Programming in C/C++ Exercises set six: multi-threading 1

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Exercise 38, basic multithreading with recursive program

We were tasked to design a program that recursively visits all elements of a starting directory and computes the total size of its regular files.

Code listings

```
Listing 1: main.ih
```

```
#include "main.h"

#include <thread>
#include <chrono>

#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <dirent.h>

#include <dirent.h>

using namespace std;

Listing 2: main.cc

#include "main.ih"

int main(int argc, char **argv)

{
if (argc <= 1)</pre>
```

```
6
     {
7
       cerr << "Please supply a folder path.\n";</pre>
8
       return 1;
9
     }
10
11
     bool completed = false;
12
     size_t bytes = 0;
     thread byteCounter(countBytes,
13
14
       std::ref(completed), std::ref(bytes), argv[1]);
15
     thread progressBar(timeProcess,
16
       std::ref(completed));
17
18
     byteCounter.join();
19
     progressBar.join();
20
21
     cout << bytes << " bytes\n";</pre>
22 }
                        Listing 3: openfolder.cc
1 #include "main.ih"
2
3 size_t openFolder(string path)
4 {
5
     DIR *dir = opendir(path.c_str());
6
     if (dir == 0)
7
       return 0;
8
9
     size_t bytes = 0;
10
     struct dirent *pent = 0;
11
     while((pent = readdir(dir)))
12
13
       struct stat sb;
14
       lstat(pent->d_name, &sb);
15
16
       bytes += sb.st_size;
17
18
       if (S_ISDIR(sb.st_mode) == 0)
19
20
         string newPath = path + '/' + pent->d_name;
21
         bytes += openFolder(newPath);
```

```
22
      }
23
     }
24
     closedir(dir);
25
26
     return bytes;
27 }
                        Listing 4: timeprocess.cc
1 #include "main.ih"
3 void timeProcess(bool &status)
4 {
5
     while (!status)
6
7
       cout << '.' << std::flush;</pre>
       this_thread::sleep_for(chrono::seconds(1));
9
10
11
     cout << std::endl;</pre>
12 }
```

Exercise 39, using chrono/clock facilities

We were tasked to display the time at the beginning and end of a program.

Output

```
Listing 5: output
```

```
1 .
2 203509 bytes
3 Program starts at Thu Dec 15 14:44:36 2016
4 
5 Program ends at Thu Dec 15 14:44:36 2016
6 
7 Total time passed 0.0112944
```

Code listings

Listing 6: main.cc

```
1 #include "main.ih"
```

```
2 #include <iostream>
3 #include <chrono>
4 #include <ctime>
5
6 int main(int argc, char **argv)
7 {
8
     // Time block
9
     chrono::time_point<chrono::system_clock> start,
10
       end;
11
12
     start = chrono::system_clock::now();
13
14
     if (argc <= 1)</pre>
15
16
      cerr << "Please supply a folder path.\n";</pre>
17
       return 0;
18
     }
19
20
     mutex statusMutex;
21
     bool completed = false;
22
     size_t bytes = 0;
23
     thread byteCounter(countBytes,
24
       std::ref(statusMutex), std::ref(completed),
25
       std::ref(bytes), argv[1]);
26
     thread progressBar(timeProcess,
27
       std::ref(statusMutex), std::ref(completed));
28
29
     byteCounter.join();
30
31
     end = chrono::system_clock::now();
32
     progressBar.join();
33
     cout << bytes << " bytes\n";</pre>
34
35
     // Print block
36
37
     time t startTime =
       chrono::system_clock::to_time_t(start);
38
39
     cout << " Program starts at "</pre>
40
       << ctime(&startTime) << '\n';
41
```

```
42
     time_t endTime =
43
       chrono::system_clock::to_time_t (end);
44
     cout << " Program ends at "</pre>
       << ctime(&endTime) << '\n';
45
46
47
     chrono::duration<double> totalTime =
48
       end - start;
     cout << "Total time passed "</pre>
49
50
       << totalTime.count() << '\n';
51 }
```

Exercise 40, thread-safe queue

A proxy and a lot of lock guards attempt to make this queue thread-safe.

