

- -> **an array we want to initialise**

1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	9	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	1	1	1

- -> **putting an array together without outputting all of the columns**
 - -> `output = np.ones((5,5))`
 - -> an entire 5x5 array of ones
 - -> we first make a 5x5 array
- -> **`z = np.zeros((3x3))`**
 - -> this is the 3x3 array of zeros in the middle of it
 - -> then we fill in the middle element with a 9 -> `z[1,1]=9`
- -> **then we replace the middle part of the 1's matrix with this zeros matrix**
 - -> `output[1:3,1:4] = z`
 - -> `print(output)`
 - -> this returns the matrix we wanted
 - -> you can also use `...-1]` and it doesn't change
- -> **question**

What is another way to produce the following array?

```
[[0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 1. 5. 1. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0.]
 [0. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]]
```

```
output = np.ones((7, 7))
```

```
z = np.zeros((5, 5))
z[2, 2] = 5
```

```
output[1:1, -1:-1] = z
```

```
output = np.zeros((7,7)) <- This one
```

```
z = np.ones((5, 5))
```

```
z[2, 2] = 5
```

```
output[1:-1, 1:-1] = z
```

```
output = np.ones((7, 7))
```

```
z = np.zeros((5, 5))
```

```
z[3, 3] = 5
```

```
output[1:-1, 1:-1] = z
```