## Information Retrieval Assignment 1 Group 5 (Dávid Frank, Ferenc Galkó, Zalán Borsos)

Distinct urls: 5780 Exact duplicates: 1407 Near duplicates: 547 English pages: 2530 Student frequency: 2506

## Methodology

We distinguish between the entire textual content of the page (named  $\mathit{full text}$ ) and the content within the #content element (named  $\mathit{content}$ ). If the amount of text of the  $\mathit{content}$  retrieved this way is not sufficient (the length of the extracted text is < 10 characters), we use the  $\mathit{full text}$  as the  $\mathit{content}$ .

For the calculation of exact duplicates, English pages and student frequency, we use the *full text*, for near duplicate detection we use the *content*. We consider two documents as near duplicates if their *similarity hashes* differ in 0 or 1 bit.

In addition to the above statistics we have made the following observations:

- 1. There are 1300 login pages, which are all exact duplicates.
- 2. The very high frequency of *student* can be explained by the header which contains the expression *Student portal* (except for a small number of pages).

The application was compiled against scala version 2.11.7. If you have incompatibility issues, try to run the application using: