2042 Multi-Level Modeling: Nested (Spring 2020) Group Project Part 1

Group 1

May 13, 2020

Instructions

- We will use the classroom.csv data for this project.
 - a. math1st will be the outcome of interest for this first part.
 - Recall that math1st = mathkind + mathgain
 - b. Read in the data (R: store as dat)
 - c. Fit all models using **REML** (not the default in R)
 - d. It's best if you use lmerTest::lmer rather than lme4::lmer to call the MLM function. The former provides p-values for fixed effects in the summary.
 - e. There are 2 common error messages one can get from lmer calls: failed to converge (problem with hessian: negative eigenvalue; $\max|\text{grad}| = \dots$); and singularity. They may both be problematic in a real problem, but the latter suggests that a variance component is on the boundary of the parameter space.
 - In your discussion/writeup, consider the latter to be a "convergence problem" and ignore the former

```
library(lme4)

## Loading required package: Matrix

library(lmerTest)
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'lmerTest'

## The following object is masked from 'package:lme4':
##
## lmer

## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
## step
```

```
# Load ------
# setwd()
# getwd()

dat <- read.csv(
   "data/classroom.csv",
   header = TRUE
)

# Create a variable and named as math1st
dat$math1st <- dat$mathkind + dat$mathgain</pre>
```

Question 1 of 12

Estimate an Unconditional Means Model (UMM) with random intercepts for **both** schools and classrooms (nested in schools).

- a. Report the ICC for schools and the ICC for classrooms.
- b. Write out this model using your preferred notation, but use the same choice of notation for the remainder of your project.
 - Be mindful and explicit about any assumptions made.

```
unconditional_model<-lmer(math1st~(1|schoolid/classid),data=dat)
print(summary(unconditional model))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 11944.6
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -5.1872 -0.6174 -0.0204 0.5821 3.8339
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                                 Variance Std.Dev.
                    Name
## classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                   85.47
                                          9.245
                                 280.69
                                         16.754
## schoolid
                     (Intercept)
## Residual
                                 1146.79 33.864
## Number of obs: 1190, groups:
                                classid:schoolid, 312; schoolid, 107
##
## Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error
                                       df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 522.540
                            2.037 104.403
                                            256.6
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
ICC_class<-280.69/(280.69+1146.79+85.47)
ICC_school<- 85.47/(85.47+1146.79+280.69)</pre>
```

a)
$$ICC_{school} = \frac{\sigma_{\zeta}^2}{\sigma_{\zeta}^2 + \sigma_{\epsilon}^2} = \frac{85.47}{85.47 + 1146.79 + 280.69} = 0.056, ICC_{class} = \frac{\sigma_{\zeta}^2}{\sigma_{\zeta}^2 + \sigma_{\epsilon}^2} = \frac{280.69}{280.69 + 1146.79 + 85.47} = 0.186$$

b) The unconditional model fitting on math1st with random intercepts for schoolid and classid is

$$MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + \eta_{jk} + \zeta_k + \epsilon_{ijk}$$

, where

$$\eta_{jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\eta}^2)$$

,

$$\zeta_k \sim N(0, \zeta_\zeta^2)$$

, independently of each other and

$$\epsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\epsilon}^2)$$

, j represents classrooms and k represents schools.

Question 2 of 12

Add all school level predictors.

- a. Report if adding the predictors as a block is justified.
- b. Report change in σ_{ζ}^2 .

Solution

Fixed effects:

```
model_all_school<-lmer(math1st~housepov+(1|schoolid)+(1|classid),data=dat)
print(summary(model_all_school))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
      Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 11927.4
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
  -5.1142 -0.6011 -0.0350 0.5600
##
## Random effects:
                         Variance Std.Dev.
##
   Groups
             Name
   classid (Intercept)
                           82.36
                                   9.075
  schoolid (Intercept)
                          250.93 15.841
   Residual
                         1146.96 33.867
##
## Number of obs: 1190, groups: classid, 312; schoolid, 107
```

```
Estimate Std. Error
                                       df t value Pr(>|t|)
                            3.341 102.807 159.023
              531.294
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                                                    0.0017 **
## housepov
               -45.783
                           14.236 111.060 -3.216
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr)
## housepov -0.810
anova(model_all_school,unconditional_model,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## unconditional_model: math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid)
## model_all_school: math1st ~ housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
                      Df
                           AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## unconditional_model 4 11953 11973 -5972.3
                                                11945
## model_all_school
                       5 11937 11963 -5963.7
                                                11927 17.186
                                                                      3.39e-05
## unconditional_model
## model_all_school
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

- a) The p-value of adding housepov variable to the model is $3.39 \times e^{-5}$, which is less than 0.05, therefore, adding the housepov is significant to the model. Also, the p-value for the coeffcient on the housepov variable is 0.0017, which also justified the significance of adding this variable.
- b) After adding the all school-level variable(housepov), the σ_{ζ}^2 dropped from 280.69 to 250.93.

Question 3 of 12

Add all classroom level predictors.

- a. Report if adding the predictors as a block is justified.
- b. Report change in σ_{η}^2 and change in σ_{ϵ}^2 .
- c. Give a potential reason as to why σ_{ϵ}^2 is reduced, but not σ_{η}^2 ?

Solution

library(car) ## Loading required package: carData

```
## method from
## influence.merMod lme4
## cooks.distance.influence.merMod lme4
## dfbeta.influence.merMod lme4
## dfbetas.influence.merMod lme4
```

Registered S3 methods overwritten by 'car':

```
model_all_class<-lmer(math1st~yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(1|classid),data=dat)
print(summary(model_all_class))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula:
## math1st ~ yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid) +
##
      (1 | classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10821
## Scaled residuals:
            1Q Median
##
      Min
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.5552 -0.6118 -0.0311 0.5863 3.8315
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev.
## classid (Intercept)
                        94.36
                               9.714
## schoolid (Intercept) 223.31 14.943
                       1136.43 33.711
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
               Estimate Std. Error
                                        df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 532.29852    5.20495 228.85767 102.268 < 2e-16 ***
## yearstea
              ## mathknow
              2.55143 1.44530 231.06560
                                            1.765 0.07883 .
             -0.75440 1.42809 203.20755 -0.528 0.59790
## mathprep
## housepov
             -41.62117 14.08834 109.83230 -2.954 0.00383 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) yearst mthknw mthprp
## yearstea -0.264
## mathknow -0.052 0.030
## mathprep -0.666 -0.175 0.004
## housepov -0.568 0.077 0.082 0.032
linearHypothesis(model_all_class,c('yearstea','mathknow','mathprep'))
## Linear hypothesis test
##
## Hypothesis:
## yearstea = 0
## mathknow = 0
## mathprep = 0
##
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: math1st ~ yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid) +
```

##

(1 | classid)

```
## ## Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## 1
## 2 3 3.4804 0.3233
```

- a) Based the wald test, we can conclude that the p-value for adding classroom-level variable is 0.3233, which is not significant at the level of 0.05.
- b) The σ_{η}^2 increased from 82.36 to 94.36, while the σ_{ϵ}^2 dropped from 1146.96 to 1136.43.
- c) The residuals of the model are decreased because some of the variance are explained by adding classroom-level variable. However, to the classroom-level effect, some added variable might not be significant or there might exists some correlation between the added classroom-level variables.

Question 4 of 12

Add (nearly) all student level predictors (but not mathgain or mathkind, as these are outomes in this context).

- a. Report if justified statistically as a block of predictors.
- b. Report change in variance components for all levels.
- c. Give a potential reason as to why the school level variance component drops from prior model.
- d. Write out this model using your chosen notation.

Soltuion

```
model_all_student<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(1|cl
print(summary(model_all_student))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
       housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
      Data: dat
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                30
                                       Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
                        Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups
           Name
  classid (Intercept)
                          93.89
                                 9.689
  schoolid (Intercept) 169.45 13.017
## Residual
                         1064.96 32.634
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
```

