-> notebooks from this lecture: https://github.com/ine-rmotr-curriculum/freecodecamp-intro-tonumpy

NumPy <- a Python library for data processing

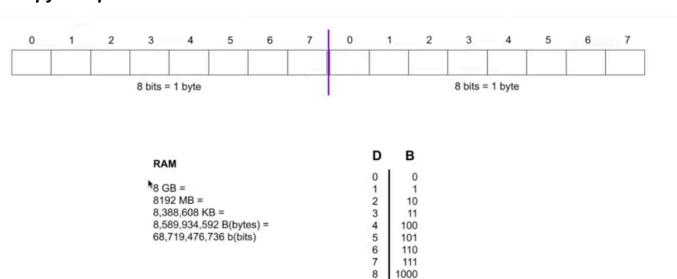
- -> 20 years old <- this is considered old for a Python library</p>
- -> it's a library
- -> numeric computing -> it's to calculate things with numbers
- -> it has a limited scope
- -> processing large amounts of data
- -> Python is not the best language for efficiency when it comes to processing large amounts of data
- -> but numpy is efficient for this
- -> it's not as popular, but it's important

· -> numpty tutorial outline

○ -> a detailed low level explanation

- bite sizes
- why numpy is used
- why you need a low level optimised tool
- a low level optimisation
- -> then a more complex explanation

· -> why numpy is important



- -> computers can only process 1's and 0's
- -> RAM <- Random Access Memory
- -> the hard drive stores long term data -> but to process it, it has to be loaded into the RAM
 of the computer first
- \circ -> this translates into the number of bits which the computer can store
- o -> the objective is to explain how we can use less memory for the same data -> efficiency
- \circ -> optimising the least amount of memory use for a problem
- -> we have a series of 1's and 0's
- o -> any decimal number needs to be stored in a binary format
- -> we are working in powers of 2
- o -> to work out the number of decimal numbers that can be stored in n bits
- o -> the number of decimal numbers that can be stored
- -> in this example, we can store up to 7 numbers
- -> you can go from 0 up to 1, 1
- -> 2^n <- n bits, 2^n numbers can be stored with this

-> question

• Why is Numpy an important, but unpopular Python library?

- Often you won't work directly with Numpy. <- This one you can't see the actual data (all of it) you are working with - but you can see summary statistics which are printed out as a result of this
- It is extremely slow.
- Working with Numpy is difficult.