

Programming in C/C++

Exercises set two: advanced class templates

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Exercise 9, Needle fishing

We made a function that returns the place of the first template class in a haystack of classes.

Code listings

Listing 1: main.cc

```
1  #include "type.h"
2
3  int main()
4  {
5      cout <<
6          Type<int>::located << ' ' <<
7          Type<int, double>::located << ' ' <<
8          Type<int, int>::located << ' ' <<
9          Type<int, double, int>::located << ' ' <<
10         Type<int, double, int>::located << ' ' <<
11         Type<int, double, int, int, int>::located <<
12         '\n';
13 }
```

Listing 2: type.h

```
1  #ifndef TYPE_H
2  #define TYPE_H
```

```

3
4 #include <iostream>
5
6 using namespace std;
7
8 // TYPEIDX LOOPER
9 // Generic case: no Needle found
10 template <typename Needle, size_t index,
11         typename Other, typename ...Stack>
12 class TypeIdx
13 {
14     public:
15         enum { result = TypeIdx<Needle, index + 1,
16             Stack...>::located };
17         enum { located = (result == 0 ? 0 : result)};
18 };
19
20 // Exit case: Needle found
21 template <typename Needle, size_t index,
22         typename ...Stack>
23 class TypeIdx<Needle, index, Needle, Stack...>
24 {
25     public:
26         enum { located = index + 1 };
27 };
28
29 // Exit case: No more hay
30 template <typename Needle, size_t index,
31         typename Other>
32 class TypeIdx<Needle, index, Other>
33 {
34     public:
35         enum { located = 0 };
36 };
37
38 // Exit case: No more hay + Needle found
39 // Disambiguates between "Needle found" and
40 // "no more hay"
41 template <typename Needle, size_t index>
42 class TypeIdx<Needle, index, Needle>

```

```

43 {
44     public:
45         enum { located = index + 1 };
46 };
47
48 // TYPE STARTER
49 // Starter for TypeIdx and looping
50 template <typename Needle, typename ...Stack>
51 class Type
52 {
53     public:
54         enum { located =
55             TypeIdx<Needle, 0, Stack...>::located };
56 };
57
58 // Empty stack specialization because TypeIdx
59 // requires at least one item in the stack
60 template <typename Needle>
61 class Type<Needle>
62 {
63     public:
64         enum { located = 0 };
65 };
66
67 #endif

```

Exercise 10, Needle fishing with nested class

We changed exercise 9, such that it now uses a nested helper class

Code listings

Listing 3: main.cc

```

1 #include "type.h"
2
3 int main()
4 {
5     cout <<
6         Type<int>::located << ' ' <<
7         Type<int, double>::located << ' ' <<

```

```

8     Type<int, int>::located << ' ' <<
9     Type<int, double, int>::located << ' ' <<
10    Type<int, double, int>::located << ' ' <<
11    Type<int, double, int, int, int>::located <<
12    '\n';
13 }

```

Listing 4: type.h

```

1  #ifndef TYPE_H
2  #define TYPE_H
3
4  #include <iostream>
5
6  using namespace std;
7
8  // Starter for the needlehunt
9  template <typename Needle, typename ...Stack>
10 class Type
11 {
12     // Generic case: no Needle found
13     template <size_t index, typename Other,
14             typename ...Stacker>
15     struct TypeIdx
16     {
17     public:
18         enum {located = TypeIdx<index + 1,
19             Stacker...>::located};
20     };
21
22     // Exit case: Needle found
23     template <size_t index, typename ...Stacker>
24     struct TypeIdx<index, Needle, Stacker...>
25     {
26     public:
27         enum { located = index + 1 };
28     };
29
30     // Exit case: Needle found
31     template <size_t index>
32     struct TypeIdx<index, Needle>

```

```

33     {
34         public:
35             enum { located = index + 1};
36     };
37
38     // Exit case: No more hay
39     template <size_t index, typename Other>
40     struct TypeIdx<index, Other>
41     {
42         public:
43             enum { located = 0 };
44     };
45
46     public:
47         enum { located = TypeIdx<0, Stack...>::located};
48 };
49
50 // Starter for empty haystack
51 template <typename Needle>
52 class Type<Needle>
53 {
54     public:
55         enum { located = 0};
56 };
57
58 #endif

```

Exercise 11, binary

We're using the compiler to turn decimal numbers to binary numbers. (But don't feed it numbers that are too big it's actually still using normal numbers to store the intermediate result.)

