

# MATLAB

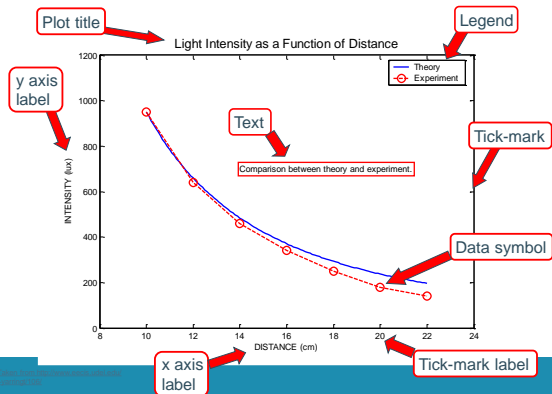
Quality plots

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## Requirements

- Produce high quality figures (e.g. for a paper)
- Fonts, line widths, etc. to be a specified size (e.g. 12pts)
- Fonts and symbols identical in figure and text
- Automate process as much as possible; figure regeneration
  - Collect additional data
  - Reuse the figure in a new publication, talk, grant etc.
  - Minor cosmetic alterations (require small amount of work)
- Reuse visualisation code

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## Approach

- As proposed by Turner / Rajashekar (<http://www.gatsby.ucl.ac.uk/~turner/TeaTalks/matlabFigs/matlabFig.pdf>)
- Do NOT
- Modify figure properties using the mouse
  - Export figures using the "export" menu function
- Avoid
- Using third party graphics programs where possible
- Do
- Use functions and scripts to generate plots: Reuseability
  - Specify fonts, line styles, axis positions, figure sizes as variables
  - Export using the print command
- See also: <http://journals.plos.org/ploscompbiol/article?id=10.1371/journal.pcbi.1003833>

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## plotting your data

- If only previewing or exploring data, steps 1 and 3 may be all you need.
- If creating presentation graphics, you may want to finetune your graph by positioning it on the page, setting line styles and colors, adding annotations, and making other such improvements.
- File: *first\_plot*

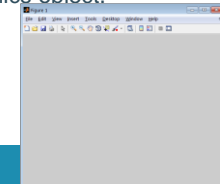
1. Prepare your data	<pre>x = 0:0.2:12; y1 = bessell(1,x); y2 = bessell(2,x);</pre>
2. Select a window and position a plot region within the window	<pre>figure(1) subplot(2,2,1)</pre>
3. Call elementary plotting function	<pre>h = plot(x, y1, x, y2)</pre>
4. Select line and marker Characteristics	<pre>set(h,'LineWidth',2,'LineStyle'),... {'--',':','-'} set(h,{'Color'},{'r','b'})</pre>
5. Set axis limits, tick marks, and grid lines marks, and grid lines	<pre>axis([0 12 -0.5 1]) grid on</pre>
6. Annotate the graph with axis labels, legend and text	<pre>xlabel('Time') ylabel('Amplitude') legend(h,'First','Second')</pre>

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## figure

- figure: fundamental container for plotting – a graph is created in a figure window
- separate from the Command Window
- can contain menus, toolbars, user-interface objects, context menus, axes, or any other type of graphics object.
- to create a new figure, use the **figure** function



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## plot command

- `plot(Y)` : plots the columns of Y versus their index if Y is a real number.
- `plot(X1,Y1,...)` : plots all lines defined by Xn versus Yn pairs.
- `plot(X1,Y1,LineSpec,...)` : plots all lines defined by the Xn,Yn,LineSpec triples, where LineSpec is a line specification for line type, marker symbol, and color of the plotted lines.
- `plot(...,'PropertyName',PropertyValue,...)` : sets properties to the specified property values for all line graphics objects created by plot.

