# Specklekiller

# A SAR Backscatter Speckle Filter Single dataset

#### ## Usage

#### Packages required:

Required packages are included in the supplied environment filter.yml

### ## Input parameters:

```
# dir: input data set directory
# file: input data set (must be float32 ENVI 4 data type)
# wavdir: directory for wavelet data representation
# outdir: directory of the filtered data set
# outfile: filtered data set
# dp: number of pixel in the input data set
# dl: number of lines in the input data set
# skipdwt: switch set to 1 to skip the wavelet transform step
specklekiller(dir, file, wavdir, outdir, outfile, dp, dl, skipdwt)
```

## ## Input dataset

A single SAR image (float32 ENVI data type = 4)

The image must be a ground range detected or geocoded SAR backscatter image (amplitude or intensity).

## ## Sample call

```
From specklekiller import specklekiller dir='G:/sentinelUruguay/envi/S1B_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20211212T092728_20211212T092753_02 9990_039495_987A_Cal' file='Sigma0_VV_bswap' dp=26009 dl=16864 wavdir='G:/sentinelUruguay/envi/S1B_IW_GRDH_1SDV_20211212T092728_20211212T09275 3_029990_039495_987A_Cal/wav' outfile='Sigma0_VV_filt' outdir=dir specklekiller (dir, file, wavdir, outdir, outfile, dp, dl, 0)
```

#### ## Test cases

The code was tested using one of the following SAR products (converted to an ENVI file):

- Sentinel-1 Ground Range Detected (GRD)

from Sentinels Scientific DataHub

https://scihub.copernicus.eu/dhus/#/home

Alaska Satellite Facility (https://vertex.daac.asf.alaska.edu/#)

- IceEye

(https://www.iceye.com/sar-data)

- TerraSAR-X/TanDEM-X

from Airbus (https://www.intelligence-airbusds.com/geostore/

- ALOS PALSAR

from Alaska Satellite Facility] (https://vertex.daac.asf.alaska.edu/

sigmaToPow(dir, file, outdir, outfile, dp, dl)

#### ## Notes

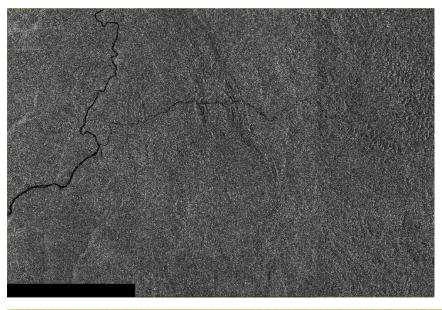
#### Import from SNAP ENVI files:

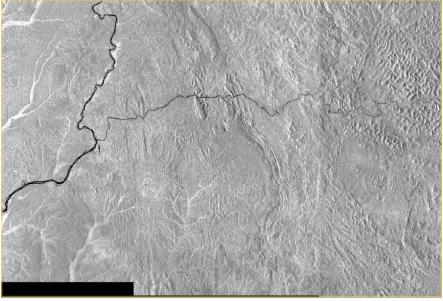
```
SNAP exports amplitude and intensity products as ENVI files with data
type 3 (long int 32 bit)
A data type 4 ENVI file compatible with the filter can be generated by
procedure in module int32Tofloat.py:
int32Tofloat(dir, file, outdir, outfile, dp, dpout, dl)
where:
# dir: input data set directory
# file: input data set (SNAP ENVI 3 data type)
# outdir: directory of the coverted ENVI type 4 (float32) data set
# outfile: the coverted ENVI type 4 (float32) data set
# dp: number of pixel in the input data set
# dpout: number of pixels in the output data set (if data set needs to be
resized)
# dl: number of lines in the input data set
Geocoded products from SNAP
SNAP exports geocoded products as \sigma^0 (dB) ENVI files (float32)
These files should be converted to intensity before filtering using:
```

```
# dir: input data set directory
# file: input data set (SNAP sigma nought data)
# outdir: directory of the coverted intesity ENVI type 4 (float32) data
# outfile: the coverted intensity data set
# dp: number of pixel in the input data set
# dl: number of lines in the input data set
Import of ICEYE files
ICEYE files distributed as geofiff as exported by SNAP as uint16 with
byte swapping
This data set must be converted to ENVI type 4 float32 by intTofloat.py:
intoTofloat(dir, file, outdir, outfile, dp, dl)
where:
# dir: input data set directory
# file: input data set (SNAP ENVI 2 data type)
# outdir: directory of the coverted ENVI type 4 (float32) data set
# outfile: the coverted ENVI type 4 (float32) data set
# dp: number of pixel in the input data set
```

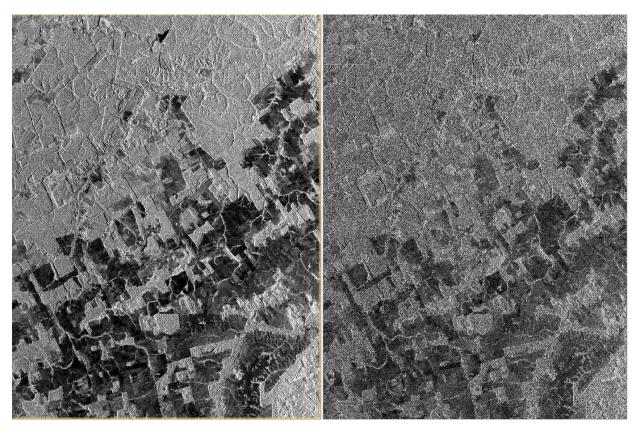
# dl: number of lines in the input data set

# Examples – Sentinel-1 $\sigma^0$





# ICEYE Intensity data set



Specklekiller filtered set

SNAP filtered set