Code listings

Listing 5: main.ih

```

1  #include "main.h"
2  #include <iostream>
3
4  using namespace std;

```

Listing 6: main.h

```
1  #ifndef MAIN_H
2  #define MAIN_H
3
4  template <size_t constant, size_t mask, size_t power>
5  struct PrintBin
6  {
7      enum { value = power * ((constant & mask) == mask) +
8          PrintBin<constant, mask << 1,
9          power * 10>::value };
10 };
11
12 template <size_t constant, size_t power>
13 struct PrintBin<constant, 0, power>
14 {
15     enum { value = 0 };
16 };
17
18 template <size_t constant>
19 struct Bin
20 {
21     enum { value = PrintBin<constant, 1, 1>::value };
22 };
23
24 #endif
```

Listing 7: main.cc

```
1  #include "main.ih"
2
3  int main()
4  {
5      cout << Bin<5>::value << '\n' <<
6          Bin<27>::value << '\n';
7  }
```

Exercise 13, Binary operators

We made a class that overloads binary operators

Code listings

Listing 8: main.cc

```
1 #include "main.ih"
2
3 int main(int argc, char **argv)
4 {
5     Arithmetic<int> jart;
6     Arithmetic<double> dart;
7     //Arithmetic<size_t> illegal;
8
9     jart = 10;
10    dart = 10;
11    //illegal = 10;
12
13    Arithmetic<double> dart2(dart);
14    dart = 13;
15
16    cout << jart.value() << '\n';
17    cout << dart.value() << '\n';
18    cout << dart2.value() << '\n';
19 }
```

Listing 9: main.ih

```
1 #include "arithmetic.h"
2 #include "adder.h"
3 #include <iostream>
4
5 using namespace std;
```

Listing 10: adder.add.cc

```
1 #include "adder.ih"
2
3 void Adder::add(Adder const &rhs)
4 {
5     d_value += rhs.value();
6 }
```

Listing 11: adder.h

```
1  #ifndef ADDER_H
2  #define ADDER_H
3
4  #include <string>
5
6  #include "binopsbase.h"
7
8  class Adder: public BinopsBase<Adder, '+'>
9  {
10     friend BinopsBase<Adder, '+'>;
11
12     std::string d_value;
13
14     public:
15         Adder &operator=(std::string const &rhs);
16         std::string const &value() const;
17
18     private:
19         void add(Adder const &rhs);
20 };
21
22 #endif
```

Listing 12: adder.ih

```
1  #include "adder.h"
```

Listing 13: adder.value.cc

```
1  #include "adder.ih"
2
3  std::string const &Adder::value() const
4  {
5     return d_value;
6  }
```

Listing 14: arithmetic.h

```
1  #ifndef ARITHMETIC_H
2  #define ARITHMETIC_H
3
```



```

4  #include <cstring>
5  #include <string>
6
7  #include "binopsbase.h"
8
9  template <typename T>
10 class Arithmetic: public BinopsBase<Arithmetic<T>>
11 {};
12
13 template <>
14 class Arithmetic<int>:
15     public BinopsBase<Arithmetic<int>>
16 {
17     friend BinopsBase<Arithmetic<int>>;
18
19     int d_value = 0;
20
21     public:
22         Arithmetic<int>() = default;
23         Arithmetic<int>(Arithmetic<int> const &rhs)
24             :
25                 d_value(rhs.d_value)
26             {}
27         Arithmetic<int>(Arithmetic<int> &&rhs)
28             {
29                 swap(rhs);
30             }
31
32         Arithmetic<int> &operator=(int const &rhs)
33             {
34                 d_value = rhs;
35                 return *this;
36             }
37
38         int const &value() const
39             {
40                 return d_value;
41             }
42
43         void swap(Arithmetic<int> &other)