```
Estimate Std. Error
                                          df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63041 5.31209 275.39010 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
## sex
               -1.21419 2.09483 1022.42110 -0.580
## minority
               -16.18676
                           3.02605 704.47787 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
                         1.54485 1066.56211
                                              6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## ses
               10.05076
               0.01129 0.14141 226.80861 0.080
                                                       0.936
## yearstea
               1.35004 1.39168 234.49768 0.970
                                                      0.333
## mathknow
                         1.37583 205.27111 -0.201
## mathprep
               -0.27705
                                                      0.841
## housepov
               -17.64850 13.21755 113.87814 -1.335
                                                      0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                        minrty ses
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.320 -0.011
## ses
           -0.121 0.020 0.162
## yearstea -0.259 0.016 0.024 -0.028
## mathknow -0.083 0.007 0.115 -0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 -0.006 0.001 0.053 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.178 0.082 0.071 0.058 0.038
anova(model_all_class,model_all_student, refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_class: math1st ~ yearstea + mathknow + mathprep + housepov + (1 | schoolid) +
## model all class:
                      (1 | classid)
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model all student:
                        housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
                       AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
                    Df
                    8 10837 10877 -5410.5
## model all class
                                            10821
## model all student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                                              3 < 2.2e-16 ***
                                            10730 91.446
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
linearHypothesis(model_all_student,c('sex','minority','ses'))
## Linear hypothesis test
##
## Hypothesis:
## sex = 0
## minority = 0
## ses = 0
##
## Model 1: restricted model
## Model 2: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
##
    Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## 1
## 2 3 85.055 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

- a) Based on the wald test, we can conclude that the p-value for adding the student-level predictors (sex,minority,ses) is $2.2 \times e^{-16}$. This implies that adding the student-level predictors to the model is significant at the 0.05 level.
- b) Comparing to the previous model before adding the student-level predictors, the σ_{η}^2 dropped from 94.36 to 93.89, the σ_{ϵ}^2 dropped from 1136.43 to 1064.96 and the σ_{ζ}^2 dropped from 223.31 to 169.45.
- c) The school level variance dropped might due to adding the individual-level predictors that may be associated with group (school) effects in the aggregate. Thus, adding the individual-level predictors caused the decrease in the school level variance.
- d) The model after adding the student-level predcitors is

 $MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + b_1SES_{ijk} + b_2SEX_{ijk} + b_3MINORITY_{ijk} + b_4YEARSTEA_{jk} + b_5MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPINORITY_{ijk} + b_4YEARSTEA_{jk} + b_5MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPINORITY_{ijk} + b_4YEARSTEA_{jk} + b_5MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPINORITY_{ijk} + b_6MATHPINORITY_{ijk} + b_6MATHKNOW_{jk} + b_6MATHPINORITY_{ijk} + b_6MATHPINORITY$

, where

$$\eta_{jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_n^2)$$

,

$$\zeta_k \sim N(0, \zeta_\zeta^2)$$

, independently of each other and

$$\epsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\epsilon}^2)$$

, j represents classrooms and k represents schools.

Question 5 of 12

- a. Try to add a random slope for each **teacher level** predictor (varying at the **school level**; one by one separately not all together).
- b. Report the model fit or lack of fit.
- c. Why is it a bad idea to include a random slope on the housepov effect?
- d. Retry the above, allowing the slopes to be correlated with the random intercepts (still one by one).
- e. Report anything unusual about the variance components (changes that are in a direction you didn't expect) and any potential explanation for why those changes occurred (hint: what did you add to the model?).

Solution

a)

#mathknow

model_mathknow<- lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(0+mathknow|schoolid

boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular

print(summary(model mathknow))

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (0 + mathknow | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid) + (1 |
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
##
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8580 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
              Name
                          Variance Std.Dev.
              (Intercept) 9.389e+01 9.689914
## classid
## schoolid
              (Intercept) 1.694e+02 13.016328
## schoolid.1 mathknow
                          1.700e-06 0.001304
## Residual
                          1.065e+03 32.633705
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63047 5.31204 275.40357 101.586 < 2e-16 ***
                            2.09483 1022.42010 -0.580
## sex
                -1.21417
## minority
               -16.18681
                            3.02603 704.47306 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## ses
               10.05075    1.54485    1066.56262    6.506    1.18e-10 ***
## yearstea
                 0.01129
                            0.14141 226.81110
                                               0.080
                                                         0.936
                          1.39168 234.50060
                                               0.970
                                                         0.333
## mathknow
                 1.34993
                -0.27708
                          1.37583 205.27196 -0.201
                                                         0.841
## mathprep
## housepov
               -17.64821
                         13.21718 113.88792 -1.335
                                                         0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                         minrty ses
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.320 -0.011
           -0.121 0.020 0.162
## yearstea -0.259 0.016 0.024 -0.028
## mathknow -0.083 0.007 0.115 -0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 -0.006  0.001  0.053 -0.172  0.004
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.178 0.082 0.071 0.058 0.038
## convergence code: 0
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
anova(model_mathknow,model_all_student,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model all student:
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_mathknow: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model mathknow:
                    housepov + (0 + mathknow | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid) + (1 |
## model mathknow:
                     classid)
```

```
##
                        AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                              10730
                    12 10754 10813 -5364.8
## model mathknow
                                              10730
                                                       0
#mathprep
model_mathprep<- lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(0+mathprep|schoolid
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
print(summary(model mathprep))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (0 + mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid) + (1 |
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
               1Q Median
##
      Min
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
              Name
                          Variance Std.Dev.
## classid
              (Intercept) 9.388e+01 9.689e+00
              (Intercept) 1.694e+02 1.302e+01
                          2.171e-07 4.659e-04
## schoolid.1 mathprep
## Residual
                          1.065e+03 3.263e+01
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63039 5.31207 275.39223 101.586 < 2e-16 ***
                -1.21419
## sex
                            2.09483 1022.42070 -0.580
## minority
               -16.18676 3.02605 704.47629 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
               10.05076    1.54485    1066.56201    6.506    1.18e-10 ***
## ses
## yearstea
                            0.14141 226.80838
                                               0.080
                                                         0.936
                 0.01129
                                               0.970
## mathknow
                1.35003
                          1.39167 234.49786
                                                         0.333
## mathprep
                -0.27705
                          1.37582 205.27063 -0.201
                                                         0.841
## housepov
               -17.64851
                         13.21749 113.87941 -1.335
                                                         0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                         minrty ses yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.320 -0.011
           -0.121 0.020 0.162
## yearstea -0.259 0.016 0.024 -0.028
## mathknow -0.083 0.007 0.115 -0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 -0.006 0.001 0.053 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.178 0.082 0.071 0.058 0.038
```

```
## convergence code: 0
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
anova(model_mathprep,model_all_student,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model all student:
## model_mathprep: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_mathprep:
                      housepov + (0 + mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid) + (1 |
## model_mathprep:
                       classid)
                    Df
                         AIC
                              BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                               10730
## model_mathprep
                    12 10754 10813 -5364.8
                                               10730
                                                                          1
#yearstea
model_yearstea<- lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(0+yearstea|schoolid
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00805454 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
print(summary(model_yearstea))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (0 + yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid) + (1 |
##
##
      Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
## Scaled residuals:
               1Q Median
##
      Min
                                3Q
## -3.8482 -0.6147 -0.0322 0.5979 3.6603
## Random effects:
## Groups
              Name
                          Variance Std.Dev.
## classid
               (Intercept) 9.247e+01 9.6159
## schoolid
               (Intercept) 1.684e+02 12.9758
## schoolid.1 yearstea
                          1.008e-02 0.1004
## Residual
                          1.065e+03 32.6361
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
##
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.59885 5.30780 266.47953 101.662 < 2e-16 ***
                -1.21060
## sex
                            2.09480 1022.21558 -0.578
                                                          0.563
## minority
               -16.16715
                            3.02635 702.61831 -5.342 1.24e-07 ***
## ses
                10.04528    1.54492    1066.09816    6.502    1.21e-10 ***
                 0.01128
                            0.14192 122.87740 0.079
                                                          0.937
## yearstea
                 1.33106 1.39155 234.33195 0.957
## mathknow
                                                          0.340
```

