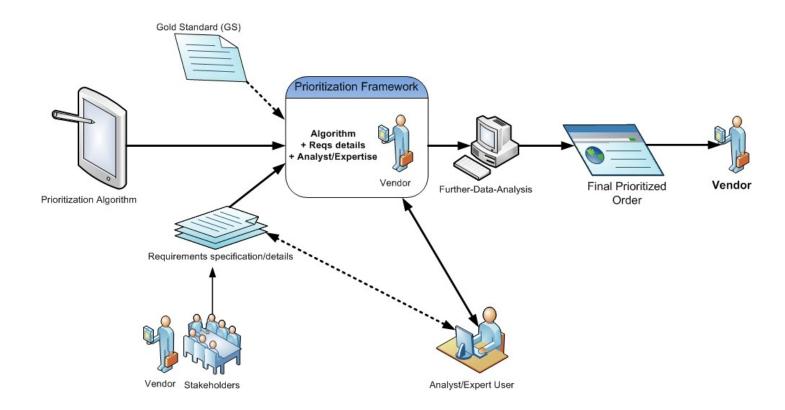
Interactive Requirements Prioritization:

The overall prioritization framework can be summurazied in the following way, the steps for emp.study.gui.jar are defined hereafter.



Interactive Requirements Prioritization Framework

Configuring the Configuration Files:

Users have to configure parameters to run the corresponding algorithm.

Algorithm	Keys	Values	Descriptions
IGA, SMT,	total_elicit_pair	10 / 25 / 50 / 100	Total number of pairs elicited by the
IAHP			analyst/user during prioritization process
IGA	generation_number	100 / 500 / 1000	Number of generations/cycles (applicable for
		/ 2000	Genetic operators i.e. how many times they
			will be applied for)
IGA	priority_graph_flag	1/0	Flag that refers the presence of prio graph
IGA	dependency_graph_flag	1/0	Flag that refers the presence of dep graph
IGA	weight_priority	1	Weight for the prio graph
IGA	weight_dependency	1	Weight for the dep graph
IGA	weight_elicited	1	Weight for the eli graph
IGA	minimum_disagreement	0	Threshold (min) disagreement
IGA	percentage_population	0.20	Percentage of population considered for
			checking ties and elicitation
IGA	total_run_number	1	Total number of run for the algorithm
SMT	MAXSIZE (pop size)	10 / 20 / 30	Number of ordered candidates with least equal
			mismatches with constraints.

How to run:

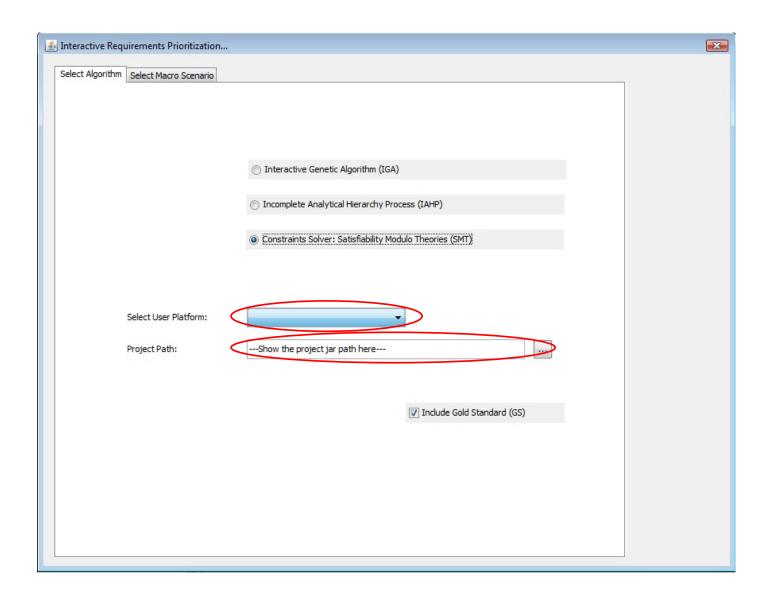
Unzip the Project.zip file to anywhere in the PC.