Listing 7: safequeue.ih

Code listings

13 14

15

16

1 #include "safequeue.h"

class RefProxy

```
3 using namespace std;
                        Listing 8: safequeue.h
1 #ifndef SAFEQUEUE_H
2 #define SAFEQUEUE_H
4 #include "semaphore.h"
5 #include <queue>
6 #include <string>
7
8 class SafeQueue
9 {
10
     Semaphore d_semaphore;
11
     std::mutex d_mutex;
12
     std::queue<std::string> d_queue;
```

// The RefProxy locks the mutex at creation

// and unlocks it at destruction.

```
17
18
       SafeQueue *d_queue;
19
       std::string &d_string;
20
21
       public:
22
         RefProxy(SafeQueue *queue, std::string &ref);
23
          ~RefProxy();
24
25
         RefProxy &operator=(
26
            RefProxy const &rhs) = delete;
27
28
          std::string const &operator=(
29
            std::string const &rhs);
30
         operator std::string const &() const;
31
     };
32
33
     std::mutex *mutex();
34
35
     public:
36
       bool empty();
37
38
       RefProxy front();
39
       RefProxy back();
40
41
       void pop();
42
       void push(std::string const &item);
43 };
44
45 #endif
   Semaphore
                        Listing 9: semaphore.ih
1 #include "semaphore.h"
3 using namespace std;
                        Listing 10: semaphore.h
1 #ifndef SEMAPHORE_H
2 #define SEMAPHORE_H
```

```
4 #include <condition_variable>
5 #include <mutex>
6 #include <cstddef>
8 class Semaphore
9 {
10
     std::mutex d_mutex;
11
     std::condition_variable d_condition;
12
     std::size_t d_counter = 0;
13
14
     public:
15
       Semaphore() = default;
16
       Semaphore(std::size_t count);
17
18
       void notify();
19
       void wait();
20 };
21
22 #endif
                         Listing 11: notify.cc
1 #include "semaphore.ih"
2
3 void Semaphore::notify()
5
     lock_guard<mutex> lock(d_mutex);
6
     if (d_counter++ == 0)
7
       d_condition.notify_all();
8 }
                     Listing 12: semaphoreconstr.cc
1 #include "semaphore.ih"
3 Semaphore::Semaphore(size_t count)
5 d_counter(count)
7 }
```

```
Listing 13: wait.cc
1 #include "semaphore.ih"
3 void Semaphore::wait()
4 {
5
     unique_lock<mutex> lock(d_mutex);
     while (d_counter == 0)
6
7
       d_condition.wait(lock);
     --d_counter;
10 }
   SafeQueue
                         Listing 14: back.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
3 SafeQueue::RefProxy SafeQueue::back()
5
     return RefProxy(this, d_queue.back());
6 }
                         Listing 15: empty.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
3 bool SafeQueue::empty()
   return d_queue.empty();
                         Listing 16: front.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
3 SafeQueue::RefProxy SafeQueue::front()
     return RefProxy(this, d_queue.front());
6 }
```

1 #include "safequeue.ih"

Listing 17: pop.cc

```
3 void SafeQueue::pop()
4 {
5
     d_mutex.lock();
6
     while(d_queue.size() == 0)
7
8
       d_mutex.unlock();
9
       d_semaphore.wait();
10
       d_mutex.lock();
11
12
     d_queue.pop();
13
     d_mutex.unlock();
14 }
                          Listing 18: push.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
3 void SafeQueue::push(string const &item)
4 {
5
     d_mutex.lock();
6
     d_queue.push(item);
7
     d_mutex.unlock();
8
     d_semaphore.notify();
   SafeQueue::RefProxy
                        Listing 19: operator=.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
3 string const &SafeQueue::RefProxy::operator=(
     std::string const &rhs)
5 {
6
     d_string = rhs;
7
     return d_string;
8 }
                        Listing 20: promotor.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
```

```
3 SafeQueue::RefProxy::operator string const &() const
    return d_string;
6 }
                      Listing 21: proxyconstr.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
3 SafeQueue::RefProxy::RefProxy(SafeQueue *queue,
4
     string &ref)
5:
6
     d_queue (queue),
7
     d_string(ref)
8 {
9
     d_queue->mutex()->lock();
10 }
                      Listing 22: proxyconstr.cc
1 #include "safequeue.ih"
3 SafeQueue::RefProxy::~RefProxy()
5
     d_queue->mutex()->unlock();
6
```

Exercise 42, establish connection between a parent and child process

We were tasked to pass output from a child process to the parent process by using fork and exec.

Code listings

```
Listing 23: main.cc
```

```
1 #include "main.h"
2
3 int main()
4 {
```

```
5
     int fileDescr[2];
6
     if (pipe(fileDescr) == -1)
7
       exit(1);
8
9
     int pID = fork();
10
     if (pID == 0) //Child
11
12
       while ((dup2(fileDescr[1],
          STDOUT_FILENO) == -1)) { } 
13
14
       close(fileDescr[1]);
15
       close(fileDescr[0]);
       execl("/bin/ls", "ls", (char *) 0);
16
17
       _exit(1);
18
19
20
     char buffer[4096];
21
     while (1)
22
23
       int count = read(fileDescr[0], buffer,
24
          sizeof(buffer));
25
       if (count == -1)
26
27
          exit(1);
28
29
       else if (count == 0)
30
31
         break;
32
33
       else
34
35
         usechildoutput(count, buffer);
36
         exit(1);
37
       }
38
     close(fileDescr[0]);
39
40
     wait(0);
41 }
```