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## plot: line specs

line specifications:

- LineStyle:
  - solid line (default)
  - dashed line
  - : dotted line
  - . dash-dot line
- Marker: Marker symbol.
  - + o \* . x(cross) s(square) d(diamond) ^ > < p(pentagram) h(hexagram)
- Color:
  - y m g r c b (=blue) k (=black) w

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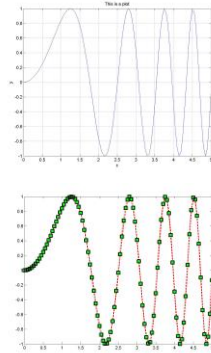
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## plot

- File: *plot2D\_simple.m*  
*plot2D\_simple\_02.m*  
*plot2D\_plot\_2.m*

```
x=0:0.05:5;
y=sin(x.^2);
plot(x,y);
```

```
plot(x,y,'-rs',...
'LineWidth',2,...
'MarkerEdgeColor','k',...
'MarkerFaceColor','g',...
'MarkerSize',10)
```

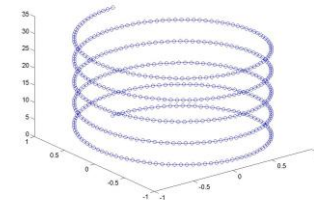


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## plot3

- `plot3` displays a three-dimensional plot of a set of data points.
- File: *plot3D\_plot3\_1.m*

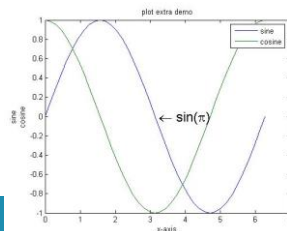


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## Extra information

- `xlabel`, `ylabel`, `zlabel`:
  - Label the x-, y-, and z-axis
- `title`:
  - places a title on your plot
- `legend`:
  - adds a legend to your plot
- File: *plot2D\_extra*  
*plot2D\_legend*



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## Extra information

- `text`:
  - creates a text object in current axes
- `grid on/off`
  - adds/removes grid lines
- `box on/off`
  - adds/removes axes box
- File: *plot2D\_extra2.m*

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## axes control

- `axis([xmin xmax ymin ymax])`: sets the limits for the x- and y-axis of the current axis
- `axis auto`: default behavior of computing the current axes' limits automatically,
- `axis tight`: sets the axis limits to the range of the data.
- `axis square`: square dimensions
- `axis equal`: equal unit spacing on x and y axes; ensures correct aspect ratio
- `axis off`: hides the axes, tickmarks, labels
- File: *plot2D\_axis.m*

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## multiple graphs

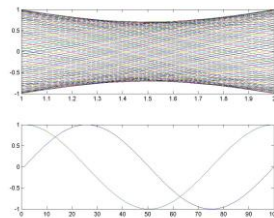
- In the same axes: `hold on`
- In the same window: `subplot`
- In different windows: `figure`
- Change between windows: `figure.figure_number`
- Clear the graphics: `clf`, `cla`
- Close a window: `close.figure_number`, `close all`
- Files:  
*plot2D\_multiple.m*  
*demo\_differentfont.m*

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## subplot

- multiple plots can be set in 1 figure using `subplot`
- `subplot(m,n,p)` creates an axes in the pth pane of a figure divided into an m-by-n matrix of rectangular panes.
- Files:  
*plot2D\_subplot*  
*plot2D\_subplot\_extra*



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## print

- Print a figure with `print`, usually providing a better quality than `saveas`
- Check the documentation
- File: *demo\_print\_figure.m*

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## Quality prints



- Check paper Damiano Varagnolo  
<http://staff.www.ltu.se/~damvar/Matlab/HowToMakePrettyFiguresWithMatlab.pdf>
- <https://dgleich.wordpress.com/2013/06/04/creating-high-quality-graphics-in-matlab-for-papers-and-presentations/>
- <http://steventhornton.ca/publication-quality-plots-with-matlab/>
- <http://blogs.mathworks.com/loren/2007/12/11/making-pretty-graphs/>
- <http://fundamentalthinking.blogspot.com/2012/01/generating-publication-quality-figures.html>

## Quality prints



- Check out Matlab Central
  - Oliver Woodward / Yair Altman: `export_fig`  
<http://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/23629-exportfig>  
[https://github.com/altmany/export\\_fig](https://github.com/altmany/export_fig)
  - Peder Axenstien: `savefig`  
<http://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/10889-savefig>