```
## mathprep
                 -0.26584
                            1.37588 204.90504 -0.193
                                                           0.847
                           13.21686 113.58577 -1.341
                -17.72082
## housepov
                                                           0.183
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) sex
                         minrty ses
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.191
## minority -0.320 -0.010
## ses
           -0.121 0.020
                          0.162
## yearstea -0.258 0.015
                          0.023 -0.027
## mathknow -0.082 0.006
                          0.115 -0.007 0.028
## mathprep -0.632 -0.006  0.001  0.053 -0.172  0.003
## housepov -0.450 -0.007 -0.179 0.082 0.070 0.057 0.037
## convergence code: 0
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00805454 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
anova(model_yearstea,model_all_student,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_yearstea: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_yearstea:
                       housepov + (0 + yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | schoolid) + (1 |
## model_yearstea:
                       classid)
                     Df
                          AIC
                                BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                               10730
## model_yearstea
                     12 10754 10813 -5364.8
                                               10730 0.007
                                                                1
                                                                      0.9336
```

- b) According to the LRT test conducted above, we can conclude that the p-value for adding random slope for teacher level variable mathknow, mathprep and yearstea are 1, 1, and 0.934. This implies that there is no significance variation for adding those random slopes. Thus, the model for adding all three variables does not fit.
- c) Because housepov are school-level variable, thus it only varies at the school level. Including housepov as a random slope on school level only create an redundant school-level random effects.

d)

```
#mathknow
model_mathknow_cor<- lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(mathknow|school
print(summary(model_mathknow_cor))</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## housepov + (mathknow | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
```

```
10 Median
                              3Q
## -3.8581 -0.6131 -0.0324 0.5969 3.6603
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## classid (Intercept) 9.393e+01 9.6915
## schoolid (Intercept) 1.693e+02 13.0118
            mathknow
                       9.182e-04 0.0303 0.97
##
## Residual
                        1.065e+03 32.6341
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
                Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept) 539.64041 5.31203 275.38950 101.588 < 2e-16 ***
               -1.21328
                           2.09485 1021.79809 -0.579
                                                        0.563
## sex
               -16.19378
                           3.02608 703.80362 -5.351 1.18e-07 ***
## minority
               10.04788 1.54488 1062.12259
                                              6.504 1.20e-10 ***
## ses
                                              0.079
## yearstea
               0.01114 0.14141 226.85275
                                                       0.937
## mathknow
                1.35458 1.39201 214.62535
                                              0.973
                                                        0.332
               -0.27754 1.37599 201.27744 -0.202
## mathprep
                                                       0.840
## housepov
               -17.64141 13.21242 103.98189 -1.335
                                                      0.185
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) sex
                        minrty ses
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.320 -0.011
           -0.121 0.020 0.162
## yearstea -0.259 0.016 0.024 -0.028
## mathknow -0.082 0.007 0.115 -0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 -0.006 0.001 0.053 -0.173 0.004
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.178 0.082 0.071 0.057 0.038
anova(model_mathknow_cor,model_all_student,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                        housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_all_student:
## model mathknow cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                         housepov + (mathknow | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model mathknow cor:
                    Df
                         AIC
                              BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                             10730
## model_mathknow_cor 13 10756 10820 -5364.8
                                             10730 3e-04
                                                                    0.9998
#mathprep
model mathprep cor<- lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(mathprep|school
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
```

```
print(summary(model_mathprep_cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
           1Q Median
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.8542 -0.6034 -0.0221 0.5915 3.6475
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                         78.46 8.858
## classid (Intercept)
   schoolid (Intercept) 552.68 23.509
##
            mathprep
                          15.88
                                3.985
                                         -1.00
## Residual
                        1064.27 32.623
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.60872 5.60800 159.90159 96.043 < 2e-16 ***
                -1.16756
                                              -0.559
## sex
                           2.08698 1023.14887
                                                         0.576
              -16.46421 2.99522 663.67376 -5.497 5.52e-08 ***
## minority
               10.14167 1.53961 1060.93433
                                               6.587 7.04e-11 ***
## ses
## yearstea
                -0.02586
                         0.13948 223.50197 -0.185
                                                         0.853
## mathknow
                1.29874
                         1.37192 229.68410
                                               0.947
                                                         0.345
                          1.34844 139.04795
                                              0.030
                                                        0.976
## mathprep
                 0.04067
## housepov
               -14.01327 12.88649 116.07068 -1.087
                                                        0.279
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                         minrty ses
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.183
## minority -0.275 -0.013
           -0.121 0.024 0.161
## yearstea -0.260 0.023 0.025 -0.033
## mathknow -0.071 0.002 0.107 -0.001 0.048
## mathprep -0.692 -0.008 -0.035  0.061 -0.155  0.012
## housepov -0.461 0.003 -0.187 0.095 0.089 0.027 0.107
## convergence code: 0
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
anova(model_mathprep_cor,model_all_student,refit=F)
```

```
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
```

```
## model all student:
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_mathprep_cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                          housepov + (mathprep | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model mathprep cor:
                               BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
                          AIC
## model all student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                               10730
## model mathprep cor 13 10751 10816 -5362.3
                                               10725 4.8144
                                                                     0.09007 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#yearstea
model_yearstea_cor<- lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(yearstea|school
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.0406922 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
print(summary(model yearstea cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10723.7
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.7469 -0.6028 -0.0286 0.6038 3.8423
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                         38.8149 6.2302
## classid (Intercept)
## schoolid (Intercept) 363.7664 19.0727
                           0.5471 0.7396 -0.78
##
            yearstea
## Residual
                        1066.2528 32.6535
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.96287 5.48722 223.18317 98.221 < 2e-16 ***
## sex
                -1.33373
                            2.08780 1024.43110 -0.639
                                                         0.523
                            2.99647 669.80484 -5.488 5.77e-08 ***
## minority
               -16.44519
                          1.53875 1062.65856
## ses
                10.14914
                                               6.596 6.66e-11 ***
                                               0.139
## yearstea
                 0.02194
                            0.15756
                                     75.91038
                                                         0.890
## mathknow
                 1.04741
                            1.34469 210.43084
                                                0.779
                                                         0.437
## mathprep
                 0.04601
                            1.34639 191.56330
                                                0.034
                                                         0.973
## housepov
               -17.14168
                         13.45317 119.73031 -1.274
                                                         0.205
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
                         minrty ses
## sex
           -0.185
```

```
## minority -0.305 -0.012
           -0.119 0.022 0.168
## ses
## yearstea -0.369 0.009
                         0.032 -0.019
## mathknow -0.085 0.008 0.122 -0.001 0.012
## mathprep -0.606 -0.004 -0.007 0.049 -0.139
## housepov -0.455 -0.004 -0.170 0.079 0.084 0.049 0.050
## convergence code: 0
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.0406922 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
anova(model_yearstea_cor,model_all_student,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_yearstea_cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_yearstea_cor:
                          housepov + (yearstea | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
                                BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                               10730
## model_yearstea_cor 13 10750 10814 -5361.8
                                               10724 5.8248
                                                                      0.05434 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

e) There are a couple things I noticed interesting after allowing for correlation between random slopes and intercepts. For MATHKNOW, the variance component seems not to have a huge influence on the variance component as the variance for class-level effect and residual only slightly varies.

For Mathprep, the class-level variance dropped by 20. However, the school-level intercept variance is around 500, which is a significant large increase. This might due to the correlation added to the model between mathprep random slope and school-level intercept.

For Yearstea, the class-level effect variance dropped from 90 to around 40. This variance are explained by the school-level random intercept that are added to the model. Also, the random slope on teacher-level variance are close to 0.54, which are around 0. This might due to the added yeastea that aggregate to have an effect and influence on the variation between school-level.

Question 6 of 12

- a. Try to add a random slope for each **student level** predictor (varying at the **classroom level**; one by one separately not all together).
- b. Why is it a bad idea to include a classroom-level variable with random slopes at the classroom level?
- c. Retry the above, allowing the slopes to be correlated with the random intercepts. Report findings.