From the command window for windows or terminal for Linux, run,

java -jar emp.study.gui.jar (use the appropriate jar path)

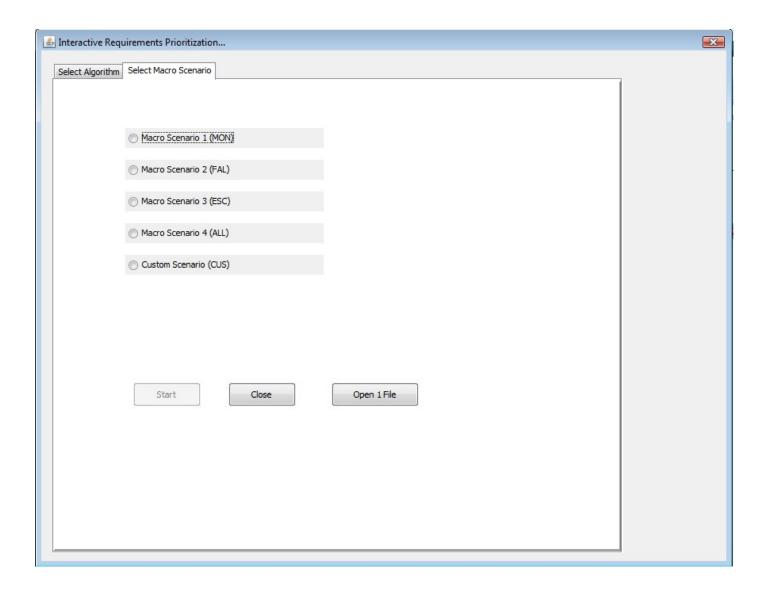
Step 1:

- Select the Algorithm to run
- Select the user platform (mandatory for Constraints Solver (SMT))
- Put the full path of the Project JAR file
- Tick the Include Gold Standard (GS), if you want to consider during prioritization process.



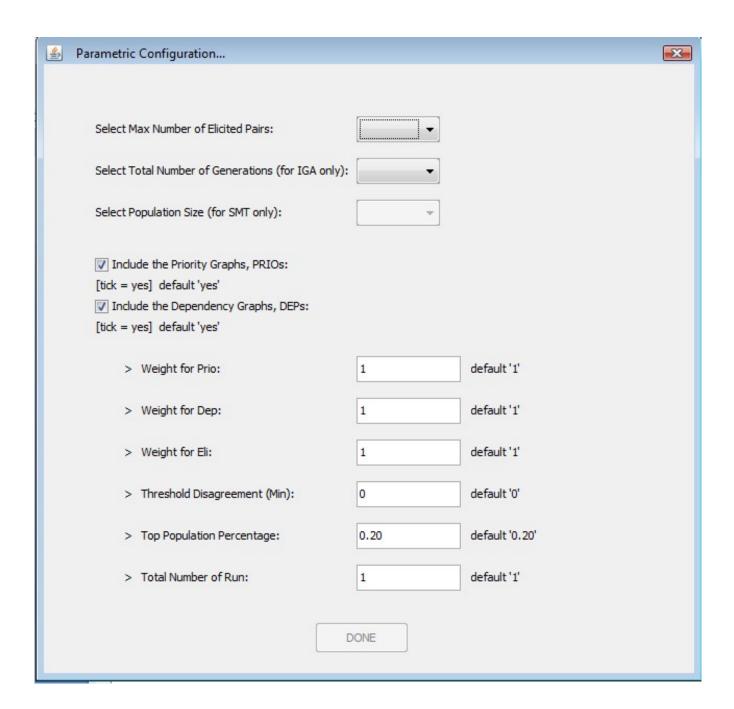
Step 2:

- Select a predefined Macro Scenario or any Custom Scenario defined by the user (in this case the input folder should be put in the */Project/in/scenario_name* folder.
- Click **Start** to begin the prioritization process.
- (Optional) Click **Open 1 File** if you want to open any particular constraint file.



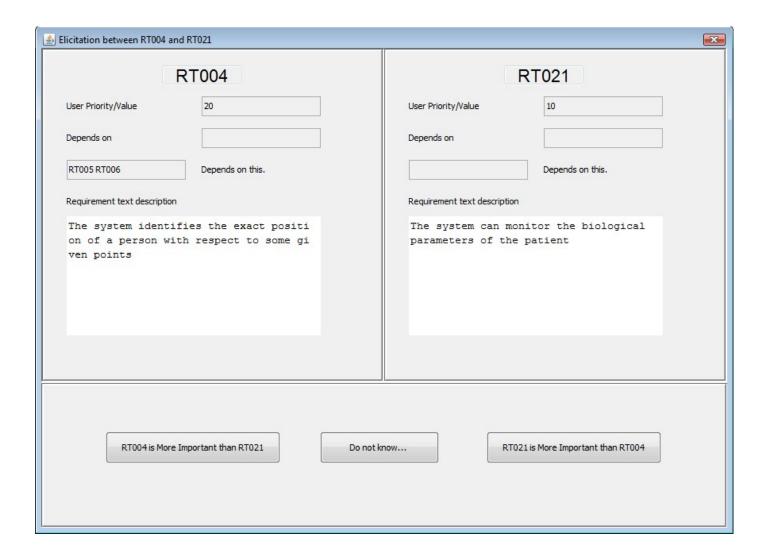
Step 3:

- Configure the selected Algorithm according to the *Configuration Matrix* shown in the Page 2.



