1. 判断 "independence" (16分)

the probability that he drinks. Is a person's drinking status independent of gender? 38.5% drinks and is male. Given that a randomly selected individual is male, find Approximately 50% of the population is male, 68% drinks to some extent, and

2. Case-control data 曼伊 (20分)

In a study of the relationship between the regular use of hair dye and the develop-(Based on information found in Kenneth Cantor et al., "Hair Dye Use and Risk of three patients and 55 controls claimed to have had significant exposure to hair dye. (controls) were selected and questioned concerning their use of hair dye. Fortyment of leukemia, 577 leukemia patients and 1245 persons free from the disease

TABLE 3.12

		Leuke	Leukemia present
		Yes	No
Use hair dye	Yes	43	55
	No		
		577 (Fixed)	1245 (Fixed)

May 1988, pp. 570-571.) Leukemia and Lymphoma," American Journal of Public Health, vol. 78, no. 5,

- (a) Complete Table 3.12. (47)
- given in this section? Explain. $(\zeta \mathcal{H})$ (c) Some idea of the impact of hair dye use can be obtained by considering the (b) In this case, is it possible to approximate relative risk using the definition

$$\frac{P[E|D]}{P[E|D']}$$

this ratio be estimated? If so, evaluate and interpret the ratio. where E is the event that the individual was exposed to risk and D the event that leukemia is present. Can each of the conditional probabilities involved in

3 Relative visk 末日對 同顾 (20分)

obtained. Cell entries represent the number of close family members found with ting the virus to others. In a study of the risk involved, the data of Table 3.11 were children had been exposed to the hepatitis B virus and were capable of transmit Journal of Public Health, vol. 78, no. 1, January 1988, pp. 26–29.) B Virus from Adopted Asian Children to Their American Families," American the virus, and all row and column totals are random. Approximate the relative risk In 1985, many Asian children were adopted by American families. Some of these (Based on information found in Andrew Friede et al., "Transmission of Hepatitis

TABLE 3.11

in		8		1	
雨岩有相關作為	relative risk	44	Exposed to risk		
FE	tive	E.	~		
#	517	西分配	Yes No		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7	Heles		بد	
br.	and	1E	7	Yes	Virus present
اعتدل		70%	70 228	No	resent
• • •	ode	24			
(黄原部分)	odds ratio	B型射灰病			
COM DELT	at	HE			
安 发	0	4-			
Yir.		炭			
\(\sigma \)	(6/2)	h. Br			
成华 Virus 是否		111			

(III)

to ful = (00 5

4 Bayes Theorem (20%)

recorded are to blacks. Statistics indicate that the probability that a mother will die during childbirth in the .00017, whereas the figure is .00064 if she is black. Assume that 10% of the births United States is .00022. If the mother is not black, the probability of death is

4 (a) Draw a tree indicating these probabilities, and find the path probabilities for event that the mother is black.) each of the four paths. (Let D denote the event that the mother dies and B the

(b) Use the tree of part a to find the probability that a mother who dies in childbirth

(c) Using Bayes' theorem, find the probability that a mother who dies in childbirth is black, and compare your answer to that obtained in part b.

5 Discrete random variable (>40)

The following table shows the density for the random variable X, the number of persons seeking emergency room treatment unnecessarily per day in a small

f(x)	x
.01	0
.1	1
.3	2
.4	3
	4
?	5

- (a) Find f(5). What probability does this represent in the context of this problem?
- > (b) Find $P[X \le 2]$. Interpret this probability in the context of this problem. > (c) Find P[X < 2]. > (d) Find P[X > 3].

Q(e) Compute E(x)

8 (f) compute Var(X) = 02 and 0