Solution

a)

```
#ses
model_ses<- lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(ses||classic
print(summary(model_ses))</pre>
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (ses || classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10727.9
##
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
##
               1Q Median
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.7163 -0.6032 -0.0331 0.5855 3.6840
##
## Random effects:
                        Variance Std.Dev.
## Groups
             Name
                           49.60
                                  7.043
## classid ses
## classid.1 (Intercept)
                          87.11
                                  9.333
## schoolid (Intercept) 171.02 13.077
## Residual
                        1043.44 32.302
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.71226 5.30641 274.46506 101.710 < 2e-16 ***
               -1.37733
                           2.09334 1022.81814 -0.658
## sex
## minority
               -16.29362
                           3.02464 703.33746 -5.387 9.78e-08 ***
## ses
               10.14363    1.64248    176.39731    6.176    4.41e-09 ***
## yearstea
                0.01103
                           0.14117 226.97682
                                              0.078
                                                        0.938
                         1.38563 229.40643 0.987
                                                        0.325
## mathknow
                1.36796
                -0.27938 1.37171 204.89332 -0.204
                                                        0.839
## mathprep
## housepov
               -17.50879 13.21775 113.44882 -1.325
                                                        0.188
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
          (Intr) sex minrty ses yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.321 -0.011
           -0.108 0.020 0.145
## yearstea -0.259 0.014 0.025 -0.026
## mathknow -0.082 0.006 0.111 0.002 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 -0.005 0.002 0.050 -0.172 0.005
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.180 0.081 0.070 0.058 0.040
anova(model_all_student, model_ses,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student: housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_ses: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model ses:
                 housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (ses || classid)
                    Df AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                           10730
                   12 10752 10812 -5364.0 10728 1.5969
## model ses
                                                             1
                                                                    0.2063
```

```
model_sex<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(sex||classid
print(summary(model sex))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (sex | classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
## Scaled residuals:
           1Q Median
##
                              3Q
      Min
                                     Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
             Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
## classid
             sex
                         3.310e-05 0.005753
## classid.1 (Intercept) 9.387e+01 9.688824
## schoolid (Intercept) 1.695e+02 13.017987
## Residual
                         1.065e+03 32.633681
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
               Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63033 5.31211 275.37965 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
               -1.21421
## sex
                           2.09483 1022.41528 -0.580
                                                         0.562
## minority
              -16.18672 3.02607 704.48078 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## ses
               10.05076    1.54485    1066.56152    6.506    1.18e-10 ***
               0.01129 0.14141 226.80606 0.080
## yearstea
                                                        0.936
                1.35013 1.39167 234.49478 0.970
## mathknow
                                                        0.333
## mathprep
               -0.27702 1.37582 205.26984 -0.201 0.841
## housepov
               -17.64878 13.21784 113.87028 -1.335
                                                      0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                        minrty ses
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.320 -0.011
          -0.121 0.020 0.162
## yearstea -0.259 0.016 0.024 -0.028
## mathknow -0.083 0.007 0.115 -0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 -0.006 0.001 0.053 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.178 0.082 0.071 0.058 0.038
anova(model_all_student,model_sex,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model all student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model all student:
                       housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
```

```
## model_sex: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                 housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (sex || classid)
## model sex:
                       AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                             10730
## model sex
                    12 10754 10813 -5364.8
                                             10730
#minority
model_minority<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(minorit
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
print(summary(model_minority))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (minority || classid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                              3Q
## -3.8580 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
             Name
                         Variance Std.Dev.
                            0.00
                                  0.00
## classid
             minority
## classid.1 (Intercept)
                           93.89
                                  9.69
## schoolid (Intercept) 169.45 13.02
## Residual
                         1064.95 32.63
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63042 5.31210 275.38909 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
## sex
               -1.21419
                           2.09483 1022.42137 -0.580
               -16.18678
                           3.02605 704.47894 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## minority
## ses
               10.05075
                         1.54484 1066.56222 6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## yearstea
               0.01129
                         0.14141 226.80896
                                              0.080
                                                      0.936
## mathknow
                1.35004
                         1.39168 234.49773 0.970
                                                        0.333
                           1.37583 205.27155 -0.201
                -0.27705
## mathprep
                                                         0.841
## housepov
               -17.64848
                         13.21758 113.87764 -1.335
                                                         0.184
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
                        minrty ses
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
          (Intr) sex
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.320 -0.011
          -0.121 0.020 0.162
## yearstea -0.259 0.016 0.024 -0.028
## mathknow -0.083 0.007 0.115 -0.007 0.029
```

```
## mathprep -0.631 -0.006 0.001 0.053 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.178 0.082 0.071 0.058 0.038
## convergence code: 0
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
anova(model_all_student,model_sex,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                          housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_sex: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                  housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (sex || classid)
## model_sex:
                          AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                                10730
## model_sex
                     12 10754 10813 -5364.8
                                                10730
                                                                             1
                                                                  1
  b) Including classroom-level variable with random slopes at the classroom-level will lead to the same effect
    for each group, which is each classroom. Thus, adding a random slope for the same level does not show
    the relationship between the outcome variable on different group.
  c)
#ses with correlation
model_ses_cor<- lmer(math1st~ses+minority+sex+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(ses|cla
print(summary(model_ses_cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood . t-tests use Satterthwaite's
     method [lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (ses | classid)
##
      Data: dat
##
##
        ATC
                 BIC
                       logLik deviance df.resid
##
    10774.5 10839.3 -5374.2 10748.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
##
  -3.5854 -0.6116 -0.0351 0.5966
##
## Random effects:
##
    Groups
             Name
                         Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##
                           80.69
                                   8.983
    classid (Intercept)
##
                           41.73
                                    6.460
                                            0.79
             ses
   schoolid (Intercept) 165.45 12.863
##
                         1046.69 32.353
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                              df t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept) 539.51147
                             5.20418 275.40194 103.669 < 2e-16 ***
```

3.01603 716.43423 -5.327 1.34e-07 ***

6.147 5.39e-09 ***

1.63617 171.09752

10.05748

-16.06530

ses

minority

```
0.528
## sex
              -1.31305 2.08233 1023.20639 -0.631
## yearstea
              0.01739 0.13926 230.92401 0.125
                                                        0.901
               1.34919 1.35728 225.63141 0.994 0.321
## mathknow
              -0.38392 1.33079 184.55792 -0.288
                                                        0.773
## mathprep
              -16.27372 12.92786 114.17229 -1.259
## housepov
                                                      0.211
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
          (Intr) ses
                        minrty sex yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.086
## minority -0.326 0.143
           -0.188 0.022 -0.014
## yearstea -0.267 -0.024 0.021 0.014
## mathknow -0.078 0.014 0.109 0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.626 0.057 0.004 -0.009 -0.164 -0.001
## housepov -0.447 0.079 -0.182 -0.009 0.074 0.059 0.037
anova(model_all_student,model_ses_cor)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model all student:
                       housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_ses_cor: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                    housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (ses | classid)
## model ses cor:
                    Df AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
## model_all_student 11 10774 10829 -5376.1 10752
## model ses cor
                   13 10774 10839 -5374.2
                                            10748 3.8027
                                                                   0.1494
#sex with correlation
model_sex_cor<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(sex|clas
print(summary(model_sex_cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (sex | classid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                              3Q
## -3.7562 -0.6134 -0.0307 0.5916 3.7116
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                      Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## classid (Intercept) 130.2 11.411
                               5.612
##
            sex
                         31.5
                                        -0.67
```

```
## schoolid (Intercept) 169.9
                                13.035
                        1056.3 32.502
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 5.400e+02 5.332e+00 2.723e+02 101.279 < 2e-16 ***
              -1.197e+00 2.123e+00 2.158e+02 -0.564
## sex
                                                         0.573
## minority
              -1.619e+01 3.028e+00 7.042e+02 -5.347 1.21e-07 ***
## ses
             1.010e+01 1.544e+00 1.065e+03 6.539 9.61e-11 ***
## yearstea
             3.053e-03 1.416e-01 2.270e+02 0.022
                                                         0.983
             1.306e+00 1.391e+00 2.315e+02 0.939
                                                         0.349
## mathknow
## mathprep -3.460e-01 1.374e+00 2.014e+02 -0.252
                                                         0.801
                                                         0.170
## housepov -1.829e+01 1.323e+01 1.145e+02 -1.382
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
                       minrty ses
##
           (Intr) sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.203
## minority -0.321 -0.009
           -0.123 0.020 0.164
## yearstea -0.258  0.015  0.024 -0.027
## mathknow -0.085 0.003 0.116 -0.005 0.029
## mathprep -0.628 -0.008  0.003  0.054 -0.174  0.005
## housepov -0.452 -0.005 -0.178 0.083 0.072 0.060 0.040
anova(model_all_student,model_sex_cor,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                        housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_sex_cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_sex_cor:
                    housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (sex | classid)
                         AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
                    Df
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                             10730
                                             10729 0.5003
## model_sex_cor
                   13 10755 10820 -5364.5
                                                                    0.7787
#minority with correlation
model_minority_cor<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(1|schoolid)+(min
print(summary(model_minority_cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (minority | classid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10726.3
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min 1Q Median
                             3Q
                                     Max
```

```
## -3.9036 -0.6221 -0.0295 0.6033 3.4574
##
## Random effects:
                         Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##
   Groups
             Name
##
   classid
            (Intercept)
                          225.4
                                  15.01
##
                                  13.09
                                           -0.82
             minority
                          171.3
##
   schoolid (Intercept)
                          157.4
                                  12.55
##
   Residual
                         1045.3
                                  32.33
                                 classid, 285; schoolid, 105
## Number of obs: 1081, groups:
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                539.73593
                             5.38021
                                      270.70839 100.319
                                                          < 2e-16 ***
## sex
                 -1.01014
                             2.08966 1015.73459
                                                 -0.483
                                                            0.629
                                                 -5.124 7.55e-07 ***
## minority
                -16.48615
                             3.21756
                                      183.24221
                  9.89350
                             1.54595 1062.82952
                                                   6.400 2.33e-10 ***
## ses
                 -0.01636
                             0.14285
                                      234.25604
                                                 -0.115
                                                            0.909
## yearstea
## mathknow
                             1.39354
                                      234.05425
                                                   1.046
                                                            0.297
                  1.45697
                                                 -0.099
## mathprep
                 -0.13522
                             1.37018
                                      203.97781
                                                            0.921
## housepov
                -17.34685
                            12.91273
                                      103.34823
                                                 -1.343
                                                            0.182
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) sex
                          minrty ses
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
            -0.188
## minority -0.368 -0.009
            -0.117
                   0.021
                           0.149
## ses
## yearstea -0.265
                   0.015
                           0.025 - 0.023
## mathknow -0.079 0.009 0.108 0.001 0.038
## mathprep -0.618 -0.005 -0.004
                                  0.051 -0.171 -0.006
## housepov -0.435 -0.009 -0.171 0.085 0.080 0.061 0.037
anova(model_all_student,model_minority_cor,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                          housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model all student:
## model_minority_cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_minority_cor:
                           housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (minority | classid)
##
                           AIC
                                 BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                                 10730
                                                 10726 3.1967
                                                                   2
                                                                         0.2022
## model_minority_cor 13 10752 10817 -5363.2
```

