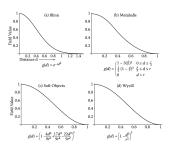
Implicit modeling

František Dráček dracek1@uniba.sk

27. októbra 2025

Metaballs

- 1. Write implicit function $f_1(x, y, z) = 0$ describing surface of a ball centered at 1, 0, 0
- 2. Write implicit function $f_2(x, y, z) = 0$ describing surface of a ball centered at -1, 0, 0
- 3. What is the surface described by $f(x, y, z) = f_1(x, y, z) + f_2(x, y, z)$?
- 4. How can we describe two balls as implicit function? Hint: Explore properties of $F_i(x, y, z) = 1 \frac{\alpha}{(r-r_i)^2}$.



- 1. Explore properties of $max(f_1, f_2)$ and $min(f_1, f_2)$.
 - ▶ Problems: differentiability, smoothness, lack of closed algebraic form
- 2. Use basic R-function $f_1 + f_2 \pm \sqrt{f_1^2 + f_2^2} = 0$ to get overlap and intersection.
- 3. Try Ricci blend $(f_1^n + f_2^n)^{(1/n)}$ both for small and large values of n. Compare it to max and min blends.
- 4. Try Pasco blend with $(f_1 + f_2 \pm \sqrt{f_1^2 + f_2^2})(f_1^2 + f_2^2)^{(n/2)}$.

- 1. Write implicit function that describes rectancular cuboid
- 2. Apply twist

$$w(x, y, z) = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x * \cos(\theta(z)) - y * \sin(\theta(s)) \\ x * \sin(\theta(z)) + y * \cos(\theta(z)) \\ z \end{array} \right\}. \tag{1}$$

3. Apply bending

$$s(y) = \frac{y_{\text{max}} - y}{y_{\text{max}} - y_{\text{min}}} \qquad w(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} s(y)x \\ y \\ s(y)z \end{cases}$$
 (2)

4. Apply tempering

$$w(\alpha, y, z) = \begin{cases} -\sin(\theta) \star (y - 1/k) + x_0 \\ \cos(\theta) \star (y - 1/k) + 1/k \\ z \end{cases}$$
(3)

5. Apply composition of twist followed by bend



Thank you!