# SECTION 7: MILESTONE PROJECT - 1, 1 hour 40 minutes, 9 parts

- 6/9 First Python Milestone Project Overview
  - Programming a ttt board from the functoins in the previous lectures
  - about the game
    - two players, same computer
    - board printed out every time a move is made
    - accepting the input of the player position and placing a symbol on the board

#### the code

- numpad
- a larger keyboard
- a board of 9 numbers -> two lists placed on top of each other
- -> there is a ttt board with an x at one location
- -> there is a walk through notebook

## in the project .ipynb file

- -> she is showing the solution JN (the output)
- -> an input is being asked for -> x or 0
- -> are you ready to play yes or no
- -> a board is printed out -> with {}'s in each of the sections on the board
- -> one user onputs a position
- -> then an 0 is put there on the board
- -> the process repeats
- -> until someone wins
- -> then there is a message to show that they've won
- -> and it asks if they want to play again

#### on GitHub

- → -> milestone project repo
- -> one of then is the JN for the current video lecture
- -> the main one is called the walkthrough steps workbook -> this is to walk through the steps in the problem
  - · this contains hints
  - · -> clear\_output() <- this can be used to clear the screen
- -> the project is divided into steps -> and each of then has tests (for the code)
  - -> testing the code after each time it's been ran
  - -> write a function which will print out the board
  - -> you can call the function later in the code to integrate in the board

### in the project .ipynb file

- -> printing out the board
  - there is a test board list -> an empty list with 9 parts
  - to print out the board -> you can print out three lists, stacked on top of each other
  - -> the function takes a list -> and returns the elements in the array stacked on top of each other
  - -> clear\_output() -> this gets rid of what is on the screen and replaces it with something else

## -> write a function which takes input

- player\_input()
- -> marker = ''
- -> then while marker != 'x' and marker != 'o':

- $\circ\,$  -> in other words, it's doing nothing if the input from the user is wrong
- o -> the return is either as a list or a tuple -> so tuple unpacking can be used later
- $\circ\,$  -> the idea is to build a while loop in case the input of the user is in the wrong format
- -> you can also do, in this example player1\_marker, mayer2\_marker = player\_input()