For allowing correlation on SES variable, the classroom-level variance dropped by 10 and the interaction effect variance between student-level variable SES and classroom-level are around 41. The p-value are 0.14 for comparing the new model with all predictors model. For allowing correlation on SEX variable, the classroom-level variance increased by 40 and intereaction effect variance between student-level variable Sex and classroom-level are around 31. The p-value are 0.7875 implies that it might not be a good fit to allow correlation on Sex variable with random slope.

For allowing correlation on Minority variable, the classroom-level variance significantly increased from 94 to 225, while the interaction effect variance between student-level variable minority and classroom-level are

around 171 with a correlatio of -0.82. The p-value are 0.208. This significant increase might due to the aggregate effect of student-level predictors minority on the classroom-level effect.

Question 7 of 12

- a. Try to add a random slope for each **student level** predictor (varying at the **school level**; one by one separately not all together).
- b. Retry the above, allowing the slopes to be correlated with the random intercepts.
- c. Report anything unusual about the variance components (changes that are unexpected).

Solution

a)

```
#ses varying at school-level
model_ses_school<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(ses||schoolid)+(1|
print(summary(model_ses_school))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
  Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (ses || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
      Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                10 Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
   -3.6138 -0.6185 -0.0289
                            0.5798
                                    3.7130
##
## Random effects:
##
  Groups
               Name
                           Variance Std.Dev.
##
   classid
               (Intercept)
                             88.56
                                     9.411
##
   schoolid
                             72.50
                                     8.515
               ses
  schoolid.1 (Intercept)
                            168.00
                                    12.961
                           1035.11
                                    32.173
##
  Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                              df t value Pr(>|t|)
                539.13752
                             5.27926 270.52802 102.124
                                                          < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## sex
                 -1.40187
                             2.08169 1011.29089
                                                  -0.673
                                                            0.501
                -16.52526
                                      700.07600
                                                  -5.468 6.32e-08 ***
## minority
                             3.02191
                  9.78982
                             1.82216
                                       79.01650
                                                   5.373 7.61e-07 ***
## ses
                  0.03079
                             0.14052
                                      223.94252
                                                   0.219
                                                            0.827
## yearstea
## mathknow
                  1.35586
                             1.38461
                                      232.19737
                                                   0.979
                                                            0.328
## mathprep
                 -0.19799
                             1.35995
                                      198.59551
                                                  -0.146
                                                            0.884
## housepov
                -16.94575
                            13.21161
                                      112.81447
                                                  -1.283
                                                            0.202
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
```

```
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
          (Intr) sex minrty ses yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.323 -0.010
## ses
           -0.091 0.017 0.124
## yearstea -0.260 0.018 0.024 -0.019
## mathknow -0.079 0.006 0.110 0.006 0.028
## mathprep -0.628 -0.007 0.001 0.042 -0.172 0.002
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.180 0.076 0.070 0.056 0.041
anova(model_all_student,model_ses_school,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                       housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_ses_school: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                        housepov + (ses || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_ses_school:
##
                         AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
                    Df
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                             10730
## model_ses_school 12 10749 10809 -5362.4
                                             10725 4.6972
                                                              1
                                                                    0.03021 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#sex varying at school-level
model_sex_school<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(sex||schoolid)+(1|
print(summary(model ses school))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (ses || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
                               3Q
##
      Min 1Q Median
                                     Max
## -3.6138 -0.6185 -0.0289 0.5798 3.7130
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                          Variance Std.Dev.
## classid
                            88.56
                                  9.411
              (Intercept)
## schoolid ses
                            72.50
                                   8.515
## schoolid.1 (Intercept) 168.00 12.961
                          1035.11 32.173
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.13752 5.27926 270.52802 102.124 < 2e-16 ***
               -1.40187
                            2.08169 1011.29089 -0.673
## sex
              -16.52526 3.02191 700.07600 -5.468 6.32e-08 ***
## minority
```

```
## ses
                 9.78982 1.82216 79.01650 5.373 7.61e-07 ***
               0.03079 0.14052 223.94252 0.219
## yearstea
                                                        0.827
                1.35586 1.38461 232.19737 0.979
                                                        0.328
## mathknow
               -0.19799 1.35995 198.59551 -0.146
## mathprep
                                                        0.884
               -16.94575 13.21161 112.81447 -1.283
## housepov
                                                        0.202
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
          (Intr) sex
                      minrty ses
                                    yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.190
## minority -0.323 -0.010
## ses
           -0.091 0.017 0.124
## yearstea -0.260 0.018 0.024 -0.019
## mathknow -0.079 0.006 0.110 0.006 0.028
## mathprep -0.628 -0.007 0.001 0.042 -0.172 0.002
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.180 0.076 0.070 0.056 0.041
anova(model_all_student,model_sex_school,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model all student:
                        housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_sex_school: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_sex_school: housepov + (sex || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
                    Df AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student 11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                            10730
## model_sex_school 12 10753 10813 -5364.4
                                             10729 0.6137
                                                             1
                                                                    0.4334
#minority varying at school-level
model_minority_school<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(minority||sch
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
## Warning: Model failed to converge with 1 negative eigenvalue: -1.3e+01
print(summary(model_minority_school))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (minority || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
```

```
## Random effects:
## Groups
                          Variance Std.Dev.
              Name
             (Intercept) 9.388e+01 9.689369
## classid
## schoolid minority
                          1.777e-06 0.001333
## schoolid.1 (Intercept) 1.694e+02 13.017176
## Residual
                          1.065e+03 32.633690
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63040 5.31208 275.39129 101.586 < 2e-16 ***
               -1.21419
                            2.09483 1022.42090 -0.580
                                                         0.562
## sex
               -16.18676 3.02605 704.47702 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
## minority
               10.05076    1.54485    1066.56207    6.506    1.18e-10 ***
## ses
## yearstea
               0.01129 0.14141 226.80855 0.080
                                                        0.936
                         1.39168 234.49782
## mathknow
                1.35003
                                              0.970
                                                         0.333
                         1.37582 205.27092 -0.201
                                                         0.841
## mathprep
                -0.27705
## housepov
               -17.64850 13.21752 113.87888 -1.335
                                                         0.184
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
                         minrty ses
           (Intr) sex
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.190
## sex
## minority -0.320 -0.011
## ses
         -0.121 0.020 0.162
## yearstea -0.259 0.016 0.024 -0.028
## mathknow -0.083 0.007 0.115 -0.007 0.029
## mathprep -0.631 -0.006 0.001 0.053 -0.172 0.004
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.178 0.082 0.071 0.058 0.038
## convergence code: 0
## boundary (singular) fit: see ?isSingular
anova(model all student, model minority school, refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model all student:
## model_minority_school: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                             housepov + (minority || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_minority_school:
                                  BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
                             AIC
## model_all_student
                        11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                                 10730
## model_minority_school 12 10754 10813 -5364.8
                                                 10730
                                                           0
                                                                  1
 b)
#ses varying at school-level
model_ses_school_cor<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(ses|schoolid)+
print(summary(model_ses_school_cor))
```

Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [

```
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (ses | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
     Data: dat
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.4
## Scaled residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -3.5647 -0.6166 -0.0264 0.5888 3.7073
## Random effects:
## Groups
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
           Name
## classid (Intercept)
                          86.62
                                 9.307
## schoolid (Intercept) 171.12 13.081
##
                          73.35
                                 8.565
                                          0.19
                        1035.89 32.185
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                Estimate Std. Error
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.72268 5.27645 271.16175 102.099 < 2e-16 ***
                            2.08074 1011.40155 -0.675
                                                          0.500
## sex
                -1.40428
                            3.03575 668.89455 -5.359 1.16e-07 ***
## minority
               -16.26714
                                               5.316 9.74e-07 ***
## ses
                 9.72644
                          1.82981
                                     78.36254
## yearstea
                 0.03616
                            0.14002 220.43198
                                                0.258
                                                          0.796
## mathknow
                            1.38204 230.90960
                                                 0.912
                                                          0.363
                 1.26005
                            1.35647 197.11400 -0.160
## mathprep
                -0.21707
                                                          0.873
               -15.89853
## housepov
                          13.15319 111.73535 -1.209
                                                          0.229
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                         minrty ses
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.188
## sex
## minority -0.325 -0.011
           -0.062 0.018 0.117
## yearstea -0.259 0.017 0.021 -0.021
## mathknow -0.077 0.005 0.108 0.007 0.028
## mathprep -0.627 -0.008 0.002 0.045 -0.172 0.001
## housepov -0.449 -0.009 -0.183 0.070 0.073 0.057 0.039
anova(model_all_student,model_ses_school_cor,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                        housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_ses_school_cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                            housepov + (ses | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_ses_school_cor:
                                 BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
##
                            AIC
## model_all_student
                       11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                                 10730
## model_ses_school_cor 13 10750 10815 -5362.2
                                                 10724 5.1385
                                                                        0.07659 .
## ---
```

```
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
#sex varying at school-level
model_sex_school_cor<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(sex|schoolid)+
## Warning in checkConv(attr(opt, "derivs"), opt$par, ctrl = control$checkConv, :
## Model failed to converge with max|grad| = 0.00526733 (tol = 0.002, component 1)
print(summary(model_ses_school_cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (ses | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.4
## Scaled residuals:
           1Q Median
      Min
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.5647 -0.6166 -0.0264 0.5888 3.7073
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                       Variance Std.Dev. Corr
                        86.62 9.307
## classid (Intercept)
## schoolid (Intercept) 171.12 13.081
##
                         73.35
                               8.565
                                        0.19
## Residual
                       1035.89 32.185
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
               Estimate Std. Error
                                          df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 538.72268 5.27645 271.16175 102.099 < 2e-16 ***
## sex
               -1.40428
                           2.08074 1011.40155 -0.675
                                                        0.500
              -16.26714 3.03575 668.89455 -5.359 1.16e-07 ***
## minority
                9.72644 1.82981 78.36254 5.316 9.74e-07 ***
## ses
## yearstea
               0.03616  0.14002  220.43198  0.258  0.796
                1.26005 1.38204 230.90960 0.912
## mathknow
                                                        0.363
              -0.21707 1.35647 197.11400 -0.160
## mathprep
                                                        0.873
## housepov
               -15.89853 13.15319 111.73535 -1.209
                                                        0.229
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
           (Intr) sex
                        minrty ses
                                     yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
           -0.188
## minority -0.325 -0.011
          -0.062 0.018 0.117
## yearstea -0.259 0.017 0.021 -0.021
## mathknow -0.077 0.005 0.108 0.007 0.028
## mathprep -0.627 -0.008 0.002 0.045 -0.172 0.001
## housepov -0.449 -0.009 -0.183 0.070 0.073 0.057 0.039
```

```
anova(model_all_student,model_sex_school_cor,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_sex_school_cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                            housepov + (sex | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_sex_school_cor:
                            AIC BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
                       Df
                       11 10752 10806 -5364.8
## model_all_student
                                                 10730
## model_sex_school_cor 13 10754 10818 -5363.8
                                                 10728 1.863
                                                                         0.394
#minority varying at school-level
model_minority_school_cor<-lmer(math1st~sex+minority+ses+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(minority|
print(summary(model_minority_school_cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
      housepov + (minority | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10717.5
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.8952 -0.6358 -0.0345 0.6129 3.6444
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                        Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## classid (Intercept)
                          86.7
                                 9.311
## schoolid (Intercept)
                         381.2
                                19.524
                         343.2
                                 18.525
                                          -0.83
            minority
                                 32.240
                        1039.4
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
##
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.49369 5.65513 173.09178 95.399 < 2e-16 ***
## sex
                -0.86278 2.08382 1021.81437 -0.414
                                                          0.679
## minority
               -16.37547 3.89604
                                      58.24604 -4.203 9.17e-05 ***
                                                6.111 1.39e-09 ***
## ses
                 9.43095
                            1.54335 1063.13485
## yearstea
                -0.00437
                            0.13765 217.17884 -0.032
                                                          0.975
## mathknow
                1.63216 1.35929 224.78144
                                                1.201
                                                          0.231
                -0.29178
                            1.33537 198.06922 -0.218
                                                          0.827
## mathprep
## housepov
               -16.06251 12.57477 99.99134 -1.277
                                                          0.204
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                         minrty ses
                                      yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.172
## sex
```

minority -0.494 -0.014

```
-0.105 0.024 0.113
## yearstea -0.253 0.014 0.027 -0.021
## mathknow -0.078 0.010 0.099 -0.005
## mathprep -0.576 -0.005 -0.002 0.052 -0.167 -0.002
## housepov -0.394 -0.013 -0.157 0.089 0.091 0.061 0.037
anova(model_all_student,model_minority_school_cor,refit=F)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_all_student: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_all_student:
                         housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_minority_school_cor: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_minority_school_cor:
                                 housepov + (minority | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
                                       BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df
##
                            Df
                                 AIC
## model all student
                            11 10752 10806 -5364.8
                                                      10730
## model_minority_school_cor 13 10744 10808 -5358.8
                                                      10718 11.967
                                                                        2
                            Pr(>Chisq)
## model_all_student
## model_minority_school_cor
                               0.00252 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

c) One thing that is unusual is the fact that when allowing correlation for between minority(varing at school level) random effect, the variance of school-level random intercept and minority random slope has a significant increase of 381 and 343. This might due to the high negative correlation between the random intercept and the random slope which is -0.83.

Question 8 of 12

- a. Take the two predictors that had significant (at 0.05 level) random slopes, in the forms in which they worked (independent or correlated) and add both to the model, and test for need of one conditional on needing the other.
- b. Is the more complex model (with both random slopes in it) justified?
- c. Write out this model in your preferred notation.

Solution

a)

##

##

(1 | classid)

Data: dat

