Binary Trees, Binary Search Trees, and Heaps

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Linked representation





- ► Linked representation
 - head variable points to head.



- Linked representation
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 - ► tail variable points to tail.





- Linked representation
 - head variable points to head.
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 - Successor of node is node.next.



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 - theltems is array of items.
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 - Head is at theltems[0].





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 - For **theitems**[j] does not have a predecessor if j = 0.





Review: list order



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Possible list orders:





- ► Possible list orders:
 - unsorted,

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 - unsorted,
 - eggs





- ► Possible list orders:
 - unsorted,
 - eggsmilk





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 - unsorted,
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 - unsorted,
 - eggs
 - ► milk
 - bread
 - apples
 - pasta
 - cheese
 - 011000
 - sorted.





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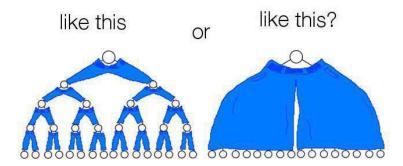


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If a binary tree wore pants would he wear them









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 - All levels except the bottom level are full.
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 - ▶ Corresponds to using all the items in 0 to size—1.







► Search order.





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- ► Think: "left is less".



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 - ▶ If it is equal, you have found it.
 - If it is less, look in the left subtree.
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 - Think: "left is less".
- Heap order
 - Root is least element.





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- For example, at a hospital emergency room serve in order of minutes until death.





More notes



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- We will learn about tree balancing in prog08.





Running Time for Heap



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- ▶ peek is obviously O(1).







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 - ▶ Offer and poll are $O(\log n)$.