```

```

44     {
45         char step[sizeof(Arithmetic<int>)];
46         std::memcpy(step, this,
47                     sizeof(Arithmetic<int>));
48         std::memcpy(&other, step,
49                     sizeof(Arithmetic<int>));
50         std::memcpy(this, &other,
51                     sizeof(Arithmetic<int>));
52     }
53
54 private:
55     void add(Arithmetic<int> const &rhs)
56     {
57         d_value += rhs.value();
58     }
59 };
60
61 template <>
62 class Arithmetic<double>:
63     public BinopsBase<Arithmetic<double>>
64 {
65     friend BinopsBase<Arithmetic<double>>;
66
67     double d_value = 0;
68
69 public:
70     Arithmetic<double>() = default;
71     Arithmetic<double>(Arithmetic<double> const &rhs)
72     :
73         d_value(rhs.d_value)
74     {}
75     Arithmetic<double>(Arithmetic<double> &&rhs)
76     {
77         swap(rhs);
78     }
79
80     Arithmetic<double> &operator=(double const &rhs)
81     {
82         d_value = rhs;
83         return *this;

```

```

84     }
85
86     double const &value() const
87     {
88         return d_value;
89     }
90
91     void swap(Arithmetic<double> &other)
92     {
93         char step[sizeof(Arithmetic<double>)];
94         std::memcpy(step, this,
95                     sizeof(Arithmetic<double>));
96         std::memcpy(&other, step,
97                     sizeof(Arithmetic<double>));
98         std::memcpy(this, &other,
99                     sizeof(Arithmetic<double>));
100    }
101
102    private:
103        void add(Arithmetic<double> const &rhs)
104        {
105            d_value += rhs.value();
106        }
107    };
108
109 #endif

```

Listing 15: arithmetic.ih

```

1 #include "arithmetic.h"

```

Listing 16: binopsbase.h

```

1 #ifndef BINOPSBASE_H
2 #define BINOPSBASE_H
3
4 template <typename Derived, int ...operators>
5 class BinopsBase
6 {
7     friend Derived &operator+(Derived &lhs,
8                               Derived const &rhs);

```

```

9     friend Derived &operator*(Derived &lhs,
10         Derived const &rhs);
11
12     void addWrap(Derived const &rhs)
13     {
14         Derived::add(rhs);
15     }
16
17     void mulWrap(Derived const &rhs)
18     {
19         Derived::mul(rhs);
20     }
21 };
22
23 #endif

```

Listing 17: binopsbase.ih

```

1 #include "binopsbase.h"

```

Exercise 14, Generic variadic template

We changed the class BinopsBase to a variadic template class using a set of int argument.

Code listings

Listing 18: main.cc

```

1 #include "main.ih"
2
3 int main(int argc, char **argv)
4 {
5     Arithmetic<int> jart;
6     Arithmetic<double> dart;
7     //Arithmetic<size_t> illegal;
8
9     jart = 10;
10    dart = 10;
11    //illegal = 10;
12

```

```

13   Arithmetic<double> dart2(dart);
14   dart = 13;
15
16   cout << jart.value() << '\n';
17   cout << dart.value() << '\n';
18   cout << dart2.value() << '\n';
19 }

```

Listing 19: main.ih

```

1  #include "arithmetic.h"
2  #include "adder.h"
3  #include <iostream>
4
5  using namespace std;

```

Listing 20: operations.h

```

1  #ifndef OPERATIONS_H
2  #define OPERATIONS_H
3
4  template <typename Base, typename Derived>
5  class Add
6  {};
7
8  template <typename Base, typename Derived>
9  class Mul
10 {};
11
12 #endif

```

Listing 21: operations.ih

```

1  #include "operations.h"

```

Listing 22: binopsbase.h

```

1  #ifndef BINOPSBASE_H
2  #define BINOPSBASE_H
3
4  template <typename Derived, int ...operators>
5  class BinopsBase
6  {

```

```

7   friend Derived &operator+(Derived &lhs,
8       Derived const &rhs);
9   friend Derived &operator*(Derived &lhs,
10      Derived const &rhs);
11
12   void addWrap(Derived const &rhs)
13   {
14       Derived::add(rhs);
15   }
16
17   void mulWrap(Derived const &rhs)
18   {
19       Derived::mul(rhs);
20   }
21 };
22
23 #endif

```

Listing 23: binopsbase.ih

```

1  #include "binopsbase.h"

```