## SECTION 14: ADVANCED PYTHON MODULES, 2 hours 23 minutes, 13 sections 13/13 Advanced Python Module Puzzle - Solution

- -> this is the solutions to the previous problem
  - -> we have a puzzle and solutions notebook
  - -> he's imported shell utilities and unpacket archives
  - -> we are unzipping a file
  - -> in the arguments, he gives the name of a file, where we want to extract it to and zip
  - -> he does through the file structure, in which case we can see the folders et al
  - -> then he uses the `with open` keywords to load the content
  - -> we have 5 folders with random text files <- latin ipsum</li>
  - -> we have a telephone number in each of these
  - -> we want to iterate through each of the txt files, iterate through them and search for the telephone
  - -> import re
  - -> we are searching for the pattern
  - -> testing it on a single string
  - -> then re.findall() <- this is what we are using to find the test string in the txt file</li>

## -> then we are making a function to search for a pattern

- -> def search(file, pattern=...):
- -> we are opening the file
- -> and then reading the text of the file
- -> we are then using an if block
- -> opening the file, looking for a pattern
- -> then creating the search function
- -> walking through all the files
- -> going through the files <there are 5 folders
- -> so we are using the os module
- -> like Bash, but in Python
- -> we are iterating through the different folders
- -> the full current location, plus the extracted content folder
- -> providing the full file path
- -> we are iterating through each of the files
- -> in this case, he is storing the file path in the name of a variable
- -> we want to make sure we don't get path errors
- -> results.append <- we are doing a walk through the entire folder
- -> grabbing the file path, performing a search function

```
In [1]: import shutil
In [2]: shutil.unpack_archive('unzip_me_for_instructions.zip','','zip')
In [3]: with open('extracted_content/Instructions.txt') as f:
             content = f.read()
             print(content)
        Good work on unzipping the file!
        You should now see 5 folders, each with a lot of random .txt files.
         Within one of these text files is a telephone number formated ###-###-###
         Use the Python os module and regular expressions to iterate through each file,
        open it, and search for a telephone number.
In [4]: import re
In [5]: pattern = r' d{3}-d{3}-d{4}'
In [8]: test_string = 'here is a phone number 123-123-1234'
In [9]: re.findall(pattern,test_string)
Out[9]: ['123-123-1234']
In [ ]: def search(file, pattern= r' d\{3\}-d\{3\}-d\{4\}'):
             f = open(file, 'r')
            text = f.read()
            if re.search(pattern,text):
                 return re.search(pattern,text)
In [11]: import os
In [13]: results = []
In [14]: os.getcwd()+'\\extracted_content'
Out[14]: 'C:\\Users\\Marcial\\Pierian-Data-Courses\\Complete-Python-3-Bootcamp\\12-Advan
          ced Python Modules\\08-Advanced-Python-Module-Exercise\\extracted_content
 In [ ]: for folder,sub_folders,files in os.walk(os.getcwd()+'\\extracted_content'):
              for f in files:
                  full_path = folder+'\\'+f
                  results.append(search(full_path))
   In [22]: results
              None,
              < sre.SRE Match object; span=(1062, 1074), match='719-266-2837'>,
              None,
```

- -> and then taking a file and searching for the pattern
- -> returning a telephone number
- -> for f in files
- -> we are calling the search function on each of the files, to make sure we don't get any file path errors
- -> results.append
- -> we are doing a walk through the entire content folder
- -> then performing the search function which he's defined
- -> this takes the file and searches for a pattern
- -> then he uses for r in results
- o -> for r in results:
- -> print the group
- -> this returns the telephone number, in this example
- o -> this is a number you can call which will sing you a song
- -> the main thing we have to do is extract the telephone number