```
model_complex<- lmer(math1st~ses+minority+sex+yearstea+mathknow+mathprep+housepov+(minority|schoolid)+(
print(summary(model_complex))

## Linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood . t-tests use Satterthwaite's
## method [lmerModLmerTest]</pre>
```

Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +

housepov + (minority | schoolid) + (0 + ses | schoolid) +

```
##
##
                      logLik deviance df.resid
       AIC
                BIC
##
   10763.6 10833.4 -5367.8 10735.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -3.6750 -0.6274 -0.0308 0.6075 3.7143
##
## Random effects:
  Groups
##
              Name
                          Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## classid
              (Intercept)
                            75.7
                                    8.700
                            72.0
                                    8.485
##
   schoolid
              ses
   schoolid.1 (Intercept)
                           388.2
                                   19.703
              minority
##
                           322.4
                                   17.954
                                            -0.85
                          1008.6
                                   31.759
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
##
                                            df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.04847 5.59366 169.61465 96.368 < 2e-16 ***
## ses
                 9.19972
                          1.80877
                                     83.00657
                                                5.086 2.23e-06 ***
## minority
               -16.70586
                            3.86031
                                      56.49063 -4.328 6.22e-05 ***
                            2.06437 1016.13264
                                               -0.499
## sex
                -1.03004
                                                          0.618
                            0.13511 216.50022
                                                0.163
## yearstea
                 0.02201
                                                          0.871
## mathknow
                1.64745
                          1.33510 224.48655
                                                1.234
                                                          0.219
## mathprep
                -0.23892
                          1.30286 193.31862 -0.183
                                                          0.855
## housepov
               -15.32842
                          12.29149 101.57414 -1.247
                                                          0.215
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) ses
                         minrty sex
                                       yearst mthknw mthprp
## ses
           -0.081
## minority -0.508 0.088
           -0.172 0.020 -0.013
## yearstea -0.255 -0.011 0.027 0.017
## mathknow -0.072 0.005 0.094 0.010 0.023
## mathprep -0.569 0.042 -0.003 -0.005 -0.165 -0.004
## housepov -0.393  0.084 -0.150 -0.014  0.094  0.060  0.040
anova(model_complex,model_ses_school)
## refitting model(s) with ML (instead of REML)
## Data: dat
## Models:
## model_ses_school: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
## model_ses_school:
                        housepov + (ses || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
## model_complex: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
                     housepov + (minority | schoolid) + (0 + ses | schoolid) +
## model_complex:
## model_complex:
                     (1 | classid)
##
                   Df
                        AIC
                              BIC logLik deviance Chisq Chi Df Pr(>Chisq)
## model_ses_school 12 10772 10832 -5373.9
                                             10748
```

```
## model_complex 14 10764 10833 -5367.8 10736 12.239 2 0.0022 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

- b) According to the LRT test, we can conclude that the p-value of adding the minority variable random slope(varying at school-level) while allowing correlation to the model conditioning on adding ses variable random slope(varying at school-level) is 0.002. This implies that there is a need for adding both variable to the model. This justified the more complex model.
- c) The model for adding both SES variable and Minority variable (varying at school-level while allowing correlation for minority) is

 $MATH1ST_{ijk} = b_0 + b_1SES_{ijk} + b_2Minority_{ijk} + b_3Sex_{ijk} + b_4Yearstea_{jk} + b_5Mathknow_{jk} + b_6Mathprep_{jk} + b_7Housep_{jk} + b_7Housep_{$

, where

$$\eta_{0jk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{n_0}^2)$$

,

$$\zeta_0 k \sim N(0, \zeta_{\zeta_0}^2)$$

,

$$\zeta_1 k \sim N(0, \zeta_{\zeta_1}^2)$$

,

$$\zeta_2 k \sim N(0, \zeta_{\zeta_2}^2)$$

,

$$\epsilon_{ijk} \sim N(0, \sigma_{\epsilon}^2)$$

, i represents students, j represents classrooms and k represents schools.

$$Corr(\zeta_{0k}, \zeta_{2k}) = \rho_{\zeta_0, \zeta_2}$$

, all other random terms independent of each other.

Question 9 of 12

- a. For UMM, write down: V_S, V_C, V_E for the three variance components (simply the estimates).
- b. For the most complicated (all fixed effects) random intercepts only model, what are: V_S, V_C, V_E?
- c. By what fraction did these each decrease with the new predictors in the model?

```
print(summary(unconditional_model))
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ (1 | schoolid/classid)
## Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 11944.6
##
## Scaled residuals:
```

```
10 Median
                              3Q
## -5.1872 -0.6174 -0.0204 0.5821 3.8339
##
## Random effects:
## Groups
                    Name
                               Variance Std.Dev.
## classid:schoolid (Intercept)
                                85.47
                                         9.245
                    (Intercept) 280.69 16.754
## schoolid
                                1146.79 33.864
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1190, groups: classid:schoolid, 312; schoolid, 107
##
## Fixed effects:
              Estimate Std. Error
                                      df t value Pr(>|t|)
                           2.037 104.403 256.6 <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept) 522.540
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
print(summary(model_all_student))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
      housepov + (1 | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
     Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10729.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                              3Q
                                     Max
## -3.8581 -0.6134 -0.0321 0.5971 3.6598
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name
                        Variance Std.Dev.
                        93.89 9.689
## classid (Intercept)
## schoolid (Intercept) 169.45 13.017
                        1064.96 32.634
## Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
                Estimate Std. Error
                                           df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.63041 5.31209 275.39010 101.585 < 2e-16 ***
## sex
                -1.21419 2.09483 1022.42110 -0.580
                                                         0.562
## minority
               -16.18676
                         3.02605 704.47787 -5.349 1.20e-07 ***
                           1.54485 1066.56211
                                               6.506 1.18e-10 ***
## ses
                10.05076
               0.01129
## yearstea
                           0.14141 226.80861
                                               0.080
                                                         0.936
                                              0.970
## mathknow
                1.35004
                         1.39168 234.49768
                                                         0.333
                -0.27705
                           1.37583 205.27111 -0.201
                                                        0.841
## mathprep
## housepov
               -17.64850
                         13.21755 113.87814 -1.335
                                                         0.184
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
           (Intr) sex
                        minrty ses
                                     yearst mthknw mthprp
           -0.190
## sex
## minority -0.320 -0.011
```

```
## ses     -0.121     0.020     0.162
## yearstea     -0.259     0.016     0.024     -0.028
## mathknow     -0.083     0.007     0.115     -0.007     0.029
## mathprep     -0.631     -0.006     0.001     0.053     -0.172     0.004
## housepov     -0.451     -0.007     -0.178     0.082     0.071     0.058     0.038
```

- a) For Unconditional mean model, V_C is 85.47, V_S is 280.69, and V_E is 1146.79.
- b) For most complicated model(Random Intercept only), V_C is 93.89, V_S is 169.45, and V_E is 1064.96.
- c) For V_C, it increased by 9.85% For V_S, it decreased by 39.63% For V_E, it decreased by 7.14%

Question 10 of 12

Now consider the model with a random slope in ses.

