Subject Description Form

Subject Code	EIE4435			
Subject Title	Image and Audio Processing			
Credit Value	3			
Level	4			
Pre-requisite	EIE3312 Linear Systems or EIE3103 Digital Signals and Systems			
Co-requisite/ Exclusion	Nil			
Objectives	To provide a broad treatment of the fundamentals in image and audio processing.			
Intended Subject Learning Outcomes	 Upon completion of the subject, students will be able to: Category A: Professional/academic knowledge and skills 1. Understand the fundamentals of image and audio signal processing and associated techniques. 2. Understand how to solve practical problems with some basic image and audio signal processing techniques. 3. Have the ability to design simple systems for realizing some multimedia applications with some basic image and audio signal processing techniques. Category B: Attributes for all-roundedness 4. Present ideas and findings effectively. 5. Learn independently. 			
Subject Synopsis/ Indicative Syllabus	 Image processing Image processing In Fundamentals of digital image: Digital image representation and visual perception, image sampling and quantization. Image enhancement: Histogram processing; Median filtering; Low-pass filtering; High-pass filtering; Spatial filtering; Linear interpolation, Zooming. Image coding and compression techniques: Scalar and vector quantizations; Codeword assignment; Entropy coding; Transform image coding; Wavelet coding; Codec examples. Image analysis and segmentation: Feature extraction; Histogram; Edge detection; Thresholding. Image representation and description: Boundary descriptor; Chaincode; Fourier descriptor; Skeletonizing; Texture descriptor; Moments. Audio processing Fundamentals of digital audio: Sampling; Dithering; Quantization; psychoacoustic model. Basic digital audio processing techniques: Anti-aliasing filtering; Oversampling; Analog-to-digital conversion; Dithering; Noise shaping; Digital-to-analog Conversion; Equalisation. Digital Audio compression: Critical bands; threshold of hearing; Amplitude masking; Temporal masking; Waveform coding; Perceptual coding; Coding techniques: Subband coding and Transform coding. Case Study of Audio System/Codecs: MP3; MP3-Pro; CD; MD; DVD-Audio; AC-3; Dolby digital; Surround; SRS Surround system; Digital Audio Broadcasting, etc. 			

Laboratory Experiments:

- Image processing techniques
 Image compression
- 3. Audio compression
- 4. Psychoacoustic behaviour

Teaching/ Learning Methodology

Teaching and Learning Method	Intended Subject Learning Outcome	Remarks
Lectures	1, 2, 3	Fundamental principles and key concepts of the subject are delivered to students.
Tutorials	2, 3, 5	These are supplementary to lectures and are conducted with smaller class sizes; students will be able to clarify concepts and to gain a deeper understanding of the lecture material; problems and application examples are given and discussed.
Laboratory sessions	4, 5	Students will make use of software to simulate the various theories and visualize the results.

Assessment Methods in Alignment with Intended Subject **Learning Outcomes**

Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	% Weighting	Intended Subject Learning Outcomes to be Assessed (Please tick as appropriate)				
		1	2	3	4	5
Continuous Assessment	40%					
Short quizzes	10%	✓	✓	✓		
• Tests	16%	✓	✓	✓		
Laboratory sessions	14%	✓			✓	✓
2. Examination	60%	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Total	100 %					

The continuous assessment will consist of a number of assignments, laboratory reports, and two tests.

	Explanation of the ap assessing the intended l	propriateness of the asselearning outcomes:	essment methods in		
	Specific Assessment Methods/Tasks	Remark			
	Short quizzes	These can measure the students' understanding of the theories and concepts as well as their comprehension of subject materials.			
	Assignments, tests and examination	End-of chapter type problems are used to evaluate the students' ability in applying concepts and skills learnt in the classroom; students need to think critically and to learn independently in order to come up with an alternative solution to an existing problem.			
	Laboratory sessions	Students are required to conduct some laboratory works, and produce the written reports; The accuracy and presentation of the report will			
		be assessed; the emphasis is on assessing the students' ab to apply knowledge and skills learned in lectur and their ability to relate the taken data and resi to the most relevant theory.			
Student Study Effort Expected	Class contact (time-table				
	Lecture	24 Hours			
	Tutorial/Laboratory/Pra	15 Hours			
	Other student study effort:				
	Lecture: preview/revie homework/assignmen test/quizzes/examinati	36 Hours			
	Tutorial/Laboratory/Pramaterials, revision and	30 Hours			
	Total student study effor	105 Hours			
Reading List and References	 R.C. Gonzalez and R.E. Woods, <i>Digital Image Processing</i>, 2nd ed., Prentice-Hall, 2002. Ken C. Pohlmann, <i>Principles of Digital Audio</i>, 4th ed., McGraw-Hill, 2000. Reference Books: Ze-Nian Li and Mark S. Drew, <i>Fundamentals of Multimedia</i>, Pearson Prentice-Hall, 2004. M. Mandal, <i>Multimedia Signals and Systems</i>, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 				
	2003.				
Last Updated	January 2018				
Prepared by	Dr Chris Chan				

T