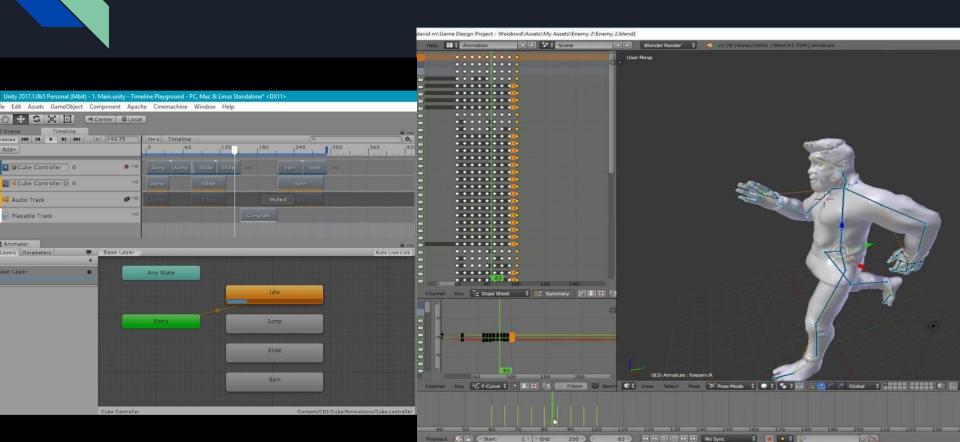
# Deep Learning in Video Games

Frank Xing Robert Chang Why we need deep learning

#### Movement of NPCs By Hand

- Animations before were mostly done by hand
- Animation by hand works well for 2D, cartoonish games such as Mario, Cuphead, etc.
- Not realistic and lacking details regarding surface and dynamic of hair and cloth
- Ultimately, animation by hand consumes memory, processor time, and is hard to create on a large scale

# Example of Animation by Hand



## Movement of NPCs by Motion Capture

- Once motion capture technology was refined, it became new option for digital animation/model creation
- Works great for small scenes such as cinematic cutscenes
- Still can't plan for all interactions characters will have with environment in complex games
- Some movements may be difficult or unfeasible to create with live actors

# Example of Animation by Human Performance

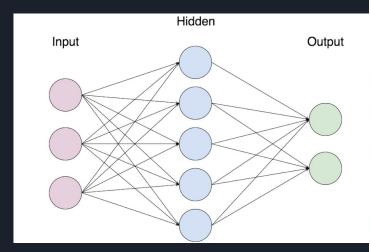


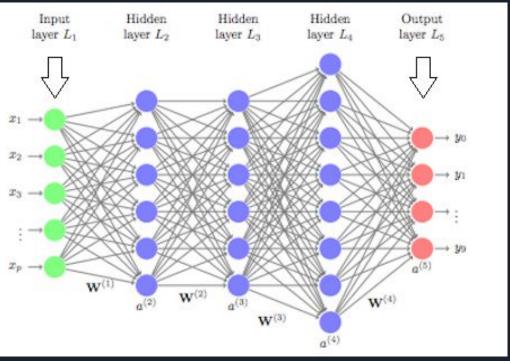
And so computer scientists at University of Edinburgh along with Adobe Research devised a solution...

#### Neural Networks

- Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) computational nonlinear model that learns how to perform tasks through an input and output layer that involves artificial neurons which send signals with different weights to one another
- Nonlinear because you can have multiple inputs with different weights thus creating a complex relationship
- Deep Neural Network (DNN) is a type of ANN with many layers between the input and output layer thus allowing the generation of more complex relations between data
- Train this deep neural network by inputting database of motions and actions

# Neural Network Examples





#### Movement of NPCs by Deep Learning

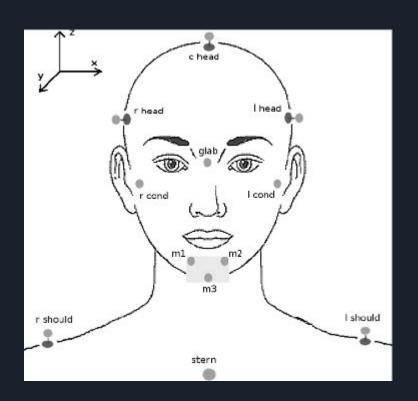
- Uses deep-neural and data-driven techniques to precisely guide characters through a variety of motions
- Achieves this using simple control commands
  - Examples of movements include sitting in chairs, picking up objects, side-stepping, running etc
- Planning and adaptation are two important aspects to consider for character motions
- Does require a large database with various movements from the performers, but can infer other movements