- a. What are: V_C , V_S (ses = 0), V_E ?
 - We need to list ses = 0 here, or we don't know how to use the slope variance.
- b. What are: V_S (ses = -0.50), V_S (ses = +0.50)?

```
print(summary(model_ses_school))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
  Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
       housepov + (ses || schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
      Data: dat
## REML criterion at convergence: 10724.8
##
## Scaled residuals:
                1Q Median
                                3Q
##
      Min
                                       Max
## -3.6138 -0.6185 -0.0289 0.5798 3.7130
## Random effects:
## Groups
              Name
                           Variance Std.Dev.
                                     9.411
## classid
               (Intercept)
                             88.56
## schoolid
                             72.50
                                     8.515
               ses
## schoolid.1 (Intercept) 168.00 12.961
##
   Residual
                           1035.11
                                    32.173
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
               539.13752
                             5.27926 270.52802 102.124
## sex
                -1.40187
                             2.08169 1011.29089
                                                -0.673
                                                           0.501
## minority
                -16.52526
                             3.02191 700.07600 -5.468 6.32e-08 ***
```

```
## ses
                  9.78982
                             1.82216
                                       79.01650
                                                   5.373 7.61e-07 ***
                  0.03079
                             0.14052 223.94252
                                                   0.219
                                                            0.827
## yearstea
                                                   0.979
## mathknow
                  1.35586
                             1.38461 232.19737
                                                            0.328
## mathprep
                 -0.19799
                             1.35995 198.59551
                                                 -0.146
                                                            0.884
## housepov
                -16.94575
                            13.21161 112.81447
                                                 -1.283
                                                            0.202
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) sex
                          minrty ses
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
            -0.190
## minority -0.323 -0.010
            -0.091 0.017
## ses
                           0.124
## yearstea -0.260 0.018 0.024 -0.019
## mathknow -0.079 0.006 0.110 0.006 0.028
## mathprep -0.628 -0.007 0.001 0.042 -0.172 0.002
## housepov -0.451 -0.007 -0.180 0.076 0.070 0.056 0.041
  a) For model with a random slope in ses, the V_C is 88.56, V_S(ses=0) is 168, V_E is 1035.11
  b) V_S (ses = -0.50) is
                                      168 + 0.5 \times 72.5 = 204.5
    V_S (ses = +0.50) is
                                     168 - 0.5 \times 72.5 = 131.75
```

Question 11 of 12

Now consider the model with a random slope in minority.

- a. What are: V_C , V_S (minority = 0), V_E ?
 - We need to list minority = 0 here, or we don't know how to use the slope variance.
- b. What are: V_S (minority = +0.25), V_S (minority = +0.50), V_S (minority = +0.75)?

```
print(summary(model_minority_school_cor))
## Linear mixed model fit by REML. t-tests use Satterthwaite's method [
## lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ sex + minority + ses + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
##
       housepov + (minority | schoolid) + (1 | classid)
##
      Data: dat
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10717.5
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -3.8952 -0.6358 -0.0345 0.6129
                                    3.6444
##
```

```
## Random effects:
                         Variance Std.Dev. Corr
##
   Groups
             Name
   classid (Intercept)
                           86.7
                                   9.311
   schoolid (Intercept)
                          381.2
                                  19.524
##
##
             minority
                          343.2
                                  18.525
                                            -0.83
                         1039.4
                                  32.240
##
   Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                539.49369
                             5.65513
                                      173.09178
                                                  95.399
                                                          < 2e-16 ***
                 -0.86278
                                                  -0.414
                                                            0.679
                             2.08382 1021.81437
                -16.37547
                             3.89604
                                       58.24604
                                                  -4.203 9.17e-05 ***
## minority
## ses
                                                   6.111 1.39e-09 ***
                  9.43095
                             1.54335 1063.13485
                             0.13765
                                                  -0.032
## yearstea
                 -0.00437
                                      217.17884
                                                            0.975
## mathknow
                  1.63216
                             1.35929
                                      224.78144
                                                   1.201
                                                            0.231
## mathprep
                 -0.29178
                             1.33537
                                      198.06922
                                                  -0.218
                                                            0.827
## housepov
                -16.06251
                            12.57477
                                       99.99134
                                                 -1.277
                                                            0.204
##
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) sex
                          minrty ses
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
## sex
            -0.172
## minority -0.494 -0.014
            -0.105
                   0.024
                           0.113
## yearstea -0.253
                   0.014
                           0.027 -0.021
## mathknow -0.078 0.010 0.099 -0.005
## mathprep -0.576 -0.005 -0.002 0.052 -0.167 -0.002
## housepov -0.394 -0.013 -0.157 0.089 0.091 0.061 0.037
```

a) For model with a random slope in $minority(allowing correlation, varying at school-level random effect), the <math>V_C$ is 86.7, V_S (minority = 0) is 381.2, V_E is 1039.4.

```
b) V_S (minority = +0.25) is 381.2 + 0.25^2 \times 343.2 = 402.65 V_S (minority = +0.50) is 381.2 + 0.5^2 \times 343.2 = 467 V_S (minority = +0.75) is 381.2 + 0.75^2 \times 343.2 = 574.25
```

Question 12 of 12

Now consider the model with a random slope in ses and minority.

- a. What are: V_C , V_S (minority = 0, ses = 0), V_E ?
 - We need to list minority = 0 and ses = 0 here, or we don't know how to use the slope variance.
- b. In the last model, what is a "likely" (+/- 1 s.d.) range for η_{0jk} .
- c. Can we make a similar statement about ζ_{0k} ?

- d. If you had a large value for η_{0jk} , would you expect a large or small or "any" value for the two random slope terms, ζ_{1k} and ζ_{2k} for ses and minority?
- e. If you had a large value for ζ_{0jk} , would you expect a large or small or "any" value for the two random slope terms, ζ_{1k} and ζ_{2k} for ses and minority (discuss each separately)?

solution

```
print(summary(model_complex))
```

```
## Linear mixed model fit by maximum likelihood . t-tests use Satterthwaite's
##
     method [lmerModLmerTest]
## Formula: math1st ~ ses + minority + sex + yearstea + mathknow + mathprep +
       housepov + (minority | schoolid) + (0 + ses | schoolid) +
##
##
       (1 | classid)
     Data: dat
##
##
##
        AIC
                 BIC
                      logLik deviance df.resid
    10763.6 10833.4 -5367.8 10735.6
##
##
## Scaled residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
##
  -3.6750 -0.6274 -0.0308 0.6075
                                   3.7143
##
## Random effects:
##
  Groups
              Name
                           Variance Std.Dev. Corr
  classid
               (Intercept)
                             75.7
                                     8.700
##
##
   schoolid
                             72.0
                                     8.485
##
                            388.2
                                    19.703
   schoolid.1 (Intercept)
##
              minority
                            322.4
                                    17.954
                                             -0.85
##
                           1008.6
                                    31.759
  Residual
## Number of obs: 1081, groups: classid, 285; schoolid, 105
##
## Fixed effects:
##
                 Estimate Std. Error
                                             df t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 539.04847 5.59366 169.61465 96.368 < 2e-16 ***
                                       83.00657
## ses
                 9.19972
                             1.80877
                                                  5.086 2.23e-06 ***
## minority
                -16.70586
                             3.86031
                                       56.49063
                                                -4.328 6.22e-05 ***
## sex
                -1.03004
                             2.06437 1016.13264
                                                -0.499
                                                           0.618
## yearstea
                 0.02201
                             0.13511 216.50022
                                                  0.163
                                                           0.871
                                                  1.234
## mathknow
                 1.64745
                            1.33510 224.48655
                                                           0.219
## mathprep
                -0.23892
                            1.30286 193.31862 -0.183
                                                           0.855
## housepov
                -15.32842
                           12.29149 101.57414 -1.247
                                                           0.215
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) ses
                          minrty sex
                                        yearst mthknw mthprp
            -0.081
## ses
## minority -0.508 0.088
## sex
            -0.172 0.020 -0.013
## yearstea -0.255 -0.011 0.027 0.017
```

```
## mathknow -0.072 0.005 0.094 0.010 0.023

## mathprep -0.569 0.042 -0.003 -0.005 -0.165 -0.004

## housepov -0.393 0.084 -0.150 -0.014 0.094 0.060 0.040
```

- a) Model with random slope in SES(varying at school-level effect, no correlation with random intercept), Minority(varying at school-level effect, with correlation), V_C = 75.7, V_S (minority = 0, ses = 0)= 388.2, V_E= 1008.6
- b) In the last model, η_{0jk} (+/- 1 s.d.) are likely to be around -2 to 2 since it fits a normal distribution from 0 to 76.
- c) ζ_{0k} are likely to be from -5 to 5. Since it fits a normal distribution from 0 to 388.
- d) If η_{0jk} is relatively large, then the two random slope ζ_{1k} and ζ_{2k} for ses and minority are not likely to be affected by this change, since ζ_{2k} , ζ_{1k} and η_{0jk} should be independent of each other.
- e) If ζ_{0jk} are likely to be large, then for ζ_{1k} (ses) it would likely to not have an impact since those two coefficient are indepedent of each other. For ζ_{2k} (minority), it would likely to be relatively small since there is negative correlation of -0.85 between those two random effect coefficient.