Listing 24: main.h

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
```

```
2 #include <unistd.h>
3 #include <stdlib.h>
4 #include <errno.h>
5 #include <sys/wait.h>
6 #include <iostream>
8 using namespace std;
10 void usechildoutput(int count, char buffer[]);
                      Listing 25: usechildoutput.cc
 1 #include "main.h"
3 void usechildoutput(int count, char buffer[])
4 {
5
     int lines = 0;
6
     for (int bufferElement = 0;
7
       bufferElement <= count; ++bufferElement)</pre>
8
9
       cout << buffer[bufferElement];</pre>
10
       if (buffer[bufferElement] == '\n')
11
          lines += 1;
12
13
     cout << "Number of characters: " << count << "\n";</pre>
14
     cout << "Number of lines: " << lines << "\n";</pre>
15 }
```

Exercise 43: design a simple multi-thread program

We were tasked to make a program with threads counting vowels, hexadecimals, digits and punctuation character in a file passed to the program.

Code listings

Listing 26: task.h

```
1 #ifndef TASK_H
2 #define TASK_H
3
4 #include <iostream>
```

```
5 #include <vector>
7 class Task: public std::vector<char>
8 {
9
   public:
10
       Task(std::istream &file);
       void countVowel();
11
12
       void countDigit();
13
       void countHexDec();
14
       void countPunctChar();
15 };
16
17 #endif
                         Listing 27: task.ih
1 #include "task.h"
2 #include <algorithm>
3 #include <iterator>
4 #include <cctype>
6 using namespace std;
                         Listing 28: main.cc
1 #include "task.ih"
2 #include <thread>
3 #include <chrono>
5 int main(int argc, char **argv)
6 {
7
     using namespace std::chrono;
8
     time_point<system_clock> start,end;
9
     start = system_clock::now();
10
11
     Task task(cin);
12
13
     if (argc >=2) //perform threads in sequence
14
15
       thread vowelThread(&Task::countVowel,
16
         &task);
```

```
17
       vowelThread.join();
18
       thread digitThread(&Task::countDigit,
19
         &task);
20
       digitThread.join();
21
       thread hexdecThread(&Task::countHexDec,
22
         &task);
       hexdecThread.join();
23
24
       thread punctThread(&Task::countPunctChar,
25
         &task);
26
       punctThread.join();
27
28
     else //perform threads in parallel
29
30
       thread vowelThread(&Task::countVowel,
31
         &task);
32
       thread digitThread(&Task::countDigit,
33
         &task);
34
       thread hexdecThread(&Task::countHexDec,
35
         &task);
36
       thread punctThread(&Task::countPunctChar,
37
         &task);
38
       vowelThread.join();
39
       digitThread.join();
40
       hexdecThread.join();
41
       punctThread.join();
42
     }
43
44
     end = system_clock::now();
45
     duration<double> program_runtime = end-start;
46
     cout << "Program runtime: "</pre>
47
       << program_runtime.count() << "s \n";</pre>
48 }
                          Listing 29: task.cc
1 #include "task.ih"
3 Task::Task(std::istream &file)
4 {
5
     copy(istream_iterator<char>(file),
       istream_iterator<char>(),
```

```
back_inserter(*this));
8 }
                         Listing 30: countdigit.cc
1 #include "task.ih"
3 void Task::countDigit()
4 {
5
     size_t ret = 0;
6
     for_each(begin(), end(),
7
        [&] (char c)
8
9
          if (string("1234567890").find(c)
10
            != string::npos)
11
12
            ++ret;
13
      }
14
     );
15
     cout << "Digits: " << ret << "\n";</pre>
16 }
                        Listing 31: counthexdec.cc
1 #include "task.ih"
3 void Task::countHexDec()
4 {
5
     size_t ret = 0;
     for_each(begin(), end(),
6
7
       [&] (char c)
8
9
          if (isxdigit(c))
10
            ++ret;
11
      }
12
     );
13
     cout << "Hexadecimals: " << ret << "\n";</pre>
14 }
                      Listing 32: countpunctchar.cc
1 #include "task.ih"
```

```
3 void Task::countPunctChar()
4 {
5
     size_t ret = 0;
6
     for_each(begin(), end(),
7
       [&] (char c)
8
9
         if (ispunct(c))
10
           ++ret;
11
       }
12
     );
13
     cout << "Punctuation characters: "</pre>
14
      << ret << "\n";
15 }
                        Listing 33: countvowelcc
1 #include "task.ih"
3 void Task::countVowel()
4 {
5
     size_t ret = 0;
     for_each(begin(), end(),
6
7
       [&] (char c)
8
9
         if (string("aeiouAEIOU").find(c)
10
            != string::npos)
11
12
           ++ret;
13
      }
14
     );
15
     cout << "Vowels: " << ret << "\n";</pre>
16 }
```