#### The Technique

- Planning: plan what kinds of different movements need to be put together to create a certain action
- Adapting: have ability to adapt to changes in environment such as obstacles or geometry
- The Neural State Machine that they developed learns animation by studying geometry of environment and the features of the desired action
- Learns how to create transitions by inferring next pose based on current state of scene and current pose
- One network is able to create multiple animations of different actions besides specified one

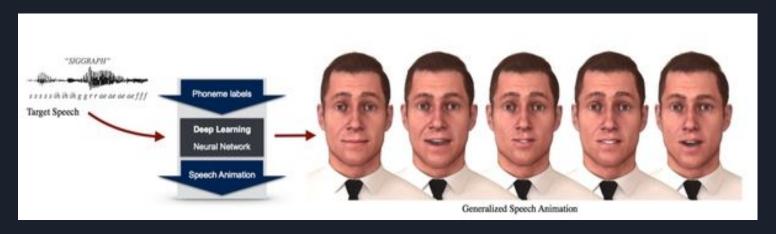
#### Head Motion Synthesis

- Predict head movement of a speaker based on their speech
  - Learn from a DNN with audio-visual broadcast news data
- A trained network outperforms a randomly initialized one
- Extra training data from other speakers in a stage can improve the prediction accuracy of a specific target speaker
- Results can be used in talking avatar animation in cutscenes



#### Generalized Speech Animation

- Focuses on the motion of mouths in accordance to different sounds
- Advantages include the following:
  - Runs in real-time, minimal tuning, generalizes well to speech sequences, can be edited for emotional speech and compatible with existing animation approaches



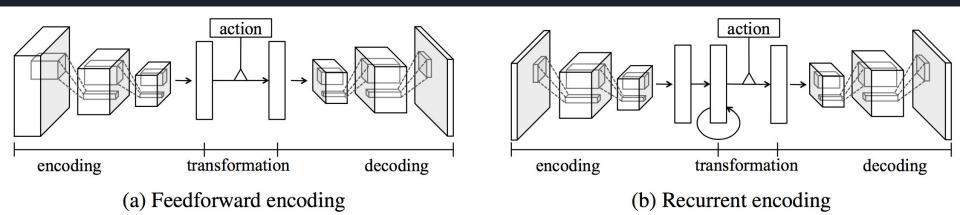
### Facial Performance Capture

- User recorded in a natural environment with non-intrusive
  3-D sensors
- Novel face tracking algorithm that combines pre recordings, textures, and geometry for a single optimization
- Easy to deploy system and widely applicable in digital gaming



#### Action-Conditional Video Prediction

- Future images dependent on past image frames and control variables/actions
- Process includes encoding, action-conditional transformation, and decoding based on layers of neural networks
- Able to generate visually-realistic frames that are also useful for control in the next 100 or so future frames



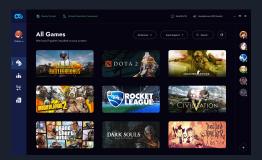
# Our Review

#### Immediate Reactions



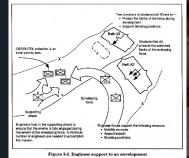
- Very interesting, gave us new knowledge about game animation and rough idea about future direction of game design
- Not that much technical information about how the Neural State Machine will work
- More about why and how it will be a significant development for multiples applications/industries
- New insight about new possibilities and technological capabilities of entertainment industry
- Chose this topic because we were unaware of deep learning application in video game design

## Future Implications



- Teaching games how characters should be animated and letting game do it instead of us making it all
- Saves time, money, resources in the game development process
- Can be expanded to other fields such as movie, tv shows, entertainment
- Reduce file sizes of games
- Reduce amount of data processed
- Maybe make streaming games more viable by reducing amount of data being transferred
- Create more complex video game ais that can do more on their own
- Create more realistic world with actual independently acting and animated figures

#### Possible Applications





- Other forms of entertainment that involves visuals/graphics
- CGI for movies, animated shorts, tv shows
- Improved, more complete, intelligent AI
- Self learning NPCs in games
- Self-driving car navigational/camera system intelligence
- Anything that relies on the construction of visuals from a set of patterns
- Virtual reality, augmented reality applications
- Environment analysis
- Military technology
- Development of tactical plans, strategy for military ops (take in examples of movement patterns, routes and based on current position plan next move)
- Simulation softwares

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