized forward variables.

2.1 Computing $\mathcal{L}_{CTC}(L_C, O_1^T)$

Algorithm 1 CTC Posterior Probability Computation with Normalization

Require: Input features $\mathbf{O} = (o_1, \dots, o_T)$
Require: Token sequence $\mathbf{L} = (l_1, \dots, l_L)$
Require: Network outputs $y(t, v)$, per-frame probability $p(v|o_t)$ for $v \in V$

- 1: Create extended token sequence $\mathbf{L}' = (\phi, l_1, \phi, l_2, \dots, l_L, \phi)$ of length $|\mathbf{L}'| = 2L + 1$
- 2: // **Initialize forward variables**
 - 3: $\alpha \leftarrow \mathbf{0}_{T \times (2L+1)}$ ▷ Initialize to zeros
 - 4: $\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) \leftarrow 0$ ▷ Initialize log probability
- 5: // **Set initial forward variables at $t = 1$**
 - 6: $\alpha(1, 1) \leftarrow y(1, \text{blank})$ ▷ Start with blank
 - 7: $\alpha(1, 2) \leftarrow y(1, l_1)$ ▷ Start with first token
 - 8: $C_1 \leftarrow \sum_{s=1}^{|\mathbf{L}'|} \alpha(1, s)$
 - 9: $\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) \leftarrow \ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) + \ln(C_1)$
- 10: $\alpha(1, :) \leftarrow \frac{\alpha(1,:)}{C_1}$ ▷ Normalize: $\hat{\alpha}(1, s)$ for all s
- 11: // **Dynamic programming**
- 12: **for** $t = 2$ to T **do**
- 13: start $\leftarrow \max(|\mathbf{L}'| - 2 * (T - t), 0)$ ▷ Crucial for CTC with normalization
- 14: **for** $s = \text{start}$ to $|\mathbf{L}'|$ **do**
- 15: **if** $l'_s = \text{blank}$ OR $l'_s = l'_{s-2}$ **then**
- 16: $\alpha(t, s) \leftarrow (\alpha(t-1, s) + \alpha(t-1, s-1)) \cdot y(t, l'_s)$
- 17: **else**
- 18: $\alpha(t, s) \leftarrow (\alpha(t-1, s) + \alpha(t-1, s-1) + \alpha(t-1, s-2)) \cdot y(t, l'_s)$
- 19: **end if**
- 20: **end for**
- 21: $C_t \leftarrow \sum_{s=1}^{|\mathbf{L}'|} \alpha(t, s)$
- 22: $\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) \leftarrow \ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) + \ln(C_t)$
- 23: $\alpha(t, :) \leftarrow \frac{\alpha(t,:)}{C_t}$ ▷ Normalize: $\hat{\alpha}(t, s)$ for all s
- 24: **end for**
- 25: **return** $\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O})$

2.2 Computing $\mathcal{L}_{CTC}(L_{\text{SDI}}, O_1^T)$ and $\mathbb{E}[t_2 - t_1 | O_1^T, L_{\mathbf{L}}, L_{\mathbf{R}}]$

Algorithm 2 GOP-SF-SD denominator for the target position

Require: The target position **pos** for extension
Require: Input features $\mathbf{O} = (o_1, \dots, o_T)$
Require: Token sequence $\mathbf{L} = (l_1, \dots, l_L)$
Require: Network outputs $y(t, v)$, represents per-frame probability $p(v|o_t)$ for $v \in V$

- 1: Create extended token sequence $\mathbf{L}' = (\phi, l_1, \dots, \phi, *, \phi, \dots, l_L, \phi)$.
- 2: // **Initialize forward variables, the last dimension is only used for the target token of ***
- 3: $\alpha \leftarrow \mathbf{0}_{T \times (2L+1) \times V}$ ▷ Initialize to zeros
- 4: $\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) \leftarrow 0$ ▷ Initialize log probability
- 5: // **Set initial forward variables at $t = 1$**
- 6: $\alpha(1, 1, 1) \leftarrow y(1, \text{blank})$ ▷ Start with blank
- 7: $\alpha(1, 2, 1) \leftarrow y(1, l_1)$ ▷ Start with first token
- 8: $C_1 \leftarrow \text{sum}(\alpha(1, :, :))$
- 9: $\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) \leftarrow \ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) + \ln(C_1)$
- 10: $\alpha(1, :, :) \leftarrow \frac{\alpha(1, :, :)}{C_1}$ ▷ Normalize: $\hat{\alpha}(1, s)$ for all s
- 11: // **Dynamic programming**
- 12: $\text{mask} \leftarrow \mathbf{0}_{V \times V}$ ▷ Create the mask for GOP-SF-SDI calculation
- 13: $\text{diag}(M) \leftarrow \mathbf{1}_{|v|}$ ▷ Diagonal elements only, excluding insertions
- 14: **for** $t = 2$ to T **do**
- 15: $\text{start} \leftarrow \max(|L'| - 2 * (T - t), 0)$ ▷ Crucial for CTC with normalization
- 16: **for** $s = \text{start}$ to $|L'|$ **do**
- 17: **if** $l'_s = \text{blank}$ **then**
- 18: $\alpha(t, s, 1) \leftarrow (\alpha(t - 1, s, 1) + \text{sum}(\alpha(t - 1, s - 1, :)) \cdot y(t, l'_s))$
- 19: **else if** $l'_{s-2} = *$ **then**
- 20: $\text{del} \leftarrow \alpha(t - 1, s - 3, 1) + \alpha(t - 1, s - 4, 1)$ ▷ Merge deletion paths
- 21: $\text{subst} = \text{sum}(\alpha(t - 1, s - 2, :))$ ▷ Merge substitution paths
- 22: $\alpha(t, s, 1) \leftarrow (\alpha(t - 1, s, 1) + \alpha(t - 1, s - 1, 1) + \text{subst} + \text{del})) \cdot y(t, l'_s)$
- 23: **else if** $l'_s = *$ **then**
- 24: $\text{entry} \leftarrow (\alpha(t - 1, s - 2, 1) + \alpha(t - 1, s - 1, 1)) * y(t, :)$ ▷ Entering *
state
- 25: // **Define intermediate matrix $M(|V| \times |V|)$ and $M'(|V|)$ for the looping paths**
- 26: $M(i, j) \leftarrow \alpha(t - 1, s, i) \times y(t, j) \times \text{mask}(i, j)$ for all $i, j \in \{1, \dots, V\}$
- 27: $M'(v) \leftarrow \text{sum}(M(v, :))$ for all $v \in \{1, \dots, |V|\}$
- 28: $\alpha(s, t, :) \leftarrow M' + \text{entry}$ ▷ All the possible paths for substitutions are tracked
- 29: **else**
- 30: $\alpha(t, s, 1) = (\alpha(t - 1, s, 1) + \alpha(t - 1, s - 1, 1) + \alpha(t - 1, s - 2, 1)) \cdot y(t, l'_s)$
- 31: **end if**
- 32: **end for**
- 33: $C_t \leftarrow \text{sum}(\alpha(t, :, :))$
- 34: $\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) \leftarrow \ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}) + \ln(C_t)$
- 35: $\alpha(t, :, :) \leftarrow \frac{\alpha(t, :, :)}{C_t}$ ▷ Normalize: $\hat{\alpha}(t, s)$ for all s
- 36: **end for**
- 37: $\text{occ} \leftarrow \text{sum}(\alpha(:, 2 * \text{pos}, :))$ ▷ Estimating the expected activation length
- 38: **return** $\{\ln p(\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{O}), \text{occ}\}$
