```
# Every line beginning with '#' will not be read: it's a user comment!
# In this file the user sets the scene content: materials (i.e. colors),
# shapes (i.e. objects) and camera (i.e. observer point of view).
# In this scene we want a checkered blue and green floor, a bright
# shining sky, a red mirroring sphere intersecting the floor on the
# left, a sphere quite far in the center with PhotoGENius logo and a green
# cylinder shell on the right.
# The point of view is quite high, looking a bit downward.
#
                                MATERIALS
 material "mat_name"("BRDF"("pigment"), "emitted_radiance")
# where:
   "mat_name" =
#
                   a name to identify this material
   "BRDF" =
#
                   diffuse
#
                   specular
        "pigment" = uniform(<"r", "g", "b">)
#
                    checkered(<"r", "g", "b">, <"r", "g", "b">)
#
#
                    image("imageFileName.pfm")
                    "r", "g", "b" are color components intensities,
#
#
                     expressed by a floating point number in [0, +infty)
                     and imageFileName.pfm is a string
#
       #
                            diffuse(uniform(<0, 0, 0>)),
material sky_material(
                                                                  uniform(<1, 1, 1>)
material ground_material(
                            diffuse(checkered(<0.3, 0.5, 0.1>, <0.1, 0.2, 0.5>, 4)),
                                                                                        uniform(<0, 0,
material sphere_material(
                            diffuse(uniform(<0.5, 0.5, 0.5>)),
                                                                  uniform(<0, 0, 0>)
                            specular(uniform(<1.5, 0.2, 0.2>)),
                                                                  uniform(<0, 0, 0>)
material mirror_material(
                                                                  uniform(<0, 0, 0>)
material cyl_material(
                            diffuse(uniform(<0.4, 0.8, 0>)),
                            diffuse(image("../Media/Readme_imgs/pgen_rettGrande.pfm")), uniform(<0, 0,</pre>
material image_material(
0>))
#
                                SHAPES
 "typeofshape"("material", "transformation",
               **cylinder only: "z_min", "z_max", "radius, "phi_max"**)
#
#
 where:
   "typeofshape" = sphere
                   plane
#
                   cylinder
#
       where: parameters are respectively inf and sup base coordinates,
              and the cylinder slice angle, in degrees
#
#
   "transformation" = rotation_x("angle in degrees")
#
                       rotation_y("a.i.d.")
#
                       rotation_z("a.i.d.")
#
                       translation(["dx", "dy", "dz"])
                       scaling(["stretch_x", "stretch_y", "stretch_z"])
#
       where: every "..." is a floating point number
#
#
               (note that transformations can be combined via a "*",
               but they are NOT COMMUTATIVE!!)
sphere (sky_material, translation([0, 0, 0.4]) * scaling([200, 200, 200]))
plane (ground_material, identity)
sphere (image_material, translation([10, 0, 1]))
sphere (mirror_material, translation([0, 2, 0]))
cylinder (cyl_material, translation([0, -2.5, 1]), [0, 3, 1, 6.29]
#
                                CAMERA
#-
 camera("projection", "transformation", "aspectRatio", "screenDistance")
# where:
   "projection" = orthogonal,
#
                   perspective
   "aspectRatio" = floating point number, defines how larger than the
#
                   height is the image
   "screenDistance" = floating point number, representing how far
#
                      from the eye of the observer is the screen
```

This is a SELF EXPLAINED INPUT FILE.

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```
camera(perspective, rotation_y(17)*translation([-5, 0, 4]), 1.0, 1.0)
#
                          POINTLIGHT
# pointlight("position", "color", "linearRadius")
# where:
   "color" = the color of the Point Light
#
            <"rfloat", "gfloat", "bfloat">
#
#
   "linearRadius" = floating point number used to compute the solid
#
                  angle subtended by the light at a given distance
#
pointlight([-30, 30, 30], <1, 1, 1>, 0)
```

#