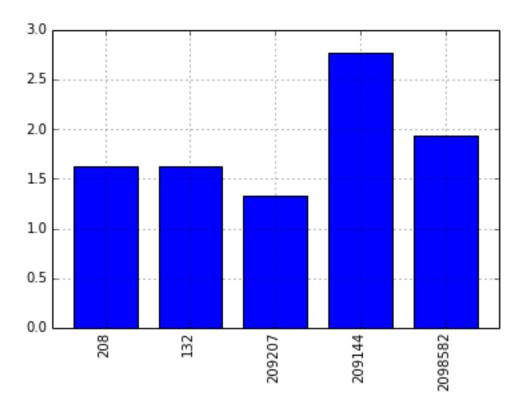
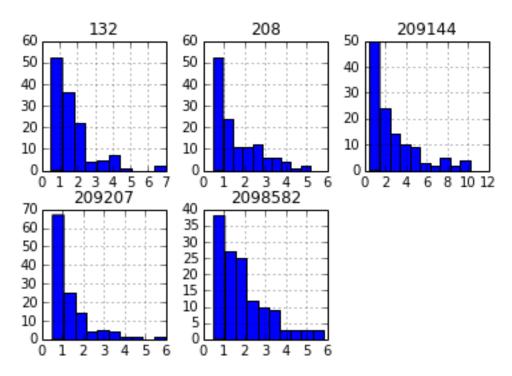
run_length

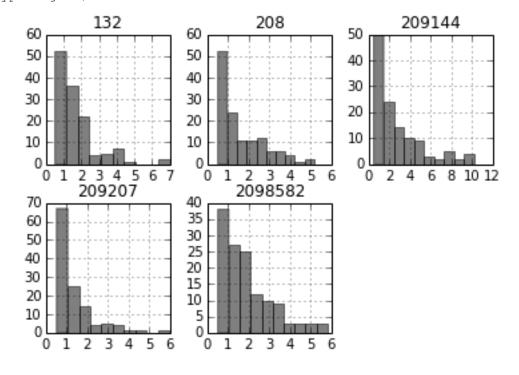
Unknown Author

December 03, 2013

```
%matplotlib inline
        import pandas as pd
In [1]:
        import os
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           os.mkdir('../figures')
        except WindowsError:
            print "figures exists"
        figures exists
        data = pd.read_csv("../input/run_length_data.csv")
        data.head()
In [2]:
              208
                          209207 209144 2098582
                      132
Out [2]: 0 3.8790 1.0344 0.6465 5.9478 2.1981
        1 1.2930 1.0344 0.6465 1.8102 2.5860
        2 2.4567 1.0344 0.6465 0.7758
                                          2.3274
        3 1.9395 0.5172 0.7758 3.4911
                                          1.1637
        4 1.4223 2.3274 0.9051 7.1115
                                            4.9134
        data.mean()
In [3]: 208
                   1.629781
Out [3]: 132
                   1.627777
        209207
                 1.325855
        209144
                   2.771015
        2098582
                   1.930750
        dtype: float64
        data.mean().plot(kind='bar')
In [4]: <matplotlib.axes.AxesSubplot at 0x8c29a90>
Out [4]:
```







```
def fitline(x, mean, binsize, n, start):
              y = 1/mean*np.exp(-(x-start)/mean)*n*binsize
 In [8]:
              return y
          def rlplot(col, start, stop, binsize):
              runs = col[~np.isnan(col)] # remove nans
              x = np.arange(start + binsize/2, stop, .1) # xvals for fit line
              decayconst = np.mean(col) - start
y = fitline(x, decayconst, binsize, len(col), start) # compute fit line
plt.figure() # make a new figure
              plt.hist(col.values, bins=np.arange(start, stop, binsize), color='k', alpha=0.5) #
              plt.plot(x, y, color='k', linewidth=2) # add the fit lines
              plt.title(col.name)
              plt.savefig("../figures/" + col.name + "_runlength.eps") # save as .eps
              return decayconst
          start = .5172
          binsize = .5172*2
          stop = 12
         data.apply(rlplot, args=(start, stop, binsize)) # apply the plotting function to each
         208
                      1.112581
Out [8]: 132
                      1.110577
         209207
                      0.808655
         209144
                      2.253815
         2098582
                      1.413550
```