Step 4:

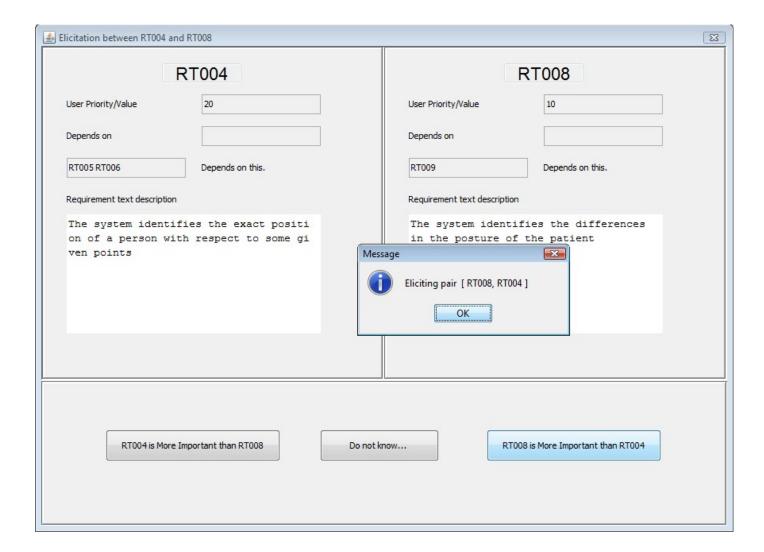
- For IGA, (after several iterations) users may have been asked to elicit pairs (eliciting a pair refers to differentiate between two candidate orderings which have the same disagreements with constraints.)
- Users try to have a comparable view between the requirements in that pair to decide for a better understanding of importance.



Step 4.1:

For IGA and SMT Solver,

The elicitation processes are same; users just have to decide importance of one requirement over the other. i.e. *RT004* is more important than *RT008* or vice versa.

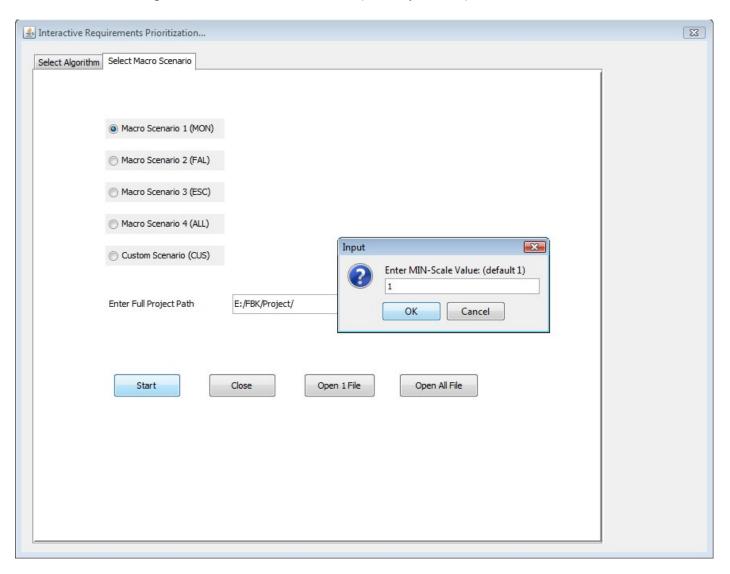


Step 4.2

- For IAHP,

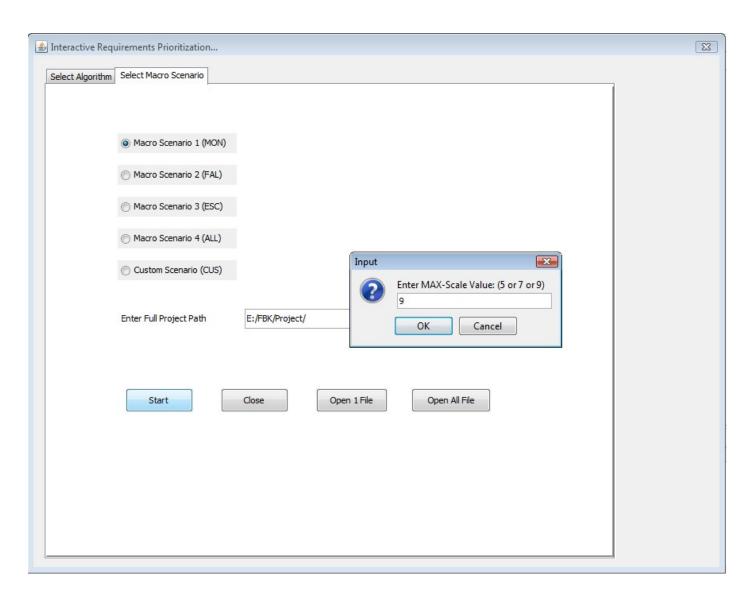
Users not only have to decide the importance of one requirement over the other, but also to what extent. So, the there could be a ratio scale by which importance can be measured.

- Users have to give the min value for the scale (i.e. 1 by default)



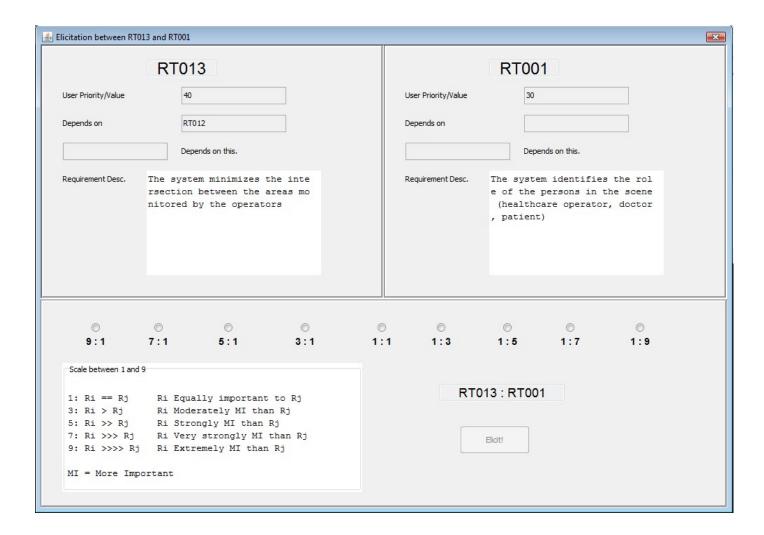
And,

- Users have to give the max value for the scale too (i.e. 5 or 7 or 9 by default)



Then,

- during the elicitation process (for IAHP), users have to decide the importance as well as the ration to which one preceds another. i.e. RT013:RT001 can be either of rationally important by 5:1 or 1:5; which refers that RT013 is 5 times important than RT001 or RT001 is 5 times important than RT013.



Step 5:

After eliciting (all) the total number of elicited pairs, specified in the configuration file, the framework will conclude a final requirements ordering with the minimum disagreement (with GS if there exists a GS) or simply a ordering of requirements with no extended information.

```
×
🚣 Final Ordering...
Orders are in User's Elicited Preferences:
1: RT003 {The system identifies the exact coordinates of the person in the center}
2: RT005 {The system identifies the exact position of a person with respect to some objects (static or dyn
3: RT021 {The system can monitor the biological parameters of the patient}
4: RT008 (The system identifies the differences in the posture of the patient)
5: RT006 {The system identifies the trajectory of a person in the center}
6: RT016 {The system logs the info related to a particular event (videos, communications)}
7: RT011 {The system identifies sounds in the room}
8: RT002 {The system identifies the identity of the persons in the scene}
9: RT009 {The system identify if a patient remains immobile for a long time}
10: RT012 {The system subdivides the center in areas under the control of an operator}
11: RT007 {The system identifies the area of the center a patient is used to stay}
12: RT014 {The system infers the kind of event based on the available information}
13: RT004 {The system identifies the exact position of a person with respect to some given points}
14: RT010 {The system learns the way of life of the patients}
15: RT015 {The system identifies the role that has the responsibility to manage the event}
16: RT019 {The authorized operator can access the infos of a patient directly browsing the reports from th
e PC}
17: RT020 {The authorized operator can access to the infos of a patient also from other devices (such as m
obile p.c.)}
18: RT018 {The operator can manually modify the fields for the report at the and of the working time}
19: RT001 {The system identifies the role of the persons in the scene (healthcare operator, doctor, patien
t) }
20: RT013 {The system minimizes the intersection between the areas monitored by the operators}
21: RT017 {The operator can browse the working schedule for a given day}
```